



**RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES, MIHINTALE**

**B.Sc. (General) Degree in Health Promotion
Third Year – Semester II Examination – October/November 2017**

HPT 3205 – HEALTHY PUBLIC POLICY AND LEGISLATION

Time: Two (02) hours

Answer ALL questions.

1. a) Explain briefly the concept of “Right to Health” as described in World Health Organization and United Nations instruments. **(20 marks)**
 b) Describe how the United Nations Convention on Rights of the Child (UNCRC) ensures promotion of child health. **(50 marks)**
 c) Outline the steps that could be taken by a government to ensure the Right to Health of women. **(30 marks)**
2. a) Explain the strategies that you would adopt to conduct a community level alcohol prevention programme, assuming your target group is children, youth and alcohol users. **(40 marks)**
 b) List **four (4)** effective tobacco control policies that could be used to minimize the tobacco use in a given country. **(20 marks)**
 c) Describe how the effective tobacco and alcohol control policies are incorporated into the sections of the National Authority on Tobacco and Alcohol (NATA) Act No. 27 of 2006. **(40 marks)**
3. a) Explain the salient features that you think should be included in the National Health Promotion Policy of Sri Lanka. **(50 marks)**
 b) Discuss the provisions that are included in the Domestic Violence Act No. 34 of 2005 in preventing domestic violence effectively in Sri Lanka. **(50 marks)**

4. a) Explain the term "Healthy Public Policy" as described in the Adelaide Recommendations 1998. (30 Marks)
- b) Describe briefly the term "Advocacy for Policy Formulation" (30 Marks)
- c) Using an example describe the steps involved in advocacy for a selected health related public policy at national level. (40 Marks)

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