## The Output of a Quite General Code Example

The following Julia code contains all operators, some strings and some comments. Moreover a few names of variables consist of greek letters, superscripts or subscripts. However the code itself is rather useless unless you want to test how Julia code is displayed by the jlcode package.

```
#= A comment that consits of several lines.
Hence it has to be a little longer, of course.
Otherwise it would be silly as it could fit in one line. =#
# This line will be my reference line, which will contain exactly 80 characters.
\# This line is a comment containing operators like &, - and \%
# A comment with the German word "Übergrößengeschäft" (store for oversizes)
# This line contains some special unicode characters: \in, \alpha, \gamma, \mathbf{w}^2, \Delta_x, \cap
# A comment with some numbers: 424, 1.23, 0.2E-5, -9.9e+9
# defining a useless testfunction
function Style_3rd_Test(x, y)
    myver = v"2.00"
    mystr = "A string with \"Übergrößengeschäft\", \alpha, \pi, U and the + operator."
    myset = Set([2, 9, 12, 25, 33])
    x_{in} = x \in myset
    myset^{(2)} = myset \cup Set([4, 8, 12, 33])
    z1vec = rand(Int8, 3)
    z_2vec = Array{Int8}(undef, 3)
    z_2 \text{vec}[1:2] = [x \% y, y \setminus x]
    t = x % 2 == 0 ? x : x + 1
    t = \sim (t \& x | y) \lor y
    \alpha = \sqrt{0.3}
    \beta^{\alpha} = 3.2e+5^{\alpha}
    my\beta var = \sqrt[3]{0.12E-2} * \beta^{\alpha}
    z_2 \text{vec}[3] = y^2 + 3.4x * y - (\alpha + my\beta var) * t/2
    z_2 \text{vec} = (z_2 \text{vec} + z1 \text{vec}).^2
    if !(0.1 \le norm(z1vec') < norm(z_2vec') + e \div pi + \gamma + \phi)
         mystr = String( mystr, " signed ")
         println( mystr)
         return true;
     elseif 3.2 \ge \text{norm}(z_2 \text{vec} - z1 \text{vec}) > 2.69
         if norm(z_2vec - z_1vec) \neq 3.0
             println( String( "Error in ", myver, "!"))
         end
         return false;
     end
end
```

## Known Managable Issues

The following Julia code presents the known issues that can appear due to the nature of the listings package. Right now the jlcode package is not able to handle theses cases. However the issues can be fixed by the user himself.

Without fixing the issues one gets the following output:

```
function KnownManageableIssues(x, y)
  # KNOWN MANAGEABLE ISSUES:
  \# identifier name with a number that follows
  # directly behind a special unicode character:
  my\beta 2ndvar = 2 * 0.12E-2 * x^y
  # identifier name, which contains a \gamma,\ \pi or \phi\colon
 my\phi var_{+} = sqrt(2)approx4\pi = 3.142
  \# identifier name, which contains a chracter from a latin language
  checkin€ = 27.99
  # numbers in E-notation without using a + sign:
  evar = 3.99e400
  evar_2 = 3.99E400
  # single characters
 mychar = 'W'
mychar(2) = '€'
  mychar(3) = 'x'
end
```

After fixing the issues the output looks as follows:

```
function KnownManageableIssues(x, y)
  # KNOWN MANAGEABLE ISSUES:
 # identifier name with a number that follows
 # directly behind a special unicode character:
 my\beta2ndvar = 2 * 0.12E-2 * x^y
 # identifier name, which contains a \gamma, \pi or \phi:
 my\phi var_+ = sqrt(2)
 approx4\pi = 3.142
 # identifier name, which contains a chracter from a latin language
 löwe = 8
 checkin€ = 27.99
 # numbers in E-notation without using a + sign:
  evar = 3.99e400
 evar_2 = 3.99E400
 # single characters
 mychar = 'W'
mychar(2) = '€'
mychar(3) = '%'
end
```