



RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

Bachelor of Science in Applied Sciences

Third Year - Semester II Examination – Jan/Feb 2023

MAT 3208 – Time Series

Time: Two (02) hours

Answer All questions.

1. a) i. Distinguish between strictly stationary time series and weakly stationary time series. (05 marks)
ii. Hence, write down the Autocovariance and Autocorrelation function (ACF) of a stationary time series. (05 marks)
- b) i. Discuss the stationarity of the white noise series (w_t). (05 marks)
ii. Let's consider a three-point moving average process x_t (where it is the average of immediate neighbours in the future and past of w_t) and discuss the stationarity of the process. (10 marks)
2. a) i. Explain the conditions that should satisfy any series to be considered as "*Trend Stationarity*". (05 marks)
ii. Consider the time series $x_t = \beta_1 + \beta_2 t + w_t$, where β_1 and β_2 are known constants and w_t is a white noise process with variance σ_w^2 .
 - a. Determine whether x_t is stationary or not.
 - b. Show that the process $y_t = x_t - x_{t-1}$ is stationary. (10 marks)
- b) For a moving average process of the form $x_t = w_{t-1} + 2w_t + w_{t+1}$, where w_i are independent with zero means and variance σ_w^2 , determine the autocovariance and autocorrelation functions as a function of lag $h = s - t$ and plot the ACF as a function of h . (10 marks)

3. a) Consider two series, x_t and y_t , formed from the sum and difference of two successive values of a white noise process. Show that the series are jointly stationary. (05 marks)
- b) For MA(1) model, $x_t = w_t + \theta w_{t-1}$, show that $|\rho_x(1)| \leq 1/2$ for any number θ . For which values of θ does $\rho_x(1)$ attain its maximum and minimum? (10 marks)
- c) Identify the following as ARMA(p, q) models, and determine whether they are causal and/or invertible:
- $x_t = 0.80 x_{t-1} - 0.15 x_{t-2} + w_t - 0.30 w_{t-1}$
 - $x_t = x_{t-1} - 0.50 x_{t-2} + w_t - w_{t-1}$
- (10 marks)
4. a) Show that the autocovariance function of a stationary series is symmetric around the origin, i.e., $\gamma(h) = \gamma(-h)$. (2.5 marks)
- b) Let consider the AR(1) model given by $x_t = \phi x_{t-1} + w_t$
- Show that, $x_t = \phi^k x_{t-k} + \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \phi^j w_{t-j}$ (2.5 marks)
 - If provided that $|\phi| < 1$ and $\sup_t \text{var}(x_t) < \infty$, show that AR(1) model as a linear process given by $x_t = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \phi^j w_{t-j}$. (2.5 marks)
 - Hence, show that above AR(1) process is a stationary process. (10 marks)
 - Using the results of part a), show that $\rho(h) = \phi^h$, where $h > 0$. (05 marks)
 - Hence, show that autocorrelation function of AR(1) satisfies the recursion $\rho(h) = \phi \rho(h-1)$, $h = 1, 2, \dots$. (2.5 marks)

---END---