



**RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES**

**B.Sc. (Information and Communication Technology) Degree
Second Year - Semester II Examination – November/December 2016**

ICT 2305 – COMPUTER NETWORKS

Time: Three (3) hours

Answer All questions

- Q1.** (a) List four advantages of computer networking. [4 Marks]
- (b) Explain the use of the following devices in computer networks:
- i. NICs.
 - ii. Switches.
 - iii. Bridges. [6 Marks]
- (c) Write short notes on each of the following:
- i. Broadcast networks.
 - ii. Point-to-point networks [4 Marks]
- (d) Give illustrations of bus, ring and star network topologies. [6 Marks]
- Q2.** (a) What do you mean by layered network architecture? [4 marks]
- (b) List the layers of the OSI reference model. [6 marks]
- (c) Explain the responsibilities of the transport layer of the OSI reference model. Why the transport layer is called a true end-to-end layer? [6 marks]
- (d) Relate the layers of the OSI reference model to the layers of the TCP/IP model. [4 marks]
- Q3.** (a) What do you mean by error detection and error correction? [4 marks]
- (b) Explain the two types of bit errors in data transmission. [6 marks]
- (c) Describe the principle mechanism that is used in most of the error detection techniques. [6 marks]
- (d) Distinguish between “forward error correction” versus “error correction by retransmission”. [4 marks]

- Q4.** (a) Explain the drawbacks of the character count method in framing. [5 marks]
 (b) What is character-stuffing? Explain how the problem of occurring flag bit pattern in the data is handled in character-stuffing. [6 marks]
 (c) The following character encoding is used in a data link protocol:

A : 01000111
 B : 11100011
 FLAG : 01111110
 ESC : 11100000

Show the bit sequence transmitted (in binary) for the four-character frame: **A B ESC FLAG** when each of the following framing methods are used:

- i. Character count.
- ii. Flag bytes with character stuffing.
- iii. Starting and ending flag bytes, with bit stuffing. [9 marks]

- Q5.** (a) Why IP is called “Best effort delivery” protocol? [4 marks]
 (b) What is the difference between the IP Address and the Physical Address of a networked device? [4 marks]
 (c) What is network mask? Give the default network marks for each of the network classes A, B, and C. [6 marks]
 (d) Suppose an organization is given the IP block 17.12.14.0/26, which contains 64 addresses. The organization needs to divide this address block into three subnets of 32, 16 and 16 addresses. Find the network masks for each of the subnets. [6 marks]

END