## AUDIT REPORTING - ACTIVITY SUMMARY

PRESENTED BY

OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT (OERM)

June 25, 2018









## Policies and Procedures of the FRTIB Administrative Staff

## Audit Objectives:

- Determine if the Agency implemented certain procedures to:
  - 1. maintain standards of conduct and provide ethics training;
  - 2. establish an organizational structure with defined roles and responsibilities and delegated authority, and provide for succession planning;
  - 3. process newly hired employees and separating employees;
  - 4. identify risks to the entity and monitor response to risks through development, implementation, and evaluation of internal control processes;
  - 5. establish and monitor an annual budget;
  - 6. procure goods and services in accordance with federal regulations;
  - monitor the reasonableness of administrative expenses;
  - 8. maintain standards of conduct specific to the procurement function;
  - 9. monitor the receipt of goods and services, and authorize expenses;
  - 10. accurately record investment activity in the accounting records;
  - 11. calculate the daily value of each fund's investments based on the net yield of the investments, less authorized administrative expenses and fees; and
  - 12. monitor investment operations and results and maintain policies to provide retirement benefits to participants and beneficiaries in accordance with federal law.
- Test compliance with select United States Code (USC) and Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) sections.
- Determine the status of the prior EBSA TSP Policies and Procedures of the FRTIB Administrative Staff open recommendations.



## Policies and Procedures of the FRTIB Administrative Staff

- Audit Scope Period: January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017
- Audit Report Date: June 5, 2018
- Audit Results:
  - Six new recommendations.
  - Two prior year recommendations remain open. [Note: Agency non-concurred with one recommendation].
  - Synopsis of Open Findings:
    - 1. Insufficient monitoring of internal controls;
    - 2. Inadequate execution of internal audit plan;
    - 3. Weakness in fraud risk assessment:
    - 4. Insufficient monitoring of contractor performance;
    - 5. Insufficient documentation of personnel authority;
    - 6. Outdated policies and procedures related to procurement;
    - Weakness in assessing personal conflicts of interest in the procurement process and retaining certificates of procurement officials; and
    - 8. Lack of certain formal policies and procedures related to the prevention of splitting of purchases.

