# System Programming

Programming assignment 3

#### Task

- Deal with two scheduling problems between bidding\_system and customers using signals.
- One is **priority scheduling**, while the other called **earliest deadline** first scheduling.
- You have to implement following program:
  - bidding\_system.c
  - customer.c (optional)
  - bidding\_system\_EDF.c

# Priority scheduling

- There are three types of customer:
  - Ordinary customer
  - Member customer
  - VIP customer
- The priority order of customer is VIP > member > ordinary.
- A customer with higher priority should be dealt with first when bidding\_system receives him/her.

# Priority scheduling

#### • Example1:

If an ordinary customer c2 arrives at the time the bidding\_system deals with an ordinary customer c1, the bidding\_system should finish c1 first.

#### • Example 2:

If a VIP customer c2 arrives at the time the bidding\_system deals with an member customer c1, the bidding\_system should stop to deal with the VIP customer c2.

#### • Example 3:

If an member customer or an ordinary customer c2 arrives at the time the bidding\_system deals with a VIP customer c1, the bidding\_system should finish a VIP customer c1 first.

# Priority scheduling

#### • Customer information:

Table 1.1: customer information

customer code	type	process time(sec)	limit time(sec)
0	ordinary	1.0	no limit
1	member	0.5	1.0
2	VIP	0.2	0.3

<sup>[\*]</sup> You can use for loop and nanosleep() to simulate the time consuming, but you should notice that nanosleep() may be interrupted by signal.

<sup>[\*]</sup> If **customer** sends a VIP customer at 8:01:53.1, the customer should be sent back before 8:01:53.4

#### Structure of program - bidding\_system (1)

• bidding\_system:

```
./bidding\_system \quad [test\_data]
```

- Bidding\_system should fork one child and execute customer program. Bidding\_system should use pipe to receive ordinary customer and redirect customer's stdin/stdout to pipe.
- There is a file "bidding\_system\_log" record the status of bidding\_system.

#### Structure of program - bidding\_system (2)

• When bidding\_system receives and starts dealing with the customer, it needs to write

```
receive [customer code] [serial number] to log file.
```

- When bidding\_system finished him/her, it needs to write
   finish [customer code] [serial number]
   to log file and send a signal to customer.
- When bidding\_system read "EOF" from pipe, it should write "terminate \n" to file "bidding\_system\_log" and terminate the program itself.
- If no customer blocked, the bidding\_system needs to wait until next customer arriving)

#### Structure of program - bidding\_system (3)

• Bidding\_system send signal to tell sender that it finish process a customer.

Туре	Signal
Ordinary	SIGINT
Member	SIGUSR1
VIP	SIGUSR2

#### Structure of program - customer (1)

• Customer (optional)

```
./customer [test_data]
```

- Customer reads [test file] and send signal to bidding\_system at specific time.
- There is a file record the status of customer called "customer\_log".

#### Structure of program - customer (2)

• When customer sends the customer, it needs to write

 $send\ [customer\ code]\ [serial\ number]$ 

to file "customer\_log".

• When customer gets the finished customer(a specific signal) sent back by bidding\_system, it needs to write

 $finish\ [customer\ code]\ [serial\ number]$ 

to the file.

• If bidding\_system don't send back the customer within the specific time, the customer should write

timeout [customer code] [serial number]

to the file "customer\_log" and terminate the program itself.

#### Structure of program - customer (3)

• Customer send signal to tell bidding\_system that it have upcoming customer to process.

Туре	How to send to bidding_system
Ordinary	ordinary\n
Member	SIGUSR1
VIP	SIGUSR2

<sup>[\*]</sup> In our test data, we assure that if **customer** sent a member customer, then it would not send another member customer before receiving the previous member customer(for avoiding signal missing). And so is the case of VIP customers.

### Format of input and output (1)

- test\_data

  [customer code] [sending time]
- Each line has two numbers:
  - The first number is a customer code corresponding to each type of customer.
  - The second number is the **sending time** of the customer. The time is in **ascending order** in the test\_data.

### Format of input and output (2)

- bidding\_system\_log
- [action] [customer code] [serial number]
  - [action] will be "receive" or "finish".
  - [customer code] will be 0, 1, or 2.
  - [serial\_number] is the serial number of customer.

### Format of input and output (2)

- customer\_log
- [action] [customer code] [serial number]
  - [action] will be "receive", "finish" or "timeout".
  - **[customer code]** will be 0, 1, or 2.
  - [serial\_number] is the serial number of customer.

[\*] In our test data, we assure that all actions will not at the same time. That is, if a customer is finished at 8:01:53.1, no signal will be sent at 8:01:53.1.

## Sample Execution

```
test_data
```

- 0 0
- 1 0.8
- 2 1.2
- 2 2.1
- 1 2.2

## Sample Execution

```
bidding_system_log
receive 0 1
receive 1 1
receive 2 1
finish 2 1
finish 1 1
finish 0 1
receive 2 2
finish 2 2
receive 1 2
finish 1 2
terminate
```

### Sample Execution

```
customer_log
send 0 1
send 1 1
send 2 1
finish 2 1
finish 1 1
finish 0 1
send 2 2
send 1 2
finish 2 2
finish 1 2
```

### Earliest deadline first scheduling

- There are three types of customer, **ordinary** customer, **patient** customer and **impatient** customer.
- A customer's deadline with the following formula:

 $deadline = arrive\ time + limit\ time$ 

- The customer with earliest deadline should be dealt with first.
- Customer information is show as follow:

Table 1.2: customer information

customer code	type	process time(sec)	limit time(sec)
0	ordinary	0.5	2.0
1	patient	1.0	3.0
$\overline{}$	impatient	0.2	0.3

#### Structure of program - EDF (1)

bidding\_system\_EDF

```
./bidding\_system\_EDF \quad [test\_data]
```

customer\_EDF

```
./customer\_EDF \quad [test\_data]
```

- The action of bidding\_system\_EDF and customer\_EDF is same as priority version.
- The difference between two scheduling is **communication** between bidding\_system and customer\_EDF.

#### Structure of program - EDF (2)

 Both bidding\_system\_EDF and customer\_EDF send same signal to specific customer type.

Туре	Signal
Ordinary	SIGUSR1
Patient	SIGUSR2
Impatient	SIGUSR3

<sup>[\*]</sup> Please add #define SIGUSR3 SIGWINCH to your code.

#### Structure of program - EDF (3)

• When bidding\_system\_EDF receives "terminate \n" via pipe, it should write "terminate\n" to file "bidding\_system\_log" and terminate the program itself.

### Format of input and output (EDF)

• The format of test\_data, bidding\_system\_log, customer\_log are **the same as** priority scheduling version.

## Sample Execution - EDF

```
test_data
```

- 00
- 1 0.4
- 2 0.8
- 2 2.1
- 1 2.2
- 0 2.6

## Sample Execution - EDF

```
bidding_system_log
receive 0 1
finish 0 1
receive 1 1
receive 2 1
finish 2 1
finish 1 1
receive 2 2
finish 2 2
receive 1 2
receive 0 2
finish 0 2
finish 1 2
terminate
```

### Sample Execution - EDF

```
customer_log
send 0 1
send 1 1
finish 0 1
send 2 1
finish 2 1
finish 1 1
send 2 2
send 1 2
finish 2 2
send 0 2
finish 0 2
finish 1 2
```

# Grading

- There are 6 subtasks in this assignment, you can get 8 points if you finish all of them.
- Overall
  - + (1pt)Produce executable files successfully. Your Makefile can generate bidding\_system and bidding\_system\_EDF and customer.
- Priority Scheduling
  - \* (lpt)Your bidding\_system can deal with ordinary customers.
  - \* (1pt)Your bidding\_system can deal with ordinary customers and member customers.
  - \* (1pt)Your bidding\_system can deal with all types of customers. (ordinary, member, VIP)
  - \* (2pt) You implement customer by yourself. You only need to implement customer based on priority scheduling (which would terminate if timeout)

# Grading (2)

- Earliest deadline first scheduling
  - (1pt) Your bidding\_system\_EDF can deal with ordinary customers and patient customers.
  - \* (1pt) Your bidding\_system\_EDF can deal with all types of customers. (ordinary, patient, impatient)

#### Submission

- Submit SP\_HW3\_{student\_id}.tar.gz to CEIBA before the deadline, or you will receive penalty.
- At least 5 files should be included:
  - bidding\_system.c
  - bidding\_system\_EDF.c
  - + customer.c
  - \* Makefile(as well as other \*.c files)
  - readme.txt

#### Punishment

- You will get NO credits if plagiarism.
- Late submission
  - 5% for each day
- Error format
  - wrong file name/format
  - wrong output format