

CIS425 - Midterm Exam

Your Name : _____

Your Student ID : _____

(10 points) Consider the following grammar (where a and b are terminal symbols, and S is the root symbol):

$$\begin{aligned} S &::= aSa \mid aBa \\ B &::= bB \mid b \end{aligned}$$

– What is the language generated by the above grammar?

– What kind of grammar is it? regular, context-free or context-sensitive? Briefly explain your answer.

(5 points) Give a context-free grammar for the language of balanced parenthesis (e.g. expressions of the form $()$, $(())$, $(())(())(())$ etc.).

(5 points) Define in ML a **tail recursive** function that computes the length of a list.

(5 points) Using *only* the function defined below:

```
fun G F nil      y = y
  | G F (x::xs) y = F (x, (G F xs y))
```

write a function `sum-list` which given a list of natural numbers (i.e. positive integers) returns the sum of all its elements. It should return 0 if the list is empty. For example,

```
sum-list [1,2,3,4] = 10
```

Your `sum-list` function should only call function `G` with the appropriate parameters and should not be directly recursive.

(5 points) Using *only* the function defined below:

```
fun G F nil      y = y
  | G F (x::xs) y = F (x, (G F xs y))
```

write a function `max-list` which given a list of integers returns the maximum of its elements. It should return 0 if the list is empty.

```
max-list [9,2,23,7] = 23
```

Your `max-list` function should only call function `G` with the appropriate parameters and should not be directly recursive.

(5 points) Unlike Javascript, in ML one cannot write a list such as `[1, true, "aa"]`. How would you define a list containing integers, booleans and strings in ML, in such a way as to express the list above?

(10 points) Consider the following program fragment:

```
let val x = 3 in
  let fun f(y) = x + y in
    let val x = 5 in
      x + f(x)
    end
  end
end;
```

1. Under static scoping, what value does the above code return?

2. Under dynamic scoping, what value does the above code return?

Memory Management

(10 points) Consider the following ML code:

```
val x = 5;
fun f(y) = let fun g(w) = w+x+y in g end;
val h = let val x=2
          val z = [17, 19, 23]
        in f(42) end;
h(x);
```

– What is the value of `h(x)`?

– Fill in the diagram below to complete the run-time stack as it appears immediately after the call to `h(x)`.

Activation Records

Heap Data and Closures

Compiled Code

(1)	access link	(0)
	x	
(2)	access link	()
	f	●
(3)	access link	()
	h	●
(4)	access link	()
	x	
	z	●
(5)	access link	()
	y	
	g	●
(6)	access link	()
	w	

$\langle (), \bullet \rangle$

(code for f)

$\langle (), \bullet \rangle$

(code for g)

19 ●

17 ●

23 ●

(15 points) Consider the following Algol-like program, write the number printed by running the program under each of the listed parameter passing mechanisms.

```
begin
  integer z ;

  procedure p (x);
    integer x; //type of the formal parameter
    begin
      x := x+1;
      z := z+2
    end

  z := 1;
  p(z);
  print z
end
```

(a) pass-by-value

(b) pass-by-reference

(c) pass-by-value-result