# My terminal command cheatsheet

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November 16, 2023

## Add new console, classlibrary, xunit, solution

```
dotnet new console
dotnet new classlib
dotnet new xunit
dotnet new sln
```

## Add e.g. solution with name

```
dotnet new sln --name mySolution
```

#### List all files in solution

dotnet sln list

## Adds one or more project to the solution file

dotnet sln mySolution.sln add projectpath/myProj

## Read file, listen, create file

cat echo touch

## Create new .git repository

git init

## Create a new repository on the command line

```
echo "# mygitrepository" >> README.md
git init
git add README.md
git commit -m "first commit"
git branch -M main
git remote add origin git@github.com:fruniia/mygitrepository.git
git push -u origin main
```

## Push an existing repository from the command line

```
git remote add origin git@github.com:fruniia/mygitrepository.git
git branch -M main
git push -u origin main
```

#### Commands in git

```
git status
                    show status of working directory
             adds file(s) to the staging area adds a commit to are
   -s
git add
git commit
   -m
              message
git log
                  shows previous commits in branch
   --all
   --decorate
   --oneline
    --graph
git show
                    take a closer look at commit
git diff
                    shows changes between your working directory and index/staging area
```

#### Help with a command

```
--h prefix works with most commands and will print the help text for said command
e.g. diff --h will print instructions for diff command
(not to be confused with git diff)

Notable exception:
echo --h will not print help on the echo command, instead try
/bin/echo --help
```

### Branching in git

```
branch show and create branches

-d <brack or another branch or commit

-b <brack or another branch or commit

create new branch and change to that branch does not change working directory

merge bring changes from one branch into another
```

## Remote in git

```
clone clone a repo to a local .git repo
remote show, create and change linked repos
push send local changes to remote
pull get changes from remote
fetch update local info about remote
```

## Undo in git

When working in a shared repo it is important that the commit history doesn't change, instead of removing the previous commit add the undos into a new commit.

```
checkout get a commit, undo all changes in workspace
revert create a new commit which undos all changes
reset remove files from staging or remove a LOCAL commit

--soft

--mixed

--hard
commit --amend replaces the last commit with your new, improved commit
```