Math 33B: Differential Equations

Homework 5: Second order linear differential equations

Due on: Fri., May 10, 2013 - 9:00 AM

Instructor: Aliki M.

Please include your name, UID and discussion section on the submitted homework.

### Problem 1

Find the general solution of each of the following equations:

(i) 
$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = 14\sin 2x - 18\cos 2x$$

(ii) 
$$y'' - 2y' + y = 6e^x$$

[Answers: (i) 
$$y(x) = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{2x} + 2\sin 2x + 3\cos 2x$$
, (ii)  $y(x) = c_1 e^x + c_2 x e^x + 3x^2 e^x$ ]

#### Problem 2

If k and b are positive constants, find the general solution of

$$y'' + k^2 y = \sin bx$$

when:

- (i)  $b \neq k$
- (ii) b = k

[Answers:  $y(x) = c_1 \cos(kx) + c_2 \sin(kx) + \frac{1}{k^2 - b^2} \sin(bx)$ 

(ii) 
$$y(x) = c_1 \cos(kx) + c_2 \sin(kx) - \frac{x \cos(kx)}{2k}$$

# Problem 3

The equation,

$$x^{2}y'' + xy' + \left(x^{2} - \frac{1}{4}\right)y = 0 \tag{1}$$

is the special case of Bessel's equation,

$$x^2y'' + xy' + (x^2 - p^2)y = 0$$

when  $p = \frac{1}{2}$ .

(i) Verify that if x > 0,  $y_1 = x^{-1/2} \sin x$  is one solution to Eq. (1).

(ii) Given that  $y_1 = x^{-1/2} \sin x$  is a solution, find the second solution,  $y_2$ .

[Answer: 
$$y_2 = -x^{-1/2} \cos x$$
]

# Problem 4

You are given that  $y_1 = t^2$  and  $y_2 = t^{-1}$  are solutions to the homogeneous equation,

$$t^2y'' - 2y = 0, t > 0.$$

(Note, you've already verified that  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  satisfy the homogeneous ODE in Homework 4 - Problem 2).

Now, find the general solution to the nonhomogeneous equation,

$$t^2y'' - 2y = 3t^2 - 1, t > 0.$$

[Answer: 
$$y(t) = c_1 t^2 + c_2 t^{-1} + t^2 \ln t + \frac{1}{2}$$
]

#### Problem 5

Verify that  $y_1 = 1 + t$  and  $y_2 = e^t$  are solutions to the homogeneous equation,

$$ty'' - (1+t)y' + y = 0, t > 0.$$

Then, find the general solution to the nonhomogeneous equation,

$$ty'' - (1+t)y' + y = t^2e^{2t}, t > 0.$$

[Answer:  $y(t) = c_1(1+t) + c_2e^t + \frac{1}{2}e^{2t}(t-1)$ ]