

RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA FCULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

B.Sc. Third year Semester I Examination – September/October 2014 CHE 3201 – Industries Based on Inorganic Resources of Sri Lanka

Ansv	ver any	four questions. Time: 2 hours.
-1).	(a)	Briefly explain the diaphragm cell and the mercury cell used as electrolytic
		processes in the production of Chlorine from sodium chloride solution.
		(30 marks)
	(b)	Write down the reactions that occur in the above electrolysis cells.
	(0)	(20 marks)
	(c)	Give two uses of each chlorine and NaOH. (10 marks)
	(d)	Suggest one advantage and one disadvantage of the diaphragm cell over the mercury cell.
	(e)	(10 marks) If a chlorine plant produces 2.0 x 10 ⁷ kg of chlorine per annum, calculate the; (i) average current in the electrolytic cells and (ii) mass of NaOH produced in the process. (Faraday constant = 9.95 x 10 ⁴ C/mol, relative atomic weights are H = 1, O = 16, Na = 23 and Cl = 35.5)
2).	(a)	Give the chemical compositions and two uses of the following minerals.
		(i) Lime stone. (ii) Mica. (iii) kaolinite. (iv) graphite. (v) Ilmonite.
	4.5	(60 marks)
	(b)	Write short notes on Gem minerals in Sri Lanka and discuss how gem mining affects the environment.

(40 marks)

3). Give the processes available in the production of Portland cement. Explain (a) briefly one of the process you have mentioned. (30 marks) (b) Discuss the setting and hardening of cement. (20 marks) (c) List five waste materials could be used as a fuel in cement kiln. (20 marks) (d) Discuss the pollutants in cement industry and give the measure to minimize the pollutant. (30 marks Give the composition and one property and one use of each of the following 4). (a) types of glass. (i) Soda lime glass. (ii) Pyrex glass. Laminated glass (iii) (iv) Optical fibers. (50 marks) (b) Give the raw materials used in ceramics and briefly explain the steps involving in the production of ceramics. (35 marks) (c) What is meant by Glazing in ceramics? (15 marks) 5). (a) Briefly explain the synthesis of ammonia by the Haber process. (30 marks) (b) Discuss the problems causing with heavy use of NH₃ as a fertilizer. (25 marks) (c) Write balance chemical equation to produce SSP and TSP from apatite. (25 marks) (d) Compare the inorganic fertilizer with organic fertilizer. (20 marks)