



RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

B.Sc. Honors in Applied Biology
Third Year – Semester II Examination – July 2020

MIB 3206 – ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Time: Two (02) hours

Answer ALL questions.

1. a) Define the term “salting out” in protein purification. (20 marks)
b) Describe briefly the steps that you would follow in determining the primary structure of a pure protein. (80 marks)
2. a) Describe briefly, **three (03)** methods of extracting secondary metabolites in plants. (30 marks)
b) Explain how “distribution coefficient” of components in the sample affects their separation during chromatography. (20 marks)
c) Which chromatographic technique would you choose to separate a mixture of proteins bearing a similar charge but different in size? Justify your answer. (50 marks)
3. a) Explain why several steps of centrifugation is necessary in purifying a substance using pelleting. (30 marks)
b) Compare rate zonal centrifugation and isopycnic centrifugation. (40 marks)
c) Explain the importance of nomogram in reporting results of centrifugation. (30 marks)
4. a) You are provided with a mixture of organic compounds X and Y dissolved in acetone and you are asked to determine the concentrations of X and Y in the mixture. You have access to pure samples of X and Y, acetone and a spectrophotometer with accessories. Give an outline of the procedure that you would follow in solving above problem. Limit your answer only to the major steps. (40 marks)
b) “Fluorescence spectroscopy is superior to absorption spectroscopy in terms of sensitivity”. Justify your opinion of the above statement. (60 marks)

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