Fundamentos da Computação

Francisco Sant'Anna

francisco@ime.uerj.br

http://github.com/fsantanna-uerj/Fundamentos

Computador???



Dispositivos de Entrada e Saída (I/O)



1 - DE ENTRADA (INPUT):



TECLADO



Mouse



Joystick



Webcam



microfone



Scanner



Mesa Digitalizadora

2 - DE SAÍDA (OUTPUT):

MONITOR

CRT



Cristal Líquido



LCD



Projetor Multimídia



Impressora



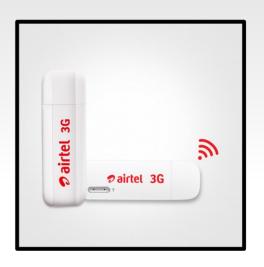
Caixas de som



35

Dispositivos de Entrada e Saída (I/O)









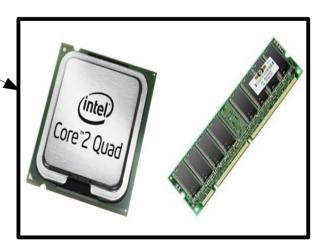
Computador???











Computador é Programável

Hardware + Software

Hardware vs Software

The main difference between hardware and software are as follows:

Hardware

- 1. Physical parts of the computer are called hardware.
- 2. You can touch, see and feel hardware.
- 3. Hardware is constructed using physical materials or components.



4.

Software é o que você xinga, hardware o que você chuta

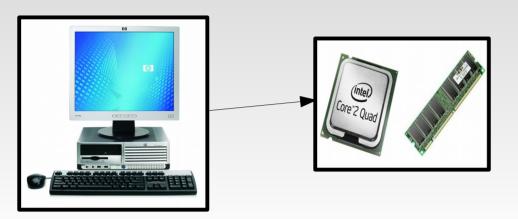
- 6.
- 7. Hardware cannot be transferred from one place to another electronically through network.
- 8. User cannot make new duplicate copies of the hardware.

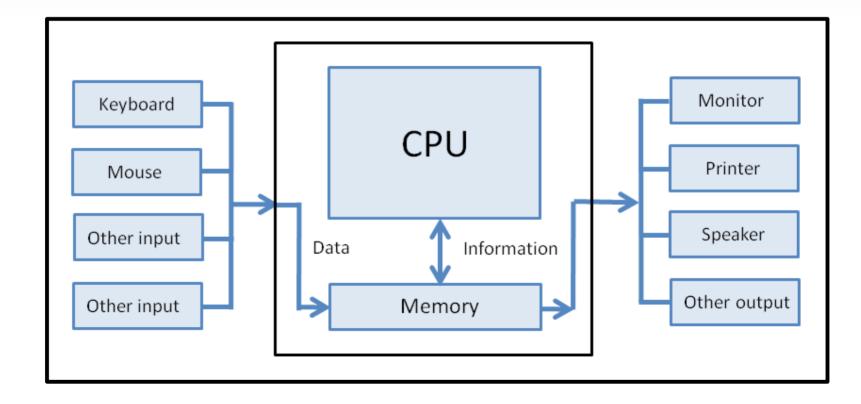
Software

- 1. A set of instructions given to the computer is called software.
- 2. You cannot touch and feel software.
- 3. Software is developed by writing instructions in programming language.
- 4. The operations of computer are controlled through software.
- 5. If software is damaged or corrupted, its backup copy can be reinstalled.
- 6. Software is affected by computer viruses.
- 7. Software can be transferred from one lace to another electronically through network.
- 8. User can make many new duplicate copies of the software.



Computador!





Entrada e Saída

```
var integer x \leftarrow 25;
var integer y \leftarrow 25;
emit GRAPHICS DRAW PIXEL(x,y);
loop do
    var integer key ← await KEY PRESS;
    if key = KEY LEFT then
         x \leftarrow x - 1;
    else/if key = KEY RIGHT then
         x \leftarrow x + 1;
    else/if key = KEY UP then
         y \leftarrow y - 1;
    else/if key = KEY_DOWN then
         y \leftarrow y + 1;
    end
    emit GRAPHICS DRAW PIXEL(x,y);
end
```

Exercício 2.1

Não deixar "rastro" ao movimentar o pixel

https://fsantanna.github.io/pico-ceu/out/manual/v0.30/graphics/

Entrada e Saída



Classificação de "Sistemas"

(Berry 1989)

- Sistemas transformacionais
 - "compute results from a given set of inputs"
- Sistemas interativos
 - "interact at their own speed with users or with other programs"
- Sistemas reativos
 - "interact with their environment, but at a speed which is determined by the environment, not by the program itself"

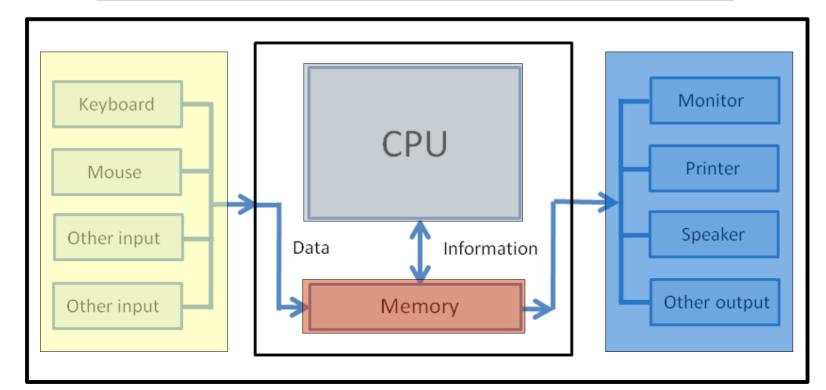
gcc, gdb, quake, md5, shell, zip, http, gui

```
var integer x ← 25;
var integer y ← 25;
emit GRAPHICS DRAW PIXEL(x,y);
loop do
  var integer key ← await KEY PRESS;
  if key = KEY_LEFT then
       x ← x - 1;
  else/if key = <...> then
       <...>
  end
  emit GRAPHICS DRAW PIXEL(x,y);
end
```

Escrita

 $x \leftarrow$

Leitura x



Exercício 2.2

- Movimentar dois pixels ao mesmo tempo
- Usar conjunto de teclas diferentes
 - como se fossem dois jogadores

https://fsantanna.github.io/pico-ceu/out/manual/v0.30/input/