IMAGIE PROCESSING TECHNIQUES

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Observation in image processing refers to the partitioning of a digital mage into multiple segments or sets of pixels. This is typically done to simplify the image and mate it more meaningue and easier to analyze. Each degment represents a different object or region within the image.

tey techniques include:

- · Thresholding: Sixels are grouped based on their intensity value · Edge - Based Degmentation: Detacts boundaries between different objects in an image.
- " Region-Based etegmentation: Divide an image into region that are Connected and have similar properties such as color or texture. Application include object detection, pedestrian detection, fale recognition, traffic control systems; and more.

Peature Detation & Recognition

feature detection in computer vision involves identifying they points, lines or regions in an image that are deemed "intersting" or important. There features are used for fullether analysis, such as matching, traiting or object recognition.

Type of features:

- · Edges: Points where there's a significant intensity difference between neighboring pixels, representing boundaries of objects.
- · Corners / Interest Points: Points where two odges meet.
- e Blobs: Regions of interest in an image that may not be detation algorithms.

Clarsification of Images

Image classification is the process of bategorizing an image into predefined classes based on its content. Markine learning model especially convolutional neural networks (CNNs), are frequently used for this purpose

Steps in Image Classification!

· Peature Extraction: Entract relocant foature from the image

"Training a labeled dataset to train a move on recognizing these beatures."

" classification: Assigning the input image to one of the predefined classes bosed on the learned model."

Fase Recognition

face recognition is a specialized form of object recognition where the aim is to identify and verify a human face. It involves two key steps in

· face Delection: Identifying and locating a face in a digital image

image.

Aface Resongnition: Matching the detected face against a database of stored face to find a match.

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- · Geometric -based methods: focus on identifying specific facional mentos:
 - Appearance-based methods: use statistical methods little principal component Analysis (PCA) or makine barning model sub as CNNs.

Deep learning Algorithms for Object Detation of Recognition

Step learning has revolutionzed object detection and recognition with model little convolctional Neural Networks (CNNS) and Region-based CNNS (R-CNNS)

Key Algorithms:

- Gonvolutional Neural Networks (CNNs): CNNs entrats spatial hierarchies of peatures, which makes then highly effective for tasks like image classification and object detection.
- · yolo : A real-time object detection system that processes on entire image with a stingle neural network, making it extremely fast.
- , R-CNN and fast R-CNN: Region-based CNNs, which first generale potential object regions and then clavify each region