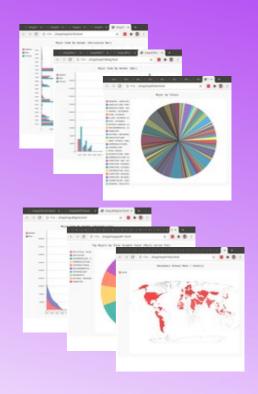
Data Visualization with Pygal









Agenda

- What is Pygal?
- Graphing Basics
- Chart/Graph Example Sampler
- Why?
 - Performing data analysis on debugging logs to attain system performance/behaviors has been an emphasis on last couple contracts
 - 'Visualization' of even modest data sets gives us a better understanding of the collective

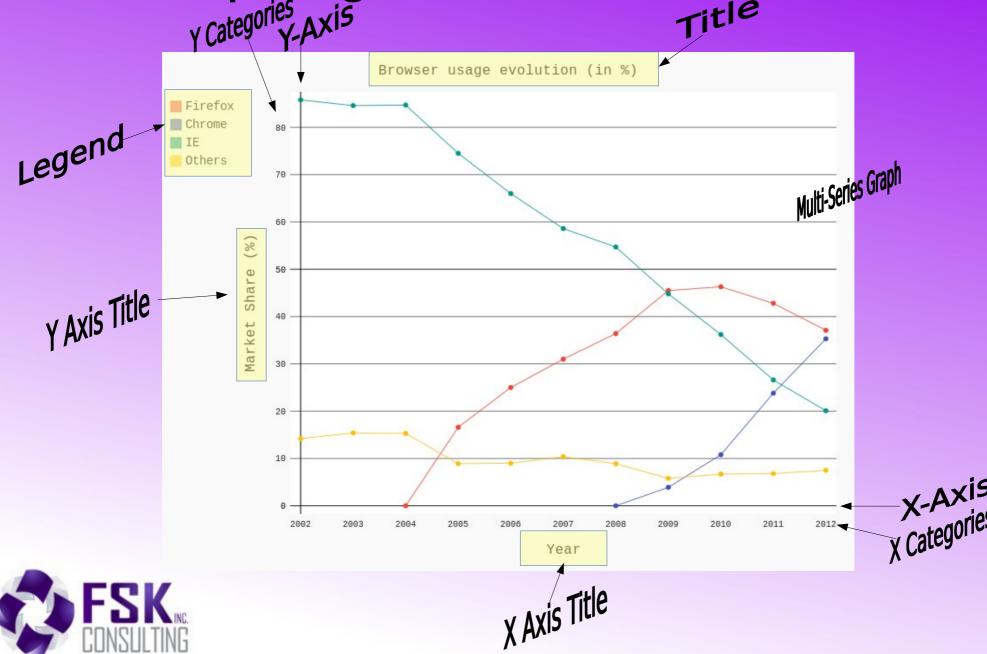


What is Pygal?

- Python module that creates <u>interactive</u> Scalable
 Vector Graphics (SVG) graphs/charts
- One of many data visualization modules (e.g. Matplotlib, Seaborn, Bokeh, Plotly...)
- In search of honing my data visualization chops, a course in Coursera introduced this module
- Simple, interactive graph/chart, readily integrated in web user interfaces and web pages



Graphing Basics - Definitions



Graphing Basics - Values

- 2-Dimensional Graphs require X + Y values to be plotted
- Subtle differences in how the values are specified
 - Scatter Point Graphs Values come in the form $[(x_1,y_1), (x_2,y_2)...(x_n,y_n)]$
 - Most others Values in the form of $[y_1, y_2...y_n]$, x-value inferred by position in list/vector



Simple Pygal Example

Firefox
Chrome
IE
Others

Browser usage evolution (in %)

```
$ cat -n example.py
     #!/usr/bin/python3
     import pygal
2
     chart = pygal.Line()
3
     chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
4
     chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
5
     chart.add('Firefox', [None, None,
                                         0, 16.6,
6
                                                    25, 31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8, 37.1])
     chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None,
7
                                                                 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8, 35.3])
8
     chart.add('IE',
                          [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5,
                                                    66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, 20.1])
     chart.add('0thers', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8, 7.5])
9
     chart.render_in_browser()
10
```

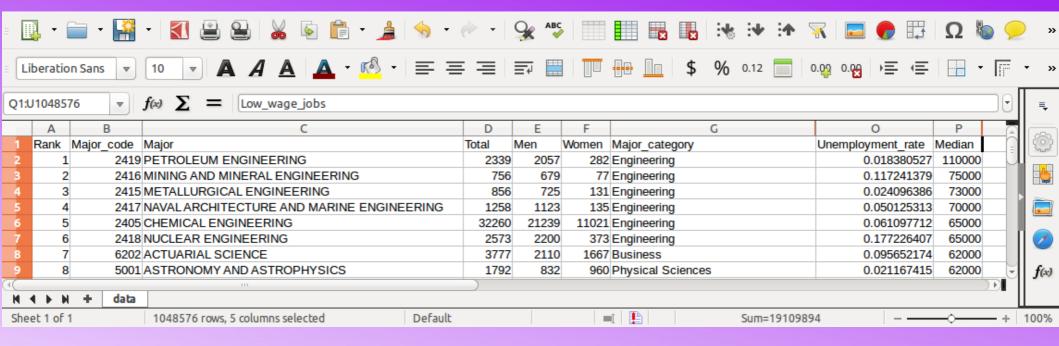


Example Data Set

- FiveThirtyEight
 - The Economic Guide to Picking A College Major
 - https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-economic-guide-to-picking-a-college-major/
 - https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fivethirtyeight/data/master/college-majors/recent-grads.csv
 - Just an interesting dataset; not and endorsement of the paper
- Wanted a useful dataset that could be used to demonstrate a variety of means of plotting



Data Overview



- 174 Rows, 21 Columns of data organized by university major
- Focus out attention on 9 key columns in our examples



CSV File Reader

```
• def readCsvAsDict(fileName, keyField, separator=',', quote='"'):
• data = readCsvAsDict('data.csv', keyField='Major_code')
  - Returns dictionary, keyed by 'Major code' column value, value is dictionary of all column field names
     • {"1301",

    "Major":"ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE",

     "Men":"10787",

    "Unemployment rate":"0.078584681",

    "Major code":"1301",

    "Median":"35600",

     "Rank":"93",

    "Major category": "Biology & Life Science",

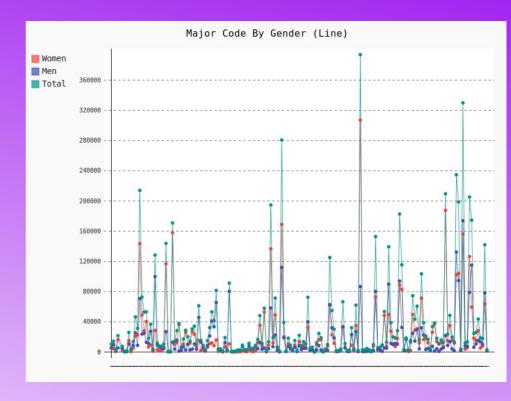
     • "Women":"15178"
     • }
     • }
```

In retrospect, I likely would have used Pandas csv reader



Line

```
$ cat example.py
      #!/usr/bin/python3
1
2
      import pygal
3
      import csv
      data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv','Major_code')
4
      Fields=['Women','Men','Total']
5
      plotData=dict()
      for key in Fields:
7
        D=[(k,v[key]) \text{ for } (k,v) \text{ in sorted(data.items())}]
8
        L=([int(el[1]) if el[1].isdigit() else None for el in D])
9
        xLabel=([el[0] for el in D])
10
11
        plotData[key]=L
12
      chart=pygal.Line()
13
      chart.title='Major Code By Gender (Line)'
      for key in Fields:
14
        chart.add(key,plotData[key])
15
      chart.x_labels = xLabel
16
      chart.render_in_browser()
```

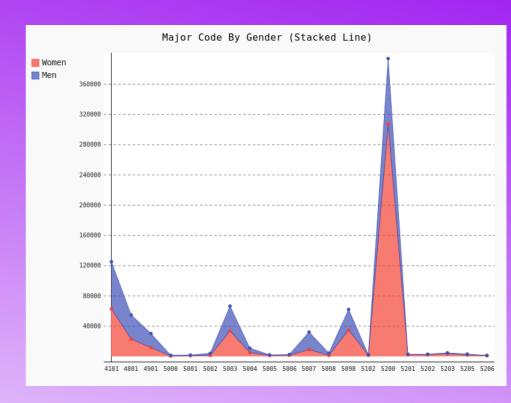


```
chart.add('Women',[77,282,....])
chart.add('Men',[679,2057,....])
chart.add('Total',[756,2339,...]

chart.x_labels=['2416','2419',.....]
```

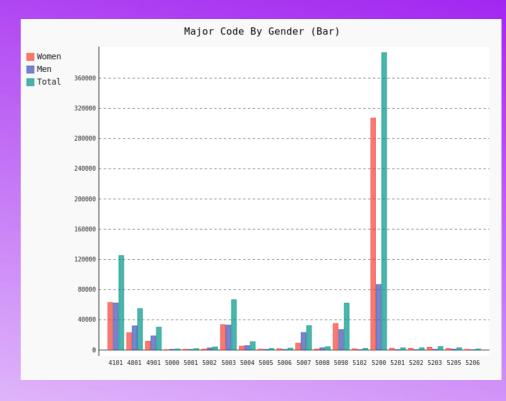
Stacked Line

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
      import pygal
      import csv
3
      data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv', 'Major_code')
      Fields=['Women','Men']
5
      plotData=dict()
      for key in Fields:
7
        D=[(k,v[key]) \text{ for } (k,v) \text{ in sorted(data.items())[100:120]]}
8
        L=([int(el[1]) if el[1].isdigit() else None for el in D])
9
        xLabel=([el[0] for el in D])
10
         plotData[key]=L
11
      chart=pygal.StackedLine(fill=True)
12
      chart.title='Major Code By Gender (Stacked Line)'
13
      for key in Fields:
14
        chart.add(key,plotData[key])
15
      chart.x_labels = xLabel
16
      chart.render_in_browser()
```



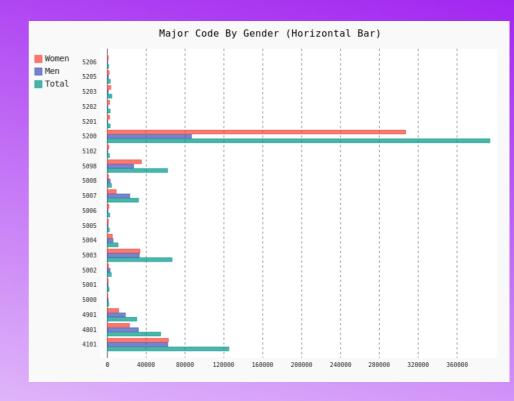
Bar

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
1
       import pygal
2
3
       import csv
       data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv', 'Major_code')
4
5
       Fields=['Women','Men','Total']
       plotData=dict()
7
       for key in Fields:
         D=[(k,v[key]) \text{ for } (k,v) \text{ in sorted(data.items())[100:120]]}
8
         L=([int(el[1]) if el[1].isdigit() else None for el in D])
9
         xLabel=([el[0] for el in D])
10
         plotData[key]=L
11
       chart=pygal.Bar()
12
13
       chart.title='Major Code By Gender (Bar)'
       for key in Fields:
14
15
         chart.add(key,plotData[key])
16
       chart.x_labels = xLabel
       chart.render_in_browser()
17
```



Horizontal Bar

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
1
2
        import pygal
3
        import csv
        data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv', 'Major_code')
        Fields=['Women','Men','Total']
5
        plotData=dict()
        for key in Fields:
8
          D=[(k,v[key]) \text{ for } (k,v) \text{ in sorted(data.items())[100:120]]}
          L=([int(el[1]) if el[1].isdigit() else None for el in D])
9
          xLabel=([el[0] for el in D])
10
11
          plotData[key]=L
        chart=pygal.HorizontalBar()
12
13
        chart.title='Major Code By Gender (Horizontal Bar)'
14
        for key in Fields:
15
          chart.add(key,plotData[key])
        chart.x_labels = xLabel
16
        chart.render_in_browser()
```





Stacked Bar

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
1
      import pygal
2
3
      import csv
      data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv', 'Major_code')
      Fields=['Women','Men']
5
      plotData=dict()
       for key in Fields:
         D=[(k,v[key]) \text{ for } (k,v) \text{ in sorted(data.items())[100:120]]}
8
         L=([int(el[1]) if el[1].isdigit() else None for el in D])
         xLabel=([el[0] for el in D])
10
         plotData[key]=L
11
      chart=pygal.StackedBar()
12
13
       chart.title='Major Code By Gender (Stacked Bar)'
      for key in Fields:
14
         chart.add(key,plotData[key])
15
16
       chart.x labels = xLabel
       chart.render_in_browser()
```





```
#!/usr/bin/python3
1
     import pygal
2
     import csv
3
     data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv','Rank')
4
5
     chart = pygal.XY()
```

chart.title='Salary vs Unemployment Rate'

for (k,v) in sorted(data.items()):

chart.render_in_browser()



chart.add(v['Major'],[(float(v['Unemployment_rate']),int(v['Median']))]) chart.add('FINE ARTS',

[(0.084186296, 30500)]

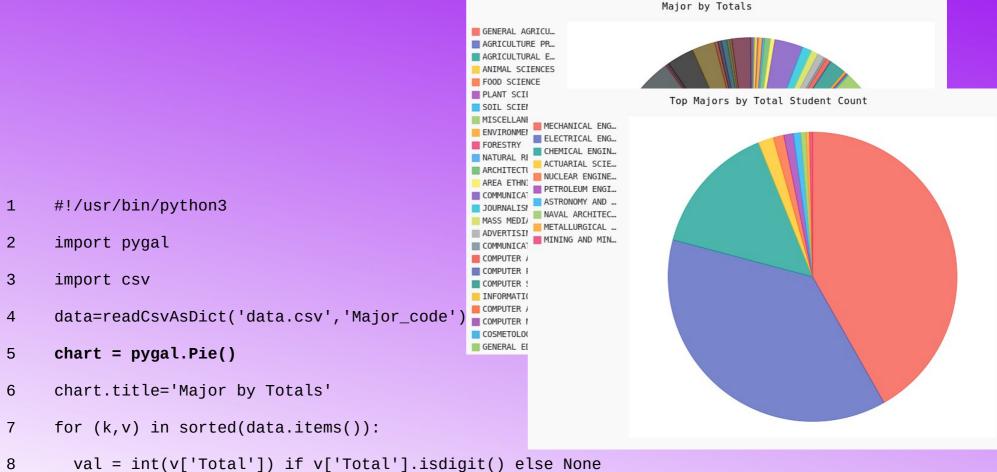


6

8

9

Pie



9 chart.add(v['Major'],val)

10 chart.render_in_browser()

chart.add('ARCHITECTURE',46420)



Pie w/Labels

```
MINING AND MIN...
       #!/usr/bin/python3
1
2
       import pygal
3
       import csv
       data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv', 'Major_code')
5
       chart = pygal.Pie()
       chart.title='Top Majors by Total Student Count (w/Labels)'
6
       L=[(int(v['Total']),v['Major']) for (k,v) in data.items() if v['Total'].isdigit()]
7
       L=L[0:10]
8
       N=sum([v for (v,k) in L])
9
10
       for (t,k) in sorted(L,reverse=True):
         chart.add(k,[{'value': t, 'label': "%0.2f%%"%(float(100*t)/N)}])
11
       chart.render_in_browser()
```

```
Top Majors by Total Student Count (w/Labels)

MECHANICAL ENG...
ELECTRICAL ENGIN...
ACTUARIAL SCIE...
NUCLEAR ENGINE...
PETROLEUM ENGI...
ASTRONOMY AND ...
NAVAL ARCHITEC...
METALLURGICAL ...
MINING AND MIN...

Otal'].isdigit()]
```

```
chart.add('ARCHITECTURE',
[{'value':46420,
'label':"0.06"})
```

Multi-Series Pie

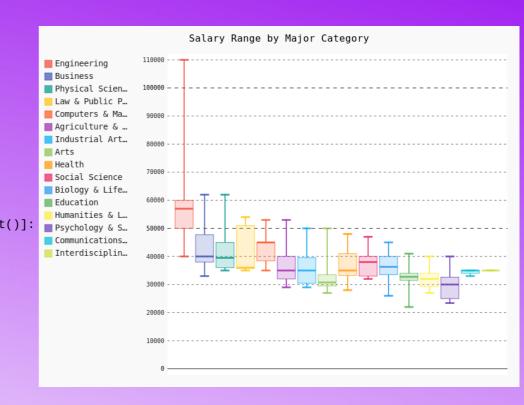
Top Majors by Total Student Count (Multi-series Pie)

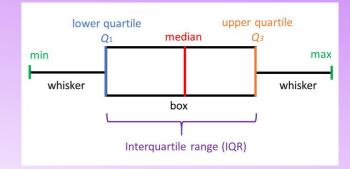
```
MECHANICAL ENG...
                                                                      ELECTRICAL ENG...
                                                                      CHEMICAL ENGIN...
                                                                       ACTUARIAL SCIE...
1 #!/usr/bin/python3
                                                                       NUCLEAR ENGINE...
   import pygal
                                                                       ASTRONOMY AND ...
                                                                       NAVAL ARCHITEC...
                                                                       METALLURGICAL ...
3 import csv
                                                                      MINING AND MIN...
4 data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv', 'Major_code')
   chart = pygal.Pie()
                                                                                                      Top Majors by Total Student Count (Multi-series Pie)
  chart.title='Top Majors by Total Student Count (Multi-series Pie)'
                                                                                                COMPUTER ENGIN.
                                                                                                ART AND MUSTO
7 L=[(int(v['Total']),v['Major'],int(v['Men']),int(v['Women']))
                                                                                                MATHEMATICS TE.
                                                                                                MISCELLANEOUS .
           for (k,v) in data.items() if v['Total'].isdigit()]
                                                                                                INDUSTRIAL PRO.
                                                                                                FORESTRY
                                                                                                MISCELLANEOUS
8 L=L[0:10]
9 N=sum([v for (v,t,m,w) in L])
10 for (t,k,m,w) in sorted(L,reverse=True):
     chart.add(k,[{'value':m,'label':'men: %02f%%'%(float(100*m)/t)},{'value':w,'label':'women:%02f%%'%
(float(100*w)/t)}])
12 chart.render_in_browser()
        chart.add('Z00L0GY' [{'value': 3050, 'label': 'men: 36.27%'},
                                              {'value': 5359, 'label': 'women:63.72%'}])
```



Box

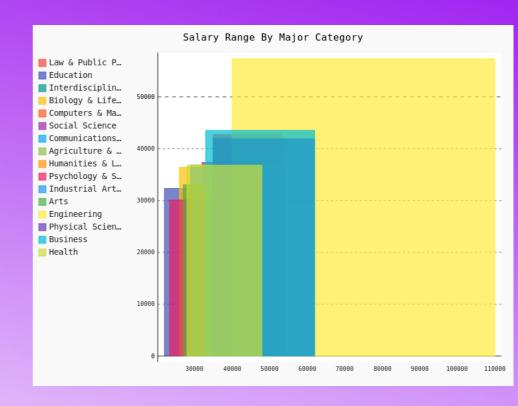
```
1
     #!/usr/bin/python3
2
     import pygal
3
     import csv
     data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv','Major_code')
4
     plotData=dict()
5
     for val in [v for (k,v) in data.items() if v['Median'].isdigit()]:
6
       category=val['Major_category']
7
8
       try:
         plotData[category].append(int(val['Median']))
9
10
       except(KeyError):
         plotData[category]=list()
11
         plotData[category].append(int(val['Median']))
12
13
     chart = pygal.Box()
     chart.title = 'Salary Range by Major Category'
14
     for (k,v) in plotData.items():
15
       chart.add(k,v)
16
      chart.render_in_browser()
```





Histogram

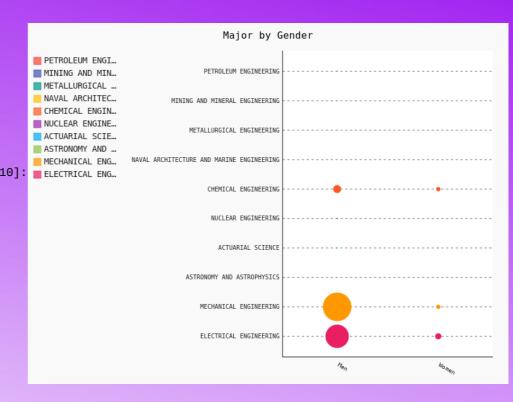
```
1
     #!/usr/bin/python3
     import pygal
     import csv
     data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv','Major_code')
5
     plotData=dict()
     for (key,val) in data.items():
6
7
       try:
8
         plotData[val['Major_category']].append(int(val['Median']))
9
       except:
         plotData[val['Major_category']]=list()
10
         plotData[val['Major_category']].append(int(val['Median']))
11
12
     categories=[val['Major_category'] for (k,val) in data.items()]
13
     chart = pygal.Histogram()
     chart.title='Salary Range By Major Category'
14
15
     for k in set(categories):
16
       x0=min(plotData[k])
17
       x1=max(plotData[k])
18
       y=sum(plotData[k])/float(len(plotData[k]))
19
       chart.add(k,[(y,x0,x1)])
     chart.render_in_browser()
```



```
chart.add('Arts',
[(33062.5,27000,50000),...]
```

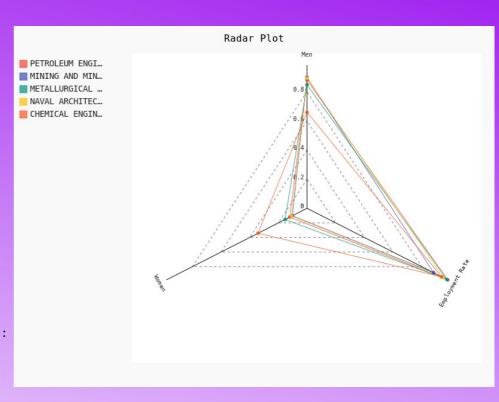
Dot

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
     import pygal
     import csv
    data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv', 'Major_code')
5
    plotData=dict()
     for val in [v for (k,v) in data.items() if v['Total'].isdigit()][0:10]: ELECTRICAL ENG...
      category=val['Major']
8
       try:
         plotData[category].append(int(val['Men']))
         plotData[category].append(int(val['Women']))
10
11
       except(KeyError):
12
         plotData[category]=list()
         plotData[category].append(int(val['Men']))
13
         plotData[category].append(int(val['Women']))
14
    chart = pygal.Dot(x_label_rotation=30)
15
    chart.title = 'Major by Gender'
16
    chart.x_labels = ['Men', 'Women']
17
18
     for (k,v) in plotData.items():
19
       chart.add(k, v)
     chart.render_in_browser()
```



Radar

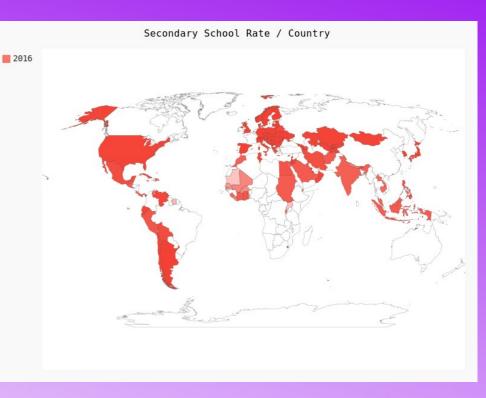
```
#!/usr/bin/python3
1
      import pygal
2
      import csv
3
      data=readCsvAsDict('data.csv','Major_code')
      chart = pygal.Radar()
      chart.title = 'Radar Plot'
      chart.x_labels=['Men','Women','Employment Rate']
7
      for val in [v for (k,v) in data.items() if v['Total'].isdigit()][0:5]:
8
        L=[]
9
        L.append(float(val['Men'])/float(val['Total']));
10
11
        L.append(float(val['Women'])/float(val['Total']));
        L.append(1.0-float(val['Unemployment_rate']));
12
        chart.add(val['Major'],L)
13
14
      chart.render_in_browser()
```





World Map

```
1
      #!/usr/bin/python3
      import pygal
      import csv
      def convertCountryCodeToPygal(countryCode):
        convertCountryCodeToPygal.data=readCsvAsDict('WDICountry.csv','Country Code')
        return convertCountryCodeToPygal.data[countryCode]['2-alpha code'].lower()
8
      data=readCsvAsDict('school.csv','Country Code')
      chart = pygal.maps.world.World()
      chart.title = 'Secondary School Rate / Country'
10
11
      year=2016
12
      plotData=dict()
      for (k,v) in data.items():
13
14
        try:
15
          plotData[convertCountryCodeToPygal(k)]=float(v[str(year)])
16
        except:
17
          pass
18
      chart.add(str(year), plotData)
19
      chart.render_to_png('./example10.png')
      chart.render_in_browser()
```



References

- http://www.pygal.org/
 - Official Site
- https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/college-majors/
- https://datacatalog.worldbank.org/dataset/world-developm ent-indicators/



Contact Info

- Slides:
 - https://github.com/fsk-software/pub/
- Blog: http://dragonquest64.blogspot.com
- Slack: pymntos.slack.com lipeltgm

