

# Predictive Analysis

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# Data Preparation

The dataset contains 12043 transactions for 100 customers who have one bank account each. Transactional period is from 01/08/2018 - 31/10/2018 (92 days duration). The data entries are unique and have consistent formats for analysis. For each record/row, information is complete for majority of columns. Some columns contain missing data (blank or NA cells), which is likely due to the nature of transaction. (i.e. merchants are not involved for InterBank transfers or Salary payments) It is also noticed that there is only 91 unique dates in the dataset, suggesting the transaction records for one day are missing (turned out to be 2018-08-16). The range of each feature should also be examined which shows that there is one customer that resides outside Australia.

```
# examine the summary of the dataset
summary(df)
str(df)

# change the format of date column
df$date<- as.Date(df$date,format = "%d/%m/%Y")

# the dateset only contain records for 91 days, one day is missing
DateRange <- seq(min(df$date), max(df$date), by = 1)
DateRange[!DateRange %in% df$date] # 2018-08-16 transactions are missing

# derive weekday and hour data of each transaction
df$extraction = as.character(df$extraction)
df$hour = hour(as.POSIXct(substr(df$extraction,12,19),format="%H:%M:%S"))
df$weekday = weekdays(df$date)

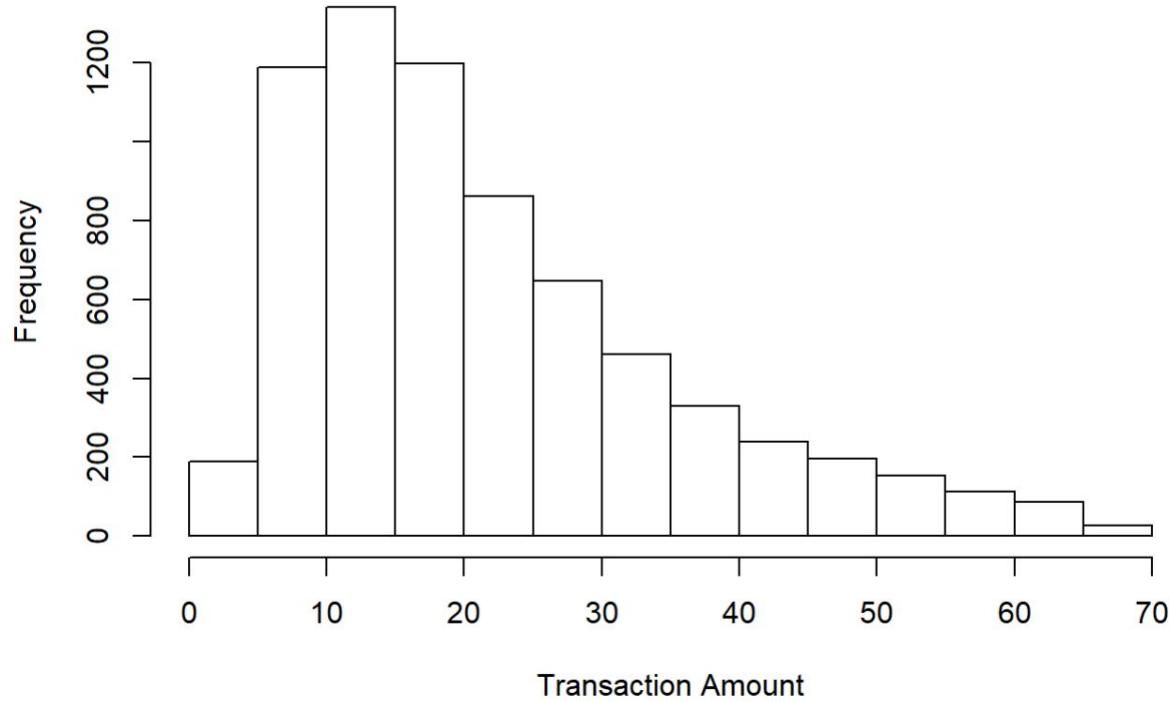
# confirm the one -to -one Link of account_id and customer_id
df %>% select(account,customer_id) %>%
  unique() %>%
  nrow()

# split customer & merchant Lat_Long into individual columns for analysis
dfloc = df[,c("long_lat","merchant_long_lat")]
dfloc<- dfloc %>% separate("long_lat", c("c_long", "c_lat"),sep=' ')
dfloc<- dfloc %>% separate("merchant_long_lat", c("m_long", "m_lat"),sep=' ')
dfloc<- data.frame(sapply(dfloc, as.numeric))
df <- cbind(df,dfloc)

# check the range of customer location
# filtering out transactions for those who don't reside in Australia
# Reference: http://www.ga.gov.au/scientific-topics/national-location-information/dimensions/continental-extremities

df_temp <- df %>%
  filter (!(c_long >113 & c_long <154 & c_lat > (-44) & c_lat < (-10)))
length(unique(df_temp$customer_id))
```

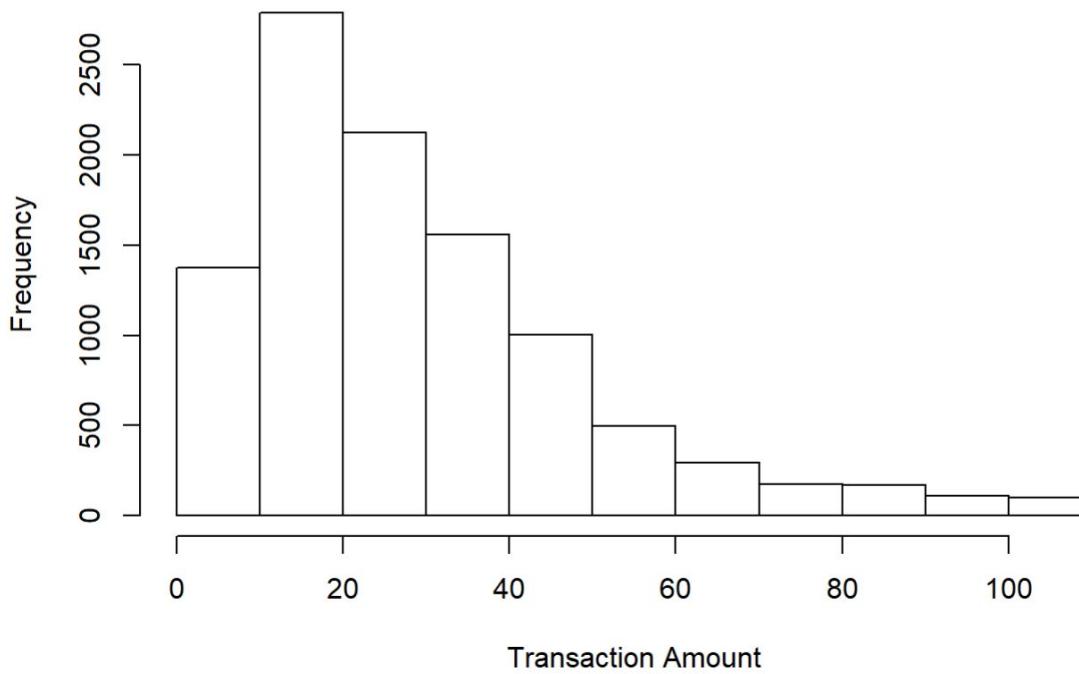
## Histogram of purchase transaction amount



```
# filtering out purchase transactions only
# assuming purchase transactions must be associated with a merchant (have a merchant Id)
df_temp <- df %>% filter(merchant_id != '')
# it turned out that is equivalent to excluding following categories of transactions
df_csmp <- df %>%filter(!(txn_description %in% c('PAY/SALARY','INTER BANK", "PHONE BANK","PAYMENT")))
summary(df_csmp)
```

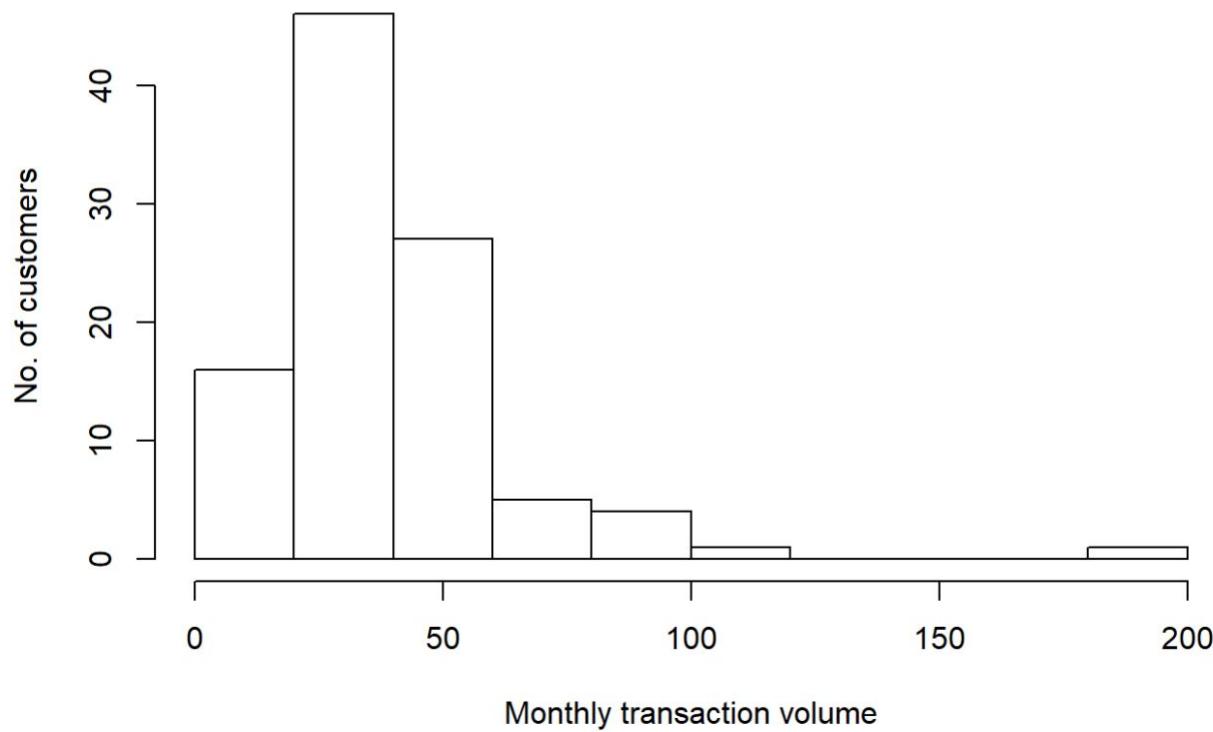
```
# visualise the distribution of transaction amount
hist(df_csmp$amount[!df_csmp$amount %in% boxplot.stats(df_csmp$amount)$out], #exclude outliers
      xlab= 'Transaction Amount', main = 'Histogram of purchase transaction amount')
```

### Histogram of overall transaction amount



```
hist(df$amount[!df$amount %in% boxplot.stats(df$amount)$out],    #exclude outliers  
     xlab= 'Transaction Amount',main = 'Histogram of overall transaction amount')
```

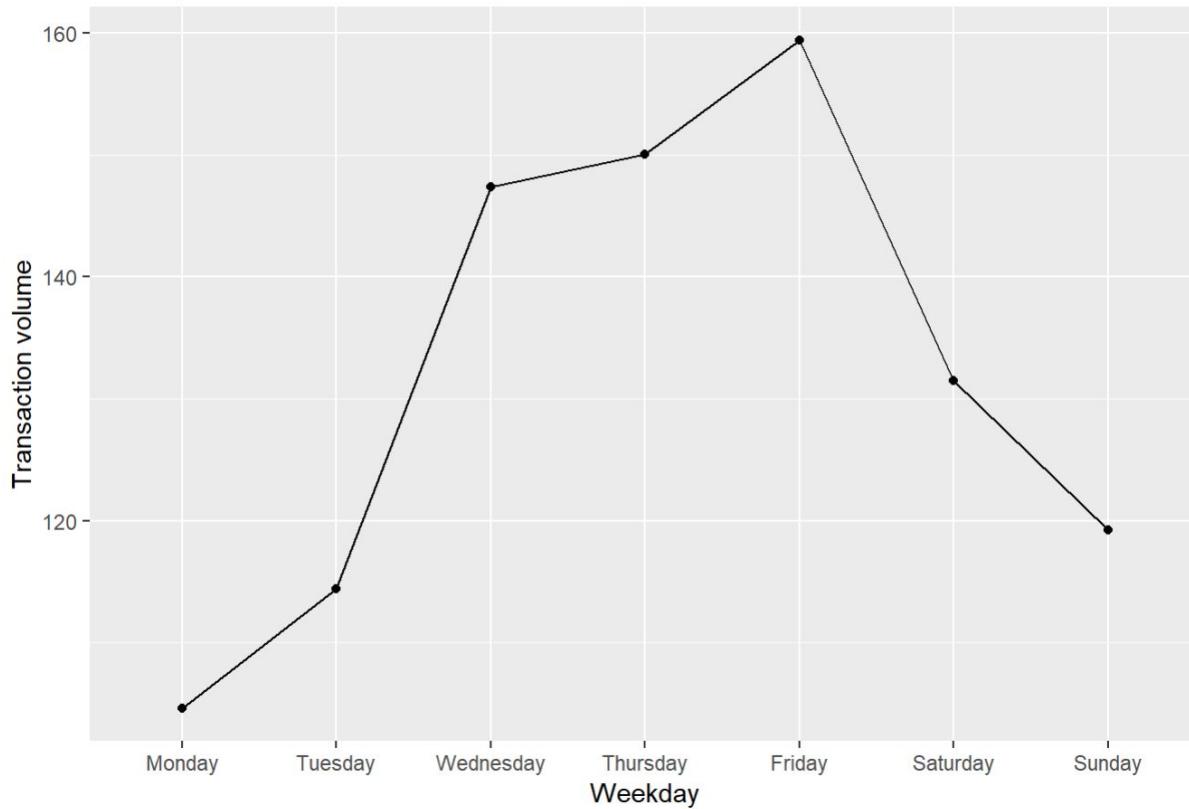
### Histogram of customers' monthly transaction volume



```
df2 <- df %>%
  group_by(customer_id) %>%
  summarise(mon_avg_vol = round(n()/3,0))

hist(df2$mon_avg_vol,
      xlab= 'Monthly transaction volume', ylab='No. of customers', main = "Histogram of customers' monthly transaction volume")
```

### Average transaction volume by weekday



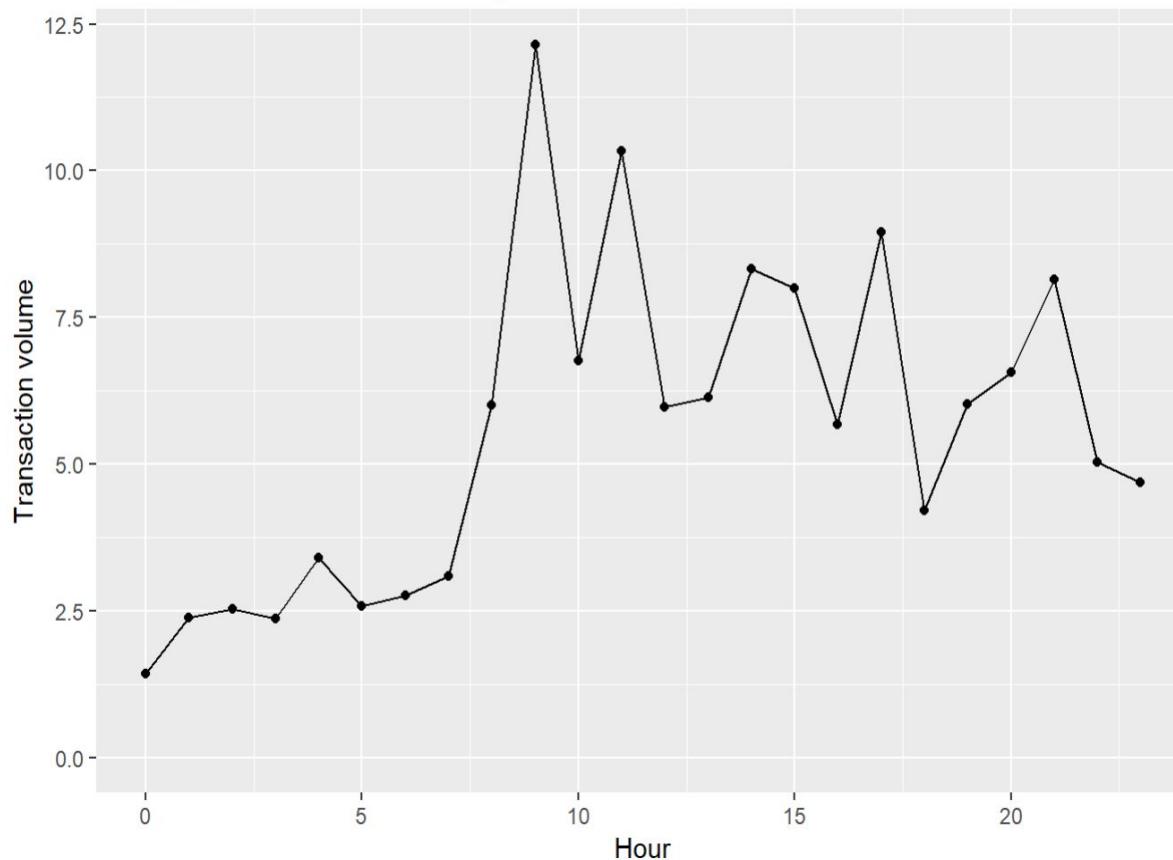
```
# Visualise transaction volume over an average week.

df3 <- df %>%
  select(date,weekday) %>%
  group_by(date,weekday) %>%
  summarise(daily_avg_vol = n()) %>%
  group_by(weekday) %>%
  summarise(avg_vol=mean(daily_avg_vol,na.rm=TRUE ))
df3$weekday <- factor(df3$weekday, levels=c( "Monday","Tuesday","Wednesday",
                                             "Thursday","Friday","Saturday","Sunday"))

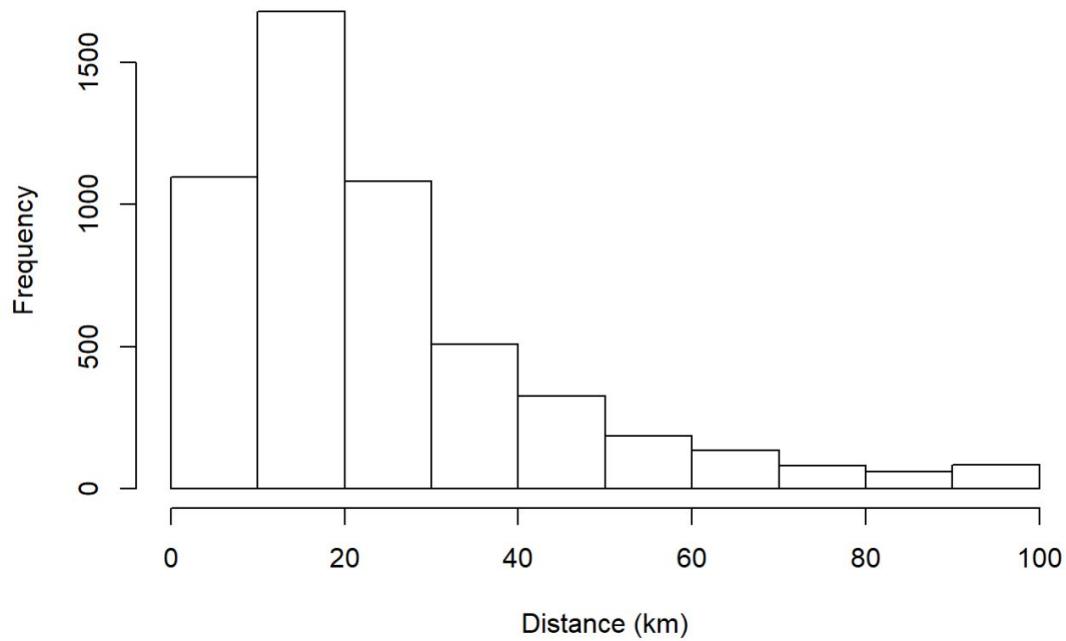
ggplot(df3,aes(x=weekday, y=avg_vol)) +geom_point()+geom_line(aes(group = 1))+  

  ggttitle('Average transaction volume by weekday') +
  labs(x='Weekday',y='Transaction volume')
```

## Average transaction volume by hour



### **Distance between customer and merchants**



```
# exclude the single foreign customer whose location information was incorrectly stored (i.e Latitude 573)

df_temp <- df_csmpl %>%
  filter (c_long >113 & c_long <154 & c_lat > (-44) & c_lat < (-10))

dfloc = df_temp [,c("c_long", "c_lat","m_long", "m_lat")]
dfloc<- data.frame(sapply(dfloc, as.numeric))

dfloc$dst <- distHaversine(dfloc[, 1:2], dfloc[, 3:4]) / 1000

hist(dfloc$dst[dfloc$dst<100], main = "Distance between customer and merchants",xlab= 'Distance (km)' )
```

THE END