

## RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

B.Sc. (General) Degree in Health Promotion
First Year - Semester II Examination - November/December 2016

# HPT 1210 - RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Time: Two (02) hours

### Answer all questions

- 1. Suggest what are the main types of data to be collected and the most appropriate data collection method for following research questions. Explain reasons for your suggestions.
  - a) A research to identify the relationship between diet habits and the risk of developing heart diseases among nursing officers of all hospitals in the country.
  - b) A study among university students to assess their knowledge and understanding about reproductive health and contraceptive use.
  - c) According to a newspaper report, vegetable consumption among teenage population in North Central Province has reduced recently. Ministry of Health requested Rajarata University to conduct a research to estimate the percentage of teenagers who do not eat at least 100 grams of vegetables per day.
- d) A research to find answer for the problem, why a large number of gender based violence victims do not take legal actions against perpetrators.

(25 X 4= 100 marks)

- 2. a) Explain the advantages of using self administered questionnaire in a survey.
  - b) Structured observations are useful to minimize "subjectivity" during data collection. Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.
  - c) Discuss why the sample size should be calculated before starting a research study.
  - d) Research studies often utilize volunteers. Some researchers believe that the use of a volunteer sampling is not appropriate. Do you agree with this? Explain the reason for your answer.

(25 X 4 = 100 Marks)

3. This Question has two parts.

### Part A

Indicate whether the following statements are true or false. Briefly explain the reason for your decision.

- a) Closed ended questions allow participants to respond to question in their own words.
- b) In non experimental research, researchers make observations of existing situations and characteristics without intervening.
- c) The research proposals are only for the experts in the field of study.
- d) Qualitative research requires large sample sizes.
- e) Open ended questions are more difficult to construct.

 $(12 \times 5 = 60 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### Part B

Identify each of the following data as either discrete or continuous or Categorical. . If the variable is categorical, indicate whether it is ordinal or nominal

- a) The number of children living in one household.
- b) The types of crop people grow in their lands.
- c) Whether people have access to clean water.
- d) How much money people spend on alcohol per month?
- e) Numbers of days per week mothers provide fish or meat for their children.
- f) Level of satisfaction of mothers with the service of Public Health Midwife (PHM).
- g) Employment of the research participants.
- h) The methods of daily transport used by community members.

(5 X 8 = 40 Marks)

- 4. Identify the **target population** and indicate **a sampling method** you would use for the studies outlined below. Explain reasons for your answers.
- a) A study to investigate the level of physical activity of Sri Lankan school children of 10
   15 years age group.
- b) Sri Lankan government plans a research study to assess the knowledge and attitude of tea estate workers in Badulla district on smoking.
- c) A study to estimate the prevalence of tuberculosis (TB) among people over 55 years old in the North Central Province of Sri Lanka.
- d) A study to find out whether exposing to pesticides for more than 10 years increase the risk of developing cancers among farmers.
- e) A study to assess the level of current knowledge on contraceptive methods of garment factory workers in Polonnaruwa district of the North Central Province of Sri Lanka.

(20 X 5 = 100 Marks)

**END**