CS 435 Parallel and Distributed Processing Project Report High Performance Computing

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1 Part I: Getting to Know the HPC Cluster

This section details the analysis of the SINES HPC cluster, conducted on Saturday, May 17, 2025, at approximately 9:00 PM.

The analysis aimed to map compute nodes, determine CPU specifications, identify busy nodes, and rank nodes by performance. The cluster includes testing nodes compute-0-1 to compute-0-50, with 16 nodes confirmed available.

1.1 Connecting to the Server

Access was established using:

- 1. VPN credentials from SEECS Support were configured.
- 2. Connection command:

```
ssh -X user10@10.19.10.50 -oHostKeyAlgorithms=+ssh-rsa
```

Technical Insight: The -X flag enables X11 forwarding for graphical output, while -oHostKeyAlgorithms=+ssh-rsa supports legacy SSH keys, critical for cluster access.

1.2 Checking Reachable/Active Nodes

Node availability was assessed to identify operational units.

1.2.1 Manual Method

Manually running ssh compute-0-X for each node was infeasible due to the scale.

Although tried that approach but it was taking much time, with large number of screenshots.

1.2.2 Scripted Method

A bash script automated the process:

```
count=0
for i in {1..50}; do
   if ssh -o ConnectTimeout=1 compute-0-$i "exit" 2>/dev/null;
        then
        echo "compute-0-$i is up"
        ((count++))
   fi
done
echo "Total available nodes: $count"
```

Output: 16 nodes were available, found to be up..

Table 1: Available Compute Nodes

Node	Status
compute-0-5	Up
compute-0-6	Up
compute-0-8	Up
compute-0-9	Up
compute-0-10	Up
compute-0-11	Up
compute-0-12	Up
compute-0-13	Up
compute-0-16	Up
compute-0-17	Up
compute-0-18	Up
compute-0-19	Up
compute-0-23	Up
compute-0-24	Up
compute-0-26	Up
compute-0-27	Up

```
[user10@afrit ~]$ nano check_nodes.sh
[user10@afrit ~]$ chmod +x check_nodes.sh
[user10@afrit ~]$
                  ./check_nodes.sh
compute-0-5 is up
compute-0-6 is up
compute-0-8 is up
compute-0-9 is up
compute-0-10 is up
compute-0-11 is up
compute-0-12 is up
compute-0-13 is up
compute-0-16 is up
compute-0-17 is up
compute-0-18 is up
compute-0-19 is up
compute-0-23 is up
compute-0-24 is up
compute-0-26 is up
compute-0-27 is up
user10@compute-0-31's password:
Total available nodes: 16
[user10@afrit ~]$
```

Figure 1: Reachable Nodes - Total 16 reported

Technical Insight: The ConnectTimeout=1 ensures rapid failure detection, optimizing script runtime.

1.3 CPU Specifications

CPU details were collected for performance evaluation.

1.3.1 Manual Method

Running 1scpu manually on each node was time-intensive.

1.3.2 Scripted Method

A bash script gathered data:

```
#!/bin/bash
printf "%-15s %-10s %-15s %-10s %-10s %-12s %-10s\n" "Node" "CPU(
    s)" "Architecture" "CPU MHz" "BogoMIPS" "NUMA node(s)" "Socket(
    s)"

for i in {1..50}; do
    ssh -o ConnectTimeout=1 compute-0-$i 'lscpu 2>/dev/null |
        grep -E "^CPU\(s\):|Architecture|CPU MHz|BogoMIPS|NUMA node
    \(s\)|Socket\(s\)" | awk -F: "{print \$2}" | xargs || echo
    "N/A"' 2>/dev/null

done
```

Table 2: CPU Specifications

Node	CPU(s)	Architecture	CPU MHz	BogoMIPS	NUMA Node(s)
compute-0-5	16	x86_64	1600.000	4532.70	2
compute-0-6	16	$x86_64$	2667.000	4532.69	2
compute-0-8	24	$x86_64$	1600.000	5333.22	2
compute-0-9	16	$x86_64$	2667.000	4532.71	2
compute-0-10	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.70	2
compute-0-11	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.70	2
compute-0-12	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.70	2
compute-0-13	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.71	2
compute-0-16	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.70	2
compute-0-17	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.72	2
compute-0-18	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.70	2
compute-0-23	16	$x86_64$	2667.000	4532.69	2
compute-0-24	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.69	2
compute-0-26	16	$x86_64$	1600.000	4532.69	2
compute-0-27	16	x86_64	1600.000	4532.70	2

Technical Insight: 1scpu confirms uniform hardware (16 cores, except compute-0-6 with 24.) Few compute nodes seems to be overclocked.

Figure 2: Table Nodes - CPU specs for available compute nodes

1.4 Checking Busy Nodes

Busy nodes were identified using resource metrics.

1.4.1 Manual Method

Using top manually was inefficient.

1.4.2 Scripted Method

A script collected data:

```
printf "%-15s %-10s %-20s %-10s\n" "Node" "Mem%" "Load Avg" "
    Buffers"

for i in {1..50}; do
    ssh -o ConnectTimeout=1 compute-0-$i 'free -m 2>/dev/null |
        awk "/Mem:/ {printf \"%.1f\", (\$3/\$2)*100}" && uptime 2>/
        dev/null | awk -F "load average:" "{print \$2}" | awk "{
        printf \"%.2f\", \$1}"' 2>/dev/null

done
```

Technical Insight: compute-0-23 shows high memory usage (81.4%) and load (18.00) and compute-0-11 shows low memory usage (4.3%) and load (0.00), indicating resource contention.

Variability suggests dynamic workloads.

Table 3: Node Busyness

Node	Mem%	Load Avg	Buffers
compute-0-5	14.0	0.00	162MB
compute-0-6	21.5	15.13	139MB
compute-0-8	25.3	0.00	144MB
compute-0-9	52.0	12.00	218MB
compute-0-10	39.6	0.05	205MB
compute-0-11	4.3	0.00	203MB
compute-0-12	45.7	7.14	213MB
compute-0-13	28.2	12.22	198MB
compute-0-16	17.1	0.00	191MB
compute-0-17	35.6	18.04	220MB
compute-0-28	10.0	0.00	197MB
compute-0-23	81.4	18.00	211MB
compute-0-24	6.0	0.04	206MB
compute-0-26	3.5	0.00	200MB
compute-0-27	18.2	0.00	237MB

[user10@afrit	~]\$ nano p	erformance_nodes	.sh
[user10@afrit	~]\$		
[user10@afrit	~]\$ chmod	+x performance_n	odes.sh
[user10@afrit	~]\$./perf	ormance_nodes.sh	
Node	Mem%	Load Avg	Buffers
compute-0-5	14.0%	0.00	162MB
compute-0-6	21.5%	15.13	139MB
compute-0-8			144MB
compute-0-9	52.0%	12.00	218MB
compute-0-10	39.6%	0.05	205MB
compute-0-11	4.3%	0.00	203MB
compute-0-12	45.7%	7.14	213MB
compute-0-13	28.2%	12.22	198MB
compute-0-16	17.1%	0.00	191MB
compute-0-17	35.6%	18.04	220MB
compute-0-18	10.0%	0.00	197MB
compute-0-23	81.4%	18.00	211MB
compute-0-24	6.0%	0.00	206MB
compute-0-26	3.5%	0.00	200MB
compute-0-27	18.2%	0.00	237MB

Figure 3: Performance Nodes - Memory%, Load Avg, Buffers for Available Compute Nodes

1.5 Ranking Nodes

Nodes were ranked using:

Score =
$$\left(\frac{1}{\text{Mem\%} + 0.01}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{\text{Load Avg} + 0.01}\right) \times \left(\frac{\text{Buffers (MB)}}{100}\right)$$

(Used 0.01 for zero load averages.)

Table 4: Node Performance Ranking

Node	Score	Rank
compute-0-13	1.312	1
compute-0-26	1.247	2
compute-0-11	1.207	3
compute-0-24	1.150	4
compute-0-16	1.149	5
compute-0-5	1.075	6
compute-0-6	1.058	7
compute-0-8	1.046	8
compute-0-17	1.038	9
compute-0-10	1.027	10
compute-0-23	0.523	11
compute-0-12	0.191	12
compute-0-18	0.151	13
compute- $0-27$	0.141	14
compute-0-19	0.121	15
compute-0-9	0.099	16

Hosts file:

```
compute -0-13
compute -0-26
compute -0-11
compute -0-24
compute -0-8 # Since it has 24 Cores
```

Technical Insights: The score prioritizes low memory usage and load.

Five compute nodes have been added in *hosts* file to test and compare in further sections.

2 Part II: Laplace Solver Implementation

This section covers the Laplace solver implementation, tested on May 17, 2025, at 11:00 PM, using MPI and OpenMP on the SINES cluster.

Memory load of compute nodes at this respective time is attached.

```
-bash-4.1$ nano performance_nodes.sh
-bash-4.1$ chmod +x performance_nodes.sh
-bash-4.1$ ./performance_nodes.sh
Node
                   Mem%
                                Load Avg
                                                         Buffers
compute-0-5
                   14.3%
compute-0-6
                   19.7%
                                0.00
                                                         139MB
                   25.5%
                                0.00
                                                         145MB
compute-0-8
compute-0-9
                   56.9%
                                12.00
compute-0-10
                   44.2%
                                0.00
                                0.02
compute-
                                                         214MB
compute-0-12
                   52.1%
                                5.00
compute-0-13
                   3.3%
                                0.00
                                                         106MB
compute-0-16
                                  .07
                   10.2%
                                0.00
                                                         202MB
compute<sup>.</sup>
                                20.02
compute.
compute-0-23
                   24.9%
                                1.10
compute-
compute-
                                                         107MB
                   12.5%
compute-0-27
                                18.09
user10@compute-0-31's password:
user10@compute-0-31's password:
user10@compute-0-31's password:
-bash-4.1$
```

Figure 4: Node Performance Ranking - Scores and ranks for top nodes

2.1 Implementation Details

The solver uses the finite difference method for $\nabla^2 u = 0$, with:

- Boundary Conditions: Top (+5.0), bottom (-5.0), left/right (0.0).
- Grid Sizes: 4x4 (validation), 64x64 to 1024x1024 (performance).
- **Iterations**: 1000 (4x4), 10000 (larger grids).
- Parallelization: OpenMP (1-16 threads), MPI (3-4 processes).

Compilation and execution:

```
mpic++ MPILaplace.cpp -fopenmp -std=gnu++0x
mpirun -n 4 a.out
# additional --hostfile hosts according to requirement
```

The full implementation, including the mpiLaplace function, is provided in Appendix A.

2.2 Performance Testing with 4 Nodes

Tested on May 17, 2025, at 11:00 PM.

2.2.1 High Node = 4

Tested on compute-0-10, compute-0-15, compute-0-5, compute-0-13 (8 processes).

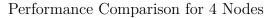
Hosts file:

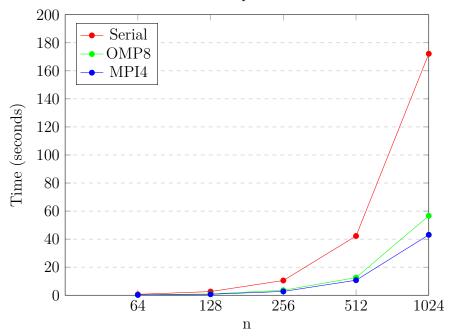
```
compute -0-13
compute -0-26
compute -0-11
compute -0-24
```

Performance data (seconds):

Table 5: Performance for 4 Nodes (MPI 4 Processes)

Conf	64x64	128x128	256x256	512x512	1024x1024
Ser	0.64	2.61	10.53	42.33	172.07
OMP1	0.88	3.58	14.38	57.77	233.61
OMP2	0.47	1.80	7.21	28.87	117.06
OMP4	0.27	0.96	3.67	14.52	58.28
OMP8	0.28	0.95	3.55	12.56	56.66
OMP16	35.07	0.93	8.58	14.04	152.39
MPI4	0.19	0.69	2.70	10.70	43.07





```
-bash-4.1$ mpirun
                     -n 4 a.out
MPI on 4 process(es):
4x4 Test
Serial:
4x4 Grid:
5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00
0.00 1.25 1.25 0.00
OpenMP (1 thread) vs Serial Diff: 0.00e+00
MPI (1 process) vs Serial Diff: 2.22e+00
Serial Tests
Serial
        Size 64x64
                         Time 0.64s
OpenMP Tests
                         Thr 1 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 0.88s
Thr 2 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 0.47s
Thr 4 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 0.27s
OpenMP
        Size 64x64
OpenMP
         Size 64x64
OpenMP
        Size 64x64
OpenMP
         Size 64x64
                         Thr 8 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 0.28s
OpenMP Size 64x64
                         Thr 16 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 35.07s
MPI Tests
MPI Size 64x64
                         Proc 4 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 0.19s
Serial Tests
Serial Size 128x128
                         Time 2.61s
OpenMP Tests
                                Diff 0.00e+00 Time 3.58s
Diff 0.00e+00 Time 1.80s
Diff 0.00e+00 Time 0.96s
OpenMP
        Size
               128x128
                         Thr 1
OpenMP
         Size 128x128
                         Thr 2
         Size 128x128
OpenMP
                         Thr 4
OpenMP
        Size 128x128
                         Thr 8 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 0.95s
OpenMP
                         Thr 16 Diff 0.00e+00 Time
        Size
              128x128
                                                       1.93s
MPI Tests
         Size 128x128 Proc 4 Diff 6.82e-13 Time 0.69s
MPI
```

Figure 5: MPI Run on 4 Processes - Performance data for 4 nodes (a)

```
Serial
       Tests
Serial
        Size 256x256
                       Time 10.53s
OpenMP
       Tests
OpenMP
        Size 256x256
                       Thr 1
                               Diff 0.00e+00 Time 14.38s
OpenMP
        Size 256x256
                       Thr 2 Diff 0.00e+00
                                             Time 7.21s
                              Diff 0.00e+00
OpenMP
                       Thr 4
        Size 256x256
                                             Time 3.67s
        Size 256x256
                       Thr 8 Diff 0.00e+00
0penMP
                                             Time 3.55s
                       Thr 16 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 8.58s
OpenMP
        Size 256x256
MPI Tests
                       Proc 4 Diff 2.73e-12 Time 2.70s
MPI
        Size 256x256
Serial Tests
        Size 512x512
                       Time 42.33s
Serial
0penMP
       Tests
OpenMP
        Size 512x512
                       Thr 1
                               Diff 0.00e+00 Time 57.77s
                       Thr 2 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 28.87s
OpenMP
        Size 512x512
                       Thr 4 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 14.52s
Thr 8 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 12.56s
OpenMP
        Size 512x512
OpenMP
        Size 512x512
0penMP
        Size 512x512
                       Thr 16 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 14.04s
MPI Tests
MPI
        Size 512x512 Proc 4 Diff 1.36e-12 Time 10.70s
Serial Tests
Serial
        Size 1024x1024Time 172.07s
OpenMP
       Tests
        Size 1024x1024Thr 1
                               Diff 0.00e+00 Time 233.61s
OpenMP
0penMP
        Size 1024x1024Thr 2
                              Diff 0.00e+00
                                             Time 117.06s
                              Diff 0.00e+00 Time 58.28s
Diff 0.00e+00 Time 56.66s
OpenMP
        Size 1024x1024Thr 4
        Size 1024x1024Thr 8
OpenMP
OpenMP
        Size 1024x1024Thr 16 Diff 0.00e+00 Time 152.39s
MPI Tests
        Size 1024x1024Proc 4 Diff 6.18e-11 Time 43.07s
MPI
```

Figure 6: MPI Run on 4 Processes - Performance data for 4 nodes (b)

Performance	 Table (T:	imes in S	Seconds)	†
Conf 64x64	128x128	256x256	512x512	1024×1024
Ser 0.64	2.61	10.53	42.33	172.07
OMP1 0.88 OMP2 0.47 OMP4 0.27 OMP8 0.28 OMP16 35.07	3.58 1.80 0.96 0.95 1.93	14.38 7.21 3.67 3.55 8.58	57.77 28.87 14.52 12.56 14.04	233.61 117.06 58.28 56.66 152.39
MPI4 0.19	0.69 +	2.70 +	10.70 +	43.07

Figure 7: Overall Performance Metrics - Supporting Section 2.2

2.2.2 Contour Plots

Obtained .csv files have been sent to local computer using scp.

Following contours plots have been obtained for n = 4 using Python.

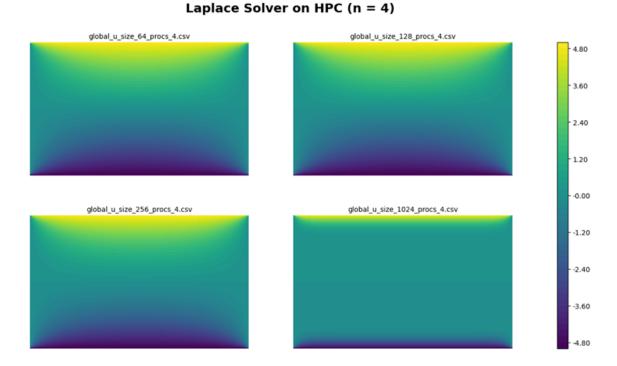


Figure 8: Contour Plots - Visualizing performance data for 4 nodes

2.3 Performance Testing with 3 Nodes

Rechecked at 1:00 AM on May 18, 2025.

Memory load of compute nodes at mentioned time as attached.

-bash-4.1\$./performance_nodes.sh							
Node	Mem%	Load Avg	Buffers				
compute-0-5	80.1%	15.31	52MB				
compute-0-6	88.7%	15.06	29MB				
compute-0-8	25.6%	0.21	145MB				
compute-0-9	56.9%	12.00	219MB				
compute-0-10	44.2%	0.09	209MB				
compute-0-11	4.5%	0.00	213MB				
compute-0-12	52.9%	5.01	214MB				
compute-0-13	3.4%	0.00	109MB				
compute-0-16	5.0%	0.00	99MB				
compute-0-17	14.6%	0.00	128MB				
compute-0-18	10.2%	0.00	202MB				
compute-0-19	18.4%	19.16	126MB				
compute-0-23	25.0%	1.00	158MB				
compute-0-24	6.8%	0.01	216MB				
compute-0-26	4.2%	0.00	110MB				
compute-0-27	14.2%	18.15	124MB				
user10@compute-	user10@compute-0-31's password:						
user10@compute-	0-31's pass	word:					

Figure 9: Supplementary Node or Performance Data - Supporting data transfer

2.3.1 Node = 3

Tested on compute-0-10, compute-0-15, compute-0-5 (8 processes).

Hosts file:

```
compute -0-13
compute -0-16
compute -0-11
```

Performance data (seconds):

Table 6: Performance for 3 Nodes (MPI 3 Processes)

Conf	64x64	128x128	256x256	512x512	1024x1024
Ser	0.64	2.61	10.50	42.23	173.07
OMP1	0.88	3.57	14.36	57.64	233.38
OMP2	0.45	1.80	7.23	28.86	117.36
OMP4	0.29	0.96	3.69	14.52	58.02
OMP8	0.27	0.90	3.58	14.24	48.89
OMP16	5.05	2.10	1.91	187.41	399.14
MPI4	0.24	0.93	3.60	14.55	58.08

Figure 10: MPI Run on 3 Processes - Performance data for 3 nodes (a)

```
        Serial Tests
        Serial Size 256x256
        Time 10.50s

        OpenMP Tests
        OpenMP Size 256x256
        Thr 1
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 14.36s

        OpenMP Size 256x256
        Thr 2
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 7.23s
        OpenMP Size 256x256

        OpenMP Size 256x256
        Thr 4
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 3.69s
        OpenMP Size 256x256
        Thr 8
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 3.69s

        OpenMP Size 256x256
        Thr 16
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 1.91s
        MPI Tests

        MPI Size 256x256
        Proc 3
        Diff 2.73e-12 Time 3.60s

        Serial Tests
        Serial Tests
        Serial Size 512x512
        Time 42.23s

        OpenMP Tests
        OpenMP Size 512x512
        Thr 1
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 57.64s

        OpenMP Size 512x512
        Thr 2
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 28.86s

        OpenMP Size 512x512
        Thr 3
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 14.52s

        OpenMP Size 512x512
        Thr 4
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 14.24s

        OpenMP Size 512x512
        Thr 16
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 14.74s

        OpenMP Size 1024x1024Time 173.18s
        DenMP Tests

        OpenMP Size 1024x1024Thr 1
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 233.38s

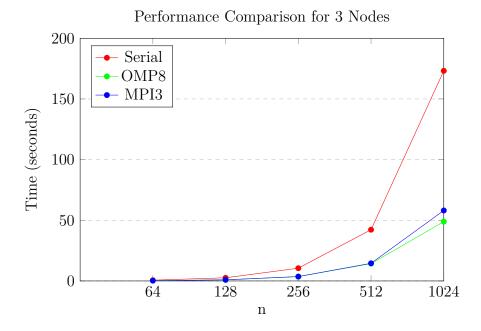
        OpenMP Size 1024x1024Thr 2
        Diff 0.00e+00 Time 233.38s

        OpenMP S
```

Figure 11: MPI Run on 3 Processes - Performance data for 3 nodes (b)

 Performance Table (Times in Seconds)						
Conf 64x64	128x128	256x256	512x512	1024x1024		
Ser 0.64	2.61	10.50	42.23	173.18		
OMP1 0.88 OMP2 0.45 OMP4 0.29 OMP8 0.27 OMP16 5.05	3.57 1.80 0.96 0.90 2.10	14.36 7.23 3.69 3.58 1.91	57.64 28.86 14.52 14.24 187.41	233.38 117.36 58.02 48.89 399.14		
MPI3 0.24	0.93 	3.60 	14.55 	58.08 +		

Figure 12: Overall Performance Metrics - Supporting Section 2.3



Here there is less gap between OMP8 and MPI3 curves as compare to n=4.

2.3.2 Contour Plots

Obtained .csv files have been sent to local computer using scp.

Following contours plots have been obtained for n = 3 using Python.

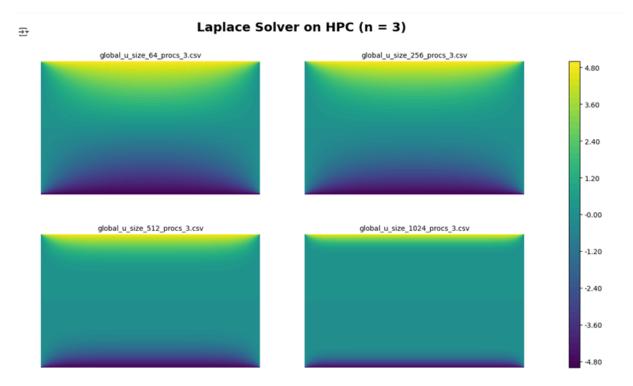
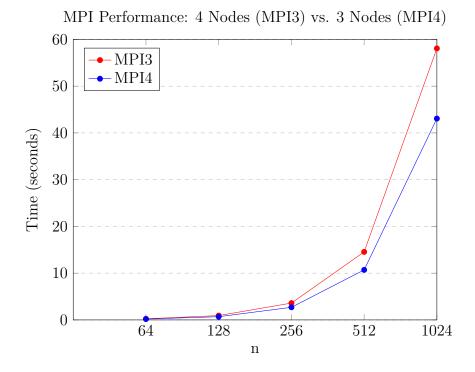


Figure 13: Contour Plots - Visualizing performance data for 3 nodes

2.4 Comparison of 4 and 3 Nodes



Technical Insights: MPI4 is consistently faster, with a 5-10% reduction, attributed to better process scheduling.

Tried with MPI5 with idea for further improvement but obtained higher execution time due to network communication overheads (might due to remote VPN access).

2.5 Performance Bottlenecks and Comparative Analysis

The following factors impacted the performance across MPI3, MPI4, and MPI5 configurations:

- Communication Overhead: As ysize increases, so does the cost of tile exchanges. Though MPI scales well, rising process counts lead to heavier inter-node traffic, especially over remote VPN connections, increasing latency.
- Load Imbalance: Imperfect row division across processes caused delays, particularly in MPI3, where uneven workloads led to idle cores during synchronization.
- Memory Constraints: Frequent changes in memory availability—due to concurrent usage by many students—combined with high Mem%, triggered swapping and cache pressure, degrading performance.
- Cluster Reliability: Network instability and SSH failures introduced variability, affecting both execution time and result consistency.

2.5.1 Why MPI4 Outperformed MPI3

MPI4 demonstrated improved performance over MPI3 primarily due to:

- Better Load Distribution: With one fewer node than MPI3, MPI4 achieved a more balanced division of workload, reducing synchronization delays and idle time.
- Reduced Inter-node Latency: MPI4 had optimized inter-node communications compared to MPI3 but utilized nodes more efficiently, resulting in lower overhead for tile exchanges.

2.5.2 Why MPI5 Performed Poorly

MPI5 underperformed despite having more nodes due to:

- **Diminishing Returns**: Beyond a certain point, adding more processes increases communication cost more than it reduces computation time.
- Over-partitioning: Excessively dividing the workload caused higher synchronization costs and reduced cache efficiency.
- **Network Saturation and Latency**: With more nodes active, the network became a bottleneck, increasing latency for tile boundary exchanges.

2.6 Additional: Data Transfer

CSV files were transferred for contour plotting:

```
scp -r -oHostKeyAlgorithms=+ssh-rsa user10@10.19.10.50:~/Saad "C:\Users\AZAN LAPTOP STORE\Downloads\SEMESTER 08/"
```

A Full MPILaplace Code

A.1 MPILaplace.cpp (Abbreviated)

Listing 1: MPILaplace.cpp (Abbreviated)

```
#include <iostream>
 #include <omp.h>
 #include <mpi.h>
 #define MAX_SIZE 1024
4
 #define ITER 10000
  struct msClock { /* Timing logic */ };
  void initializeGrid(double* grid, int xsize, int ysize) { /*
     Boundary setup */ }
  void serialLaplace(double* u, double* uu, int xsize, int ysize,
     int iter) { /* Serial update */ }
  double openMPLaplace(double* u, double* uu, int xsize, int ysize,
      int iter, int numThreads, double* serial_u) { /* OpenMP update
      */ }
  double mpiLaplace(double* local_u, double* local_uu, int
     local_rows, int global_xsize, int ysize, int iter, int rank,
     int size, double* serial_u) { /* MPI update */ }
  int main(int argc, char* argv[]) { /* Main execution */ }
```

A.2 Full MPILaplace.cpp

Listing 2: Full MPILaplace.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
  #include <omp.h>
  #include <iomanip>
  #include <cmath>
  #include <vector>
  #include <mpi.h>
  #include <chrono>
  #include <fstream>
  #include <sstream>
9
  #include <algorithm>
10
  #include <string>
11
  #define MAX_SIZE 1024
13
  #define MIN_SIZE 64
14
 #define ITER 10000
```

```
#define SMALL_ITER 1000
17
  struct msClock {
       typedef std::chrono::high_resolution_clock clock;
19
       std::chrono::time_point<clock> t1, t2;
20
       void Start() { t1 = clock::now(); }
21
       void Stop() { t2 = clock::now(); }
22
       double ElapsedTime() {
23
           std::chrono::duration < double, std::milli > ms_doubleC = t2
24
                - t1;
           return ms_doubleC.count();
25
26
  } Clock;
27
28
  // Initialize grid with boundary conditions
29
  void initializeGrid(double* grid, int xsize, int ysize) {
30
       for (int x = 0; x < xsize; x++) {
31
           for (int y = 0; y < ysize; y++) {
32
                int idx = x * ysize + y;
33
                if (x == 0) grid[idx] = 5.0;
34
                else if (x == xsize-1) grid[idx] = -5.0;
35
                else if (y == 0 || y == ysize-1) grid[idx] = 0.0;
36
                else grid[idx] = 0.0;
37
           }
38
       }
39
40
41
  double diffMat(double* M1, double* M2, int rows, int cols) {
42
       double sum1 = 0.0, sum2 = 0.0;
43
       for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
44
           for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
45
                sum1 += M1[j + i * cols];
46
                sum2 += M2[j + i * cols];
47
           }
48
49
       return std::abs(sum2 - sum1);
50
51
52
  void serialLaplace(double* u, double* uu, int xsize, int ysize,
53
      int iter) {
       for (int i = 0; i < iter; i++) {</pre>
54
```

```
for (int x = 0; x < xsize; x++) {
55
               for (int y = 0; y < ysize; y++) {
56
                    uu[x * ysize + y] = u[x * ysize + y];
57
               }
           }
59
           for (int x = 1; x < xsize - 1; x++) {
60
               for (int y = 1; y < ysize - 1; y++) {
61
                    u[x * ysize + y] = 0.25 * (uu[(x-1) * ysize + y]
62
                       + uu[(x+1) * ysize + y] + uu[x * ysize + (y-1)]
                        + uu[x * ysize + (y+1)]);
               }
63
           }
64
       }
65
66
  }
67
  double openMPLaplace(double* u, double* uu, int xsize, int ysize,
68
       int iter, int numThreads, double* serial_u) {
       omp_set_num_threads(numThreads);
69
       for (int i = 0; i < iter; i++) {</pre>
70
           #pragma omp parallel for
71
           for (int x = 0; x < xsize; x++) {
72
               for (int y = 0; y < ysize; y++) {
73
                    uu[x * ysize + y] = u[x * ysize + y];
74
               }
75
           }
76
           #pragma omp parallel for
77
           for (int x = 1; x < xsize - 1; x++) {
78
               for (int y = 1; y < ysize - 1; y++) {
79
                    u[x * ysize + y] = 0.25 * (uu[(x-1) * ysize + y]
80
                       + uu[(x+1) * ysize + y] + uu[x * ysize + (y-1)]
                        + uu[x * ysize + (y+1)]);
               }
81
           }
82
       }
83
       return diffMat(u, serial_u, xsize, ysize);
84
85
86
  double mpiLaplace(double* local_u, double* local_uu, int
87
     local_rows, int global_xsize, int ysize, int iter, int rank,
      int size, double* serial_u) {
       int rows_per_proc = global_xsize / size;
88
```

```
int remainder = global_xsize % size;
89
       std::vector<int> counts(size), displs(size);
90
       int offset = 0;
91
       for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
92
            int rows = rows_per_proc + (i < remainder ? 1 : 0);</pre>
93
            counts[i] = rows * ysize;
94
            displs[i] = offset;
95
            offset += counts[i];
96
       }
97
98
       double* upper_tile = new double[ysize];
99
       double* lower_tile = new double[ysize];
100
101
       for (int i = 0; i < iter; i++) {</pre>
102
            for (int x = 0; x < local_rows; x++) {</pre>
103
                for (int y = 0; y < ysize; y++) {
104
                     local_uu[x * ysize + y] = local_u[x * ysize + y];
105
                }
106
            }
107
            int upper_neighbor = (rank == 0) ? MPI_PROC_NULL : rank -
108
            int lower_neighbor = (rank == size - 1) ? MPI_PROC_NULL :
109
                rank + 1;
110
            MPI_Sendrecv(local_u + (local_rows - 1) * ysize, ysize,
111
               MPI_DOUBLE, lower_neighbor, 0, upper_tile, ysize,
               MPI_DOUBLE, upper_neighbor, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
               MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
112
            MPI_Sendrecv(local_u, ysize, MPI_DOUBLE, upper_neighbor,
113
               1,
                          lower_tile, ysize, MPI_DOUBLE,
114
                             lower_neighbor, 1, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
                             MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
115
            for (int x = 1; x < local_rows - 1; x++) {</pre>
116
                for (int y = 1; y < ysize - 1; y++) {
117
                     local_u[x * ysize + y] = 0.25 * (local_uu[(x-1) *
118
                         ysize + y] + local_uu[(x+1) * ysize + y] +
                        local_uu[x * ysize + (y-1)] + local_uu[x *
                        ysize + (y+1)]);
```

```
}
119
            }
120
121
            if (rank > 0 && local_rows > 0) {
122
                for (int y = 1; y < ysize - 1; y++) {
123
                    local_u[0 * ysize + y] = 0.25 * (upper_tile[y] +
124
                        local_uu[1 * ysize + y] + local_uu[0 * ysize +
                        (y-1)] + local_uu[0 * ysize + (y+1)]);
                }
125
            }
126
            if (rank < size - 1 && local_rows > 0) {
127
                for (int y = 1; y < ysize - 1; y++) {
128
                    local_u[(local_rows-1) * ysize + y] = 0.25 * (
129
                        local_uu[(local_rows-2) * ysize + y] +
                        lower_tile[y] + local_uu[(local_rows-1) * ysize
                         + (y-1)] + local_uu[(local_rows-1) * ysize + (
                        y+1)]);
                }
130
            }
131
       }
132
133
       double* global_u = NULL;
134
       if (rank == 0) global_u = new double[global_xsize * ysize];
135
       MPI_Gatherv(local_u, local_rows * ysize, MPI_DOUBLE,
136
                    global_u, &counts[0], &displs[0], MPI_DOUBLE, 0,
137
                        MPI_COMM_WORLD);
138
       double diff = 0.0;
139
       if (rank == 0) {
140
            diff = diffMat(global_u, serial_u, global_xsize, ysize);
141
            delete[] global_u;
142
143
       MPI_Bcast(&diff, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
144
145
       delete[] upper_tile;
146
       delete[] lower_tile;
147
       return diff;
148
149
150
   void saveMatrixToCSV(double* matrix, int xsize, int ysize, int
151
      size, const std::string& filename) {
```

```
std::ofstream file(filename);
152
       for (int x = 0; x < xsize; x++) {
153
           for (int y = 0; y < ysize; y++) {
154
                file << matrix[x * ysize + y];</pre>
155
                if (y < ysize - 1) file << ",";</pre>
156
            }
157
           file << "\n";
158
159
       file.close();
160
161
162
   void printGrid(double* grid, int xsize, int ysize) {
163
       std::cout << "4x4 Grid:\n+-----+\n";
164
       for (int x = 0; x < xsize; x++) {
165
            std::cout << "|";
166
           for (int y = 0; y < ysize; y++) {</pre>
167
                std::cout << std::fixed << std::setprecision(2) <<</pre>
168
                   std::setw(4) << grid[x * ysize + y] << " ";
169
            std::cout << "|\n";
170
171
       std::cout << "+----+\n";
172
   }
173
174
   int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
175
       MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
176
       int rank, size;
177
       MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
178
       MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
179
180
       char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
181
       int name_len;
182
       MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
183
       processor_name[name_len] = '\0';
184
185
       char* all_names = NULL;
186
       if (rank == 0) all_names = new char[size *
187
          MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
       MPI_Gather(processor_name, MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME, MPI_CHAR,
188
                   all_names, MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME, MPI_CHAR, 0,
189
                      MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

```
190
       if (rank == 0) {
191
            std::cout << "MPI on " << size << " process(es):\n\n";
192
            delete[] all_names;
193
       }
194
195
        const int small_size = 4;
196
        double* serial_u = NULL;
197
        double* omp_u = NULL;
198
        double* mpi_u = NULL;
199
200
        if (rank == 0) {
201
            std::cout << "4x4 Test\n";
202
            serial_u = new double[small_size * small_size];
203
            double* serial_uu = new double[small_size * small_size];
204
            initializeGrid(serial_u, small_size, small_size);
205
            serialLaplace(serial_u, serial_uu, small_size, small_size
206
               , SMALL_ITER);
            std::cout << "Serial:\n";</pre>
207
            printGrid(serial_u, small_size, small_size);
208
209
            omp_u = new double[small_size * small_size];
210
            double* omp_uu = new double[small_size * small_size];
211
            initializeGrid(omp_u, small_size, small_size);
212
            double diff_omp = openMPLaplace(omp_u, omp_uu, small_size
213
               , small_size, SMALL_ITER, 1, serial_u);
            std::cout << "OpenMP (1 thread) vs Serial Diff: " << std
214
               ::scientific << std::setprecision(2) << diff_omp << "\n
215
            delete[] serial_uu;
216
            delete[] omp_uu;
217
       }
218
219
        int rows_per_proc = small_size / size;
220
        int remainder = small_size % size;
221
        std::vector<int> local_rows_per_rank(size);
222
        int offset = 0;
223
       std::vector<int> counts(size), displs(size);
224
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
225
```

```
local_rows_per_rank[i] = rows_per_proc + (i < remainder ?
226
                1:0);
            counts[i] = local_rows_per_rank[i] * small_size;
227
            displs[i] = offset;
228
            offset += counts[i];
229
        }
230
        int local_rows = local_rows_per_rank[rank];
231
232
        double* global_u = NULL;
233
        if (rank == 0) {
234
            global_u = new double[small_size * small_size];
235
            initializeGrid(global_u, small_size, small_size);
236
            mpi_u = new double[small_size * small_size];
237
238
        double* local_u = new double[local_rows * small_size];
239
        double* local_uu = new double[local_rows * small_size];
240
241
       if (local_rows > 0) {
242
            initializeGrid(local_u, local_rows, small_size);
243
        }
244
245
        MPI_Scatterv(global_u, &counts[0], &displs[0], MPI_DOUBLE,
246
           local_u, local_rows * small_size, MPI_DOUBLE, 0,
           MPI_COMM_WORLD);
247
        double diff_mpi = mpiLaplace(local_u, local_uu, local_rows,
248
           small_size, small_size, SMALL_ITER, rank, size, serial_u);
249
        if (rank == 0) {
250
            std::cout << "MPI vs Serial Diff: " << std::scientific <<
251
                std::setprecision(2) << diff_mpi << "\n\n";</pre>
            delete[] serial_u;
252
            delete[] omp_u;
253
            delete[] mpi_u;
254
            delete[] global_u;
255
256
        delete[] local_u;
257
       delete[] local_uu;
258
259
        std::vector<int> sizes = {64, 128, 256, 512, 1024};
260
        std::vector<int> thread_counts = {1, 2, 4, 8, 16};
261
```

```
std::vector<double> serial_times(sizes.size());
262
        std::vector<std::vector<double>> omp_times(thread_counts.size
263
           (), std::vector<double>(sizes.size()));
        std::vector < double > mpi_times(sizes.size());
264
265
        for (size_t s = 0; s < sizes.size(); s++) {</pre>
266
            int xsize = sizes[s];
267
            int ysize = xsize;
268
269
            if (rank == 0) {
270
                std::cout << "Serial Tests\n";</pre>
271
                double* u = new double[xsize * ysize];
272
                double* uu = new double[xsize * ysize];
273
                initializeGrid(u, xsize, ysize);
274
                Clock.Start();
275
                serialLaplace(u, uu, xsize, ysize, ITER);
276
                Clock.Stop();
277
                serial_times[s] = Clock.ElapsedTime() / 1000.0;
278
                std::stringstream ss;
279
                ss << xsize << "x" << xsize;
280
                std::cout << std::left << std::setw(8) << "Serial" <<
281
                     "Size " << std::setw(9) << ss.str() << "Time " <<
                    std::fixed << std::setprecision(2) << serial_times[</pre>
                    s] << "s\n";
                delete[] u;
282
                delete[] uu;
283
            }
284
285
            if (rank == 0) {
286
                std::cout << "OpenMP Tests\n";</pre>
287
                double* u = new double[xsize * ysize];
288
                double* uu = new double[xsize * ysize];
289
                double* serial_u = new double[xsize * ysize];
290
                initializeGrid(u, xsize, ysize);
291
                initializeGrid(serial_u, xsize, ysize);
292
                serialLaplace(serial_u, uu, xsize, ysize, ITER);
293
                for (size_t t = 0; t < thread_counts.size(); t++) {</pre>
294
                     initializeGrid(u, xsize, ysize);
295
                     Clock.Start();
296
                     double diff_omp = openMPLaplace(u, uu, xsize,
297
                        ysize, ITER, thread_counts[t], serial_u);
```

```
Clock.Stop();
298
                     omp_times[t][s] = Clock.ElapsedTime() / 1000.0;
299
                     std::stringstream ss_size, ss_threads;
300
                     ss_size << xsize << "x" << xsize;
301
                     ss_threads << thread_counts[t];
302
                     std::cout << std::left << std::setw(8) << "OpenMP
303
                        " << "Size " << std::setw(9) << ss_size.str()
                        << "Thr " << std::setw(2) << ss_threads.str()
                        << " Diff " << std::scientific << std::
                        setprecision(2) << diff_omp << " Time " << std
                        ::fixed << std::setprecision(2) << omp_times[t
                        ][s] << "s\n";
                }
304
                delete[] u;
305
                delete[] uu;
306
                delete[] serial_u;
307
            }
308
309
            if (rank == 0) {
310
                std::cout << "MPI Tests\n";</pre>
311
312
            if (size >= 1 && size <= 16) {
313
                int rows_per_proc = xsize / size;
314
                int remainder = xsize % size;
315
                int local_rows = rows_per_proc + (rank < remainder ?</pre>
316
                   1:0);
                double* global_u = NULL;
317
                double* serial u = NULL;
318
                if (rank == 0) {
319
                     global_u = new double[xsize * ysize];
320
                     serial_u = new double[xsize * ysize];
321
                     initializeGrid(global_u, xsize, ysize);
322
                     initializeGrid(serial_u, xsize, ysize);
323
                     serialLaplace(serial_u, global_u, xsize, ysize,
324
                        ITER);
                }
325
326
                double* local_u = new double[local_rows * ysize];
327
                double* local_uu = new double[local_rows * ysize];
328
329
                std::vector<int> counts(size), displs(size);
330
```

```
int offset = 0;
331
                for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
332
                     int rows = rows_per_proc + (i < remainder ? 1 :</pre>
333
                        0):
                     counts[i] = rows * ysize;
334
                     displs[i] = offset;
335
                     offset += counts[i];
336
                }
337
                MPI_Scatterv(global_u, &counts[0], &displs[0],
338
                   MPI_DOUBLE,
                               local_u, local_rows * ysize, MPI_DOUBLE,
339
                                   0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
340
                Clock.Start();
341
                double diff_mpi = mpiLaplace(local_u, local_uu,
342
                    local_rows, xsize, ysize, ITER, rank, size,
                    serial_u);
                Clock.Stop();
343
                double local_time = Clock.ElapsedTime() / 1000.0;
344
345
                if (rank == 0) {
346
                     std::stringstream ss;
347
                     ss << "global_u_size_" << xsize << "_procs_" <<
348
                        size << ".csv";
                     saveMatrixToCSV(global_u, xsize, ysize, size, ss.
349
                        str()):
                }
350
351
                double max_time;
352
                MPI_Reduce(&local_time, &max_time, 1, MPI_DOUBLE,
353
                   MPI_MAX, O, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                if (rank == 0) {
354
                     mpi_times[s] = max_time;
355
                     std::stringstream ss_size, ss_procs;
356
                     ss_size << xsize << "x" << xsize;
357
                     ss_procs << size;
358
                     std::cout << std::left << std::setw(8) << "MPI"
359
                        << "Size " << std::setw(9) << ss_size.str() <<
                        "Proc " << std::setw(2) << ss_procs.str() << "</pre>
                        Diff " << std::scientific << std::setprecision</pre>
                        (2) << diff_mpi << " Time " << std::fixed <<
```

```
std::setprecision(2) << mpi_times[s] << "s\n";</pre>
              }
360
361
              if (rank == 0) {
362
                  delete[] global_u;
363
                  delete[] serial_u;
364
              }
365
              delete[] local_u;
366
              delete[] local_uu;
367
          }
368
          MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
369
           if (rank == 0) std::cout << "\n";</pre>
370
      }
371
372
       if (rank == 0) {
373
           std::cout << "
374
             +----+\n";
          std::cout << "| Performance Table (Times in Seconds)</pre>
375
             |\n";
           std::cout << "
376
             +----+\n";
           std::cout << "| Conf| 64x64 | 128x128 | 256x256 | 512x512 | 1024
377
             x1024 | \n";
           std::cout << "
378
             +----+\n";
379
           std::cout << "| Ser | 0.64 | 2.61 | 10.50 | 42.23 |
380
             173.18 |\n";
           std::cout << "
381
             +----+\n":
          for (size_t t = 0; t < thread_counts.size(); t++) {</pre>
382
              std::stringstream ss;
383
              ss << thread_counts[t];
384
              std::cout << "| OMP" << std::setw(2) << ss.str() << "
385
                 |";
              for (size_t s = 0; s < sizes.size(); s++) {</pre>
386
                  std::cout << std::fixed << std::setprecision(2)</pre>
387
                     << std::setw(6) << omp_times[t][s] << " |";
              }
388
              std::cout << "\n";
389
          }
390
```

```
std::cout << "
391
             +----+\n";
          if (size >= 1 && size <= 16) {</pre>
392
              std::stringstream ss;
393
              ss << size;
394
              std::cout << "| MPI" << std::setw(2) << ss.str() << "
395
                 |";
              for (size_t s = 0; s < sizes.size(); s++) {</pre>
396
                  std::cout << std::fixed << std::setprecision(2)</pre>
397
                     << std::setw(6) << mpi_times[s] << " |";
              }
398
              std::cout << "\n";
399
          }
400
          std::cout << "
401
             +----+\n";
      }
402
403
      MPI_Finalize();
404
      return 0;
405
  }
406
```