Example 5.14 .Convert the RF $(a+b)^*$ abb directly into an DFA.

Solution: The augmented RE is $(a+b)^*$ abbt 'The parse tree constructed from the augmented RE in given in Fig. 5.14 . The LHS of each node (including the leaf) is the firstpost of that node and the RHS of each node is the lastpos of that node. The firstpos and lastpos are constructed from the table given previously. is considered as c, and the + node asc_2 . The nullable (c_1) is true as c_1 is a star node. So, the firstpos of the dot node is firstpos(c,) \cup firstpos (c_2) Consider the * node. The lastpos of the * node is $\{1,2\}$, and thus the followpos(1) and followpos(2) contain $\{1,2\}$, as $\{1,2\}$ is the firstpos of the * node

followpos
$$(1) = \{1, 2\}$$

followpos $(2) = \{1, 2\}$

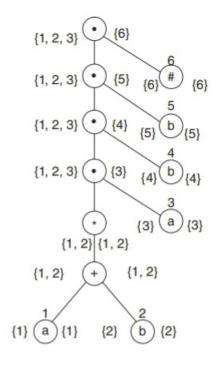


Fig.5.14

Consider the dot node connecting the * node (as c_1) and 'a 'with label '3 '(as c_2). The lastpos of c, contains $\{1,2\}$ and the firstpos of c_2 contains $\{3\}$. So, the followpos(1) and followpos(2) contain $\{3\}$

followpos
$$(1) = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

followpos $(2) = \{1, 2, 3\}$

Consider the dot node connecting the dot node (as c_1) and 'b ' with label '4' (as c_2). The lastpos of c_1 contains $\{3\}$ and the firstpos of c_2 , contains $\{4\}$. So, the followpos (3) contains $\{4\}$

$$followpos(3) = \{4\}$$

Consider the dot node connecting the dot node (as c_1) and 'b' with label '5' (as c_2). The lastpos of c_1 contains {4} and the firstpos of c_2 contains {5}. Thus, the followpos (4) contains {5}

followpos
$$(4) = \{5\}$$

Consider the dot node connecting the dot node (as c_1) and "#" with label '6' (as c_2). The lastpos of c_1 contains $\{5\}$ and the firstpos of c_2 contains $\{6\}$. Thus, followpos (5) contains $\{6\}$

followpos
$$(5) = \{6\}$$

followpos $(6) = \{\}$

The firstpos of the root node is $\{1,2,3\}$. Mark it as S_1 . The RE contains two symbols 'a 'and 'b '. 'a 'exists in positions "1" and 3 ', and 'b 'appears in positions "2","4", and 5 '.

$$(a+b)^*abb\#$$

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$$\delta\left(S_1,a\right)=\text{ followpos }(1)\cup\text{ followpos }(3)=\{1,2,3,4\}$$

It is other than S_1 ; therefore, mark it as S_2

$$\delta(S_1, b) = \text{ followpos } (2) = \{1, 2, 3\} \text{ same as } S_1$$