尚马教育 JAVA 高级课程

短信与邮件

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1. **Sms**

1.1. 使用场景

Java 发送短信的功能是通过其他设备来实现的,同样是需要付费。

在早期,比较流行使用**短信猫**来发送短信,短信猫相当于一个简单的手机,可以插入 SIM 卡,通过 Java 串口编程来调用短信猫的 AT 指令,再由短信猫来发送短信。但是受限于设备的性能,需要大量发送短信的时候,要购买更好的设备来支持,成本较高。

近年来互联网上出现了许多短信发送平台,速度更快,收费更低,成本上远远优于自己 搭建的短信平台,而且更加稳定。

市场上短信发送的平台有很多,每家公司会根据自身的资源与不同的短信平台合作,但是从程序角度出发,所有短信平台的使用流程大体相同。

当前文档以阿里云的短信平台为例,介绍一下如何使用 Java 发送短信。

1.2. 短信猫

短信猫,其实是一种用来收发短信的设备,他和我们用的手机一样,需要手机 SIM 卡的支持,在需要收发短信的时候,在短信猫里面插入一张我们平时用的手机卡,插上电源,通过(USB 或者串口、网口)数据线和电脑相连,在电脑的应用管理软件中就可以实现短信收发的功能。



1.3. 云短信服务

这一步一般应该由运维人员搞定,但是多知道一些是没有坏处的。

阿里云的官网地址:https://www.aliyun.com

如果是为公司申请,最好让其他人员申请一个公司账户,或者老板的账户,建议公司账户升级为企业用户,而不是使用个人账户,不然离职之后,很麻烦。

个人学习,可以直接使用淘宝登录。

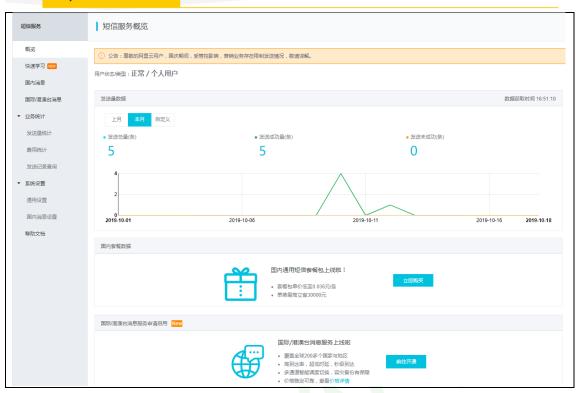


登录成功后,点击首页右上角的控制台



搜索短信服务





使用短信平台之前应该先充值,保证账户里的余额可以发送短信。



快速学习

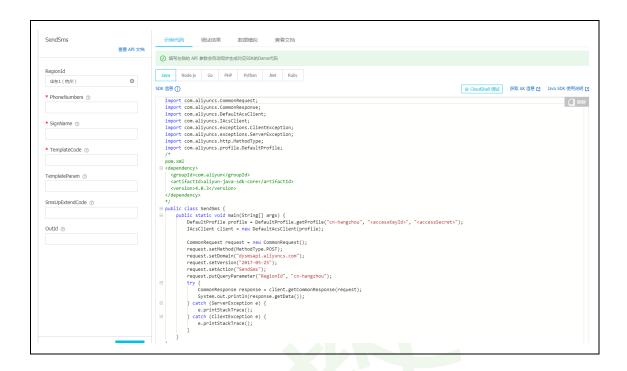


1.3.1. **短信 API**

1.3.1.1. 添加签名与模板



1. 3. 1. 2. 查看 api



1.3.1.3. 获取授权码

什么是 AccessKey? 网站中有详细的介绍,简单点说,就是程序调用的一个用户名密码,所以必须保密,其他人知道这个 AccessKey 之后,就可以调用你的个人用户了,使用你的模板发送短信。



1. 3. 1. 4. 添加 maven 依赖

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.aliyun</groupId>
   <artifactId>aliyun-java-sdk-core</artifactId>
   <version>4.5.3</version>
```

1.3.1.5. 代码示例

```
public static void send(String phone,String code) {
    DefaultProfile profile = DefaultProfile.getProfile("cn-hangzhou", "待填写", "待
填写");
       IAcsClient client = new DefaultAcsClient(profile);
       CommonRequest request = new CommonRequest();
       request.setMethod(MethodType.POST);
       request.setDomain("dysmsapi.aliyuncs.com");
       request.setVersion("2017-05-25");
       request.setAction("SendSms");
       request.putQueryParameter("RegionId", "cn-hangzhou");
       request.putQueryParameter("PhoneNumbers",phone);
       request.putQueryParameter("SignName", "禾十六美肌整骨社");
       request.putQueryParameter("TemplateCode", "SMS_172738690");
       request.putQueryParameter("TemplateParam", "{\"code\":"+code+"}");
       try {
          CommonResponse response = client.getCommonResponse(request);
          System.out.println(response.getData());
       } catch (ServerException e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (ClientException e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
       }
  }
```



1.3.2. 查询发送信息

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    DefaultProfile profile = DefaultProfile.getProfile("cn-hangzhou", "待填写", "待
填写");
       IAcsClient client = new DefaultAcsClient(profile);
       CommonRequest request = new CommonRequest();
       request.setMethod(MethodType.POST);
       request.setDomain("dysmsapi.aliyuncs.com");
       request.setVersion("2017-05-25");
       request.setAction("QuerySendDetails");
       request.putQueryParameter("RegionId", "cn-hangzhou");
       request.putQueryParameter("PhoneNumber", "13767599447");
       request.putQueryParameter("SendDate", "20191010");
       request.putQueryParameter("PageSize", "10");
       request.putQueryParameter("CurrentPage", "1");
       try {
          CommonResponse response = client.getCommonResponse(request);
          System.out.println(response.getData());
     } catch (ServerException e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (ClientException e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
       }
 }
```

2. 邮件发送

发送协议: SMTP

接收协议: POP3

2.1. 代码示例

```
String account="XXXXX@163.com";
   String auth="abc123456789";
   //SMTP协议内容。
   Properties properties = new Properties();
   properties.put("mail.transport.protocol", "smtp");// 连接协议
     properties.put("mail.smtp.host", "smtp.163.com");// 主机名 smtp.163.com
     properties.put("mail.smtp.port", 465);// 默认端口号 25
     properties.put("mail.smtp.auth", "true");//服务端认证。
     properties.put("mail.smtp.ssl.enable", "true");// 设置是否使用 ssl 安全连接 ----
般都使用
     properties.put("mail.debug", "true");// 设置是否显示 debug 信息 true 会在控制台显
示相关信息
    Session session = Session.getDefaultInstance(properties);//与邮件服务器的会话对象
   try {
       Address[] to = new Address[]{new InternetAddress("XXXX@qq.com")};//接收人
       Message msg = new MimeMessage(session);//主体,接收人,内容,附件。。。
       msg.setFrom(new InternetAddress(account));//发送人
       msg.setRecipients(RecipientType.70, to);//接收人()
       msg.setSubject("测试邮件");//标题
```

```
msg.setText("邮件内容");//内容

Transport transport = session.getTransport();//邮差对象

transport.connect(account, auth);

transport.sendMessage(msg, msg.getAllRecipients());
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
```

2.2. 封装工具类

详见:邮件工具类 文件夹

MailSender:

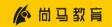
```
package com.javasm.util.email;

import java.io.File;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Date;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Properties;

import javax.activation.DataHandler;
import javax.activation.DataSource;
import javax.activation.FileDataSource;
import javax.mail.Message;
import javax.mail.Session;
import javax.mail.Iransport;
import javax.mail.internet.InternetAddress;
```



```
import javax.mail.internet.MimeBodyPart;
import javax.mail.internet.MimeMessage;
import javax.mail.internet.MimeMultipart;
import javax.mail.internet.MimeUtility;
public class MailSender
  /** 默认 Content Type -> text/plain */
  public static final String DEFAULT_CONTENT_TYPE = "text/plain";
  /** 默认字符编码 -> UTF-8 */
  public static final String DEFAULT_ENCODING
                                                   = GeneralHelper.DEFAULT_ENCODING;
  /** 默认 SMTP 端口 -> 25 */
  public static final int DEFAULT_PORT
  private String host
                                = "":
  private String from
                                = "":
  private String user
                                = "";
 private String password
  private String subject
  private String text
  private String contentType = DEFAULT_CONTENT_TYPE;
  private String charset
                           = DEFAULT_ENCODING;
                           = DEFAULT_PORT;
  private int port
  private boolean auth
                           = true;
  private boolean needReceipt = false;
  private Date sentDate
                           = null;
```



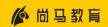
```
private List<String>
                                              = new ArrayList<String>();
                           to
private List<String>
                                              = new ArrayList<String>();
                           CC
private List<String>
                           bcc
                                              = new ArrayList<String>();
private List<String>
                                              = new ArrayList<String>();
                           replyTo
private List<String>
                           fileAcc
                                          = new ArrayList<String>();
private List<MimeBodyPart>
                                byteAcc
                                              = new ArrayList<MimeBodyPart>();
public int getPort()
  return port;
}
public void setPort(int port)
{
  this.port = port;
}
public boolean isAuth()
{
  return auth;
}
public void setAuth(boolean auth)
  this.auth = auth;
}
public String getCharset()
```



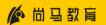
```
return charset;
}
public void setCharset(String charset)
  this.charset = charset;
}
public String getContentType()
{
  return contentType;
}
public void setContentType(String contentType)
{
  this.contentType = contentType;
}
public boolean isNeedReceipt()
  return needReceipt;
}
public void setNeedReceipt(boolean needReceipt)
  this.needReceipt = needReceipt;
}
```



```
public String getFrom()
 {
   return from;
 }
 public void setFrom(String from)
 {
   this.from = from;
 }
 public String getHost()
 {
   return host;
 }
 public void setHost(String host)
 {
   this.host = host;
public String getPassword()
   return password;
 }
 public void setPassword(String password)
 {
   this.password = password;
 }
```



```
public String getSubject()
  return subject;
}
public void setSubject(String subject)
{
  this.subject = subject;
}
public String getText()
{
  return text;
}
public void setText(String text)
{
  this.text = text;
}
public Date getSentDate()
  return sentDate;
}
public void setSentDate(Date sentDate)
  this.sentDate = sentDate;
```



```
}
 public String getUser()
 {
   return user;
 }
 public void setUser(String user)
   this.user = user;
 }
 public List<String> getFileAcc()
 {
   return fileAcc;
 }
 public List<MimeBodyPart> getByteAcc()
 {
   return byteAcc;
}
 public void setFileAcc(List<String> accessory)
   this.fileAcc = accessory;
 }
 public void setByteAcc(List<MimeBodyPart> accessory)
```



```
this.byteAcc = accessory;
}
public List<String> getReplyTo()
  return replyTo;
}
public List<String> getTo()
{
  return to;
}
public void setTo(List<String> to)
{
  this.to = to;
}
public List<String> getCc()
{
  return cc;
public void setCc(List<String> cc)
  this.cc = cc;
}
public List<String> getBcc()
```



```
return bcc;
}
public void setBcc(List<String> bcc)
  this.bcc = bcc;
}
public void addFileAcc(String accessory)
  fileAcc.add(accessory);
}
/** 添加 byte array 形式的附件 */
public void addByteAcc(byte[] accessory, String type, String fileName) throws Exception
{
  ByteArrayDataSource ds = new ByteArrayDataSource(accessory, type, fileName);
  //BASE64Encoder enc = new BASE64Encoder();
  //fileName = "=?GBK?B?" + enc.encode(fileName.getBytes()) + "?=";
  fileName = MimeUtility.encodeText(fileName, charset, "B");
  MimeBodyPart mimeFile = new MimeBodyPart();
  mimeFile.setDataHandler(new DataHandler(ds));
  //mimeFile.setFileName(ds.getName());
  mimeFile.setFileName(fileName);
  byteAcc.add(mimeFile);
```



```
}
 public void addReplyTo(String address)
 {
   replyTo.add(address);
 }
 public void addTo(String address)
 {
   to.add(address);
 }
 public void addCc(String address)
 {
   cc.add(address);
 }
 public void addBcc(String address)
 {
   bcc.add(address);
}
 /** 发送邮件 */
 public void send() throws Exception
   Transport transport = null;
   try
```



```
Properties props = new Properties();
props.put("mail.transport.protocol", "smtp");
props.put("mail.smtp.auth", Boolean.toString(auth));
Session session = Session.getDefaultInstance(props, null);
MimeMessage msg = new MimeMessage(session);
msg.setFrom(new InternetAddress(from));
for(String i: to)
     msg.addRecipient(Message.RecipientType.TO, new InternetAddress(i));
for(String i : cc)
     msg.addRecipient(Message.RecipientType.CC, new InternetAddress(i));
for(String i : bcc)
     msg.addRecipient(Message.RecipientType.BCC, new InternetAddress(i));
if(replyTo.size() > 0)
{
    InternetAddress[] replyAddress = new InternetAddress[replyTo.size()];
    for(int i = 0; i < replyAddress.length; i++)</pre>
         replyAddress[i] = new InternetAddress((String)replyTo.get(i));
     msg.setReplyTo(replyAddress);
if(needReceipt)
     msg.addHeader("Disposition-Notification-To", from);
if(sentDate != null)
     msg.setSentDate(sentDate);
```

仅供内部传阅

2



```
else
    msg.setSentDate(new Date());
msg.setSubject(subject, charset);
MimeMultipart mm
                       = new MimeMultipart();
MimeBodyPart mbText = new MimeBodyPart();
mbText.setContent(text, contentType + ";charset=" + charset);
mm.addBodyPart(mbText);
for(String filePath : fileAcc)
{
    String fileName = (new File(filePath)).getName();
    fileName = MimeUtility.encodeText(fileName, charset, "B");
    MimeBodyPart mbFile
                                = new MimeBodyPart();
    DataSource datasource = new FileDataSource(filePath);
    mbFile.setDataHandler(new DataHandler(datasource));
    mbFile.setFileName(fileName);
    mm.addBodyPart(mbFile);
for(MimeBodyPart part : byteAcc)
    mm.addBodyPart(part);
msg.setContent(mm);
msg.saveChanges();
```



```
transport = session.getTransport();
    transport.connect(host, port, user, password);
    transport.sendMessage(msg, msg.getAllRecipients());
}
finally
{
    if(transport != null) try{ transport.close(); } catch (Exception e) { }
}
}
```