

RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

B.Sc. (General) Degree in Applied Sciences Second Year Semester II Examination – February /March 2019

CHE 2104 - INTRODUCTION TO BIOCHEMISTRY

Answer ALL questions.

Time: One (01) hour

1. a) Structure of the phenylalanine is given below.

i) Comment about the polarity of above amino acid.

(4 marks)

ii) What is the possible interaction that phenylalanine can participate?

(4 marks)

b) What is the relationship between a cofactor and a prosthetic group?

(7 marks)

- c) Both amylose and cellulose are polymers of D-glucose units. However, they possess dissimilar properties. What is the major difference of amylose and cellulose in terms of bonding? (10 marks)
- 2. a) Define the denaturation of proteins.

(4 marks)

b) List the advantages of tryacylglycerol as a stored fuel over glycogen and starch.

(5 marks)

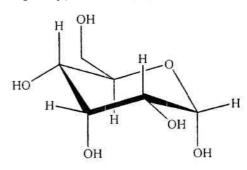
c) List four (04) types of interactions that stabilize the tertiary structure of proteins.

(8 marks)

d) Give characteristic features of the α-helix structure in the secondary proteins.

(8 marks)

a) Structure of the α -D-glucopyranose is given below. 3.



- α -D-glucopyranose and β -D-glucopyranose are anomers. Draw the structure i) (5 marks) of the β-D-glucopyranose.
- Indicate the anomeric carbon and hemiacetal group in β -D-glucopyranose ii) (8 marks) structure.
- (8 marks) b) Sketch the DNA double stranded structure and label the main components. (4 marks)
- c) What is the main role of cholesterol in cell membrane?
- Sigmoidal shape indicates the cooperative binding of O₂ molecules to Hemoglobin. 4.
 - a) Sketch and label the binding site of O2 bound Hemoglobin.

(5 marks)

b) What do you mean by "cooperative binding"?

(10 marks)

Briefly describe the O₂ transport process from lungs to tissues using R and T forms. (10 marks)