Train Scheduling Assistant: Problem Definition

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October, 2023

Problem Statement

The Train Scheduling Assistant aims to efficiently schedule and dispatch trains by utilizing Large Language Models (LLMs) and Reinforcement Learning (RL). The system should be able to interpret and generate scheduling scenarios, providing optimal scheduling solutions based on real-time requirements and constraints.

Objectives

The primary objectives of the Train Scheduling Assistant are as follows:

- To interpret scheduling requirements and constraints from natural language inputs.
- To generate feasible and optimal train scheduling scenarios.
- To facilitate real-time adjustments to schedules based on changing requirements and constraints.

Constraints

The system must adhere to the following constraints:

- 1. **Time Constraints:** The scheduling assistant must provide solutions in real-time.
- 2. **Accuracy:** Generated schedules must be accurate and feasible, adhering to all inputted constraints and requirements.
- 3. **Resource Limitations:** The system should optimize for resource utilization, considering the limited availability of tracks, trains, and personnel.
- 4. **User Interface:** The system should be user-friendly and accessible, allowing non-technical personnel to interact with it efficiently.

Success Metrics

The success of the Train Scheduling Assistant will be evaluated based on the following metrics:

- Response Time: Time taken by the system to generate and adjust schedules.
- Schedule Optimality: The efficiency and feasibility of the generated schedules.
- User Satisfaction: Feedback from the end-users regarding the system's usability and effectiveness.
- Resource Utilization: Degree of optimization in using available resources.