Practical No. 06

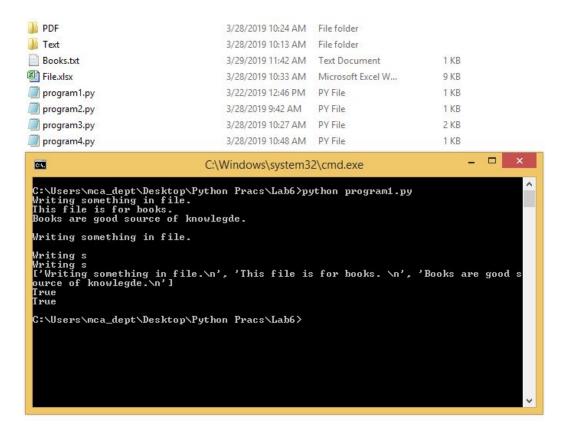
1. Basic file handling operations.

```
Code:
file = open("Books.txt","w+")
l = ["This file is for books. \n","Books are good source of
knowlegde.\n"]
file.write("Writing something in file.\n")
file.writelines(l)
file.close()
file = open("Books.txt","r+")
print(file.read())
file.seek(0)
print(file.readline())
file.seek(0)
print(file.read(9))
file.seek(0)
print(file.readline(9))
file.seek(0)
print(file.readlines())
print(file.readable())
```

Output:

file.close()

print(file.writable())



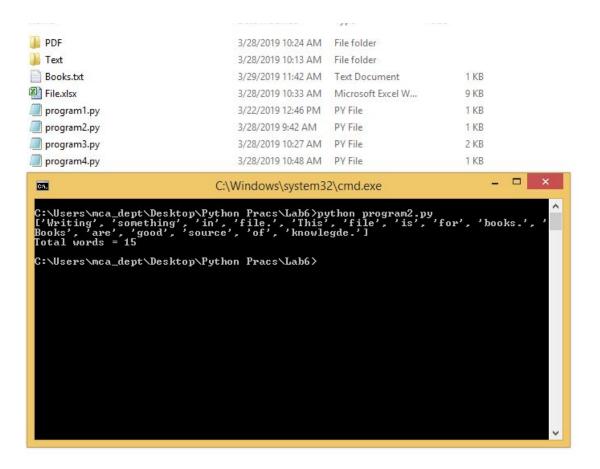
2. To take a sentence and split and display each word one by one.

Code:

```
filePath = "Books.txt"
wordList = []
wordCount = 0

#Read lines into a list
file = open(filePath, 'r')
for line in file:
    for word in line.split():
        wordList.append(word)
        wordCount += 1
print(wordList)
print("Total words = %d" % wordCount)
```

Output:



3. To rearrange the files of different extension and group them accordingly into their folder. Code:

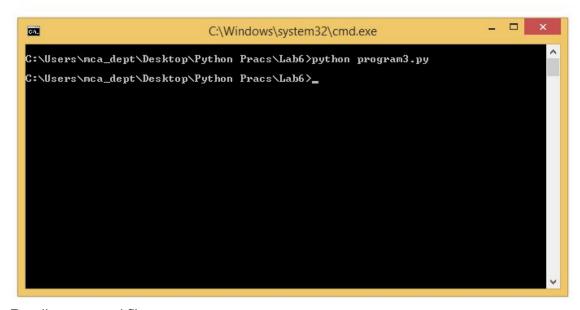
```
import os, shutil
fullpath = os.path.join
start directory = "."
text files = "./Text"
pdf files = "./PDF"
html files = "./HTML"
jpeg files = "./JPEG"
def main():
    for dirname, dirnames, filenames in os.walk(start directory):
        for filename in filenames:
            source = fullpath(dirname, filename)
            if filename.endswith("txt"):
                if not os.path.exists(text files):
                    os.mkdir(text files)
                shutil.move(source, fullpath(text files, filename))
            elif filename.endswith("pdf"):
                if not os.path.exists(pdf files):
                    os.mkdir(pdf files)
```

```
shutil.move(source, fullpath(pdf_files, filename))
elif filename.endswith("html"):
    if not os.path.exists(html_files):
        os.mkdir(html_files)
        shutil.move(source, fullpath(html_files, filename))
elif filename.endswith("jpeg"):
    if not os.path.exists(jpeg_files):
        os.mkdir(jpeg_files)
        shutil.move(source, fullpath(jpeg_files, filename))

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Output:

■ PDF	3/28/2019 10:24 AM	File folder	
〗 Text	3/28/2019 10:13 AM	File folder	
File.xlsx	3/28/2019 10:33 AM	Microsoft Excel W	9 KB
program1.py	3/22/2019 12:46 PM	PY File	1 KB
program2.py	3/28/2019 9:42 AM	PY File	1 KB
program3.py	3/28/2019 10:27 AM	PY File	2 KB
program4.py	3/28/2019 10:48 AM	PY File	1 KB



4. Reading an excel file.

Code:

```
import xlrd
file=xlrd.open workbook("File.xlsx");
```

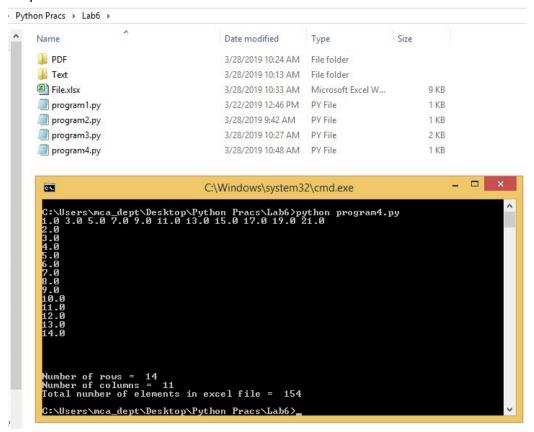
```
worksheet=file.sheet_by_index(0);
len_of_row=worksheet.nrows;
len_of_col=worksheet.ncols;
for i in range(0,len_of_row):
        for j in range(0,len_of_col):
            print(worksheet.cell_value(i,j),end=' ');
        print("");

print("\n");

print("\n");

print("Number of rows = ",len_of_row);
print("Number of columns = ",len_of_col);
print("Total number of elements in excel file = ",len_of_row*len_of_col);
```

Output:



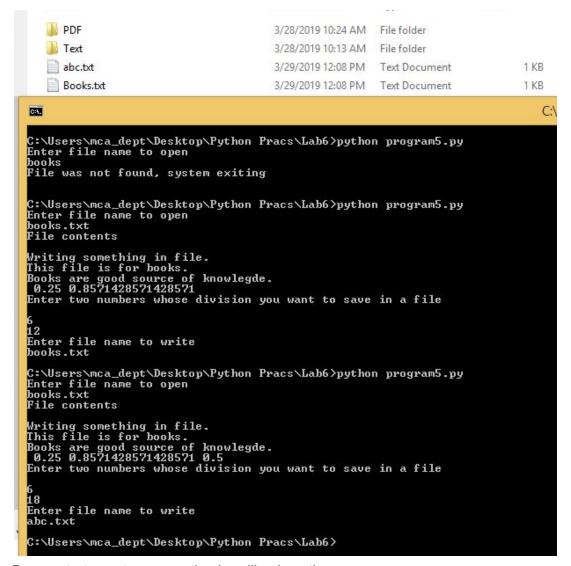
5. Demonstrate inbuilt exception handling in python.

Code:

try:

```
import sys;
except ImportError:
   print("Could not import sys module \n");
try:
    file=open(input("Enter file name to open\n"),"rt");
    print("File contents \n");
    print(file.read());
except FileNotFoundError:
    print("File was not found, system exiting\n");
    sys.exit(0);
except IOError:
   print("Could not read \n");
    sys.exit(0);
try:
   print("Enter two numbers whose division you want to save in a
file \n");
   a=int(input());
   b=int(input());
    file.close();
    file=open(input("Enter file name to write \n"), "a");
    file.write(" "+str(a/b));
    file.close();
except FileNotFoundError:
    print("Given file was not found ");
except IOError:
    print("File cannot be opened ");
except ArithmeticError:
    print("Illegal number entered ");
```

Output:



6. Demonstrate custom exception handling in python.

Code:

```
class err(Exception):
    def __init__(self,error):
        self.error_name=error;

def get_error(self):
    return "{}".format(self.error_name);

try:
    name=input("Enter name ");
    if not name:
        raise(err("String cannot be empty"));
    email=input("Enter email ");
```

```
if not email:
    raise(err("Email cannot be empty"));
if "@" not in email or "." not in email:
    raise(err("Invalid email address"));
age=int(input("Enter age "));
if age < 18:
    raise(err("Age cannot be less than 18"));

print("The entered information is valid ");
print("Name = ",name);
print("Age = ",age);
print("Email = ",email);
except err as e:
    print(e.get_error());</pre>
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\mca_dept\Desktop\Python Pracs\Lab6>python program6.py
Enter name Hammad
Enter email Hammadansari@gmail.com
Enter age 20
The entered information is valid
Name = Hammad
Age = 20
Email = Hammadansari@gmail.com

C:\Users\mca_dept\Desktop\Python Pracs\Lab6>python program6.py
Enter name asd123
Enter email ad12f
Invalid email address

C:\Users\mca_dept\Desktop\Python Pracs\Lab6>python program6.py
Enter name asd
Enter email asd@
Invalid email asd@
Invalid email address

C:\Users\mca_dept\Desktop\Python Pracs\Lab6>python program6.py
Enter name 123asd
Enter email asdeaf@asd
Invalid email address
```