



**RAJARATA UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA**  
**FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES**

**B.Sc. (Special) Degree in Chemistry**  
**Third Year - Semester II Examination – February/March 2019**

**CHE 3222 – Electronics and IT for Chemists**

**Time: Two (2) hours**

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**Answer all Four Questions**

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1. Microsoft Excel is a spreadsheet developed by Microsoft for Windows, macOS, Android and iOS. It features calculation, graphing tools, pivot tables, and a macro programming language called Visual Basic for Applications.
- a) A user wishes to remove a spreadsheet from a workbook. Write the correct sequence of events that will do this? (10 Marks)
- b) Explain the following terms as used in MS-Excel:
- i. Wrap Text.
  - ii. Function
  - iii. Merge Cells
  - iv. Cell Reference
  - v. Workbook
- (50 Marks)
- c) Discuss any four advantages of electronic spreadsheets over paper spreadsheets. (25 Marks)
- d) Briefly explain how to draw newman projection of organic molecules in Chemdraw 7.0 software? (15 Marks)

2.

a)

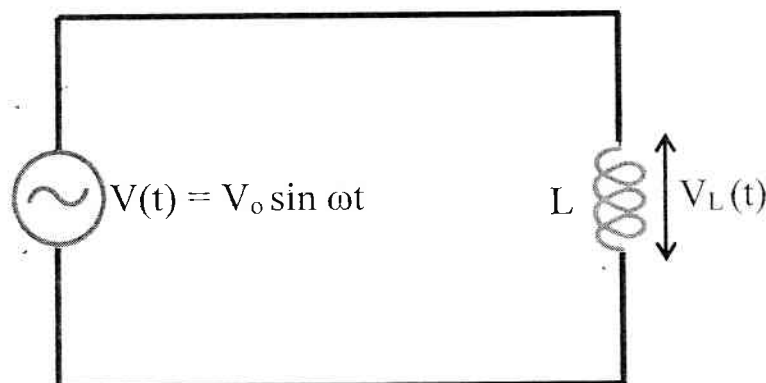
- i. Write down a short account about effective online search strategies (30 Marks)
- ii. What is a “subject directory”? Briefly explain with examples (20 Marks)

- b) RasMol/Raswin is a visualization program created by Roger Sayle and used to display small molecules, properties and nucleic acids. Assume that you have a protein pdb file called 1m2z.pdb and it located on “C:\rasmol\”. Write a rasmol script file that open the pdb file, change background color as white, restrict the view to residues 12-25 in blue color and display the possible hydrogen bonds. (25 Marks)

c) Write rasmol commands for each of the following criteria

- i. To measure the distance of the two atoms
- ii. To measure the angle
- iii. To measure the torsion angle
- iv. To color the structure according to the secondary structure properties
- v. To delete a molecules prior to loading another use the RasMol (25 Marks)

3. Consider a purely inductive circuit with an inductor connected to an AC generator as shown in the figure below.



- a) By applying the modified Kirchhoff's rule for the circuit we can write

$$V(t) - V_L(t) = 0.$$

Using this obtain an equation for the instantaneous current in the inductor ( $I_L(t)$ ).

(20 Marks)

- b) What is the maximum current in the circuit ( $I_{RO}$ )?

(10 Marks)

- c) Plot the  $V_L(t)$  and  $I_L(t)$  as a function of time on the same graph.

(20 Marks)

- d) Draw the phase diagram for the above circuit and discuss the phase relationship between the current and the voltage.

(20 Marks)

- e) If the inductor is replaced with a **capacitor** the instantaneous current in the capacitor can be written as  $I_C(t) = \omega C V_{co} \cos \omega t$ , where terms have their usual meanings.

Discuss the phase relationship between the current and the voltage in the new circuit.

(20 Marks)

- f) Explain the behavior of an inductor and a capacitor when connected to a **DC** source.

(10 Marks)

4. Diodes are active electronic devices with p-type and n-type semiconductors.

- a) Draw the characteristic curve of a diode and mark forward bias region, reverse bias region, thresholds voltage and breakdown voltage on it.

(20 Marks)

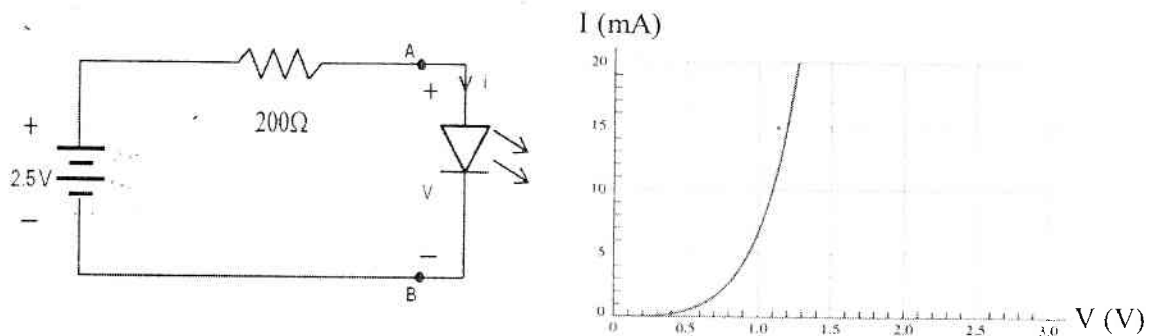
- b) Explain why the current can flow through the depletion layer in forward bias but not in reverse bias.

(20 Marks)

- c) Explain why the depletion layer doesn't extend throughout the diode.

(10 Marks)

- d) Following diagram shows a light emitting diode (LED) connected to a 2.5 V DC voltage source through a 200  $\Omega$  resistor and its current-voltage characteristics.



- i. Draw the load line for the circuit. (30 Marks)
- ii. Estimate the current and voltage across the LED. (20 Marks)

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Useful Equations

$$V_L = L \frac{di}{dt}$$

$$V_C = \frac{q}{C}$$