

Microsoft Azure

The only consistent and comprehensive hybrid cloud

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In this session...

Azure Overview

Azure Hybrid Cloud

Azure Core Services

But first ...

Some Trivia!





What's the oldest running
Cloud Service from Microsoft ?
(Hint, you're a consumer of it)

Windows Update

Windows Update was introduced as an Internet web site with the launch of Windows 95.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Windows_Update



How do we cool our gen. 4
Azure Data Centers to 69 degrees ?

Adiabatic Cooling

We use adiabatic cooling to bring in outside air at ambient temperature, filter it (get rid of bugs and dust), run it across a wet sponge-like wall, and regulate the temperature.

<http://www.iconstructions.be/Blog/pdc-2009-inside-windows-azure-container>



How many times could the Microsoft Fiber Optic Network that connects our Azure data centers stretch to the moon and back?

3

We now have 2M+ miles of *private fiber* between our Azure data centers



Can you tour a Microsoft Azure
datacenter?

YES!

**Ask our competition if you
can tour theirs ...**

Worldwide Tour & Experience Locations





Why did we experiment with an underwater datacenter? (Project Natick)

**½ of the worlds' population
lives within 50 miles of the
sea**

**Makes connecting to our customers
as short as possible...**









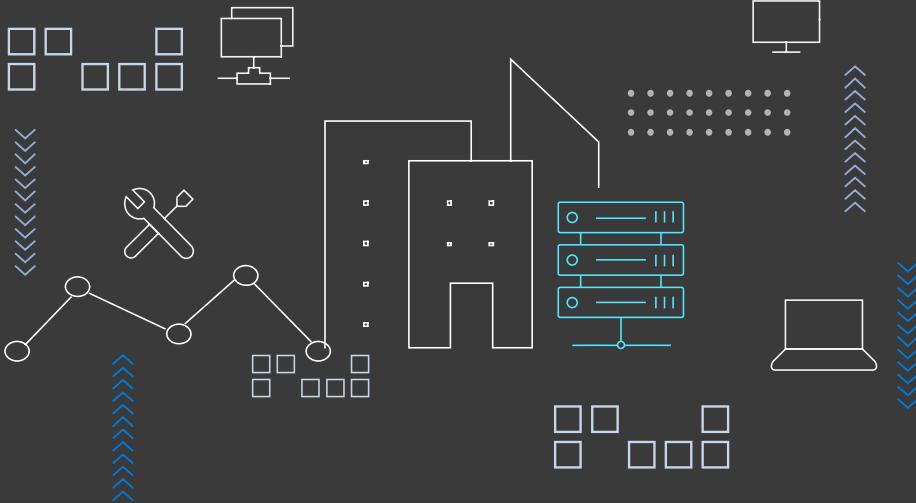
In a typical raised floor data center, how much does one of those white tiles cost?

\$60 - \$70

Each (in bulk)

Why spend six digits on your floor alone?

On-premise vs Cloud mindset



On-premises Mindset

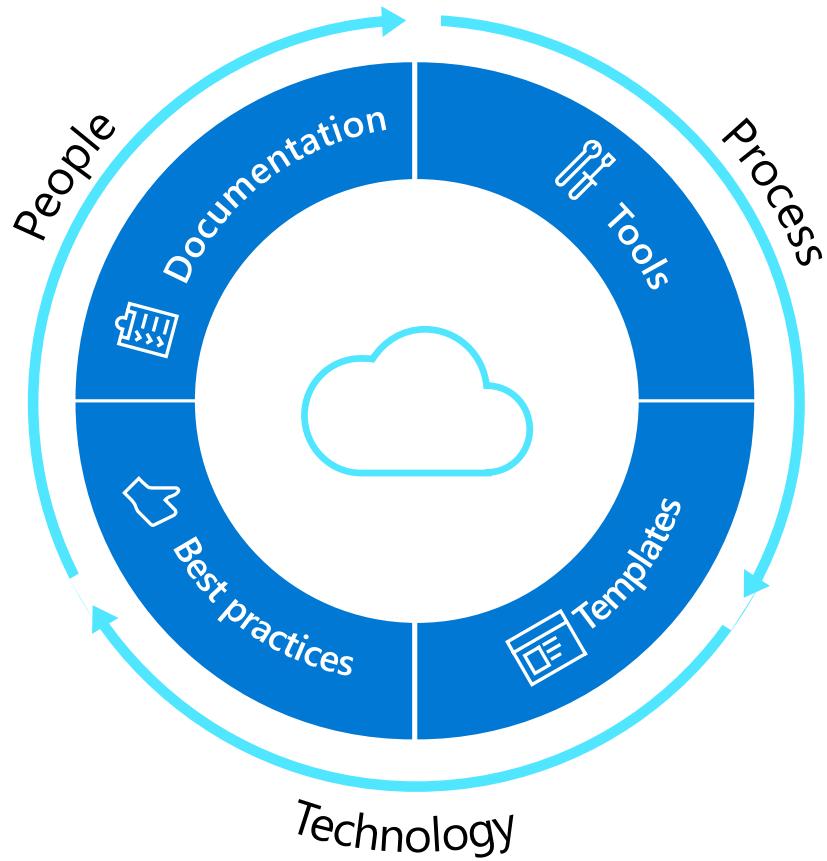
- Provision for peak demand
- Scale-up versus scale-out mentality
- Virtual machines
- Always-on
- Fixed in size
- Order 3 months before you need it
- Hording mentality because resources were scarce



Cloud Mindset

- Think about usage versus provisioning
- Automate everything
- Secure by design, and assume breach
- Optimize everything, automate sprawl reduction
- Pause and Freeze as needed
- Resilient and Geo available
- No requirement for lead time

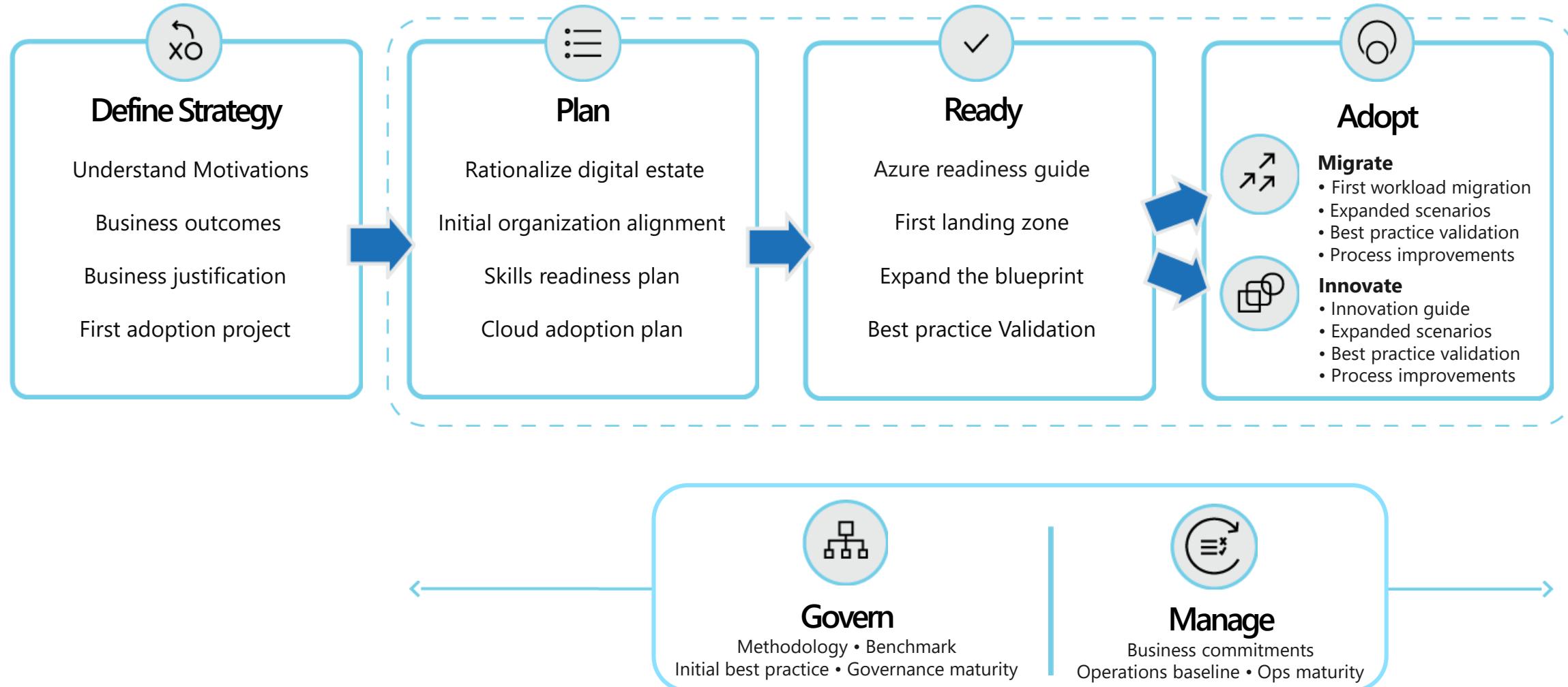
Microsoft Cloud Adoption Framework for Azure



Align **business, people and technology strategy** to achieve business goals with **actionable, efficient, and comprehensive** guidance to deliver fast results with control and stability.



Microsoft Cloud Adoption Framework for Azure



What is Microsoft Azure?





Microsoft Azure Video

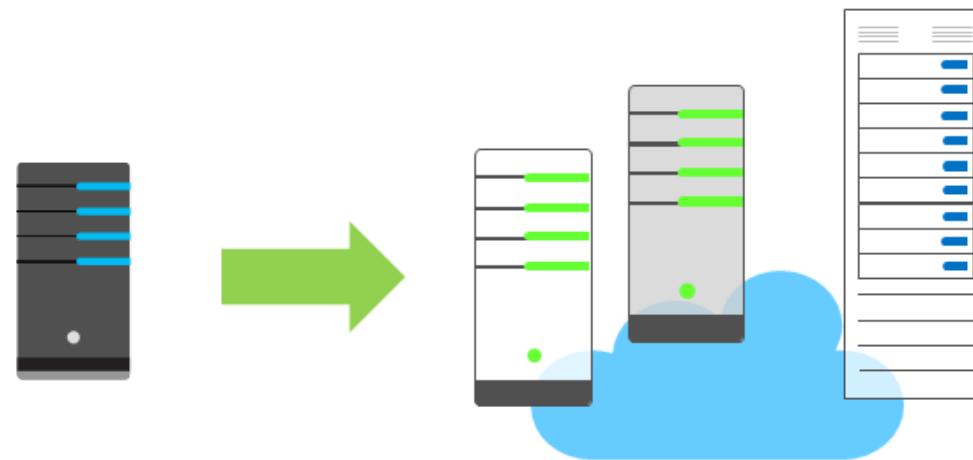


Microsoft Azure is an ever-expanding set of cloud services to help your organization meet your business challenges. It's the freedom to build, manage, and deploy applications on a massive, global network using your favorite tools and frameworks.



Economies of scale

- The concept of *economies of scale* is the ability to do things less expensively and more efficiently when operating at a larger scale in comparison to operating at a smaller scale.



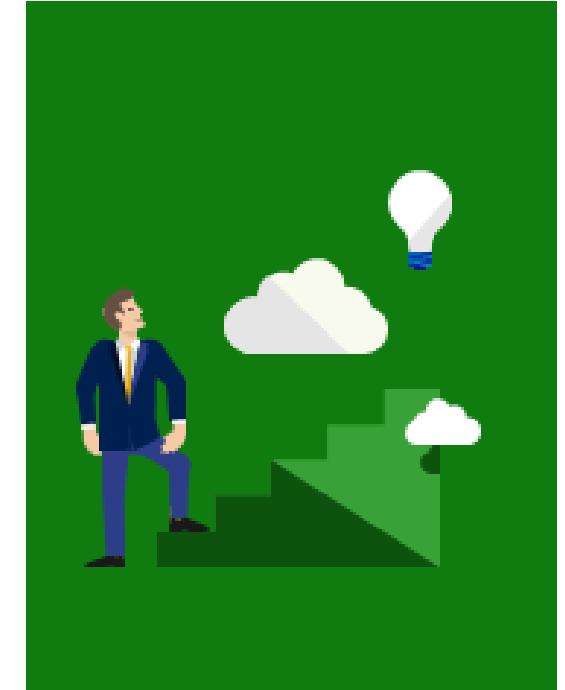
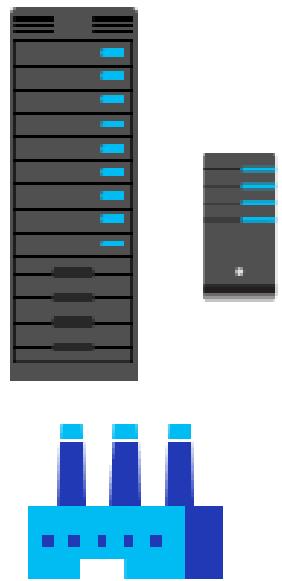
- Cloud providers such as Microsoft, Google, and Amazon Web Services (AWS) are very large businesses, and thus can leverage the benefits of economies of scale and then pass those benefits on to their customers.

CapEx vs. OpEx

- *Capital Expenditure (CapEx)* is the spending of money on physical infrastructure up front, and then deducting that expense from your tax bill over time. CapEx is an upfront cost which has a value that reduces over time.
- *Operational Expenditure (OpEx)* is spending money on services or products and being billed for them immediately. You can deduct this expense from your tax bill in the same year. There is no upfront cost, you pay for a service or product as you use it.

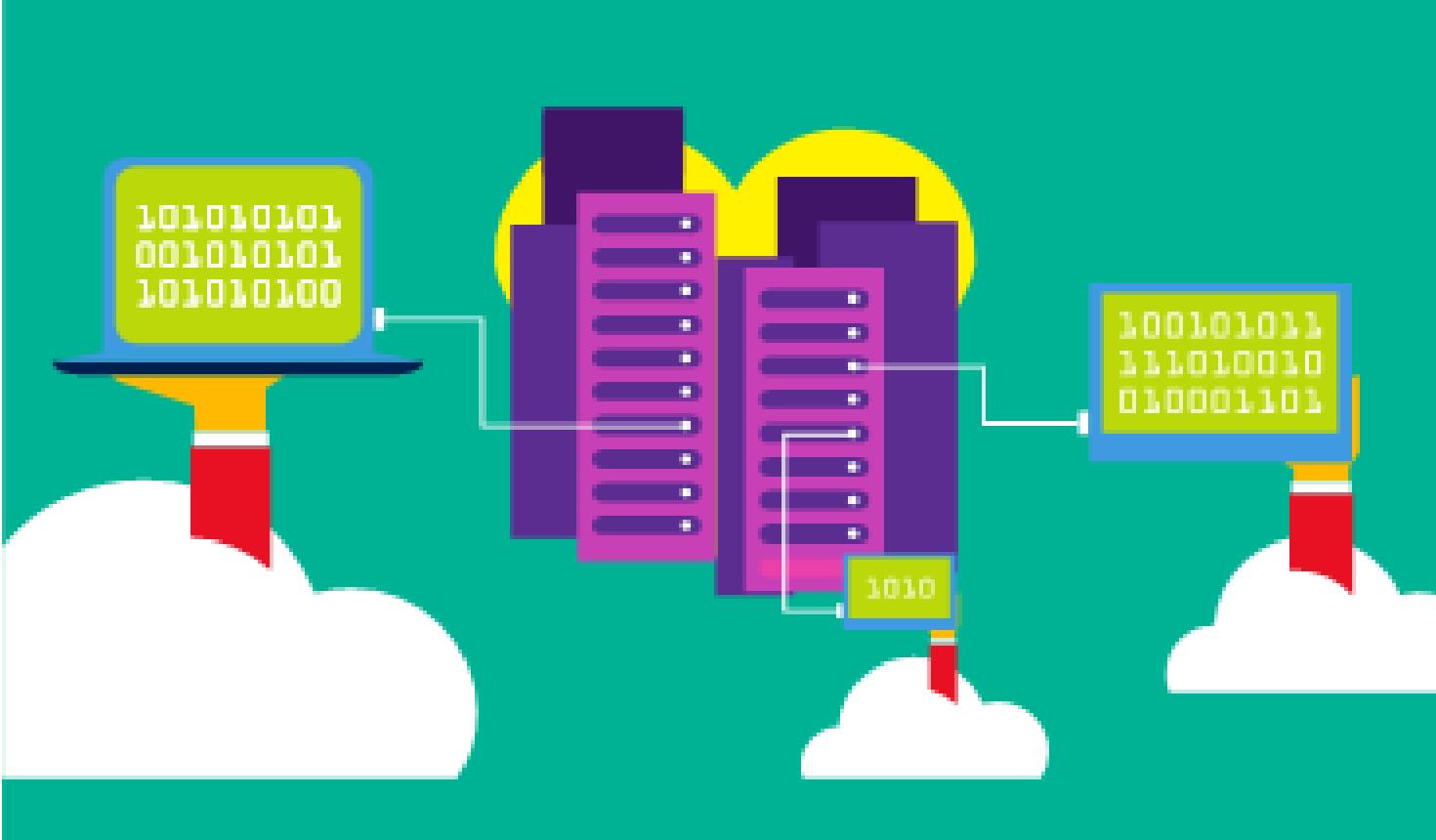
Consumption-based model

Users only pay for the resources they use



Types of cloud models



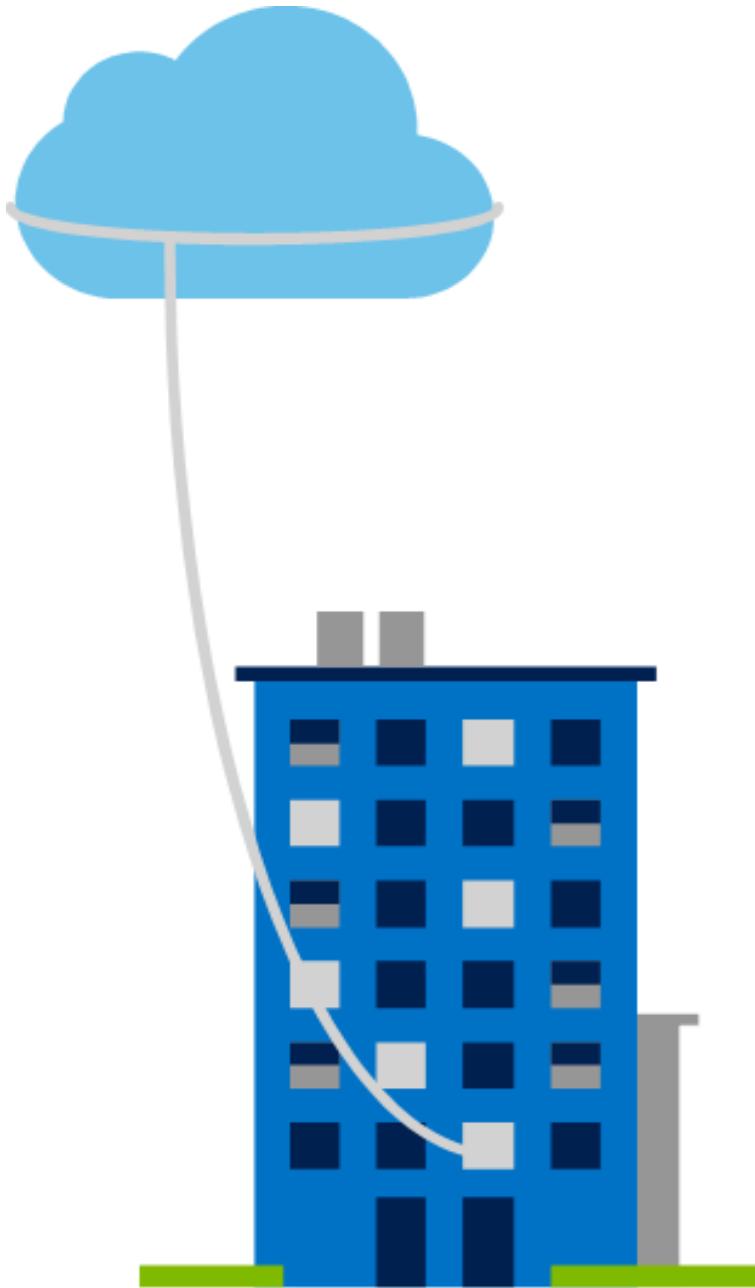


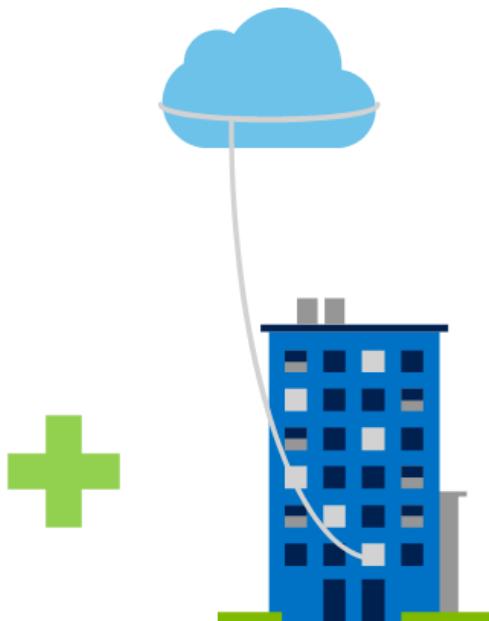
Public cloud

A *public cloud* is owned by a cloud services provider (also known as a *hosting provider*). It provides resources and services to multiple organizations and users who connect to the cloud service via a secure network connection, typically over the internet

Private cloud

A *private cloud* is owned and operated by the organization that uses the resources from that cloud. They create a cloud environment in their own datacenter and provide self-service access to compute resources to users within their organization. The organization remains the owner, entirely responsible for the operation of the services they provide.





A *hybrid cloud* combines both public and private clouds, allowing you to run your applications in the most appropriate location

Hybrid cloud

Cloud model comparison

Public cloud:

- No CapEx. You don't have to buy a new server to scale up.
- Agility. Applications can be made accessible quickly, and deprovisioned whenever needed.
- Consumption-based model. Organizations pay only for what they use, and operate under an OpEx model.

Private cloud:

- Control. Organizations have complete control over resources.
- Security. Organizations have complete control over security.

Hybrid cloud:

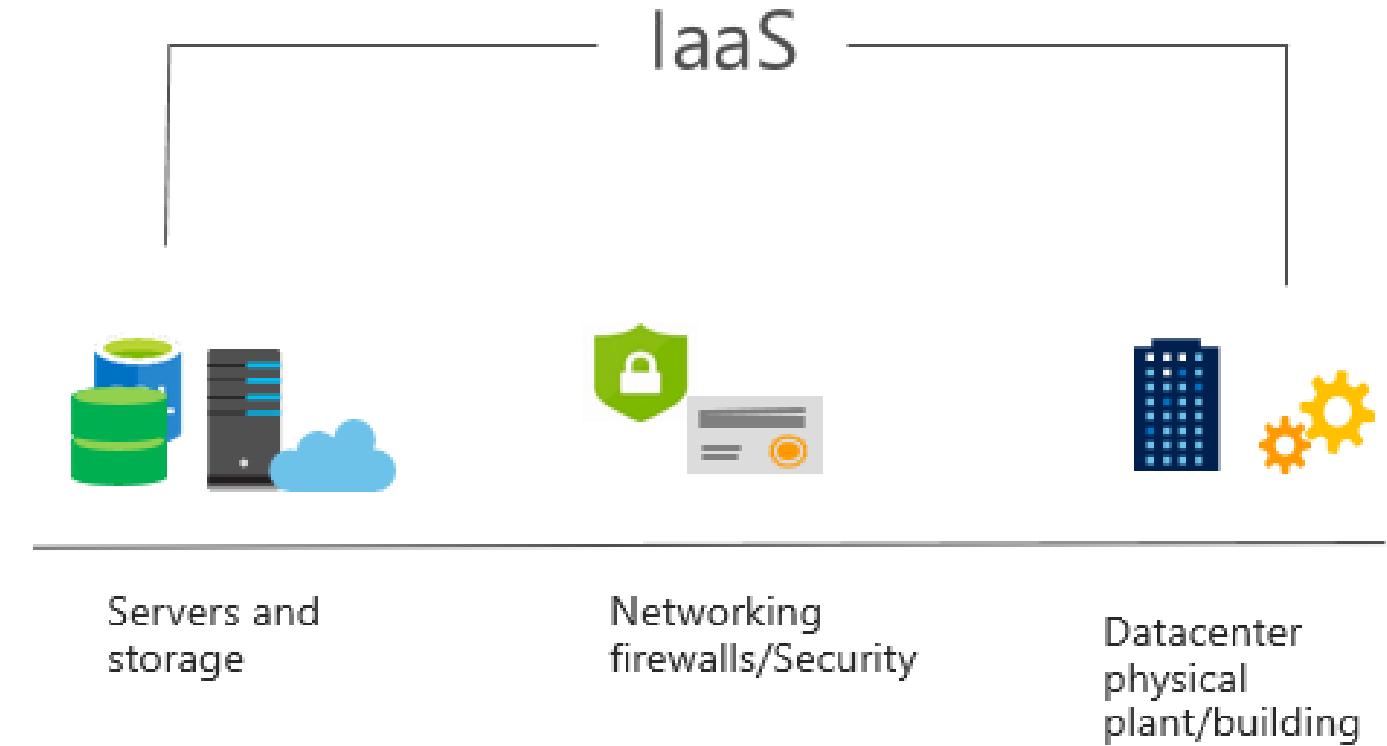
- Flexibility. The most flexible scenario. With a hybrid cloud setup, an organization can determine whether to run their applications in a private cloud or in a public cloud.
- Compliance. Organizations maintain the ability to comply with strict security, compliance, or legal requirements as needed.

Types of cloud services

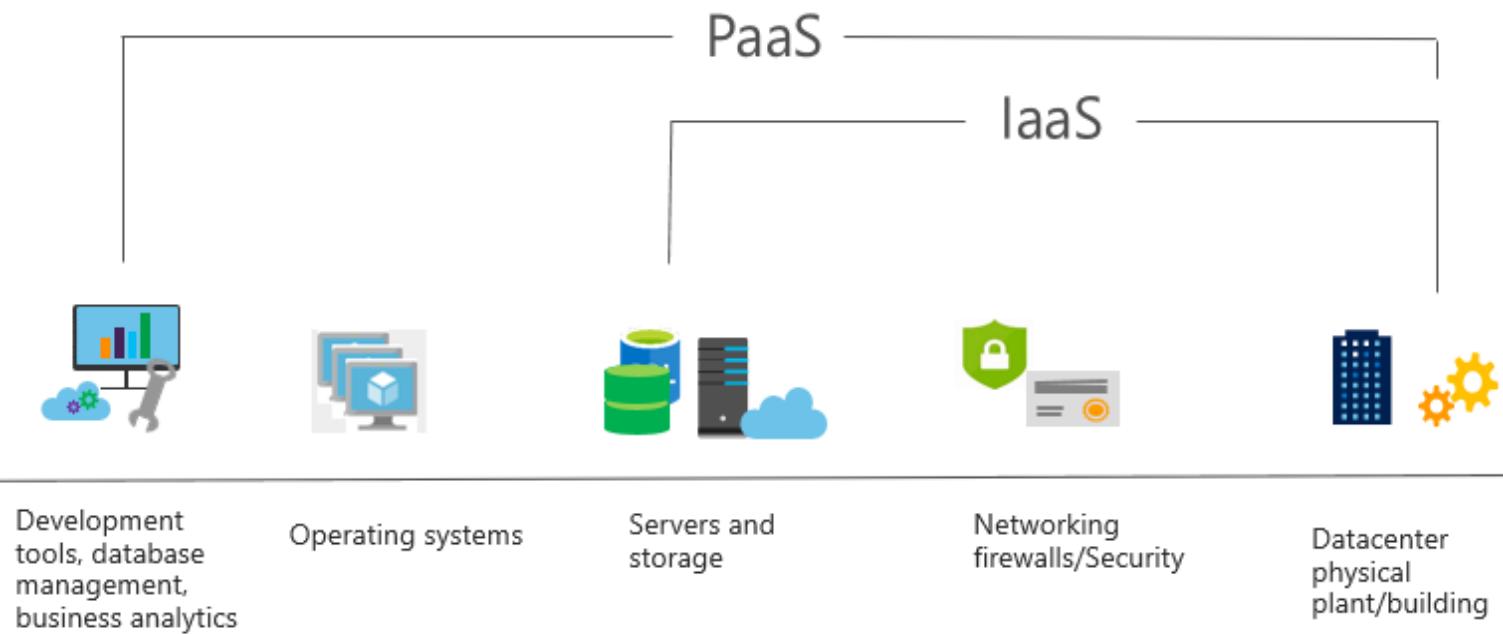


IaaS

IaaS is the most basic category of cloud computing services. With IaaS, you consume IT infrastructure servers, and virtual machines (VMs), storage, networks, and operating systems from a cloud provider on a pay-as-you-go basis. It's an instant computing infrastructure, provisioned and managed over the Internet.



PaaS



PaaS provides an environment for building, testing, and deploying software applications. The goal of PaaS is to help create an application as quickly as possible without having to focus on managing the underlying infrastructure.

SaaS

PaaS

IaaS



Hosted applications/apps



Development tools, database management, business analytics



Operating systems



Servers and storage



Networking firewalls/Security

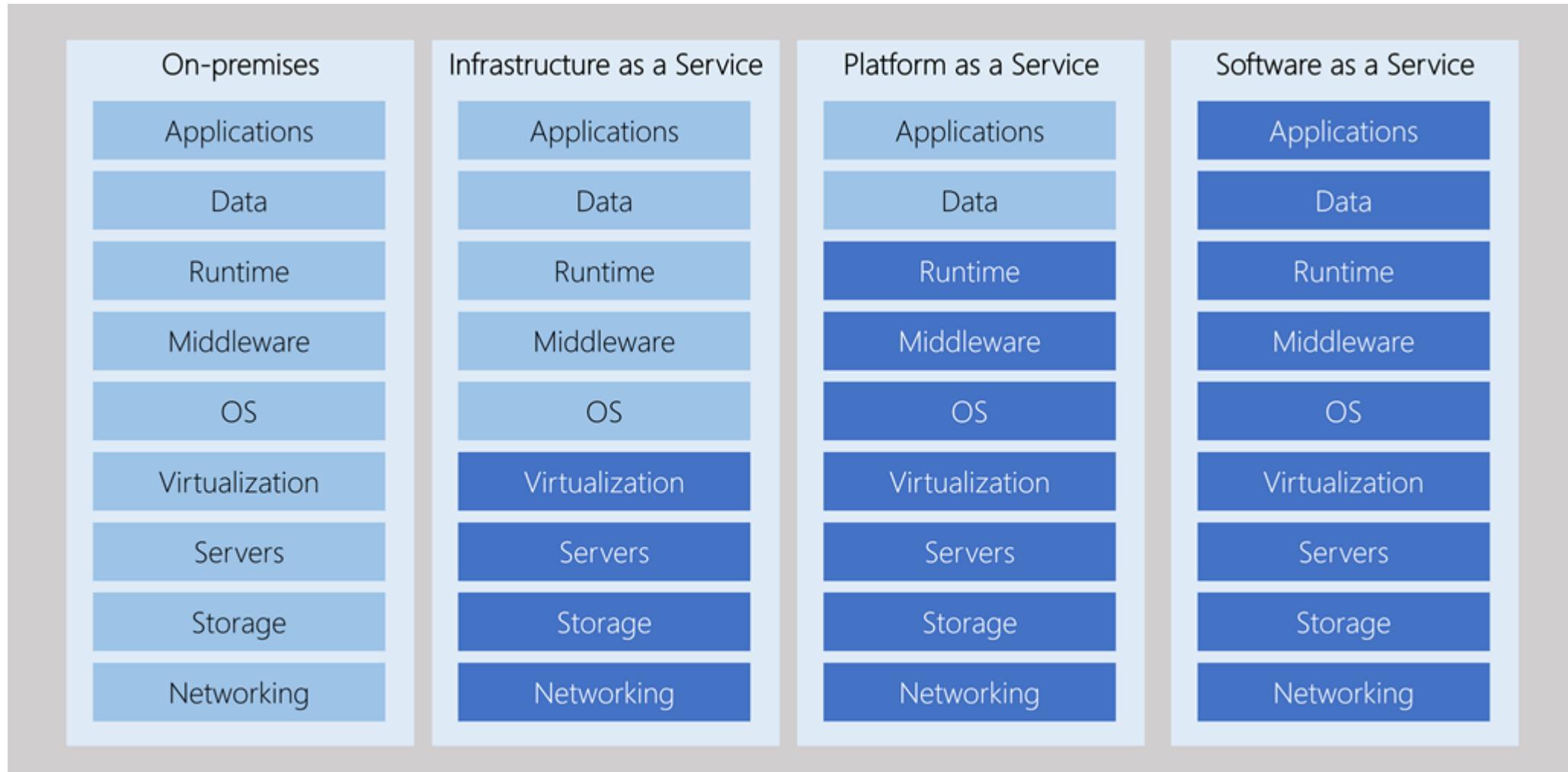


Datacenter physical plant/building

SaaS

SaaS is software that is centrally hosted and managed for the end customer. It allows users to connect to and use cloud-based apps over the internet. Common examples are email, calendars, and office tools such as Microsoft Office 365.

Cloud Computing Models



You Manage



Provider Manages

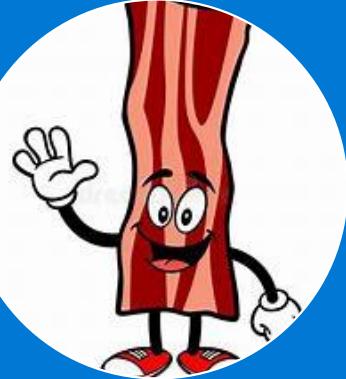
It's just like bacon ...



On-Prem
You raise,
clean, cook,
serve, and
enjoy



IaaS
You clean,
cook, serve,
and enjoy



PaaS
You cook,
serve and
enjoy

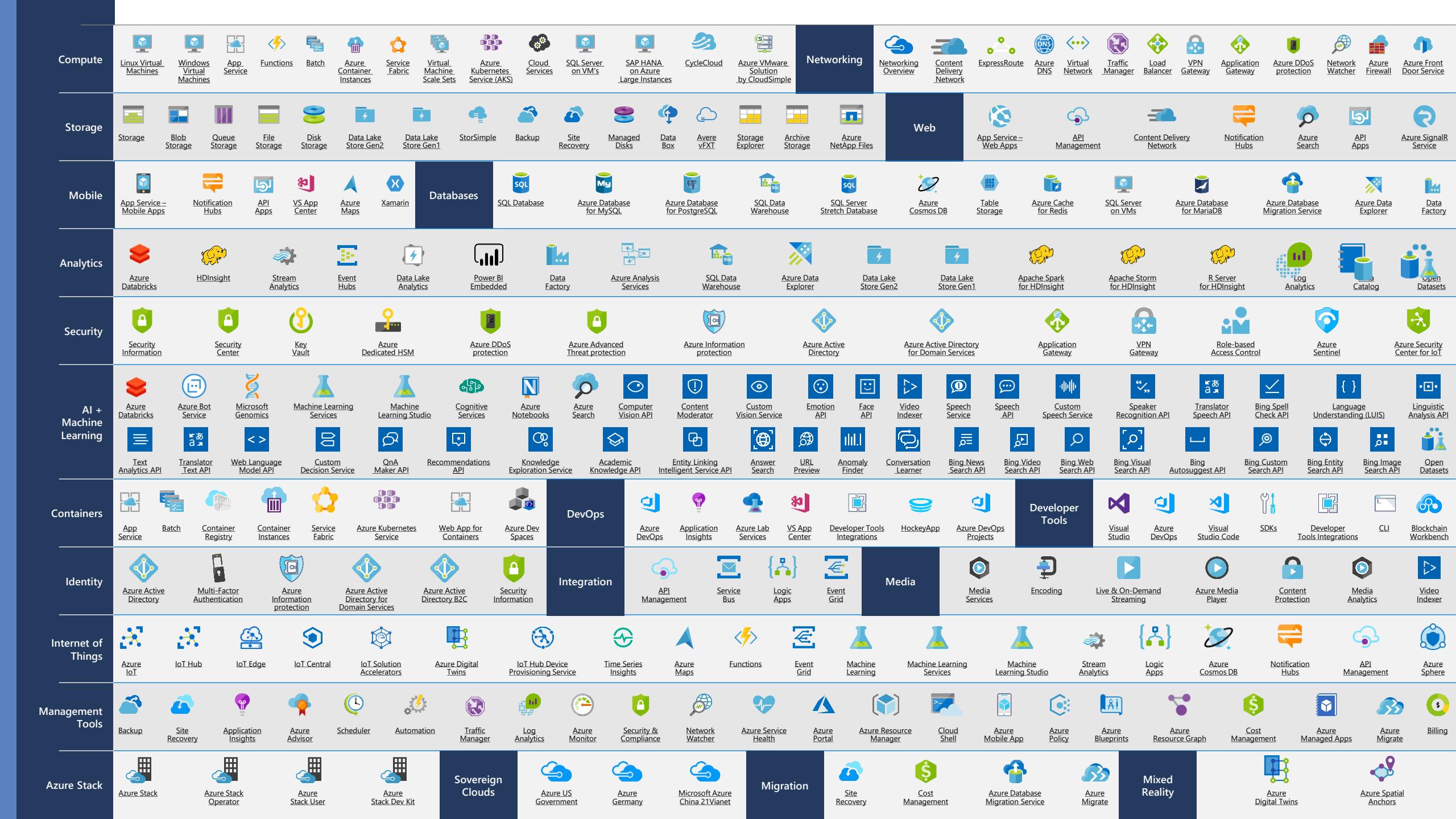


SaaS
You enjoy



What does Azure look like?





Azure covers 91 compliance offerings

Azure has the deepest and most comprehensive compliance coverage in the industry

Global	US Gov	Industry	Regional
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ISO 27001:2013• ISO 27017:2015• ISO 27018:2014• ISO 22301:2012• ISO 9001:2015• ISO 20000-1:2011• SOC 1 Type 2• SOC 2 Type 2• SOC 3• CIS Benchmark• CSA STAR Certification• CSA STAR Attestation• CSA STAR self-assessment• WCAG 2.0 (ISO 40500:2012)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• FedRAMP high• FedRAMP moderate• EAR• ITAR• DoD DISA SRG Level 5• DoD DISA SRG Level 4• DoD DISA SRG Level 2• DFARS• DoE 10 CFR Part 810• NIST SP 800-171• NIST CSF• Section 508 VPATs• FIPS 140-2• CJIS• IRS 1075• CNSSI 1253	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• PCI DSS Level 1• GLBA (US)• FFIEC (US)• Shared assessments (US)• SEC 17a-4 (US)• CFTC 1.31 (US)• FINRA 4511 (US)• SOX (US)• 23 NYCRR 500 (US)• OSFI (Canada)• FCA + PRA (UK)• APRA (Australia)• FINMA (Switzerland)• FSA (Denmark)• RBI + IRDAI (India)• MAS + ABS (Singapore)• NBB + FSMA (Belgium)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• AFM + DNB (Netherlands)• AMF + ACPR (France)• KNF (Poland)• European Banking Authority (EBA)• FISC (Japan)• HIPAA BAA (US)• HITRUST certification• GxP (FDA 21 CFR Part 11)• MARS-E (US)• NHS IG Toolkit (UK)• NEN 7510:2011 (Netherlands)• FERPA (US)• CDSA• MPAA (US)• FACT (UK)• DPP (UK)• TISAX (Germany)

<https://aka.ms/AzureCompliance>

55 regions
worldwide

140 available in
140 countries



* Two Azure Government Secret region locations undisclosed

2M Miles / 3.2M Km
intra-datacenter
fiber

72+
Tb per second
backbone

150+
datacenters

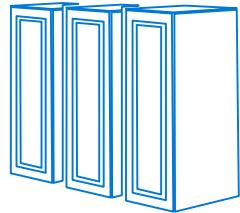
Millions
of servers



Regions are not data centers!

- Our definition of a data center is unlike the usual, customary definition of a data center (pictures coming to explain).
- Each Microsoft Azure Region has at least three (3) physical data centers/buildings, so 54 regions times at least 3 physical data centers/buildings each is 150+ data centers!
- Our competition typically equates one data center per region.
- Each data center is roughly a \$1B capex investment, and we can't build them fast enough.

Datacenter evolution: from 1989 to today



Traditional

2007



Modular

2009



Cloud

Today



Columbia 1 & 2 - 2007



West US2



North Europe



West Europe



West Central





What servers are in Azure?



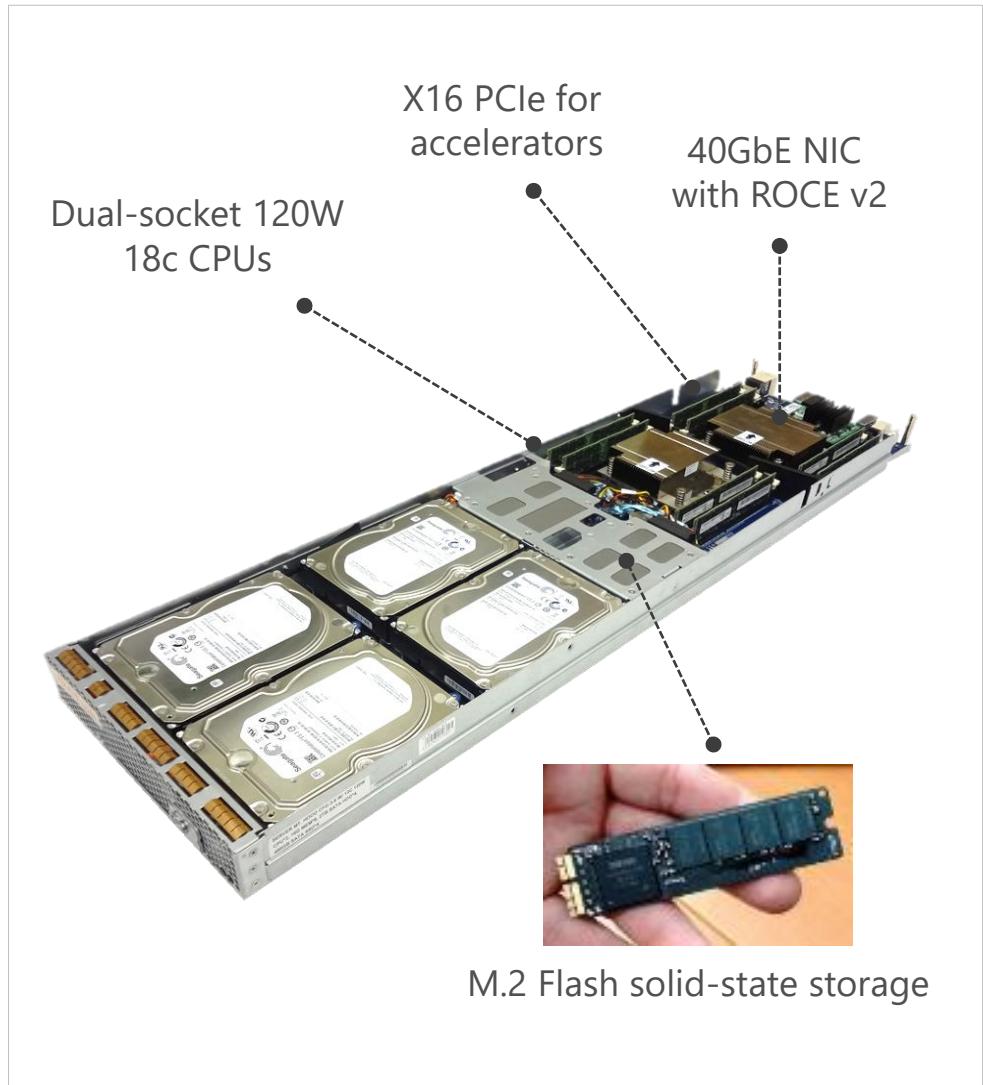
- > Over two Million Servers
 - \$15 billion infrastructure investment over 20 years
 - Global infrastructure enables 200+ cloud services
 - Close collaboration with hardware partners
 - Nobody knows an exact server count



- Open Compute Project
 - Contributed Microsoft Cloud Server Specification
 - Hardware Supports Azure, M365 and Bing
 - Innovation in modularity, simplicity and efficiency



- Driving Customer Benefit
 - Deliver hyper-scale learnings
 - Drive innovation in the hardware ecosystem
 - Microsoft innovations in the hands of customers

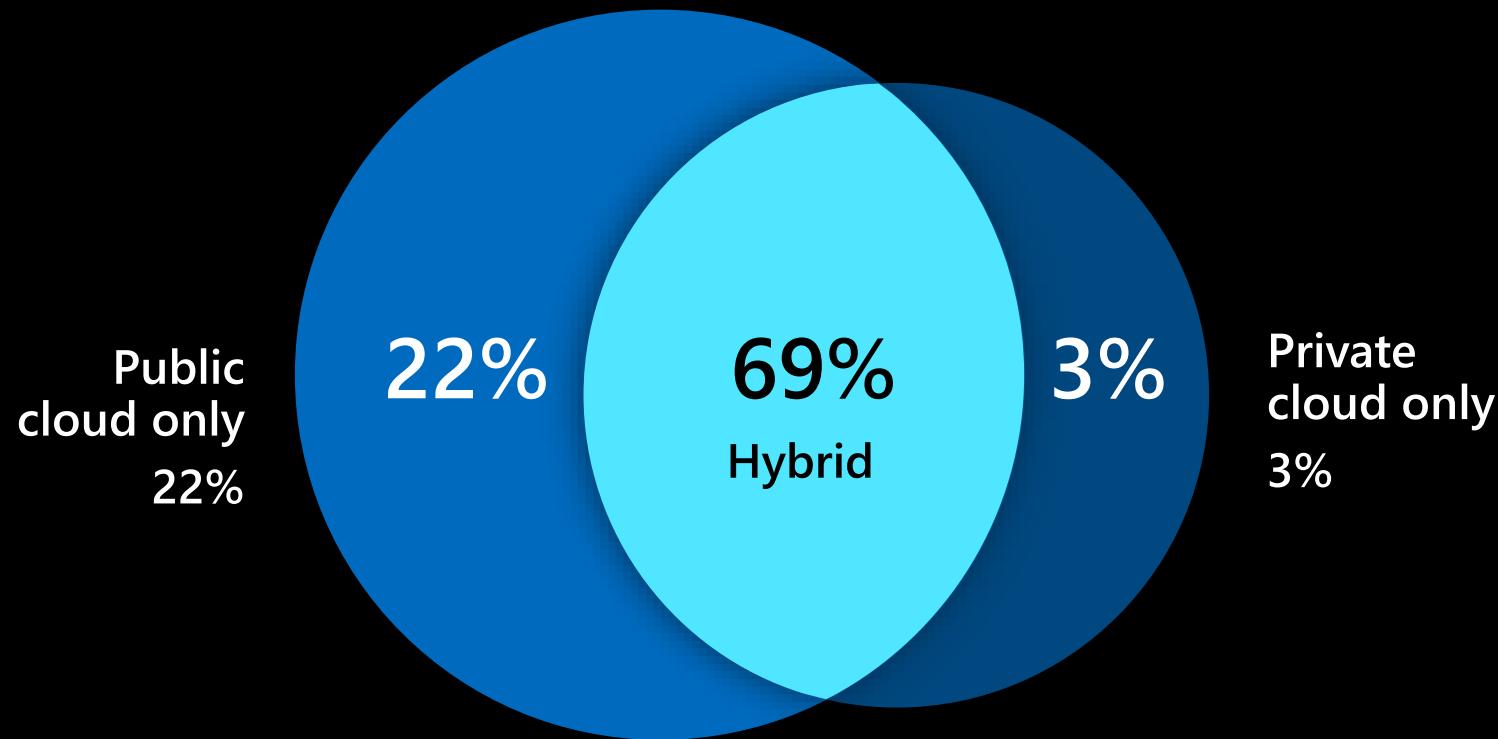




Azure Hybrid



Hybrid is the prevalent strategy

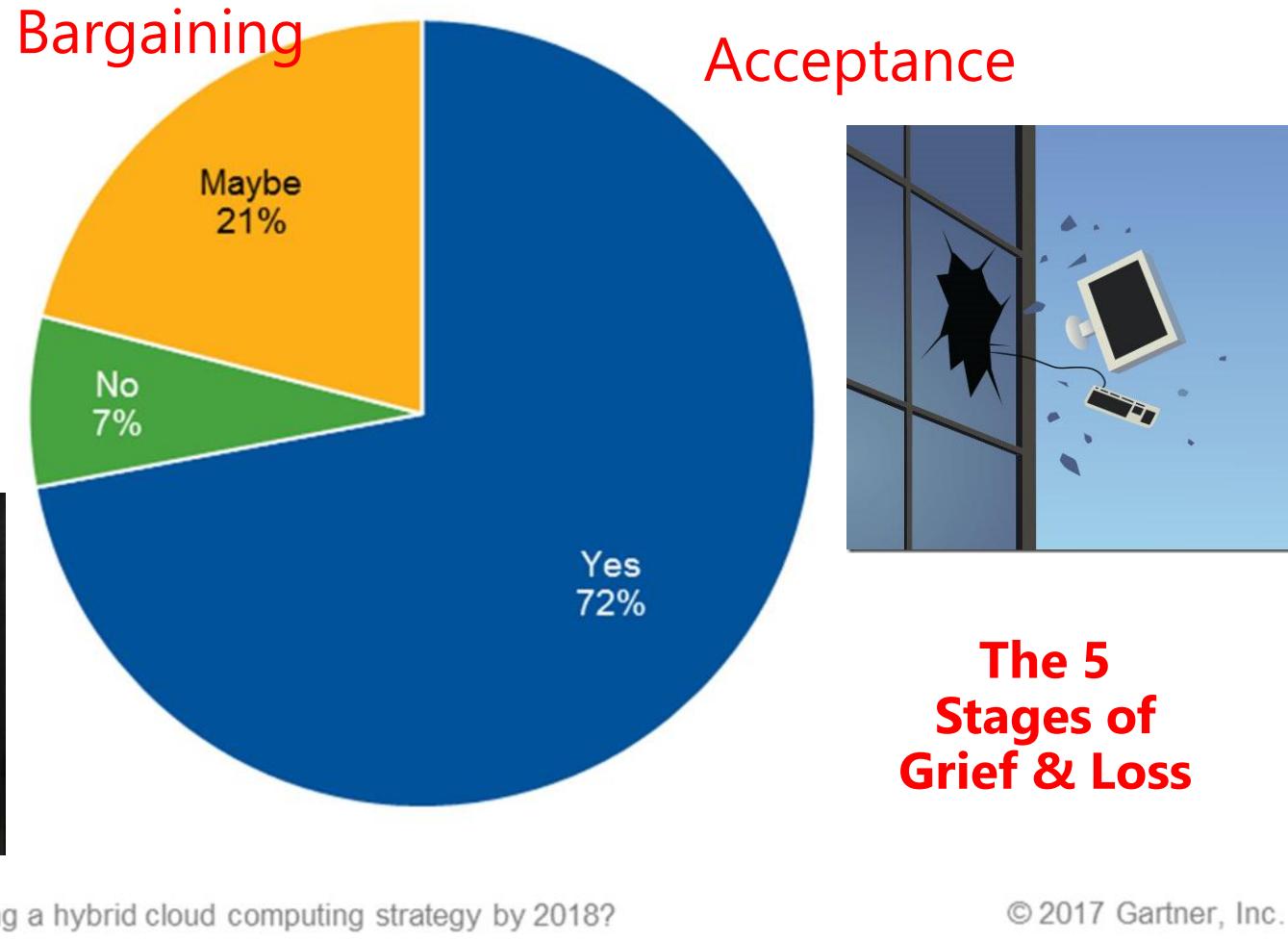


Source: RightScale 2019 State of the Cloud Report from Flexera

What Gartner Says



Denial & Anger



Q: Will your enterprise be pursuing a hybrid cloud computing strategy by 2018?

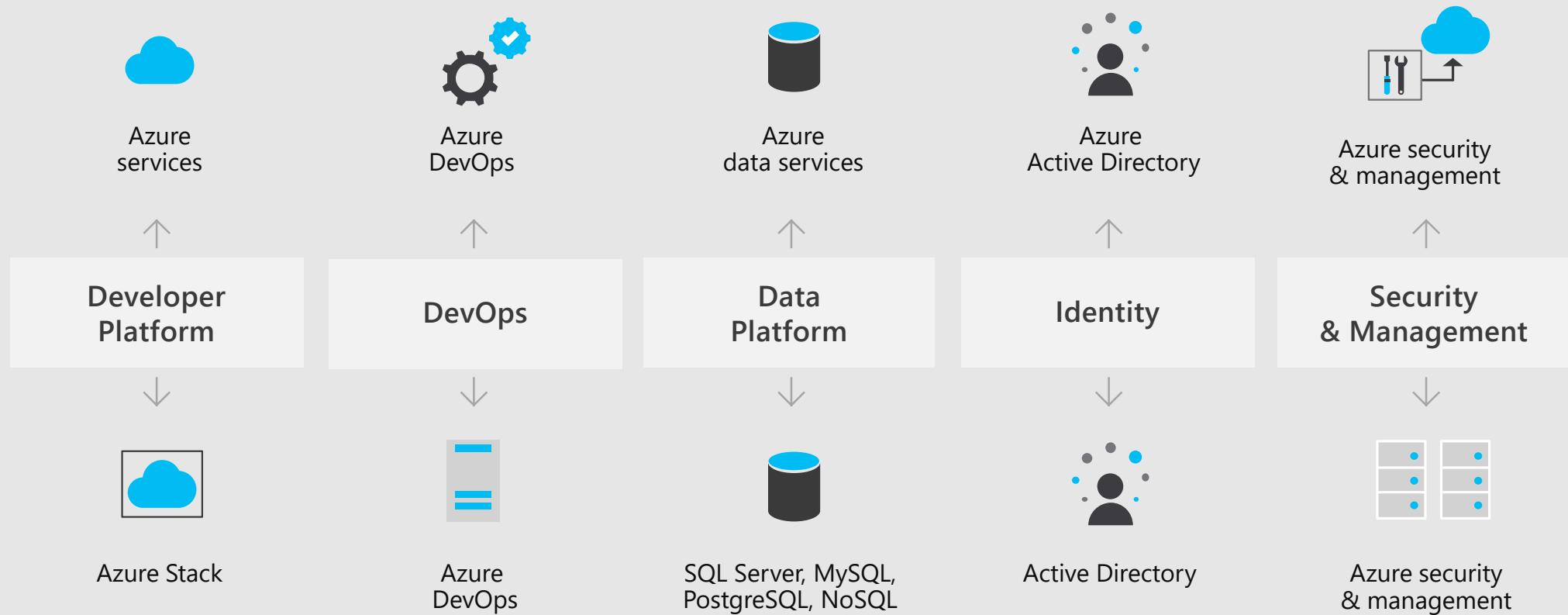
© 2017 Gartner, Inc.

Azure: Hybrid

- Microsoft Azure is the only cloud provider with a true hybrid strategy.
- Microsoft has no competition in this space.
- Microsoft Azure was designed to be hybrid since day 1 (nearly 10 years ago).
- This our biggest competitive advantage, use it to your advantage!

Azure: Hybrid

The only consistent, comprehensive hybrid cloud



The Azure Infrastructure Platform

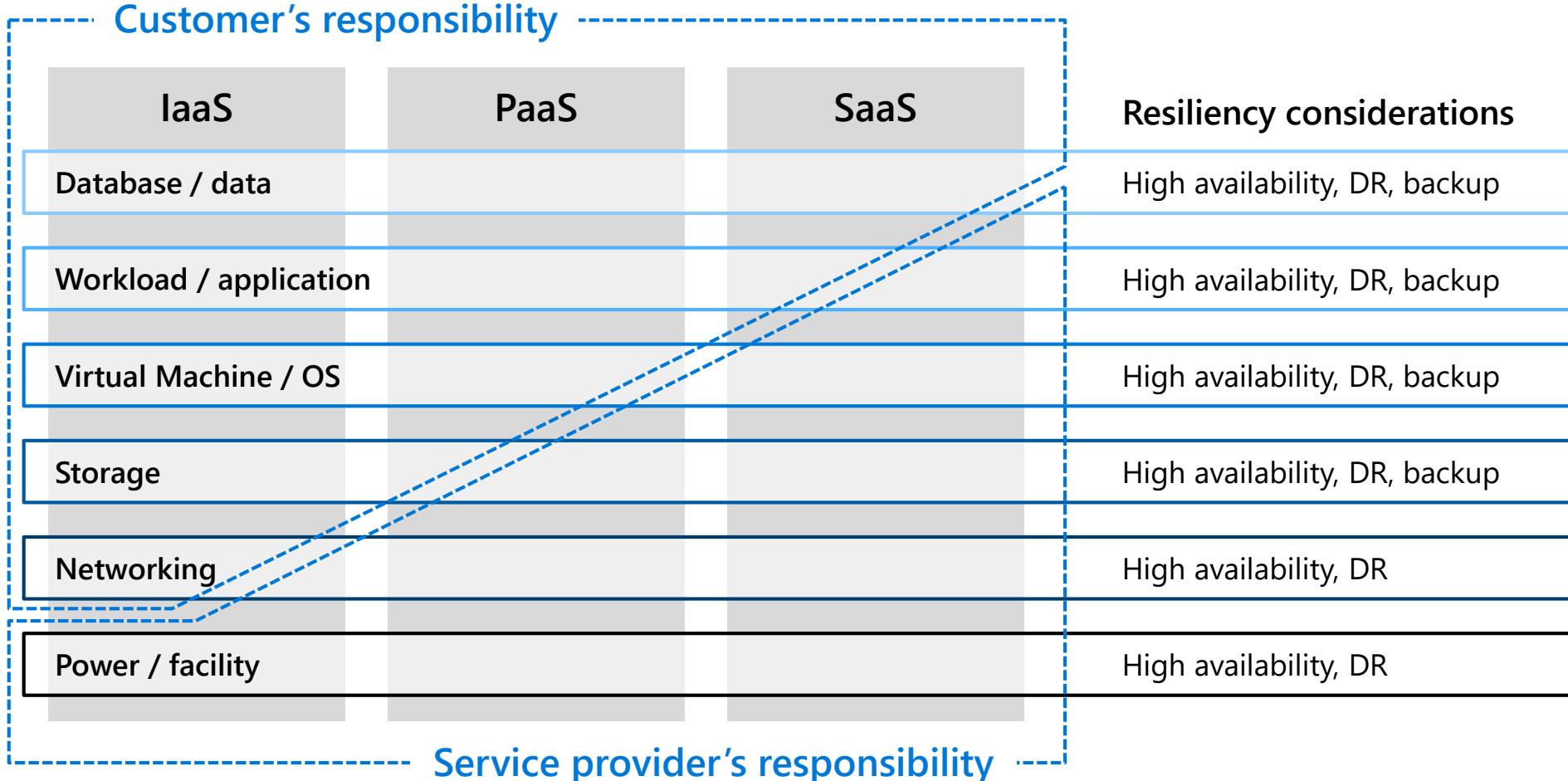


Resiliency

- Now that you're moving to the cloud how you design solutions needs to change. *Why?* Every feature in the Azure platform is available to you.
- You are now a storage and network architect, and resiliency must be a discussion at every layer of your solution.
- Just because you move it to the cloud it doesn't mean your solution will have more uptime.

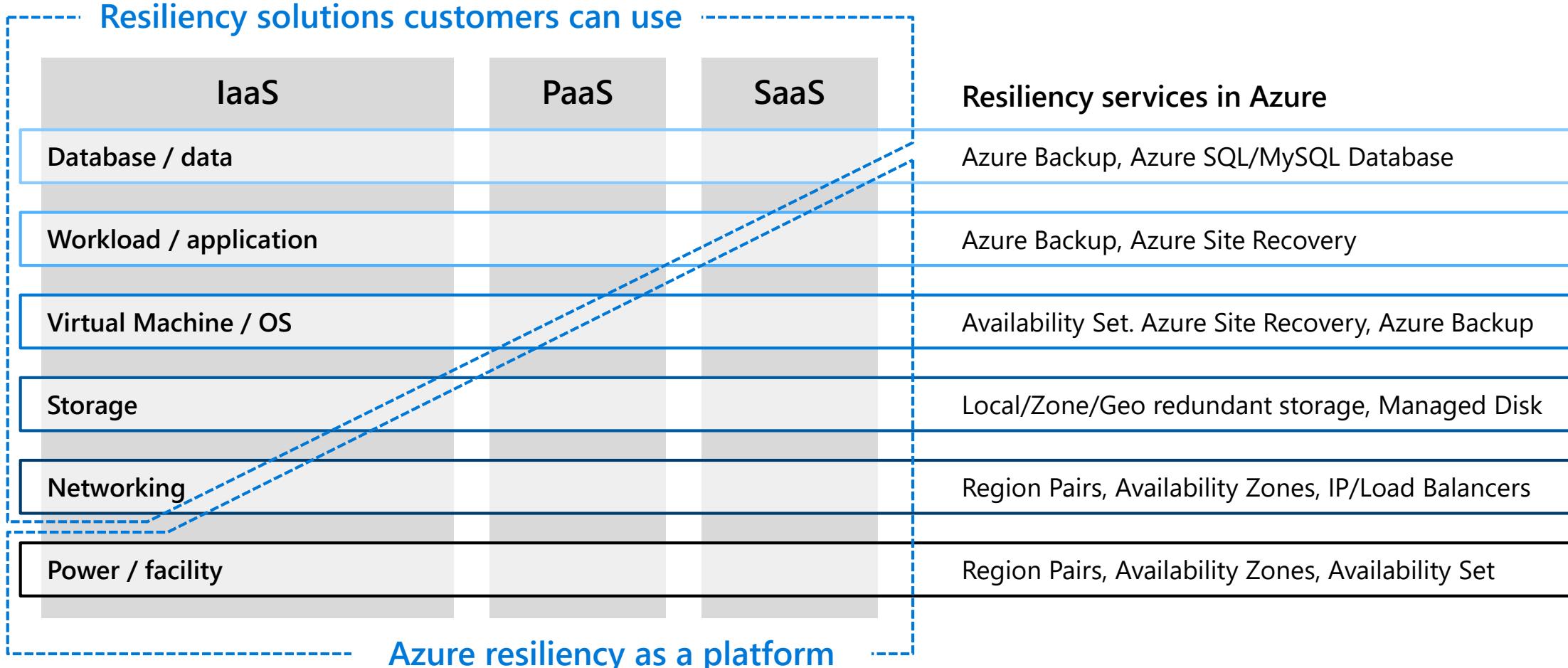
Resiliency in the public cloud

Resiliency is a joint effort between customers and service providers



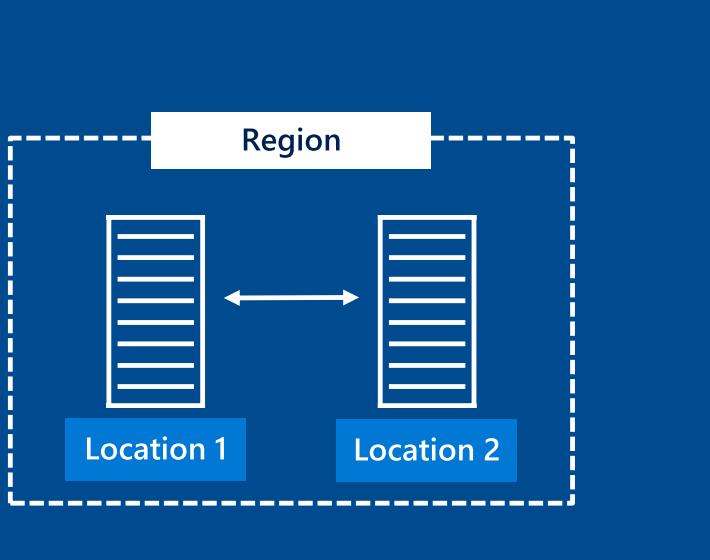
Resiliency in Azure

Azure provides resiliency as a platform and solutions through globe's largest datacenter footprint



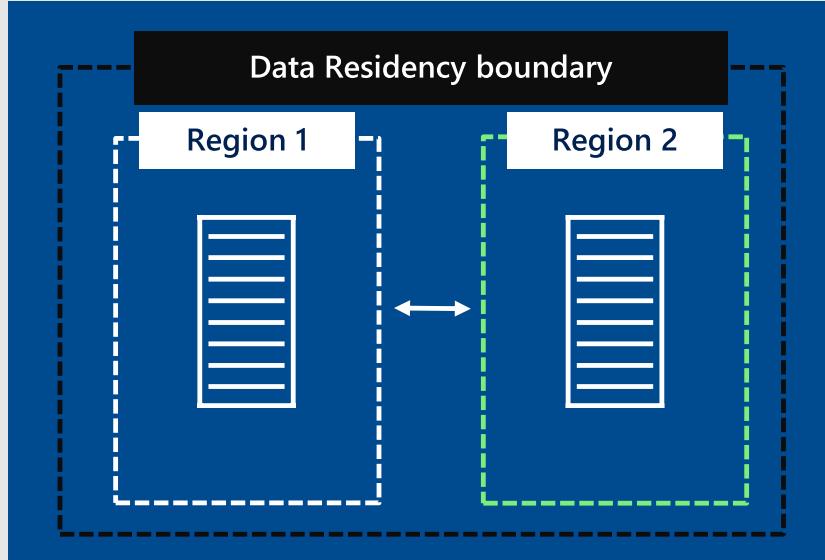
Azure business continuity

From mission critical applications to backup



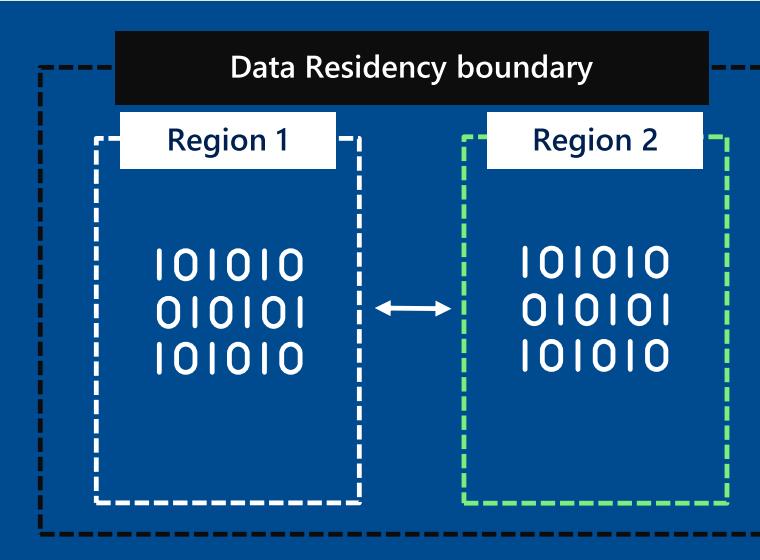
High Availability

Data is replicated to a minimum of one additional location at low latency, so data and application uptime is preserved.



Disaster Recovery

Asynchronous replication from one region to another, with standby VMs in the other region. Azure offers protection between regions within data residency boundaries.



Backup

Data is asynchronously replicated and stored for redundancy purposes with data residency options.

Geographies



A *geography* is a discrete market typically containing two or more regions that preserves data residency and compliance boundaries



Geographies allow customers with specific data-residency and compliance needs to keep their data and applications close



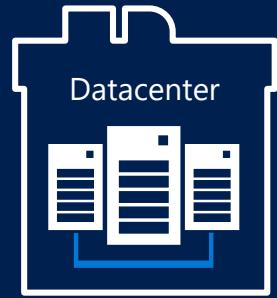
Geographies are broken up into Americas, Europe, Asia Pacific, Middle East, and Africa

Azure Geographies

Geography	Regions
Asia Pacific	East Asia (Hong Kong) Southeast Asia (Singapore)
Australia	Australia Central (Canberra) Australia Central 2 (Canberra) Australia East (New South Wales) Australia Southeast (Victoria)
Brazil	Brazil South (Sao Paulo State)
Canada	Canada Central (Toronto) Canada East (Quebec City)
Europe	North Europe (Ireland) West Europe (Netherlands)
France	France Central (Paris) France South (Marseille)
Germany	Germany North (Berlin) Germany West Central (Frankfurt)
India	Central India (Pune) South India (Chennai) West India (Mumbai)
Japan	Japan East (Tokyo, Saitama) Japan West (Osaka)
Korea	Korea Central (Seoul) Korea South (Busan)
South Africa	South Africa North (Johannesburg) South Africa West (Cape Town)
Switzerland	Switzerland North (Zurich) Switzerland West (Geneva)
United Arab Emirates	UAE Central (Abu Dhabi) UAE North (Dubai)
United Kingdom	UK South (London) UK West (Cardiff)
United States	Central US (Iowa) East US (Virginia) East US 2 (Virginia) North Central US (Illinois) South Central US (Texas) West Central US (Wyoming) West US (California) West US 2 (Washington)

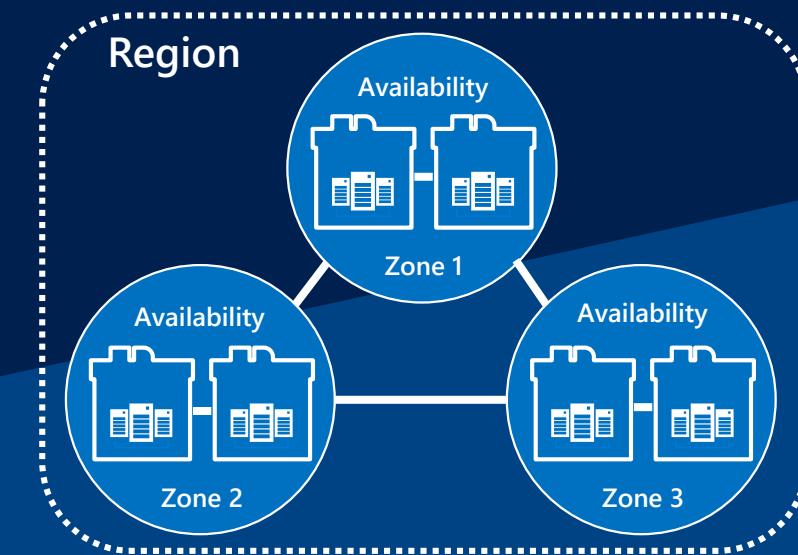
Azure protection options for all scenarios

Introducing Availability Zones, protecting from datacenter level failures



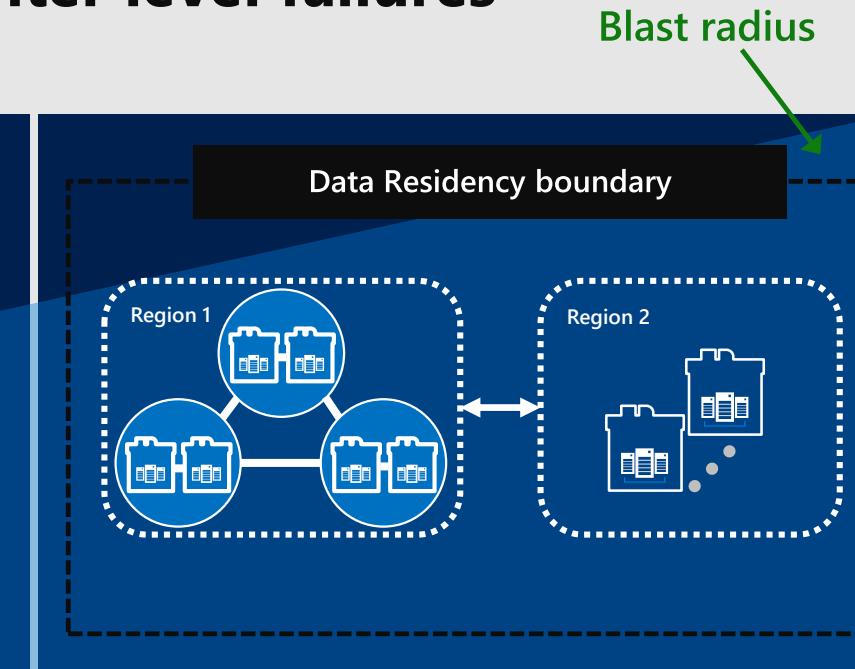
Availability Sets

High Availability protection from hardware failures in a datacenter.



Availability Zones

High Availability protection against loss of datacenters. Multiple datacenters per physically separated zone. Each zone features independent network, cooling, and power.

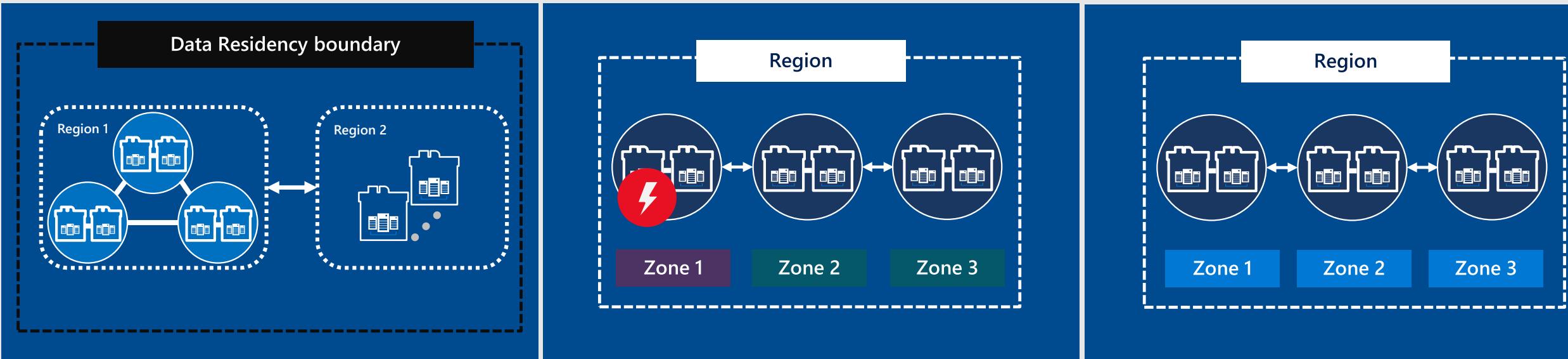


Region Pairs

Protection for your data and applications from the loss of an entire region with Geo-redundant storage (GRS) and Azure Site Recovery.

Availability Zones

Part of Azure's native HA/DR solutions, providing protection from datacenter failure



Comprehensive resiliency with Data Residency

Availability Zones and a paired region within the same data residency boundary provides high availability, disaster recovery, and backup.

Protect against entire datacenter loss

Each zone is physically separated and consists of one or more datacenters with independent power, network, and cooling. Applications and data are replicated through zone-redundant services.

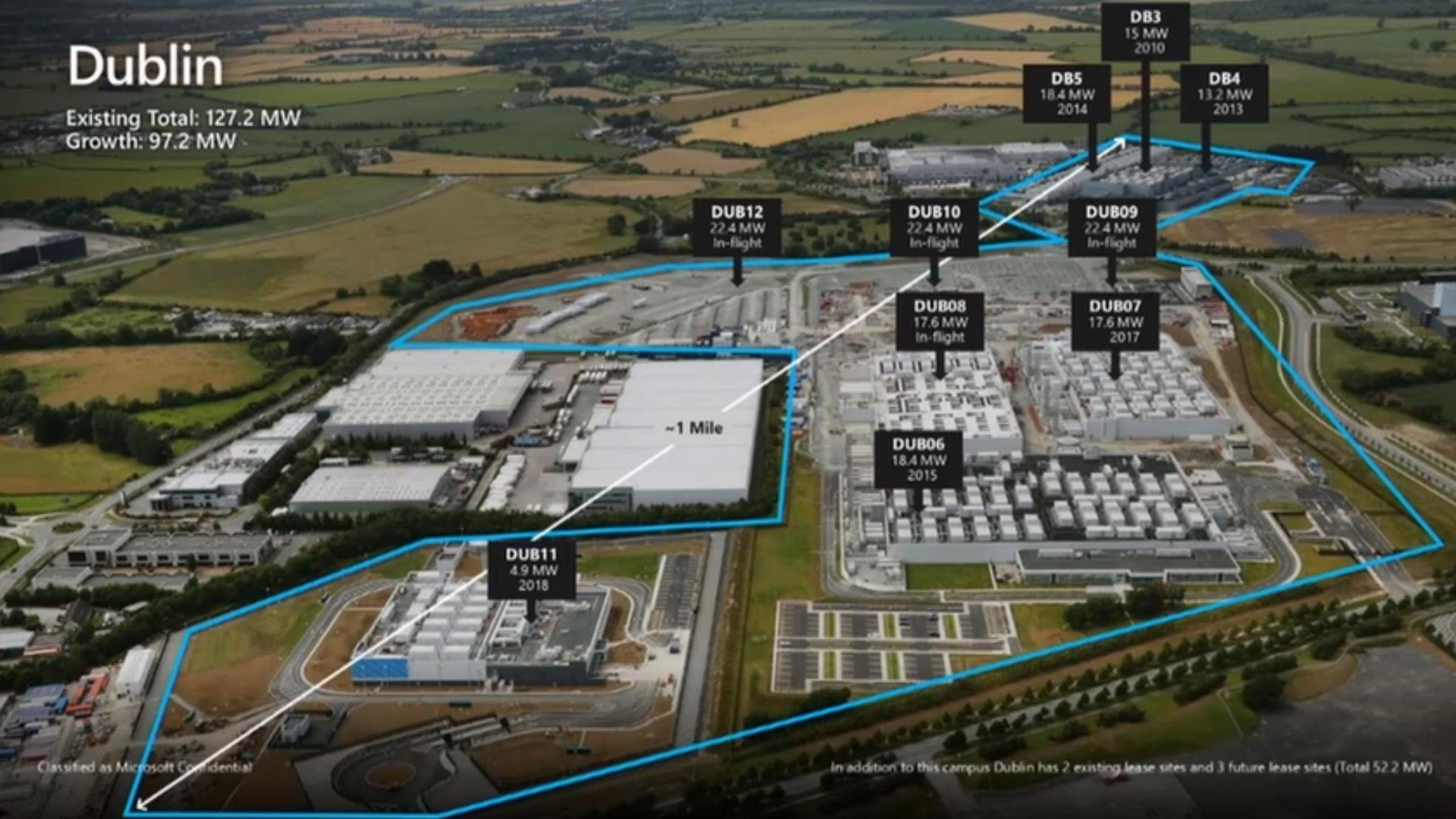
Run mission-critical applications with 99.99% SLA

High Availability supported with industry best SLA when two or more VMs are running in separate Availability Zones within a region.

Dublin

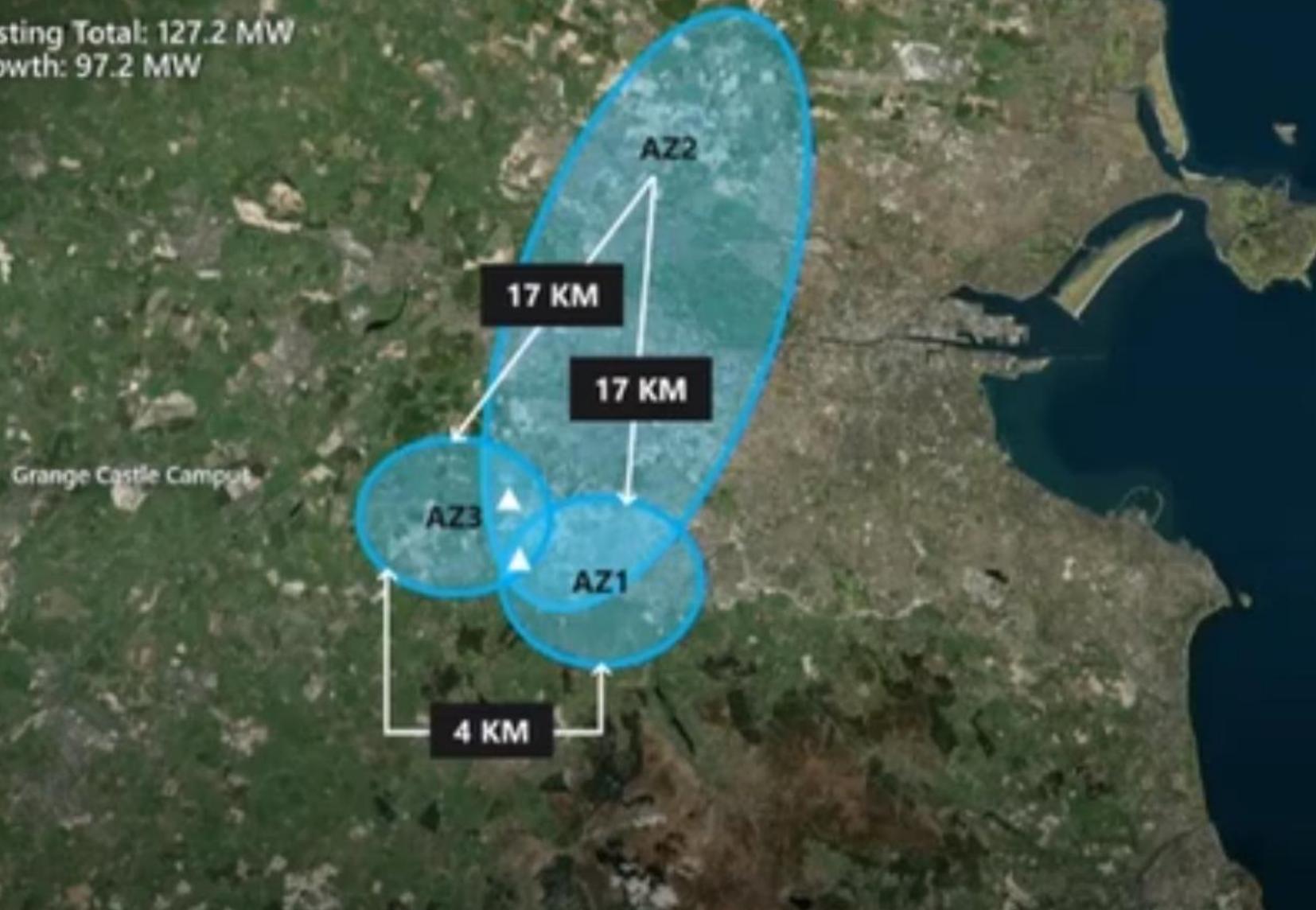
Existing Total: 127.2 MW

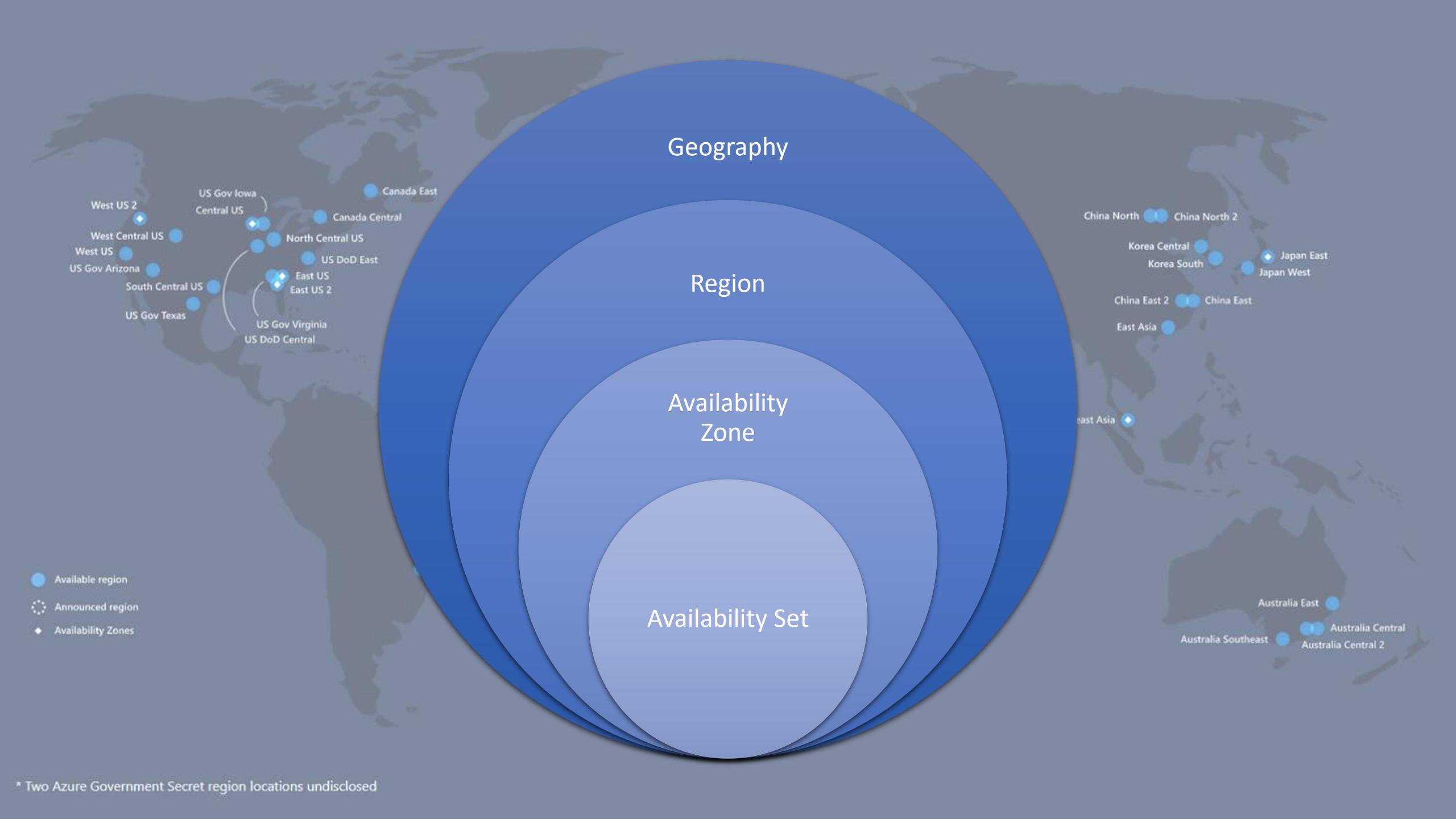
Growth: 97.2 MW



Dublin

Existing Total: 127.2 MW
Growth: 97.2 MW





Geography

Region

Availability
Zone

Availability Set

Available region

Announced region

Availability Zones

Types of failures you need Resilience from

Premium Storage

Single VM

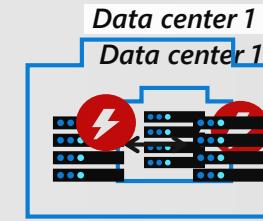


SLA 99.9%

Hardware failure



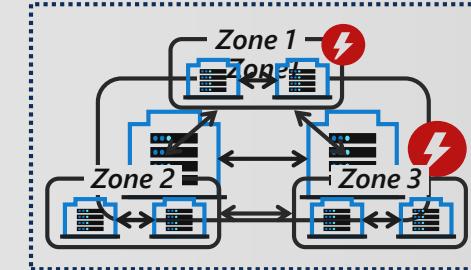
Availability Sets



SLA 99.95%

Rack level failure

Availability Zones



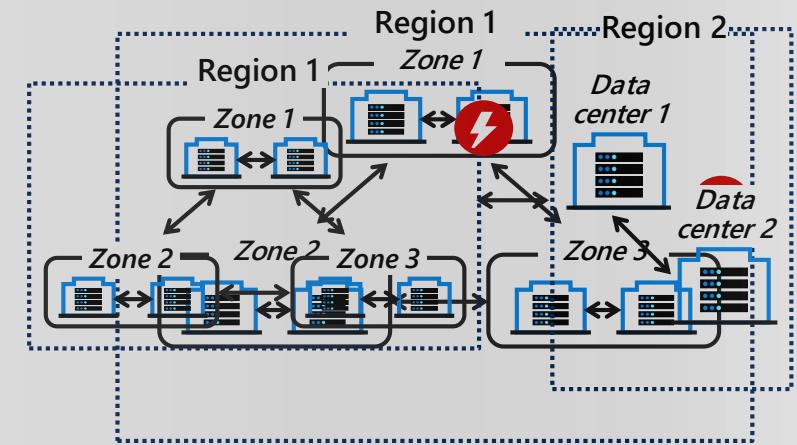
SLA 99.99%

Datacenter outage

Accidental data loss point-in-time to restore data Data corruption corruption of data

Backup

Azure Site Recovery & Region Pairs



RTO 30 minutes

Natural Disaster

SBlast radius impact

Ransomware



Azure Compute





Compute:

Compute commonly refers to the collection of cloud computing resources that your application can run on



Compute



Azure Compute: Capabilities & Features

Customer
NeedsLift and shift" of legacy systems into
a fully automated infrastructure

Scale out and scale up capabilities

Global scale

Third party line of business
applications such as SAP HANADesigned for
high-end
workloads

- Virtual Machines
- Virtual Machine Scale Sets
- Disks
- Availability Sets

Compute
options for all
apps

Intel Haswell E5-2673 v3,
Lowest cost, flexible CPUs
Up to 8vCPUs, 32GB RAM

Intel Xeon E5-2673 v4
(Broadwell) , Hyper-
Threaded CPUs. Up to 64
vCPUs, 432GB RAM

Intel Broadwell E5-2673 v4
Hyper-Threaded CPUs
Up to 64 vCPU's, 256GB
RAM

Intel Xeon E7-8890 v3
(Haswell). Largest VMs in
Azure. Up to 128 vCPUs, 4TB
RAM

Intel® Xeon® Platinum
8168 processor (Skylake)

Nvidia GPU accelerated
compute and Graphics
platform featuring Nvidia
GRID 2.0 on M60, Tesla P40,
P100 and V100 for AI/ML
and HPC workloads.

AMD EPYC™7551 processor
8x1.9 TB SSDs

SkyLake Processor - The F-
series is hyper-threaded and
based on the Intel Xeon®
Platinum 8168 (SkyLake)
processor

Compute
Options

Entry level

Burstable

General
PurposeCompute
OptimizedStorage
OptimizedMemory
Optimized

GPU Enabled

High Performance
ComputingPurpose-built
Infrastructure

Av2



B



D



F



L



Ev3



NC

NCv2



H

SAP
HANA

Dv2

Fv2

DV3

Lv2

DC

Dv3

M

NCv3

NV

NVv2

ND

NDv2

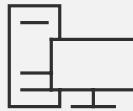
HB

HC

Most comprehensive resiliency and best SLA

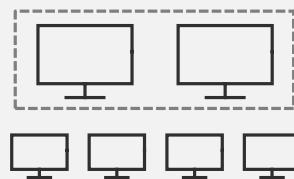
INDUSTRY-ONLY

VM SLA
99.9%



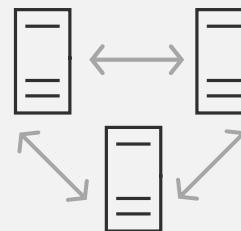
INDUSTRY-LEADING HIGH AVAILABILITY SLA

VM SLA
99.95%



SINGLE VM
Protection with Premium Storage

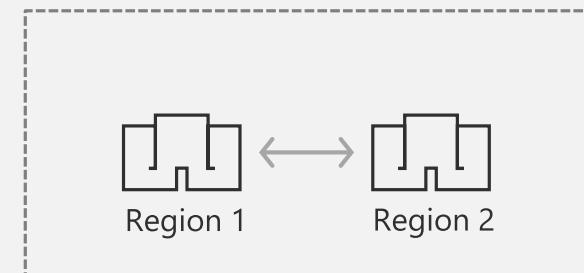
VM SLA
99.99%



AVAILABILITY SETS
Protection against failures within datacenters

INDUSTRY-LEADING DISASTER RECOVERY

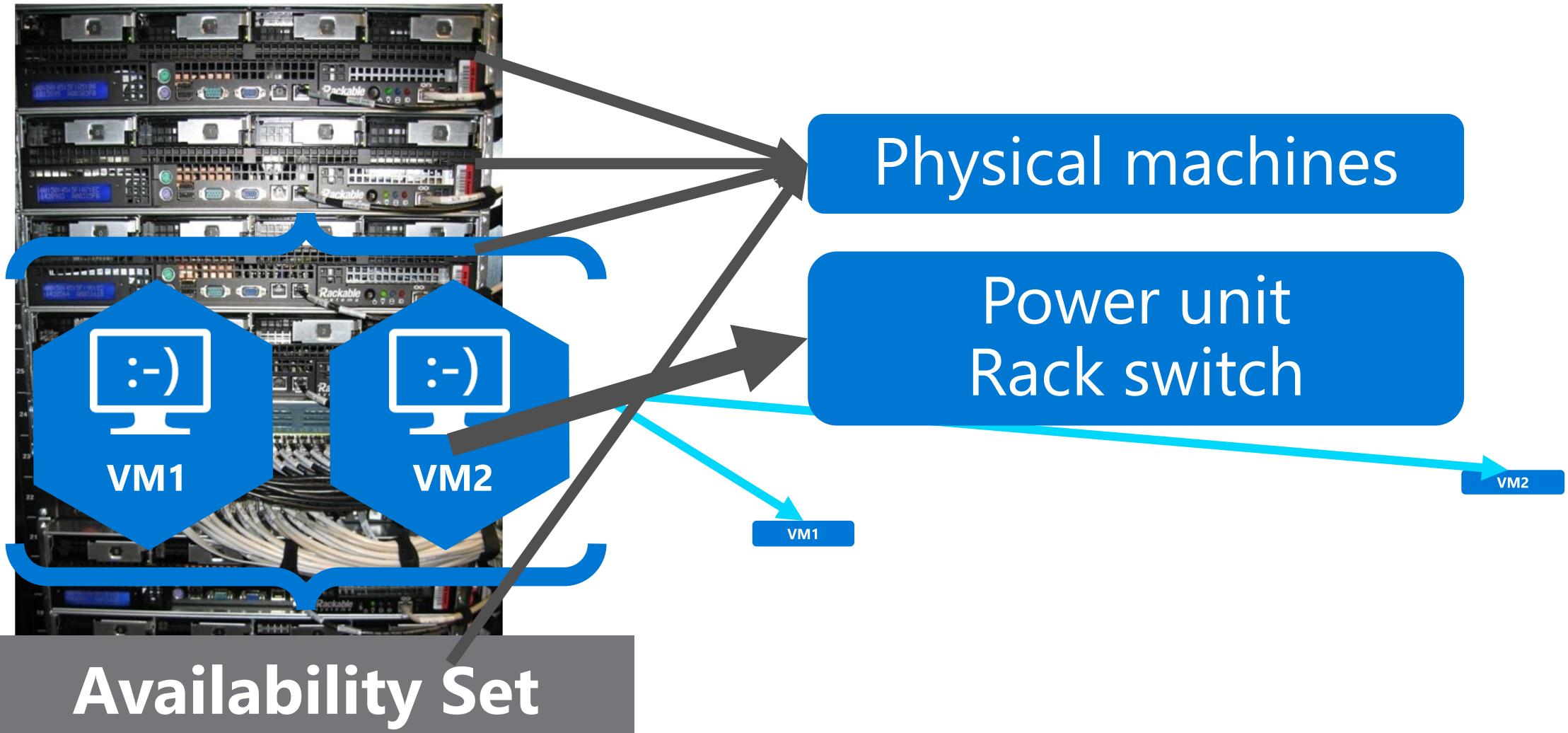
REGIONS
54



AVAILABILITY ZONES
Protection from entire datacenter failures

REGION PAIRS
Protection from disaster with Data Residency compliance

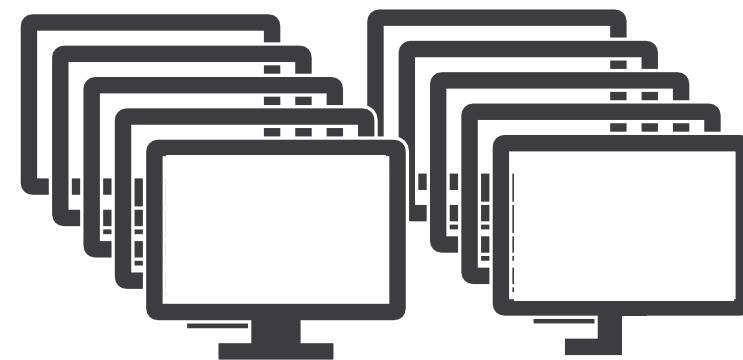
Availability Sets



Virtual Machine Scale Sets (VMSS)

- Scale - Deploy identical resources
 - Easily
 - Rapidly
 - At scale....10s – 10,000s of cores
- Customization – PaaS-like ease of use with custom infrastructure requirements
- Availability - Roll out updates without service interruption
- Low cost - Dynamically increase/decrease compute power to optimize costs
- Elasticity - Automatically scale to changing demand

Search virtual machine instances		
NAME	STATUS	LATEST MODEL
bigcore_0	✓ VM running	Yes
bigcore_1	✓ VM running	Yes
bigcore_2	● VM stopped	⚠ No
bigcore_3	● VM stopped	⚠ No
bigcore_4	● VM stopped	⚠ No
bigcore_210	✓ VM running	Yes
bigcore_211	✓ VM running	Yes



1000 VMs

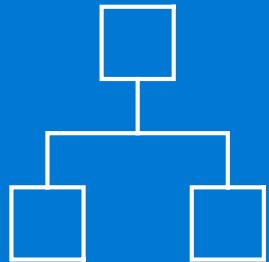
<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/services/virtual-machines-scale-sets/>



Azure Networking

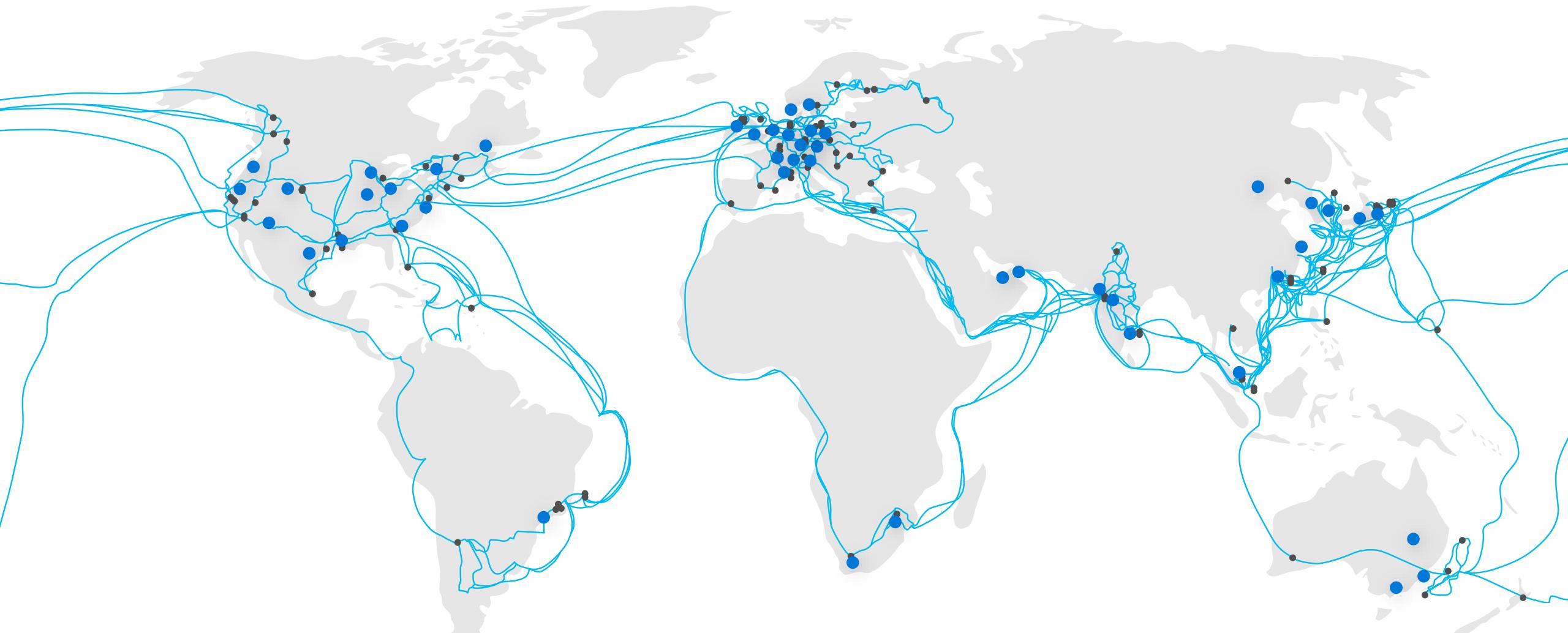


Networking



Allows you to easily provision private networks, securely connecting users to cloud applications, and to your on-premises datacenters

Gain global scale with local presence



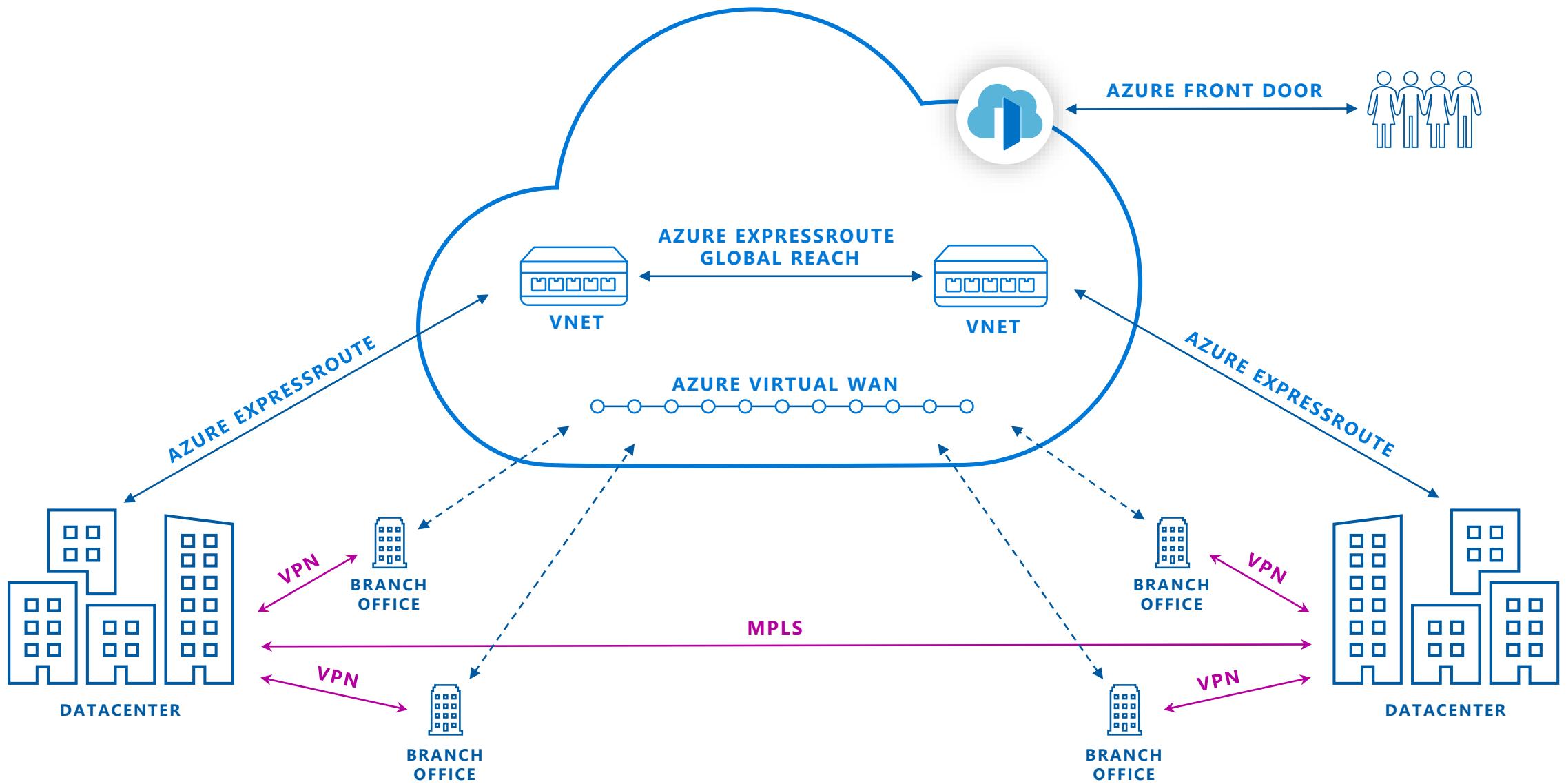
54 REGIONS
WORLDWIDE

100K+ MILES OF FIBER
AND SUBSEA CABLE

135+ EDGE SITES

200+ EXPRESSROUTE
PARTNERS

Fast, most flexible hybrid connectivity and app delivery





Azure region to region round trip latency

The inter-region average latency measurements on a monthly basis

Full Report:

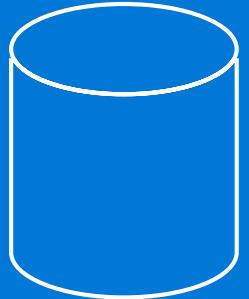
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/networking/azure-network-latency>

	Australia Central	Australia East	Australia South East	Brazil South	Canada Central	Canada East	Central India	Central US	East Asia	East US	East US2	France Central	France South	Germany North	Germany West Central	Japan East	Japan West
Australia Central	7	18	317	221	231	155	202	124	210	205	285	299	300	294	110	118	
Australia East	7	13	311	215	225	149	196	118	204	199	279	293	293	288	108	114	
Australia South East	18	13	321	226	235	149	206	122	215	210	289	304	304	299	118	125	
Brazil South	317	311	321	131	131	141	303	145	321	118	122	186	200	197	192	261	268
Canada Central	221	215	226	131	12	208	21	197	25	29	92	107	104	99	153	161	
Canada East	231	225	235	141	12	217	30	207	34	38	102	117	114	108	163	170	
Central India	155	149	149	303	208	217	223	95	196	197	117	104	128	120	128	134	
Central US	202	196	206	145	21	30	223	177	29	35	107	114	118	113	133	140	
East Asia	124	118	122	321	197	207	95	177	204	210	214	201	227	219	52	50	
East US	210	204	215	118	25	34	196	29	204	5	80	90	91	86	168	168	
East US2	205	199	210	122	29	38	197	35	210	5	80	90	95	90	164	164	
France Central	285	279	289	186	92	102	117	107	214	80	80	11	20	9	248	252	
France South	299	293	304	200	107	117	104	114	201	90	90	11	26	17	235	242	



Azure Storage





Storage

Azure provides a unified distributed storage system offering durability, **encryption at rest**, strongly consistent **replication**, and auto load-balancing

Azure storage portfolio

Secure, massively scalable cloud storage for every use case



Disk Storage

Ultra, Premium SSD,
Standard SSD, Standard HDD



File Storage

Azure Files
Azure NetApp Files



Hybrid/Edge Storage

Azure File Sync, Avere,
Azure DataBox Edge

101010
010101
101010

Data Transport

Azure DataBox
Classic, Heavy, Disk



Object Storage

Azure Blobs
Azure Data Lake Storage Gen 2

Reliable, persistent,
high performing
storage for Virtual
Machines

Secure, high
performance cloud file
shares

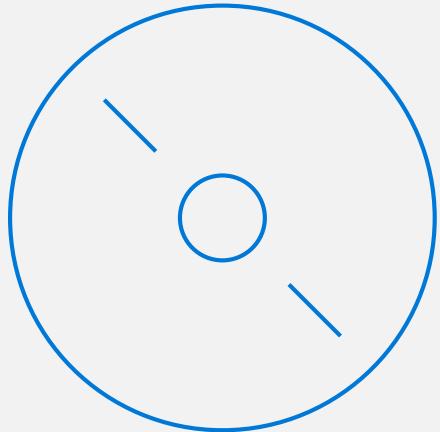
Secure, intelligent
data tiering between
on-premises and
cloud storage

Move or migrate data
into Azure

Secure, scalable
storage for
unstructured data and
high performance
HDFS

Virtual Machine Disk Storage

Virtual Machine OS and Data Disks exist within Azure Storage service



Disks

- Resource or temporary disk exists in hypervisor local storage
- Additional disks are then added based on VM size
- You can mix Standard and Premium disks if required

Virtual Machine Disk Storage

Virtual Machine OS and Data Disks exist within Azure Storage service

- Resource or temporary disk exists in hypervisor local storage
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- You can mix Standard and Premium disks if required

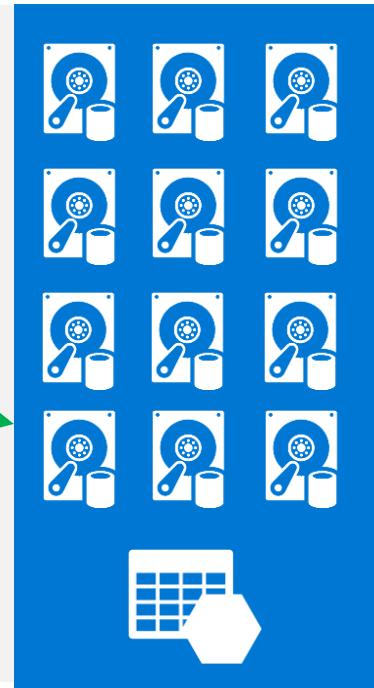
C: OS Disk (2 TB)

D: Local Temporary Storage

F: Data Disk (500 GB)

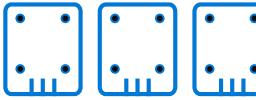
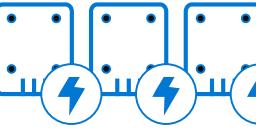
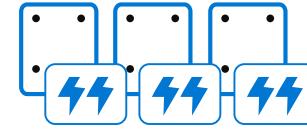
G: Data Disk (4 TB)

Azure Storage





Azure Disk Portfolio & Performance

	 Standard HDD	 Standard SSD	 Premium SSD	 Ultra Disk
Workloads	Backups, low end file server	Big Data, entry-level Web Servers	Databases, enterprise production, container volumes	SAP HANA, SAN, Tier-1 workloads
Tier	Low-cost storage	Consistent performance	High performance	Sub-millisecond latency
Size	32 TiB	32 TiB	32 TiB	64 TiB
IOPS	2,000	6,000	20,000	160,000
Bandwidth	500 MBps	750 MBps	900 MBps	2,000 MBps

General Availability

- New disk sizes (8, 16 and 32 TiB). Premium SSDs can now scale up to Up to 32 TiB, 20000 IOPS and 900 MBps (March 2019).
- Azure Ultra Disk Storage delivers unprecedented and extremely scalable performance with sub-millisecond latency (August 2019)

Data Redundancy

- Locally redundant storage (LRS)
 - replicates your data three times within a single data center
 - provides at least 99.99999999% (11 nines) durability of objects over a given year
 - lowest-cost replication option and offers the least durability compared to other options
- Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
 - replicates your data synchronously across three storage clusters in a single region
 - each storage cluster is physically separated from the others and is located in its own availability zone (AZ)
 - each availability zone—and the ZRS cluster within it—is autonomous and includes separate utilities and networking features
 - A write request to a ZRS storage account returns successfully only after the data is written to all replicas across the three clusters.

Data Redundancy (Cont.)

- Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
 - designed to provide at least 99.9999999999999% (16 9's) durability of objects over a given year
 - replicates your data to a secondary region that is hundreds of miles away from the primary region
 - if your storage account has GRS enabled, then your data is durable even in the case of a complete regional outage or a disaster in which the primary region isn't recoverable.
- Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)
 - replicates your data to another data center in a secondary region and provides you with the option to read from the secondary region.
 - you can read from the secondary region regardless of whether Microsoft initiates a failover from the primary to secondary region.

Data Redundancy (Cont.)

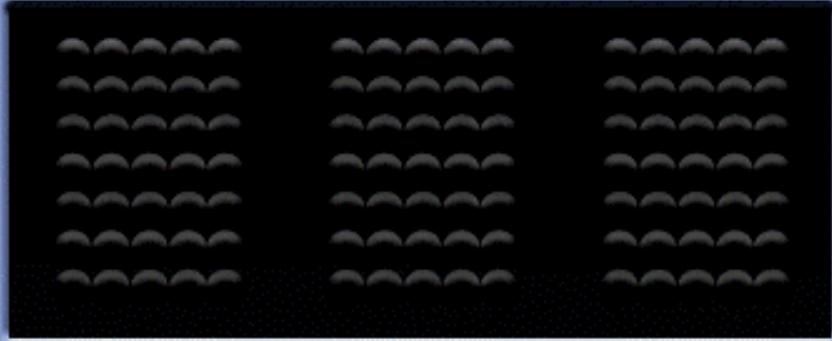
- Geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS) (preview)
 - Marries the high availability of [zone-redundant storage \(ZRS\)](#) with protection from regional outages as provided by [geo-redundant storage \(GRS\)](#).
 - Data in a GZRS storage account is replicated across three [Azure availability zones](#) in the primary region and replicated to a secondary geographic region for protection from regional disasters.
 - Each Azure region is paired with another region within the same geography, together making a regional pair. For more details and exceptions refer to the [documentation](#).
 - You can continue to read and write data if an availability zone becomes unavailable or is unrecoverable.
 - Designed to provide at least 99.999999999999% (16 9's) durability of objects over a given year.

Access Tiers

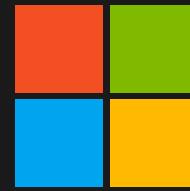
- Hot
 - Optimized for storing data that is accessed frequently.
- Cool
 - Optimized for storing data that is infrequently accessed and stored for at least 30 days.
- Archive
 - Optimized for storing data that is rarely accessed and stored for at least 180 days with flexible latency requirements (on the order of hours).

Tiers can be mixed. Refer to the following for guidance

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers#comparing-block-blob-storage-options>



High Availability	Disaster Recovery
Scalability	Global Reach
Elasticity	Up-to-date
Agility	Cost Effective
Fault Tolerance	Security



Microsoft Azure

Productive + Hybrid + Intelligent + Trusted