



RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

B.Sc. (General) Degree in Health Promotion
Third Year - Semester I Examination –June/July 2018

HPT 3306 – REPORT WRITING AND ASSESSING

Time: Three (03) hours.

Answer ALL questions.

1. a) Outline how to structure the discussion section of a report. Indicate the type of information provided in each section. (50 marks)
b) Discuss the usefulness of a literature review for a health promotion study aiming to prevent non-communicable diseases? (50 marks)
2. a) Discuss the importance of the abstract of a report. (40 marks)
b) Explain the purpose of the introduction section of a report with examples. (30 marks)
c) How peer review can contribute to improve quality of a report. (30 marks)
3. a) Write short notes on following topics.
I. Citation and referencing (25 marks)
II. Components of a field report (25 marks)
b) Outline a plan to assess the quality of a field report by students. Provide all essential steps and criteria to assess each section of the report. (50 marks)

4. The figure 1 presents data on the relevance of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and their relevance to nutrition.

Discuss the relevance of nutrition to SDGs using the information provided in the figure.

(100 marks)

FIGURE 1.1 Number of indicators in each SDG that are highly relevant for nutrition

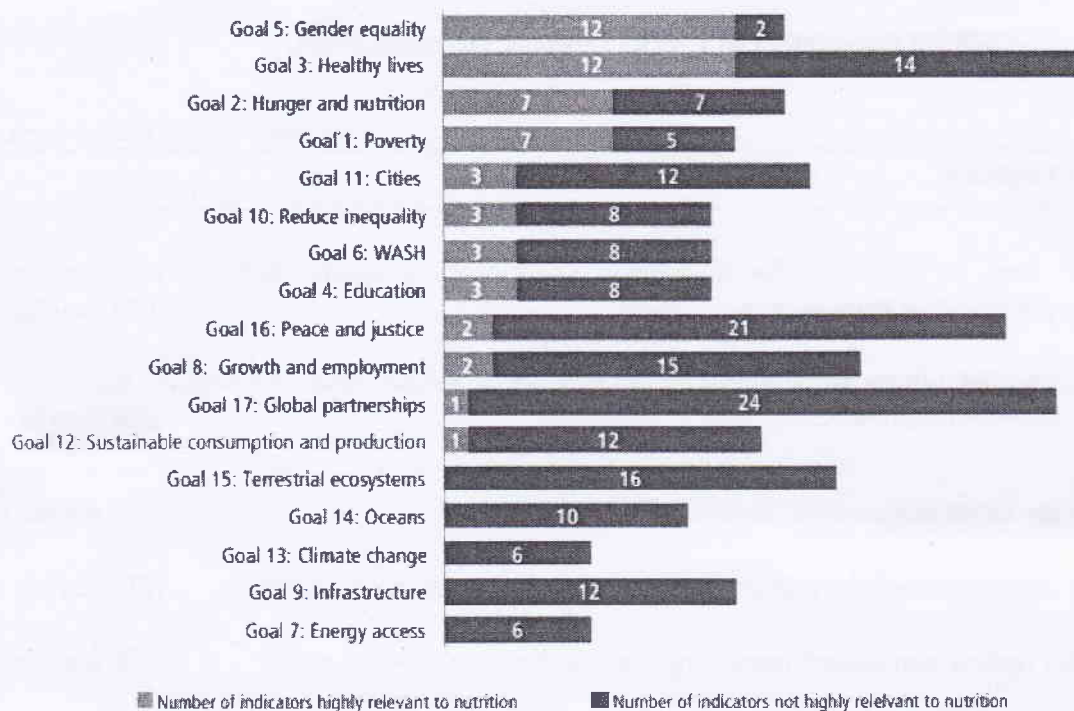


figure 1.5

5. The distribution of the percentage of the population affected by high blood cholesterol by age is presented in Table 01

- Discuss the changes of blood cholesterol levels In the given districts (50 marks)
- Design a program to improve awareness on the risk of high blood cholesterol. Justify your selection of districts and target populations. (50 marks)

Table 16.6: Suffering from High blood cholesterol

Percentage of people suffering from High blood cholesterol by age group and background characteristics, Sri Lanka 2016

Background characteristic	Age													Don't know /miss ing	Total	Number of members
	<5	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 +			
Sex																
Male	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.9	3.5	7.0	10.1	10.9	13.3	14.5	39.2	0.0	100.0	2,059
Female	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.7	3.3	5.3	10.0	13.5	16.0	49.6	0.0	100.0	3,622
Residence																
Urban	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.7	4.6	5.5	10.0	14.1	16.1	47.1	0.0	100.0	1,311
Rural	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.5	2.5	4.6	7.5	10.4	13.3	15.2	45.6	0.0	100.0	4,296
Estate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9	6.5	8.9	14.5	10.7	15.6	38.0	0.0	100.0	74
District																
Colombo	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	2.7	4.7	4.6	8.9	14.8	14.8	48.7	0.0	100.0	907
Gampaha	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.0	4.4	7.0	12.5	12.2	13.8	47.4	0.0	100.0	645
Katutura	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	2.6	2.4	8.3	9.9	11.6	15.1	49.6	0.0	100.0	457
Kandy	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.2	2.6	5.7	8.2	16.0	14.5	51.3	0.0	100.0	437
Matale	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	2.8	3.9	3.2	16.5	11.6	17.0	44.2	0.0	100.0	163
Nuwaraeliya	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.2	4.5	8.0	11.7	19.2	18.3	33.9	0.0	100.0	79
Galle	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.4	1.8	4.3	7.4	9.0	10.2	14.1	51.9	0.0	100.0	367
Matara	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	3.5	3.6	5.7	7.2	11.4	18.7	49.6	0.0	100.0	269
Hambantota	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.6	2.1	3.7	6.3	7.2	10.3	16.5	52.5	0.0	100.0	160
'affna	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	2.2	5.6	8.0	9.4	6.2	10.3	57.6	0.0	100.0	125
annar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.3	5.2	3.9	10.0	23.4	12.9	42.5	0.0	100.0	21
vavuniya	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	3.9	7.9	6.0	15.9	8.1	15.1	41.4	0.0	100.0	47
Mullaitivu	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.4)	(9.5)	(22.0)	(4.3)	(14.0)	(22.0)	(25.8)	(0.0)	(100.0)	6
Kilinochchi	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(8.7)	(12.4)	(10.2)	(10.5)	(16.8)	(40.1)	(0.0)	(100.0)	11
Batticaloa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	4.7	11.3	9.8	19.4	13.6	14.0	24.6	0.0	100.0	118
Ampara	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.7	1.3	1.4	7.1	8.7	9.8	19.3	19.7	31.4	0.0	100.0	191
Trincomalee	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	2.8	9.2	11.0	11.9	16.5	13.9	33.9	0.0	100.0	88
Kurunegala	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.6	1.9	6.1	5.5	9.0	13.6	16.8	48.2	0.0	100.0	367
Puttalam	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.7	3.0	6.0	6.3	9.5	10.8	11.9	49.8	0.0	100.0	151
Anuradhapura	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	4.3	2.5	10.0	20.2	18.5	14.0	29.7	0.0	100.0	157
Polonnaruwa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	5.8	3.5	9.9	12.3	16.1	19.3	32.3	0.0	100.0	133
Badulla	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.8	6.1	14.7	8.3	17.5	18.7	32.3	0.0	100.0	152
Monaragala	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	6.4	8.0	12.2	14.9	11.9	45.3	0.0	100.0	111
Ratnapura	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	2.0	4.9	8.4	10.0	14.8	17.0	42.5	0.0	100.0	301
Kegalle	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	1.8	3.9	7.6	8.4	8.5	17.8	50.8	0.0	100.0	216
Wealth quintile																
Lowest	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	2.0	5.2	5.5	7.5	14.3	12.2	52.6	0.0	100.0	688
Second	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.7	2.8	4.6	5.7	10.4	13.5	15.5	46.2	0.0	100.0	917
Middle	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.8	2.9	6.1	7.9	10.5	12.9	16.5	42.1	0.0	100.0	1,050
Fourth	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.6	2.7	4.6	8.1	9.6	13.2	16.3	44.3	0.0	100.0	1,252
Highest	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	1.8	3.5	7.0	11.8	13.5	15.4	46.3	0.0	100.0	1,773
Total	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.5	2.4	4.6	7.0	10.3	13.4	15.4	45.8	0.0	100.0	5,681

Note: Figures in parentheses are based on 25 - 49 unweighted cases. An asterisk indicates that a figure is based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases and has been suppressed.

Table 01

6.
 - a) Outline the steps used to prepare data from a field project for analysis (20 marks)
 - b) Explain how you can explain qualitative data in to a field reports (40 marks)
 - c) Discuss the advantages of having a pre-defined structure in a report? (40 marks)

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