# Rank-65665 over GF(2)

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## The equation

The equation of the surface is:

$$X_1^3 + X_2^3 + X_3^3 + X_0^2 X_1 + X_0^2 X_2 + X_0^2 X_3 + X_0 X_1 X_2 = 0$$

( 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0 ) The point rank of the equation over  $\mathrm{GF}(2)$  is 65665

## General information

| Number of lines            | 4             |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Number of points           | 9             |
| Number of singular points  | 2             |
| Number of Eckardt points   | 0             |
| Number of double points    | 4             |
| Number of single points    | 4             |
| Number of points off lines | 1             |
| Number of Hesse planes     | 0             |
| Number of axes             | 0             |
| Type of points on lines    | $3^{4}$       |
| Type of lines on points    | $2^4, 1^4, 0$ |

## Singular Points

The surface has 2 singular points:

$$0: P_{11} = \mathbf{P}(1, 1, 0, 1) = \mathbf{P}(1, 1, 0, 1)$$
$$1: P_{13} = \mathbf{P}(1, 0, 1, 1) = \mathbf{P}(1, 0, 1, 1)$$

## The 4 Lines

The lines and their Pluecker coordinates are:

$$\ell_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}_8 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}_8 = \mathbf{Pl}(1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1)_{23}$$

$$\ell_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{2} = \mathbf{Pl}(1,0,0,0,1,0)_{10}$$

$$\ell_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{5} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{5} = \mathbf{Pl}(0,0,1,0,1,0)_{12}$$

$$\ell_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}_{22} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}_{22} = \mathbf{Pl}(1,1,1,0,1)_{28}$$

Rank of lines: (8, 2, 5, 22)

Rank of points on Klein quadric: (23, 10, 12, 28)

#### **Eckardt Points**

The surface has 0 Eckardt points:

#### **Double Points**

The surface has 4 Double points: The double points on the surface are:

$$P_7 = (0, 1, 1, 0) = \ell_0 \cap \ell_3$$
  

$$P_0 = (1, 0, 0, 0) = \ell_1 \cap \ell_2$$
  

$$P_{11} = (1, 1, 0, 1) = \ell_1 \cap \ell_3$$

$$P_{13} = (1, 0, 1, 1) = \ell_2 \cap \ell_3$$

## Single Points

The surface has 4 single points: The single points on the surface are:

0: 
$$P_5 = (1, 1, 0, 0)$$
 lies on line  $\ell_0$   
1:  $P_6 = (1, 0, 1, 0)$  lies on line  $\ell_0$ 

2:  $P_{10} = (0, 1, 0, 1)$  lies on line  $\ell_1$ 

The single points on the surface are:

3:  $P_{12} = (0, 0, 1, 1)$  lies on line  $\ell_2$ 

#### Points on surface but on no line

The surface has 1 points not on any line: The points on the surface but not on lines are:

$$0: P_9 = (1, 0, 0, 1)$$

#### Line Intersection Graph

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & 0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \\ \hline 0 & 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \\ 1 & 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \\ 2 & 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1 \\ 3 & 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \end{array}$$

Neighbor sets in the line intersection graph:

Line 0 intersects

| Line     | $\ell_3$ |
|----------|----------|
| in point | $P_7$    |

Line 1 intersects

| Line     | $\ell_2$ | $\ell_3$ |
|----------|----------|----------|
| in point | $P_0$    | $P_{11}$ |

 ${\bf Line~2~intersects}$ 

| Line     | $\ell_1$ | $\ell_3$ |
|----------|----------|----------|
| in point | $P_0$    | $P_{13}$ |

Line 3 intersects

| Line     | $\ell_0$ | $\ell_1$ | $\ell_2$ |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| in point | $P_7$    | $P_{11}$ | $P_{13}$ |

The surface has 9 points:

The points on the surface are:

 $8: P_{13} = (1, 0, 1, 1)$ 

 $0: P_0 = (1,0,0,0)$   $1: P_5 = (1,1,0,0)$   $2: P_6 = (1,0,1,0)$   $3: P_7 = (0,1,1,0)$  $4: P_9 = (1,0,0,1)$  $5: P_{10} = (0,1,0,1)$  $6: P_{11} = (1,1,0,1)$  $7: P_{12} = (0,0,1,1)$