## Qualifying Exam: Geometry/Topology Fall 2012

Instructions: Do all 10 problems.

**Problem 1:** (a) Show that the Lie group  $SL_2(\mathbb{R}) = \{A \in M_{2\times 2}(\mathbb{R}) \mid \det(A) = 1\}$  is diffeomorphic to  $S^1 \times \mathbb{R}^2$ .

(b) Show that the Lie group  $SL_2(\mathbb{C}) = \{A \in M_{2\times 2}(\mathbb{C}) \mid \det(A) = 1\}$  is diffeomorphic to  $S^3 \times \mathbb{R}^3$ .

**Problem 2:** For  $n \geq 1$ , construct an everywhere non-vanishing smooth vector field on the odd-dimensional real projective space  $\mathbb{RP}^{2n-1}$ .

**Problem 3:** Let  $M^m \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be a smooth submanifold of dimension m < n-2. Show that its complement  $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus M$  is connected and simply connected.

**Problem 4:** (a) Show that for any  $n \ge 1$  and  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ , there exists a continuous map  $f: S^n \to S^n$  of degree k.

(b) Let X be a compact, oriented n-dimensional manifold. Show that for any  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ , there exists a continuous map  $f: X \to S^n$  of degree k.

**Problem 5:** Assume that  $\Delta = \{X_1,...,X_k\}$  is a k-dimensional distribution spanned by vector fields on an open set  $\Omega \subset M^n$  in an n-dimensional manifold. For each open subset  $V \subset \Omega$  define

$$\mathcal{Z}_V = \{ u \in C^{\infty}(V) \mid X_1 u = 0, ..., X_k u = 0 \}$$

Show that the following two statements are equivalent:

- (a) The distribution  $\Delta$  is integrable.
- (b) For each  $x \in \Omega$  there exists an open neighborhood  $x \in V \subset \Omega$  and n-k functions  $u_1, ..., u_{n-k} \in \mathcal{Z}_V$  such that the differentials  $du_1, ..., du_{n-k}$  are linearly independent at each point in V.

**Problem 6:** On  $\mathbb{R}^n - \{0\}$  define the (n-1)-forms

$$\sigma = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (-1)^{i-1} x^{i} dx^{1} \wedge \dots \wedge \widehat{dx^{i}} \wedge \dots \wedge dx^{n}$$

$$\omega = \frac{1}{|x|^n} \sum_{i=1}^n (-1)^{i-1} x^i dx^1 \wedge \dots \wedge \widehat{dx^i} \wedge \dots \wedge dx^n$$

(a) Show that  $\omega = r^* \circ i^*(\sigma)$ , where  $i: S^{n-1} \to \mathbb{R}^n - \{0\}$  is the natural inclusion of the unit sphere and  $r(x) = \frac{x}{|x|} : \mathbb{R}^n - \{0\} \to S^{n-1}$  the natural retraction.

- (b) Show that  $\sigma$  is not a closed form.
- (c) Show that  $\omega$  is a closed form that is not exact.

**Problem 7:** Let  $n \geq 0$  be an integer. Let M be a compact, orientable, smooth manifold of dimension 4n + 2. Show that dim  $H^{2n+1}(M; \mathbb{R})$  is even.

**Problem 8:** Show that there is no compact three-dimensional manifold M whose boundary is the real projective space  $\mathbb{RP}^2$ .

**Problem 9:** Consider the coordinate axes in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ :

$$L_i = \{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \mid x_j = 0 \text{ for all } j \neq i\}$$

Calculate the homology groups of the complement  $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus (L_1 \cup \ldots \cup L_n)$ .

**Problem 10:** (a) Let X be a finite CW complex. Explain how the homology groups of X are related to the homology groups of  $X \times S^1$ .

(b) For each integer  $n \geq 0$ , give an example of a compact smooth manifold of dimension 2n + 1 such that  $H_i(X) = \mathbb{Z}$  for all  $i = 0, \ldots, 2n + 1$ .