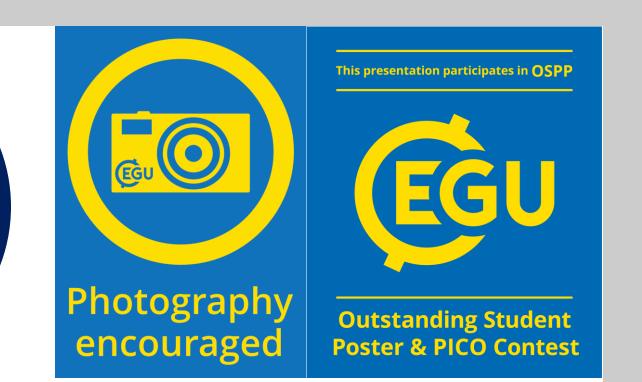


## Surge Type Glacier Identification on Northeast Spitsbergen, Svalbard from Landsat Imagery 1984-2018



# Shunan Feng<sup>1</sup> and Rickard Pettersson<sup>1</sup> Department of Earth Sciences, Uppsala University, Sweden

EGU2019-135

#### Introduction

Svalbard archipelago is known as the "surge hot spot" for its high occurrence of glacial surge. This study utilizes all the available Landsat images (1984-2018) of 40 major maritime and valley glaciers on NE Spitsbergen, Svalbard to reconstruct the glacier surface velocity and identify **historical surge events**.

#### Procedure

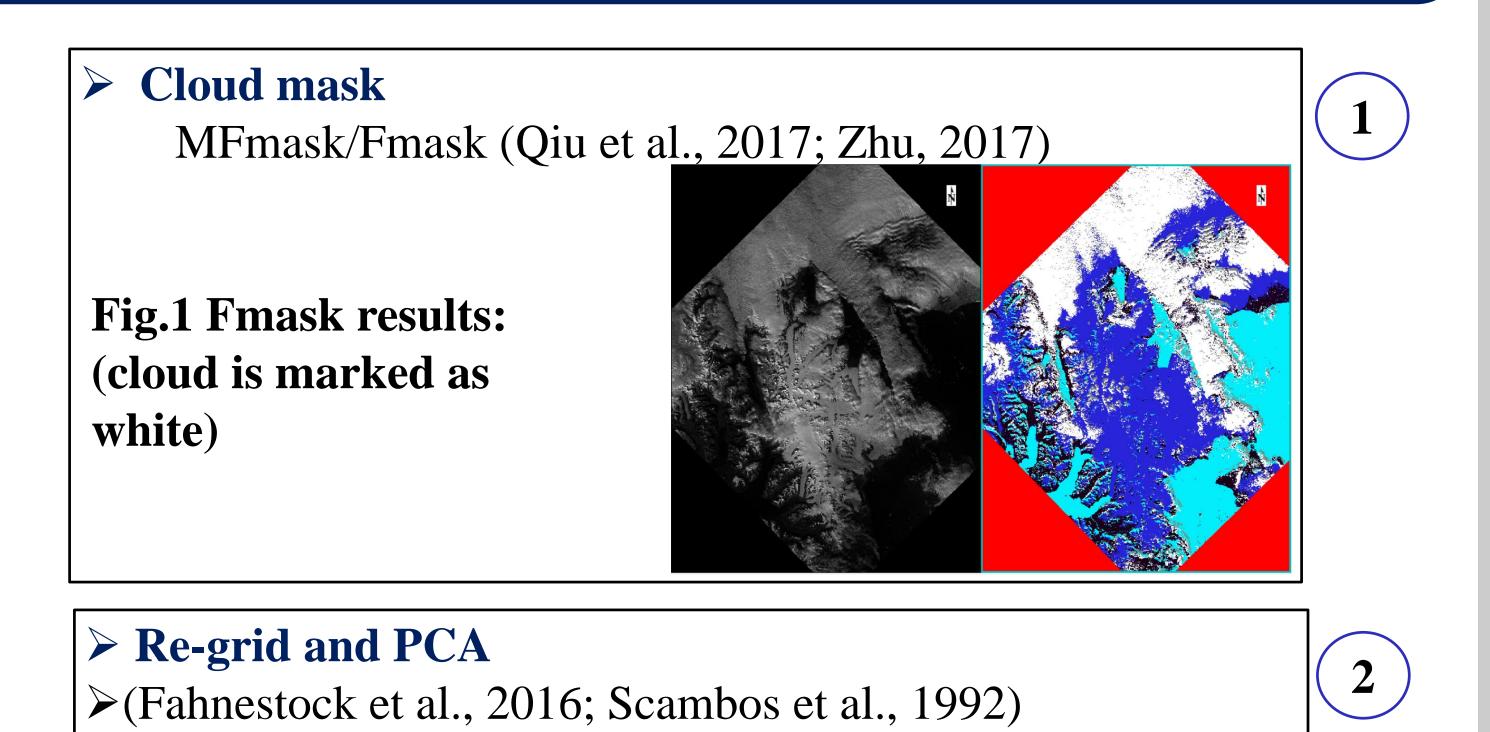
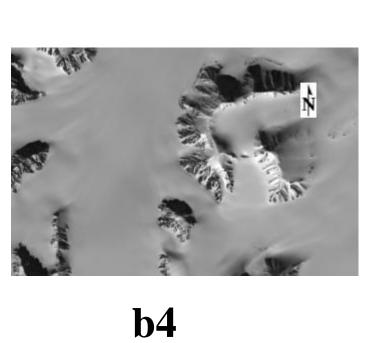


Table 1. Comparison of Selected Bands of Landsat 4, 5 TM, Landsat 7 ETM+ and Landsat 8 OLI imagery

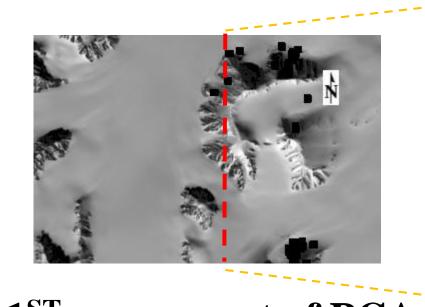
#### Landsat 7 Landsat 4-5 Landsat 8 Wavelength Wavelength **Bands Bands** 0.52-0.60 Band 2-Green 0.52-0.90 0.63-0.69 Band 3-Red Band 8 -Band 4-Near Panchromatic 0.76-0.90 0.503-0.676 Infrared (NIR) Resolution (m) Resolution (m) 15 Band: Principal Improved



Component



Re-grid



Landsat 4-5

images

Landsat Data (1) Cloud, Cloud Shadow mask Landsat 7-8 Landsat 4-5 (2)Principal Component Analysis and Re-(3) Georeferencing (subpixel image registration) (4) Reconstruct Surface Velocity (COSI-Corr) (Leprince et al., 2007) Surge Identification

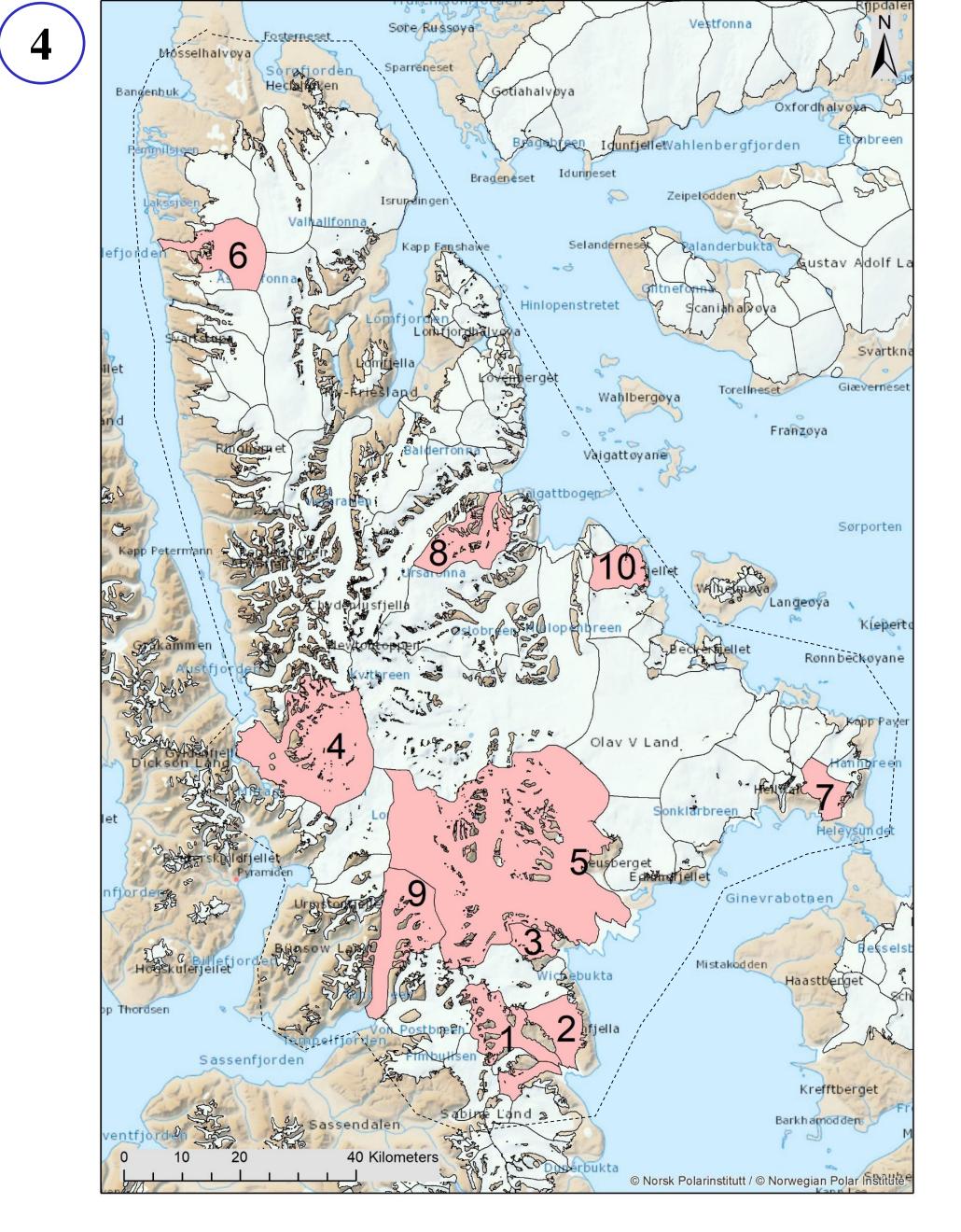


Fig. 4 Study Area and Identified Surge/Active glaciers (Table 2)

#### > Subpixel Image Registration (Guizar-Sicairos et al. 2008)

• Winter: Oct -May • Summer: June -Sept

Low pass filter

### Georeferencing

 Low-pass filtered cloud free referencing object

• co-registered images Gaussian

filtered image

High pass filter

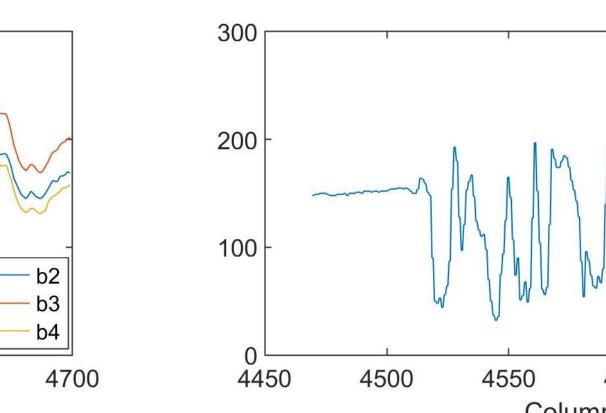
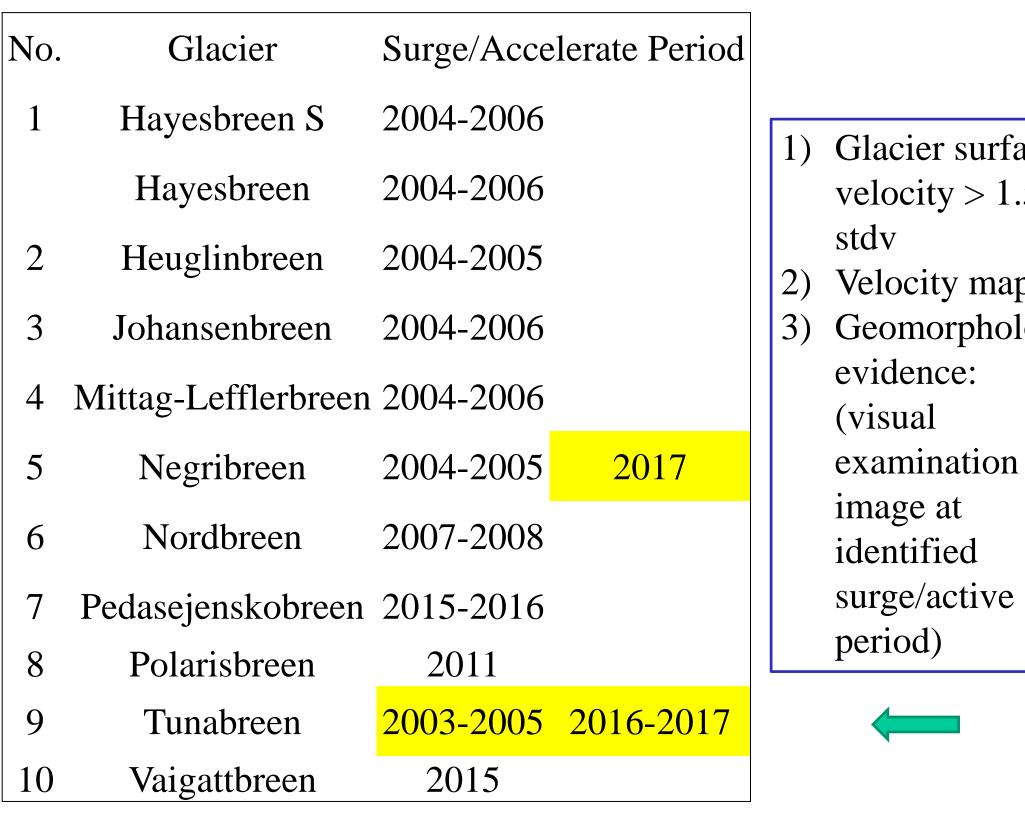


Fig. 3 Pixel Value of b2, b3, b4 and 1st PCA component along the red dotted line in Fig. 2 (LT05\_L1GS\_216003\_20060621\_20161121\_01\_T2)

## Results Take the average velocity near the front for noise filtered results Fig. 5 Velocity Map of Basin 3 (a) and Tunabreen (b) Table 2 Identified Surge-type glacier and

## the Active Phase



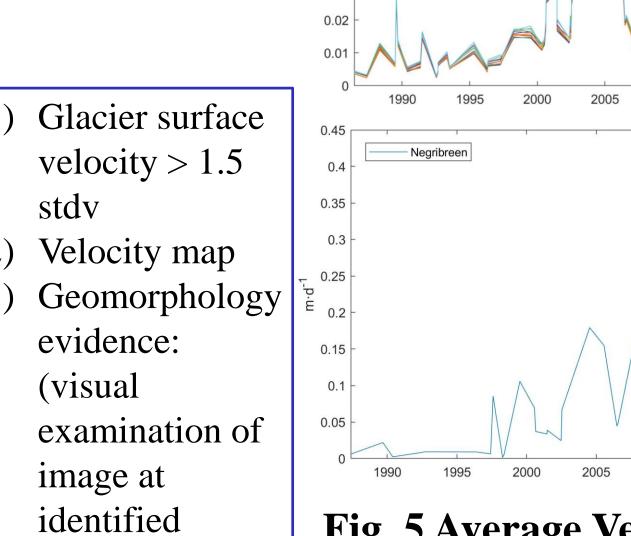


Fig. 5 Average Velocity Near Front (a: Tunabreen; b: Negribreen)

#### Conclusions

- The method is limited by the spatial resolution of image and the actual. displacement of ice flow at given time window.
- The noised feature track results can still provide sufficient information of the relative change of ice flow speed.
- Further research should focus on improving the data resolution and the use of cloud computing platform.

#### Authors

Shunan Feng: - MSc student: fsn.1995@gmail.com

 Dr. Rickard Pettersson - Senior Lecturer (supervisor) rickard.pettersson@geo.uu.se

#### References

- Fahnestock, M., Scambos, T., Moon, T., Gardner, A., Haran, T., Klinger, M., 2016. Rapid large-area mapping of ice flow using Landsat 8. Remote Sensing of Environment 185, 84-94. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2015.11.023
- Guizar-Sicairos, M., Thurman, S.T., Fienup, J.R., 2008. Efficient subpixel image registration algorithms. Optics Letters 33, 156.
- https://doi.org/10.1364/OL.33.000156
- Leprince, S., Barbot, S., Ayoub, F., Avouac, J.-P., 2007. Automatic and Precise Orthorectification, Coregistration, and Subpixel Correlation of Satellite Images, Application to Ground Deformation Measurements. IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing 45, 1529–1558.
- Qiu, S., He, B., Zhu, Z., Liao, Z., Quan, X., 2017. Improving Fmask cloud and cloud shadow detection in mountainous area for Landsats 4–8 images. Remote Sensing of Environment 199, 107–119. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2017.07.002
- Scambos, T.A., Dutkiewicz, M.J., Wilson, J.C., Bindschadler, R.A., 1992. Application of image cross-correlation to the measurement of glacier velocity
- using satellite image data. Remote Sensing of Environment 42, 177–186. https://doi.org/10.1016/0034-4257(92)90101-O
- Zhu, Z., 2017. Change detection using landsat time series: A review of frequencies, preprocessing, algorithms, and applications. ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing 130, 370–384. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.isprsjprs.2017.06.013





Fig. 2 Visible bands and first component of PCA (15 m noise reduced images with enhanced ice topography and improved surface feature)

Green, Red,

**b3** 

1ST component of PCA