



RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES, MIHINTALE

B.SC (General) Degree

Second Year – Semester I Examination – October/ November 2014

MAA 2204 - Linear Programming

Time allowed: **Two** hours.

Number of pages: 03.

Answer **FOUR** Questions Only.

Calculators will be provided.

01. (a) (i) What are the basic components of a Linear Programming Problem? **[10 Marks]**

(ii) Distinguish between feasible solution and optimal solution. **[10 Marks]**

(b) Consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\text{Minimize } Z = x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4$$

subject to the constraints

$$x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4 = 4$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 4$$

$$x_j \geq 0 \text{ for } j = 1, 2, 3, 4.$$

(i) In addition to the variable $-Z$, how many basic variables are there in this initial basic solution? **[05 Marks]**

(ii) What is the maximum number of basic solutions (either feasible or infeasible) which might exist? **[05 Marks]**

(iii) Find and list all the basic solutions of the constraint equations. **[30 Marks]**

(iv) Is the number of basic solutions in part (iii) equal to the maximum possible number which you specified in part (ii)? **[05 Marks]**

(v) How many of basic solutions in part (iii) are feasible (non-negative)? **[05 Marks]**

(vi) By evaluating the objective function in each basic solution, find the optimal solution. **[30 Marks]**

Turn Over

02. (a) Define the terms **slack**, **surplus** and **artificial variables**.

[15 Marks]

(b) State the purpose of minimum ratio test in the Simplex method.

[10 Marks]

(c) Solve the following problem using Big-M-Method:

$$\text{Minimize } Z = 4x_1 + x_2$$

subject to

$$2x_1 + x_2 \geq 10$$

$$-3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 6$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \geq 6$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0.$$

[75 Marks]

03. (a) Outline the Two-Phase Method in Linear Programming.

[20 Marks]

(b) While solving the linear programming problem given below, using two-phase simplex method, suppose we reach the following table as the optimal solution for phase-I-problem:

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 3x_1 - 6x_2 + x_3$$

Subject to the following constraints

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \geq 8$$

$$2x_1 - x_2 = 5$$

$$-x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 7$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0.$$

Basic variable	x_1	x_2	x_3	s_1	y_1	y_2	s_2	constants
.....	0	1	$\frac{2}{3}$	$-\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{11}{3}$
.....	1	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{13}{3}$
.....	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{5}{3}$	$-\frac{5}{3}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	1	$\frac{1}{3}$
-w	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0

where y_1, y_2 are artificial variables, s_1 and s_2 are slack and surplus variables and w is the objective function for phase I.

(i). Identify the basic variables in the optimal solution for phase-I. **[05 Marks]**

(ii). Continue the solution procedure with the phase-II (if required), and find the optimal solution for the original problem. **[75 Marks]**

04. (a) Obtain the general Linear Programming Problem in matrix form. **[10 Marks]**

(b) ATK – Sugar Company manufactures three types of candy bar. Each candy bar consists of totally sugar and chocolate. Type-1 of candy bar is composed of one unit of sugar and two units of chocolate, Type-2 is composed of one unit of sugar and three units of chocolate and Type-3 is composed of one unit of sugar and one unit of chocolate. Profit per one candy bar of types 1, 2 and 3 are \$3 , \$6 and \$4, respectively. In order to manufacture all types of candy bars, 50 units of sugar and 80 units of chocolate are available.

(i). Formulate the problem as a Linear Programming model so as to maximize the total profit. **[30 Marks]**

(ii) Use the Revised Simplex method to determine the quantity of each of the products company should produce in order to maximize the total profit. **[60 Marks]**

05. Consider the following Linear Programming Problem [Primal Problem]:

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 2x_1 + 6x_2 + 9x_3$$

subject to the constraints

$$x_1 + x_3 \leq 3$$

$$x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 5$$

$$x_j \geq 0 \text{ for } j = 1, 2, 3.$$

(i). Write the Dual Linear Programming Problem formulation. **[20 Marks]**

(ii). Plot the feasible region of the dual problem. **[20 Marks]**

(iii). Determine the optimal solution of the dual problem by comparing its objective value at the corner point solutions. **[20 Marks]**

(iv) Which variables are basic in the optimal dual solution? **[10 Marks]**

(v) From your results above, determine the optimal solution of the primal problem. **[30 Marks]**