



Performance Accessibility

Best Practices SEO

There were issues affecting this run of Lighthouse:

• The page loaded too slowly to finish within the time limit. Results may be incomplete.



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

▲ 0-49 50-89 90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

1.6 s

Largest Contentful Paint

1.6 s

Total Blocking Time

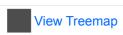
0 ms

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.004

Speed Index

1.6 s





DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Avoid multiple page redirects — Potential savings of 1,540 ms	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects	S. LCP FCP
URL	Time Spent
localhost 1st Party	1,540 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	160 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	0 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	90 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms

URL	Time Spent
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
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/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	40 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	0 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	40 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	0 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	10 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	30 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	40 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	0 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	40 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	0 ms

A	Largest Contentful Paint element — 1,580 m	s	^	
This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element LCP				
	Element			
	h1			
	Phase	% of LCP	Timing	
	TTFB	8%	120 ms	
	Load Delay	0%	0 ms	
	Load Time	0%	0 ms	
	Render Delay	92%	1,460 ms	
	Does not have a <meta name="viewport"/> tag A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimiz delay to user input. Learn more about using the	zes your app for mobile screen sizes, but		
	Minimize main-thread work − 2.7 s		^	
	Consider reducing the time spent parsing, comp with this. <u>Learn how to minimize main-thread wo</u>		vering smaller JS payloads helps	
	Category		Time Spent	
	Script Evaluation		1,148 ms	
	Other		696 ms	
	Style & Layout		399 ms	
	Parse HTML & CSS		325 ms	
	Script Parsing & Compilation		73 ms	

Category	Time Spent
Rendering	64 ms
Garbage Collection	23 ms

O Avoid large layout shifts - 15 layout shifts found

These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to <u>windowing</u>. <u>Learn how to improve CLS (CLS)</u>

Element	Layout shift score

0.000

/P12_Front-end/employee-list.js (localhost)

/P12_Front-end/app.css (localhost)

...css/jquery.dataTables.min.css (cdn.datatables.net)

...js/jquery.dataTables.min.js (cdn.datatables.net)

...3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)

A late network request adjusted the page layout

A late network request adjusted the page layout

0.000

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Element Layout shift score /P12_Front-end/app.css (localhost) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...css/jquery.dataTables.min.css (cdn.datatables.net) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...js/jquery.dataTables.min.js (cdn.datatables.net) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com) A late network request adjusted the page layout /P12_Front-end/employee-list.js (localhost) A late network request adjusted the page layout /P12_Front-end/app.css (localhost) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...css/jquery.dataTables.min.css (cdn.datatables.net) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...js/jquery.dataTables.min.js (cdn.datatables.net) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com) A late network request adjusted the page layout /P12_Front-end/employee-list.js (localhost) A late network request adjusted the page layout /P12_Front-end/app.css (localhost) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...css/jquery.dataTables.min.css (cdn.datatables.net) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...js/jquery.dataTables.min.js (cdn.datatables.net) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com) A late network request adjusted the page layout

○ Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP [LCP]

URL Time Spent

localhost 1st Party 0 ms

/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost) 0 ms

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 166 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>.

URL	Transfer Size
localhost 1st Party	10.1 KiB
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	1.0 KiB
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	1.0 KiB

URL	Transfer Size
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	1.0 KiB

O Avoids an excessive DOM size - 135 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. [TBT]

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		135
Maximum DOM Depth	option	7
Maximum Child Elements	tbody	10

○ JavaScript execution time - 1.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. TBT

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Google CDN Cdn	1,806 ms	1,074 ms	40 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	1,806 ms	1,074 ms	40 ms
Unattributable	613 ms	4 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	613 ms	4 ms	0 ms
localhost 1st Party	207 ms	2 ms	0 ms
/P12_Front-end/employee-list.html (localhost)	207 ms	2 ms	0 ms
datatables.net	87 ms	58 ms	29 ms
js/jquery.dataTables.min.js (cdn.datatables.net)	87 ms	58 ms	29 ms

○ Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. [TBT]

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google CDN Cdn	0 KiB	0 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	0 KiB	0 ms
datatables.net	0 KiB	0 ms
js/jquery.dataTables.min.js (cdn.datatables.net)	0 KiB	0 ms
css/jquery.dataTables.min.css (cdn.datatables.net)	0 KiB	0 ms
images/sort_both.png (cdn.datatables.net)	0 KiB	0 ms
images/sort_asc.png (cdn.datatables.net)	0 KiB	0 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (28)

Eliminate render-blocking resources

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. FCP (LCP)

Properly size images	^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images. FCP LCP	
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images. FCP LCP	
Minify CSS	^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP LCP	
Minify JavaScript	^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP LCP	
Reduce unused CSS	^
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP	by
Reduce unused JavaScript	^
Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. FCP LCP	
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn how to efficiently encode images</u> . FCP <u>LCP</u>	
Serve images in next-gen formats	^
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	,
Enable text compression	^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more about text compression. FCP LCP	
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. LCP FCP	

Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2. [LCF FCP]	"
Use video formats for animated content	^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats FCP LCP)
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.	
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	^
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browse Learn how to use modern JavaScript FCP LCP	rs.
O Preload Largest Contentful Paint image	^
If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u> . <u>LCP</u>	<u>0</u>
Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found	^
A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u> .	
Avoid chaining critical requests	^
The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the leng of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.	
Maximum critical path latency: 0 ms	
Initial Navigation	
User Timing marks and measures	^
Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key us experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u> .	er

All text remains visible during webfont loads	^
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about ont-display.	ut
Lazy load third-party resources with facades	^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn has defer third-parties with a facade. TBT	now to
Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded	^
Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP]	l paint.
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Leamore about adopting passive event listeners.	arn
Avoids document.write()	^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().	by tens
Avoid long main-thread tasks	^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoi main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)	<u>d long</u>
Avoid non-composited animations	^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited animation</u> CLS	<u>ons</u>
Image elements have explicit width and height	^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> <u>CLS</u>	<u>e</u>
Page didn't prevent back/forward cache restoration	^
Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcacan speed up these return navigations. Learn more about the bfcache	ache)

Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

INTERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION

O The page has a logical tab order

O Visual order on the page follows DOM order

logical tab ordering.

▲ <html> element does not have a [lang] attribute</html>	^
If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the use chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.	
Failing Elements	
html	
These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.	
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hide
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about

DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn how to avoid focus traps</u> .	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to new content</u> .	<u>N</u>
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
O Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessi review.	bility
PASSED AUDITS (22)	Hide

[aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

 $Assistive \ technologies, like \ screen \ readers, \ work \ inconsistently \ when \ a \ ria-hidden="true" \ is \ set \ on \ the \ document$
<body>. <u>Learn how a ria-hidden affects the document body</u>.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about roles and required children elements. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes. ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes. Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast. Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Select elements have associated label elements. Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute. Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order. Values assigned to role="" are valid ARIA roles. ARIA roles enable assistive technologies to know the role of each element on the web page. If the role values are misspelled, not existing ARIA role values, or abstract roles, then the purpose of the element will not be communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about ARIA roles. Deprecated ARIA roles were not used

Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.</caption>	^
The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.</caption>	
IOT APPLICABLE (34)	Hide
[accesskey] values are unique	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn</u> more about access keys.	
button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible.	ole
Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.	^
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of thes elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.	e
O [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	^
Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements</u> .	
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusation for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.	able
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	

Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles.

 Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents. 	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields.	able
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.	g it
Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.	i
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more about bype blocks.	<u>oass</u>
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn hot to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td><u>ow</u></td></tr><tr><td> Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Le</td><td><u>earn</u></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u> .	
<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.	
<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</html>	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u> .	
<html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</html>	^
If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.	
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	y alt
Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the te adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute.	xt
O Input buttons have discernible text.	^
Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the inbutton. Learn more about input buttons.	nput
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understan the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	d
Links are distinguishable without relying on color.	^
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.	for
 Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). </td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

more about proper list structure.	
List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements</menu>	^
Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced proper Learn more about proper list structure.</menu>	rly.
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .	ý
[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"/> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.	^
Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag.	s of
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	
O Skip links are focusable.	^
Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.	
elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u> .	
O [lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Lear how to use the lang attribute</u> .	<u>'n</u>
<pre><video> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"]</video></pre>	^
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u> .	

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u>

Best Practices

USER EXPERIENCE

▲ Does not have a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale No `<meta name="viewport"> tag found ∧

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>.

BROWSER COMPATIBILITY

▲ Page lacks the HTML doctype, thus triggering quirks-mode Document must contain a doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration.

▲ Charset declaration is missing or occurs too late in the HTML

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more about declaring the character encoding</u>.

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description Directive Severity

No CSP found in enforcement mode High

GENERAL

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.</u>

Name	Version
jQuery	3.5.1

Hide PASSED AUDITS (11)

Uses HTTPS All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more about HTTPS. Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. Avoids third-party cookies Support for third-party cookies will be removed in a future version of Chrome. Learn more about phasing out third-party cookies. Allows users to paste into input fields Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio. Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (2) Hide

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS.

Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u>.



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

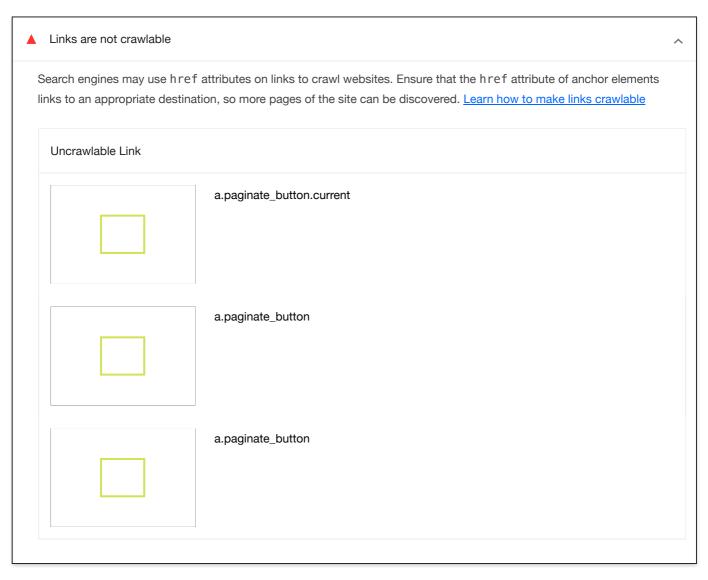
▲ Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta

description.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

CRAWLING AND INDEXING



To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about</u> Structured Data.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (5)

Page isn't blocked from indexing	^

about crawler directives.
Document has a <title> element</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.</td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.</td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible.</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid hreflang</td></tr><tr><td>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more about hreflang.</u></td></tr><tr><td>NOT APPLICABLE (3)</td></tr><tr><td>o robots.txt is valid</td></tr><tr><td>If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.</td></tr><tr><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td></tr><tr><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.</td></tr><tr><td>O Document has a valid rel=canonical</td></tr><tr><td>Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. <u>Learn more about canonical links</u>.</td></tr><tr><td>Captured at Aug 5, 2024, Emulated Desktop with Single page session</td></tr></tbody></table></title>

Using Chromium 127.0.0.0

with devtools

Lighthouse 12.0.0

Custom throttling

10:09 AM GMT+2

Initial page load