

# Finesse: Kernel Bypass for File Systems

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## Abstract

Finesse implements a kernel bypass technique for enhancing the performance of the popular cross-platform FUSE file system framework, without requiring intrusive changes to existing applications or user-mode file systems. Further, Finesse provides a more extensible model that permits enhancement of applications by shifting expensive meta-data intensive operations into the FUSE file system. Thus, Finesse offers a compelling improvement for FUSE file system developers: existing applications benefit from improved performance without program changes and without requiring file system source code changes, as well as permitting application developers to exploit new functionality that is exposed by the Finesse-enhanced file system, as well as functionality extensions implemented by file systems developers.

## 1 Introduction

Kernel programming is notorious for being a challenging development environment. Despite this complexity, production use file systems are frequently implemented for in-kernel execution because they offer the best performance. Programming in user space is more forgiving and has a broader range of well-supported languages, libraries, and options that are not available in the kernel environment. The cost of using userspace file systems development tools, such as FUSE [3], is typically performance. Recent work has pointed this out and looked at various ways of improving performance [2, 4].

Prior work has explored various ways of improving performance, including interception libraries [5] and kernel mode extensions for optimizing data copy [1]. The idea of implementing a hybrid combination of both kernel bypass and fallback kernel support has not been explored.

## 2 Description

Finesse explores this hybrid environment by modifying the behavior of the existing system libraries, which enables enhancing existing applications without requiring any program changes, and by modifying the FUSE file system library, which enables supporting existing FUSE file systems with a simple recompilation.

Finesse uses a simple message passing model for implementing a kernel bypass between the applications and user mode FUSE file systems. Existing applications can eschew using Finesse by using the original system libraries without any

loss of functionality. Currently, we achieve replacement of existing system libraries on Linux by using the LD\_PRELOAD mechanism, which ensures the Finesse application library is invoked first. When Finesse determines that the call is directed to a mounted FUSE file system, it converts that call to a message, which is passed directly to the FUSE file system.

We have observed up to a 61% performance improvement with Finesse with the *unlink* system call, versus using the standard FUSE interface. In this test, we added *unlink* support to the FUSE pass-through file system, preallocated four million 4KB files in multiple directories, and measured the time to delete them. Finesse was 29% *faster* than the native file system, and 61% faster than FUSE alone. Finesse is in active development and we continue to increase the number of file system operations supported by Finesse.

## 3 Conclusion

Finesse combines a kernel bypass message passing architecture with a fallback traditional file systems support layer. Preliminary results for this approach have achieved up to 62% better performance on one operations. We anticipate further positive results as we continue expanding our work. In future, we will also explore adding file systems API enhancements that will yield both better performance as well as novel functionality.

## References

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