

Transparent Standby for Low-Power, Resource-Constrained Embedded Systems

A Programming Language-Based Approach



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3. Provide standby mechanisms at the **programming language** level that scale to all applications.
4. Support **transparent**/non-intrusive standby mechanisms that reduce barriers of adoption.

General Approach

(standby, constrained, programming language, transparent)

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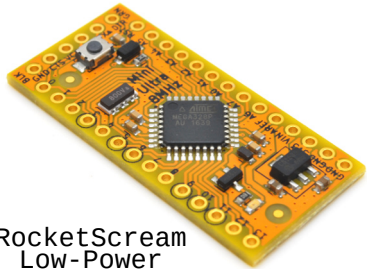
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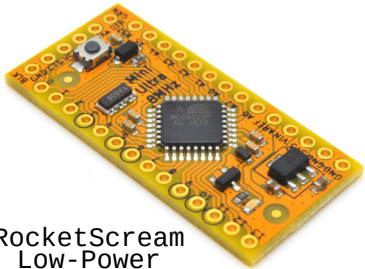


RocketScream
Low-Power
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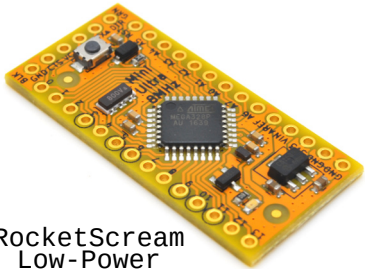
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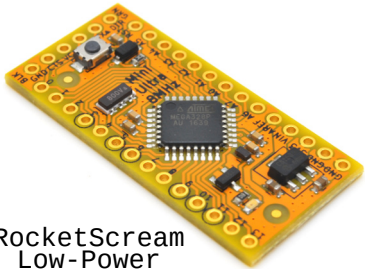
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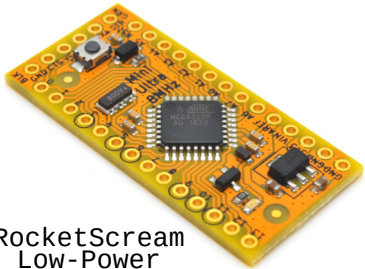
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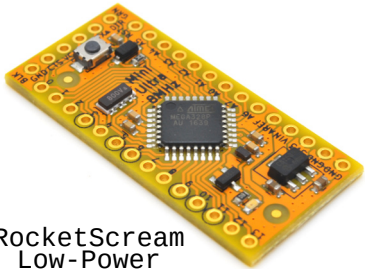
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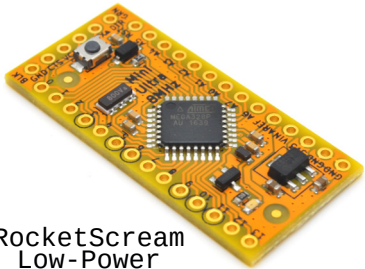
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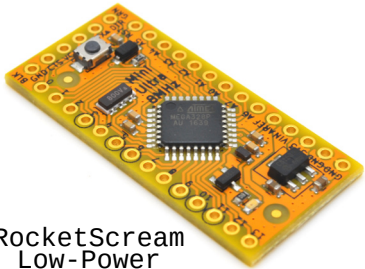
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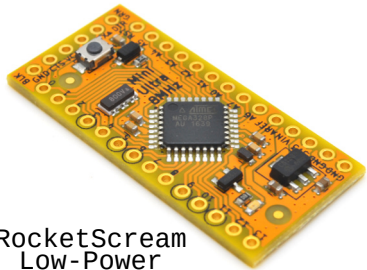
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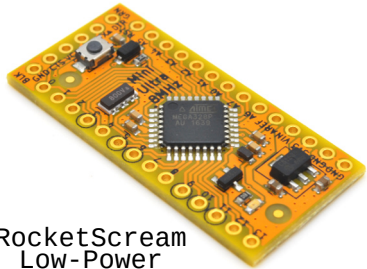
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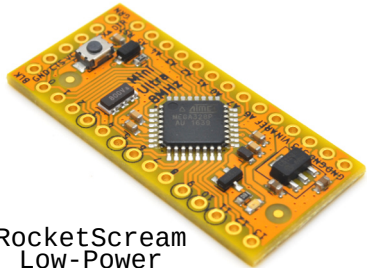
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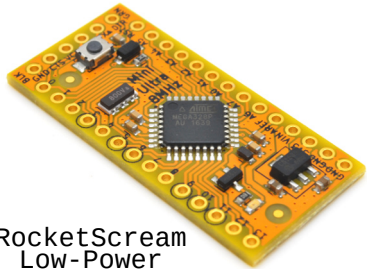
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loop do
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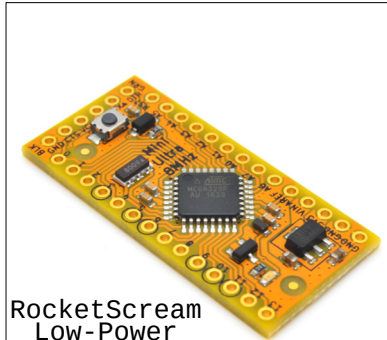
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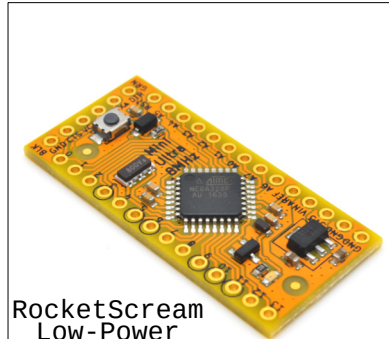
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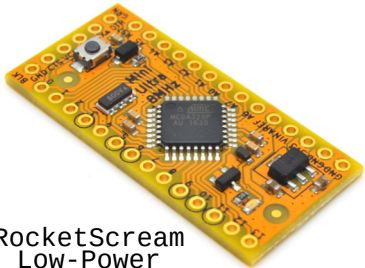
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RocketScream
Low-Power
Arduino



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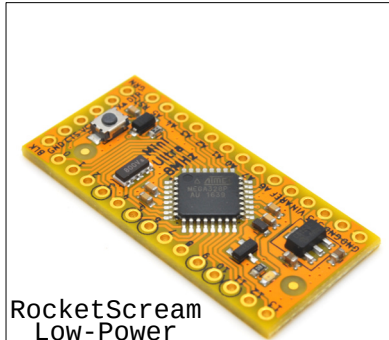
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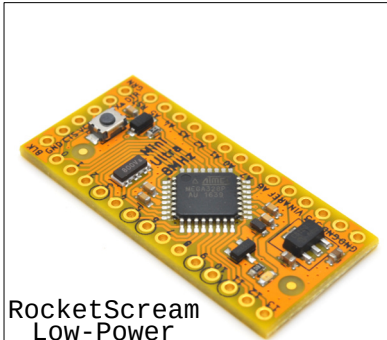
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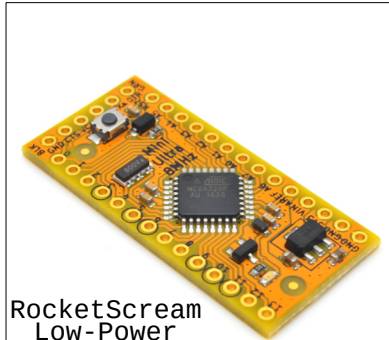
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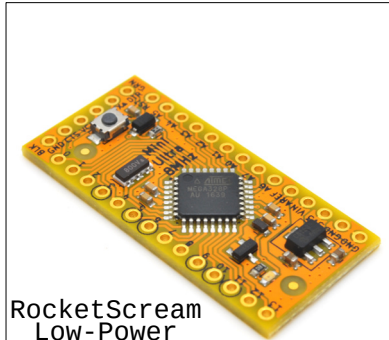
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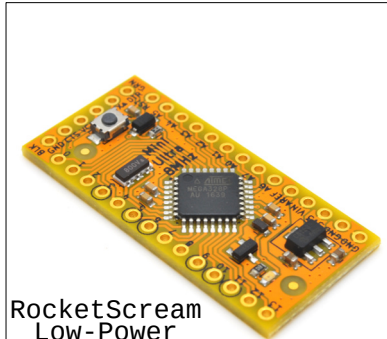
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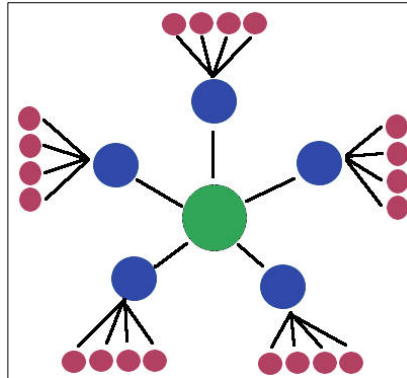
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General Approach

(standby, constrained, programming language, transparent)

```
par/or do
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```

General Approach

(standby, constrained, programming language, transparent)

- Enforce idle states of execution

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- Enforce idle states of execution
 - Céu enforces a reactive model of execution
- Infer deepest sleeping mode

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Transparent Standby for Low-Power, Resource-Constrained Embedded Systems

A Programming Language-Based Approach



Francisco Sant'Anna
francisco@ime.uerj.br
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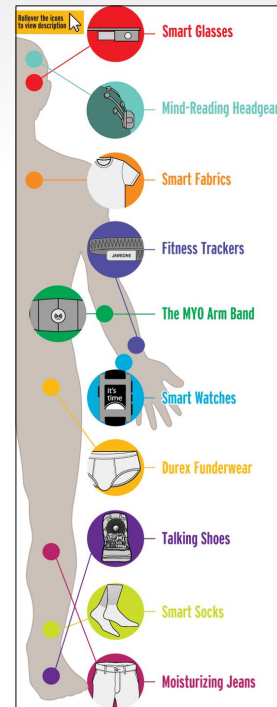


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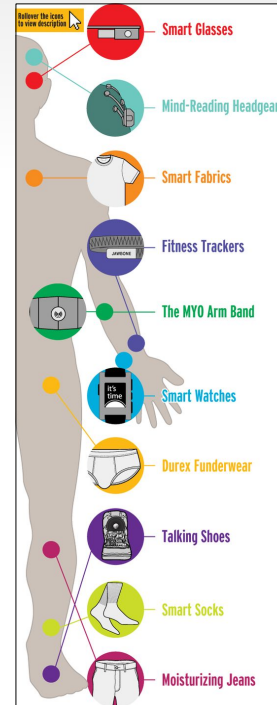


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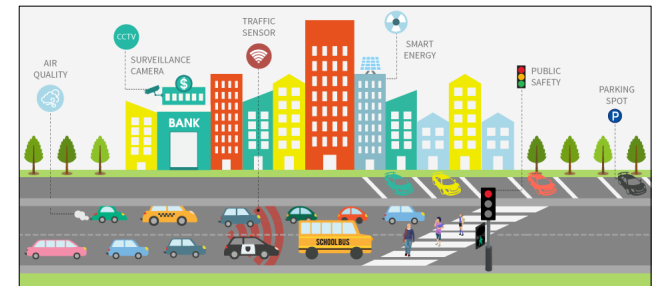
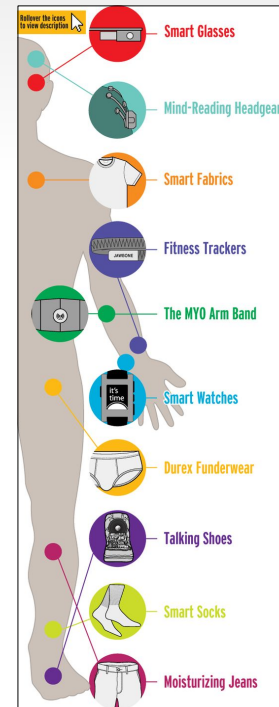


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30-50% economy with existing technologies

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Current languages have not been designed
with energy efficiency in mind!



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- Deterministic
 - always yields the same outcome for a given timeline

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    bitSet(ADCSRA, ADIE);
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    emit ADC_DONE(ADC);
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par/or do

await RadioAvail();

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int v = **await** AnalogRead();

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end

end

void pm_sleep (**void**) {

if (PM_GET(PM_TIMER1)) {

 sleep_1(<...>)

 } **else if** (PM_GET(PM_ADC)) {

 sleep_2(<...>);

 } **else** {

 sleep_3(<...>);

 }

}

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output void ADC_REQUEST **do**

 ADMUX = 0x40|(A0&0x07);

 bitSet(ADCSRA, ADIE);

 bitSet(ADCSRA, ADSC);

end

input ADC_vect_num **do**

 bitClear(ADCSRA, ADIE);

emit ADC_DONE(ADC);

end

code AnalogRead (**void**) -> **int** **do**

 PM_SET(PM_ADC, 1);

do finalize with

 PM_SET(PM_ADC, 0);

end

emit ADC_REQUEST;

int value = **await** ADC_DONE;

escape value;

end


```
par/or do
```

```
    await RadioAvail();
```

```
with
```

```
    loop do
```

```
        await 1s;
```

```
        int v = await AnalogRead();
```

```
        await RadioWrite(v);
```

```
    end
```

```
end
```

```
void pm_sleep (void) {
```

```
    if (PM_GET(PM_TIMER1)) {
```

```
        sleep_1(<...>)
```

```
    } else if (PM_GET(PM_ADC)) {
```

```
        sleep_2(<...>);
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        sleep_3(<...>);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
output void ADC_REQUEST do
```

```
    ADMUX = 0x40|(A0&0x07);
```

```
    bitSet(ADCSRA, ADIE);
```

```
    bitSet(ADCSRA, ADSC);
```

```
end
```

```
input ADC_vect_num do
```

```
    bitClear(ADCSRA, ADIE);
```

```
    emit ADC_DONE(ADC);
```

```
end
```

```
code AnalogRead (void) -> int do
```

```
    PM_SET(PM_ADC, 1);
```

```
    do finalize with
```

```
        PM_SET(PM_ADC, 0);
```

```
    end
```

```
    emit ADC_REQUEST;
```

```
    int value = await ADC_DONE;
```

```
    escape value;
```

```
end
```

Related Publications

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- SenSys'13, ACM Embedded Networked Sensor Systems
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Cooperation Opportunities

- Hardware infrastructure
 - Off-the-shelf Arduinos (ATMega328, Cortex-M0)
- Software infrastructure
 - Implement an energy-aware runtime for Céu
 - Rewrite device drivers in Céu (timers, ADC, Radio)
- Applications
 - Rewrite existing IoT applications in Céu
 - Time to rewrite

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