



**RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES**

**B.Sc. (General) Degree in Applied Sciences
Second Year - Semester II Examination – September/ October 2020**

MAP 2204 – COMPLEX CALCULUS

Time: Two (02) hours

Answer All (04) questions

1. a) For two complex numbers z_1 and z_2 , prove that $|z_1 + z_2| \geq ||z_1| - |z_2||$. **(25 marks)**
 b) If z_1 and z_2 are two complex numbers such that $|z_1| < 1 < |z_2|$, then prove that $\left| \frac{1 - z_1 \overline{z_2}}{z_1 - z_2} \right| < 1$. **(25 marks)**
 c) If $|z - 2 + i| \leq 2$, then find the greatest and least values of $|z|$. **(25 marks)**
 d) If A, B, C , and D are the points z_1, z_2, z_3 and z_4 respectively, if $z_1 z_2 + z_3 z_4 = 0$ and $z_1 + z_2 = 0$, then show that the points A, B, C , and D are concyclic.
 (Hint: Condition for four points to be concyclic, $\frac{(z_4 - z_1)(z_3 - z_2)}{(z_4 - z_2)(z_3 - z_1)}$ is purely real number) **(25 marks)**

2. a) Does $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{z}{z} \right)^2$ exist? Justify your answer. **(30 marks)**
 b) Solve the equation $\sinh z = i$. **(30 marks)**
 c) Find all the values of the following:
 i. $(1 - i)^{1+i}$
 ii. $i^{\sin i}$
 (Hint: When $z \neq 0$ and the exponent c is any complex number, the function z^c is defined by the means of the equation $z^c = e^{c \log z}$) **(40 marks)**

3. a) Define an analytic function in the complex plane.

Prove the following statement,

"If $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ is a differentiable function in the neighborhood of $z = x + iy$ then the partial derivatives of u and v exist and satisfy $u_x = v_y$ and $v_x = -u_y$ ".

(45 marks)

- b) Is the converse of the above statement in part (a) true? Justify your answer.

(20 marks)

- c) Let $f(z)$ ~~be an~~ ^{and conjugate of $f(z)$ are} analytic functions in a domain D . Prove that $f(z)$ is a constant function.

(15 marks)

- d) Define a Harmonic function in a domain D . Let $u(x, y) = 2xy + 2x$. Show that $u(x, y)$ is harmonic and find the analytic function whose real part is $u(x, y)$.

(20 marks)

4. a) State and prove the ML inequality.

Using ML inequality find the upper bound of $\left| \int_C \frac{(z^3 + 3)e^{iz} \log z}{(z^2 - 2)} dz \right|$, where

$$C = \left\{ z : z = 2e^{i\theta}, 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{3} \right\}.$$

(45 marks)

- b) State Cauchy's theorem.

(05 marks)

- c) State Cauchy's Integral Formula.

Using Cauchy's Integral Formula, evaluate the integral $\int_C \frac{\cos 2\pi z}{(2z - 1)(z - 3)} dz$, where C is the circle with the center at the origin and radius 1.

(35 marks)

- d) Derive the Laurent series of the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2(1 - z)}$.

(15 marks)