# Package 'HiddenSafetynet2025'

September 7, 2025

Type Package

Title HiddenSafetynet2025

Version 0.0.0.9000

Author Francis Tsiboe [aut, cre] (<a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5984-1072">https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5984-1072</a>)

Maintainer Francis Tsiboe <ftsiboe@hotmail.com>

Creator Francis Tsiboe

**Description** Replication Package for Hidden Safety Net of Underutilized Supplemental Insurance in US Agriculture.

License GPL-3 + file LICENSE

URL https://github.com/you/HiddenSafetynet2025

BugReports https://github.com/you/HiddenSafetynet2025/issues

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

VignetteBuilder knitr

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports data.table, rfcip, stringr, urbnmapr

Remotes github::dylan-turner25/rfcip, github::UrbanInstitute/urbnmapr, github::dylan-turner25/rfsa

**Suggests** dplyr, tidyr, knitr, rmarkdown, mockery, withr, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

LazyData true

Cite-us If you find it useful, please consider staring the repository and citing the following studies

- Tsiboe, F. and Turner, D. (2025). ``Incorporating buyup price loss coverage into the United States

farm safety net." Applied Economic Perspectives and Policy.

- Tsiboe, F., et al. (2025). ``Risk reduction impacts of crop insurance in the United States." Applied Economic Perspectives and Policy.
- Gaku, S. and Tsiboe, F. (2024). Evaluation of alternative farm safety net program combination strategies. Agricultural Finance Review.

# **R** topics documented:

```
Index
16
```

```
aggregate_expected_outcomes
```

Aggregate and winsorize expected outcomes (year-level)

## **Description**

Loads all per-task expected outcome files for a given year, aggregates them, winsorizes key relative metrics within groups (5th-95th percentiles), and saves a single cleaned file.

## Usage

```
aggregate_expected_outcomes(
   year,
   expected_directory = NULL,
   output_directory = NULL,
   study_environment,
   agent_identifiers = c("commodity_year", "state_code", "county_code", "type_codedisaggregate = NULL)
)
```

# Arguments

```
year Integer. Year to aggregate.

expected_directory

Character or NULL. Directory containing per-task expected_*.rds files for the year. If NULL, uses file.path(study_environment$wd$dir_expected, year).

output_directory

Character or NULL Directory to write the aggregated file. If NULL uses
```

Character or NULL. Directory to write the aggregated file. If NULL, uses study\_environment\$wd\$dir\_expected.

```
List. Must provide $wd$dir_expected (and is used to resolve defaults when directories are NULL).

agent_identifiers

Character vector. Grouping keys used for by-group winsorization (default: c("commodity_year")).

disaggregate Character or NULL. Optional extra grouping column (e.g., "combination").

If provided but missing, it is created as "ALL".
```

#### **Details**

Reads all .rds files under expected\_directory, binds them, computes 5th and 95th percentiles for Relmean, Relsd, Relcv, Rellapv, Rellapv, Relnlapv, Relnlapv

#### Value

Invisibly returns the path to the saved file.

```
build_agent_simulation_data

Build agent simulation panel
```

### **Description**

Read cleaned agent-level simulation data for a crop year, unnest per-draw outcomes, filter to the requested draw(s), compute county-level expected yields, and add per-row revenue.

## Usage

```
build_agent_simulation_data(
   year,
   sim,
   agents_directory = "data/cleaned_agents_data"
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
year Integer. Crop year.
sim Integer vector. Draw number(s) to keep.
agents_directory
```

Character. Directory containing cleaned agent data. Default: "data/cleaned\_agents\_data".

## **Details**

The function:

- Loads cleaned\_agents\_data\_<year>.rds from agents\_directory.
- 2. Unnests draw pools: number, farm yield/price, and county yield/price.
- 3. Filters to sim (matching rma\_draw\_number).
- 4. Renames simulated fields to canonical names and floors negative county yields at zero.
- 5. Computes a planted-acre-weighted expected\_county\_yield.
- 6. Computes row-level revenue = actual\_farm\_yield \* actual\_price \* planted\_acres.

#### Value

A data.table containing all original columns plus:

- expected\_county\_yield
- final\_county\_yield
- harvest\_price
- revenue

```
\verb|build_supplemental_offering_and_adoption||\\
```

Build panel of supplemental insurance availability (offering) and adoption (acres)

# **Description**

Creates a county-year-commodity panel with availability flags for APH/SCO/ECO90/ECO95 and adoption/acreage measures from RMA SOB/TPU. Availability is sourced from the RMA ADM (A00030\_InsuranceOffer). ECO availability applies starting in 2021.

## Usage

```
build_supplemental_offering_and_adoption(
  cleaned_rma_sobtpu_file_path = "data/cleaned_rma_sobtpu.rds",
  output_directory = "data"
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
\label{lem:character:path} Character.\ Path\ to\ cleaned\ RMA\ SOB/TPU\ RDS.\ Default:\ "data/cleaned\_rma\_sobtpu.rds". \ output\_directory
```

Character. Directory to save output RDS; created if missing. Default: "data".

# **Details**

Output columns:

- commodity\_year, state\_code, county\_code, commodity\_code, county\_fips
- avail\_aph, avail\_sco, avail\_eco90, avail\_eco95 (0/1 flags)
- insured\_acres, sco, eco90, eco95 (adopted acres)

Availability aggregation uses max() (binary). Acreage aggregation uses sum(). Missing numeric values are replaced with 0.

# Value

Invisibly returns the output file path. Also prints a brief summary.

clean\_agents\_data 5

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   path <- build_supplemental_offering_and_adoption()
   readRDS(path)[1:5]
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
clean_agents_data Clean agent-level data for a given year
```

### **Description**

Downloads, merges, and processes agent-level insurance data for the specified year. Combines revenue draws, calibrated yields, and RMA reference data, computes premium/subsidy measures, and saves the cleaned dataset as an RDS file.

## Usage

```
clean_agents_data(
   year,
   cleaned_rma_sobtpu_file_path = "data/cleaned_rma_sobtpu.rds",
   cleaned_rma_sco_and_eco_adm_file_path = "data/cleaned_rma_sco_and_eco_adm.rds"
   output_directory = "data/cleaned_agents_data"
)
```

## **Arguments**

Directory to save output RDS file. Created if missing. Default: "data/cleaned\_agents\_data

## Value

Returns the input year on success, with attributes for save\_path and number of rows. Returns NULL on error.

#### Note

Requires data.table, access to GitHub-hosted RDS files, and the helper function get\_compressed\_adm().

6 clean\_rma\_sobtpu

```
clean_rma_sco_and_eco_adm

Build SCO/ECO/Area ADM table for a given year (adds SCO88/SCO90)
```

### **Description**

Downloads yearly ADM fragments from GitHub Releases for *Supplemental SCO*, *Supplemental ECO*, and *Area* plans, aggregates key parameters by common grouping keys, linearly interpolates SCO rates to 88% and 90% (using AYP and, for years >= 2021, ECO anchors), and returns the cleaned, stacked table.

#### **Usage**

```
clean_rma_sco_and_eco_adm(year)
```

### **Arguments**

year

Integer. commodity year (e.g., 2022).

#### Value

A data.table containing original SCO/ECO/Area ADM rows plus synthesized SCO88 (insurance\_plan\_code + 10) and SCO90 (insurance\_plan\_code + 20) rows with non-invalid base\_rate.

## Note

Requires internet access. Missing plan files for a year are skipped silently.

```
clean_rma_sobtpu Clean and enrich RMA Summary of Business (SOB) data
```

## Description

Processes RMA Summary of Business (SOB) data to produce an analysis-ready dataset with aggregated core insurance metrics and **shares** of Supplemental Coverage Option (SCO) and Enhanced Coverage Option (ECO) by coverage level.

# Usage

```
clean_rma_sobtpu(study_env = setup_environment(), output_directory = "data")
```

# Arguments

```
study_env A list-like environment produced by setup_environment() that must include year_beg and year_end (inclusive integers). Defaults to setup_environment(). output_directory
```

Character string specifying the directory where the processed .rds file should be saved. Defaults to "data". The file will be named "cleaned\_rma\_sobtpu.rds".

#### **Details**

The output file will be written to file.path (output\_directory, "cleaned\_rma\_sobtpu.rds"). The directory is created if it does not exist.

#### Value

A character message describing the processed year range and number of output rows; the main side effect is writing an .rds file to disk.

compute\_base\_policy\_outcomes

Compute base-policy outcomes

## **Description**

Vectorized **data.table** implementation of base-policy guarantees, acres/liability, premium pieces (total/subsidy/producer), and indemnity, plus a tidy column subset for downstream joins.

## Usage

```
compute_base_policy_outcomes(cleaned_agents_data)
```

### **Arguments**

cleaned\_agents\_data

A data.frame or data.table with the required columns (see error message if any are missing).

### **Details**

Requires a set of core inputs (e.g., yields, prices, coverages, acres) and returns the standard monetary outputs for each policy row. Price risk is handled via a new\_insurance\_guarantee that depends on plan code.

## Value

A data.table with key fields and outputs: insured\_acres, liability, total\_premium, subsidy\_amount, producer\_premium, indemnity, revenue, and supporting fields such as harvest\_price, expected\_county\_yield, final\_county\_yield, new\_insurance\_guarantee, projected\_price.

```
compute_expected_outcomes
```

Compute expected outcomes and risk metrics from simulation outputs

## **Description**

Joins cleaned agent records to simulation files, then computes expected (mean/sd) revenues, downsiderisk measures (loss-side residual moments), relative improvements with insurance, and insurance performance statistics. Writes a single .rds result file and returns its path (invisibly).

## Usage

```
compute_expected_outcomes(
   year,
   task_id,
   agents_directory = "data/cleaned_agents_data",
   simulation_directory = NULL,
   output_directory = NULL,
   study_environment,
   agent_identifiers = c("commodity_year", "state_code", "county_code", "commodit
        "type_code", "practice_code", "unit_structure_code", "insurance_plan_code",
        "coverage_level_percent", "insured_acres"),
   disaggregate = NULL
)
```

# Arguments

```
Integer (scalar). Analysis year (used to resolve input/output paths).
year
                 Integer or integer vector. Pseudo-task partition(s) to keep; the function cycles a
task_id
                 1..500 index over agent rows and filters to these values.
agents_directory
                 Character. Directory containing cleaned_agents_data_<year>.rds.
simulation directory
                 Character or NULL. Directory with simulation .rds files; default is file.path (study_enviro
                 year).
output_directory
                 Character or NULL. Directory to write results; default is file.path(study_environment$wd
                 year).
study_environment
                 List. Must include wd$dir_sim and wd$dir_expected if the correspond-
                 ing directory arguments are NULL.
agent_identifiers
                 Character vector. Columns that identify agent units and define aggregation
                 groups (used for joins and by); default includes year, location, crop, unit struc-
```

"combination"). If provided but missing after the join, the column is cre-

disaggregate Character or NULL. Optional extra column to disaggregate by (for example,

ture, plan, coverage, and acres.

ated and set to "ALL".

#### **Details**

### **Pipeline**

- 1. Load agent data and keep only agent\_identifiers; coerce to data.table.
- 2. Assign a pseudo task (cycles 1..500), then filter to task\_id.
- 3. Guardrails:
  - Stop if no simulation files are found.
  - Stop if the combined join yields zero rows.
  - Validate required numeric columns: revenue, indemnity, producer\_premium, liability, total\_premium, subsidy\_amount.
  - Use safe\_div() to avoid Inf/NaN on zero or non-finite denominators.
- 4. Compute revenues (floored at 0): Revenue and Revenue\_Inc (= revenue + indemnity
  - producer premium).
- 5. By uid (=agent\_identifiers plus disaggregate if provided), compute means, sds, residual-based downside measures (loss-only squared residuals and their frequency), and derived statistics (variance, CV, LAPV, LRPV, normalized forms).
- 6. Compute relative metrics (insured vs. uninsured ratios): Relmean, Relsd, Relcv, Rellapv, Rellrpv, Relnlrpv, Relvar. Base Revenue\* statistics are dropped before the final merge to keep results compact.
- 7. Aggregate insurance performance by group: mean liability, total\_premium, subsidy\_amount, producer\_premium, indemnity, premium and LCR rates (Simrate, SimrateP, Simsuby, Simlcr), and group sums for lr\_indemnity and lr\_premium. Merge with the relative metrics.

**Join note** The join uses data[simdt, on =  $\langle keys \rangle$ , nomatch = 0], i.e., it returns rows aligned to the simulation table entries that match the agent keys.

#### Value

Invisibly returns the saved file path (expected\_<year>\_<task-range>.rds).

```
compute_supplemental_current
```

Aggregate supplemental results for the current environment

## **Description**

Scale selected SCO/ECO factors by base-policy weights (sco, eco90, eco95), aggregate by policy keys, append base outcomes, and label the rollup as "Basic+CURRENT".

#### **Usage**

```
compute_supplemental_current(base_policy_data, supplemental_factors)
```

# **Arguments**

```
base_policy_data
```

data.table. Base-policy outcomes (contains keys, weights, and monetary fields). supplemental\_factors

data.table. Supplemental outcomes from compute\_supplemental\_factors
including sup.

#### Value

A data.table aggregated by policy keys with: revenue, liability, total\_premium, subsidy\_amount, producer\_premium, indemnity, and combination.

# Description

Compute shallow-loss protection, premiums, and indemnities for one SCO/ECO endorsement offering, aligning plan families and joining ADM rating inputs.

# Usage

```
compute_supplemental_factors(base_policy, adm, plan, subsidy, trigger)
```

## **Arguments**

```
base_policy data.table. Base-policy rows (keys, yields, prices, liability, etc.).

adm data.table. Rating inputs with base_rate and join keys.

plan Integer. Plan code in the offering (e.g., 31-33, 51-53, 87-89).

subsidy Numeric. Subsidy factor (e.g., 0.65, 0.80, 0.44).

trigger Numeric. Coverage trigger level (e.g., 0.86, 0.90, 0.95).
```

# **Details**

Handles plan families via offsets (31-33, 41-43, 51-53, 87-89). For plans 87-89 (ECO), the <code>coverage\_level\_perce</code> for ADM is matched to the <code>trigger</code> (with a small tolerance), and the subsidy factor special-case is applied for underlying plan code 1. Emits a standard <code>sup</code> label like <code>"SCO8665"</code> or <code>"ECO9544"</code>.

## Value

A data.table with columns: commodity\_year, state\_code, county\_code, commodity\_code, type\_code, practice\_code, unit\_structure\_code, insurance\_plan\_code, coverage\_level\_peliability, total\_premium, subsidy\_amount, producer\_premium, indemnity, sup.

```
compute_supplemental_full
```

Aggregate supplemental full-participation results

## **Description**

Given selected sup labels, sum their monetary fields, append base outcomes, and produce a final rollup by policy keys with a descriptive combination label.

## Usage

```
compute_supplemental_full(
  base_policy_data,
  supplemental_factors,
  supplemental_pick
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
base_policy_data
data.table. Base-policy outcomes.
supplemental_factors
data.table. Results from compute_supplemental_factors.
supplemental_pick
Character vector of sup labels to include.
```

# Details

The function self-filters supplemental\_factors to the provided supplemental\_pick (after dropping empties), aggregates within keys, appends base outcomes, and re-aggregates.

# Value

A data.table aggregated by the policy keys with: revenue, liability, total\_premium, subsidy\_amount, producer\_premium, indemnity, and combination.

```
compute_supplemental_incremental
```

Compute incremental supplemental results at an adoption rate

# Description

Build an incremental scenario by scaling SCO8665 supplemental dollars by a user-specified adoption rate, aggregating by keys, and appending base outcomes.

#### Usage

```
compute_supplemental_incremental(
  base_policy_data,
  supplemental_factors,
  adoption_rate
)
```

#### **Arguments**

Numeric. Percentage (e.g., 10 for 10\ scale incremental supplemental amounts.

#### Value

A data.table aggregated by the policy keys with: revenue, liability, total\_premium, subsidy\_amount, producer\_premium, indemnity, and combination.

```
dispatcher_supplemental_simulation
```

Dispatcher: simulate supplemental outcomes for one draw

# Description

Orchestrate the full supplemental simulation workflow for a given crop year and draw: build the agent panel, compute base-policy results, generate supplemental factors, assemble *Current*, *Full*, and *Incremental* scenarios, and write the combined results to disk.

# Usage

```
dispatcher_supplemental_simulation(
    sim,
    year,
    agents_directory = "data/cleaned_agents_data",
    cleaned_rma_sco_and_eco_adm_file_path = "data/cleaned_rma_sco_and_eco_adm.rds"
    output_directory = NULL
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
sim Integer. Draw number used in data building and the filename.

year Integer. Crop year.

agents_directory

Character. Directory for cleaned agents data.

cleaned_rma_sco_and_eco_adm_file_path

Character. Path to RDS of SCO/ECO ADM with join keys and base_rate.

Default: "data/cleaned_rma_sco_and_eco_adm.rds".
```

setup\_environment 13

```
output_directory
```

Character or NULL. Where to write results; see Details for default behavior.

### **Details**

The pipeline:

- 1. build\_agent\_simulation\_data to construct the panel.
- 2. compute\_base\_policy\_outcomes for base outcomes.
- 3. study\_scenarios to enumerate offerings/mixes.
- 4. Load SCO/ECO ADM; filter to commodity\_year == year; average base\_rate by key; drop invalid/zero rates.
- 5. Loop offerings through compute\_supplemental\_factors.
- 6. Build scenarios:
  - *Current*: compute\_supplemental\_current.
  - Full: compute\_supplemental\_full.
  - *Incremental*: compute\_supplemental\_incremental.
- 7. Aggregate base-only results, rbind all scenarios, and save as simXXX.rds in output\_directory.

If output\_directory is NULL, it defaults to file.path(study\_environment\$wd\$dir\_sim, year) (ensure study\_environment\$wd\$dir\_sim exists in the calling environment).

# Value

Invisibly writes simXXX.rds to output\_directory.

```
setup_environment Setup Project Environment
```

## **Description**

Loads project settings, creates working directories (both under a fast scratch area and in the project), sets useful options (), fixes the RNG seed, and stores the analysis year range.

#### Usage

```
setup_environment(
  year_beg = 2015,
  year_end = 2024,
  seed = 1980632,
  fastscratch_root = NULL
)
```

14 study\_scenarios

#### **Arguments**

```
year_beg Integer. Beginning year of the analysis (default: 2015).

year_end Integer. Ending year of the analysis (default: 2024).

seed Integer. Random seed for reproducibility (default: 1980632).
```

fastscratch\_root

Optional character. Root directory where intermediate files from simulations and estimations will be written for later aggregation. If NULL, it is set automatically based on the operating system:

- Windows: "C:/fastscratch"
- Linux/macOS: "/fastscratch/<username>"

### **Details**

Creates these directories (if absent):

- Fast scratch tree (for large, intermediate outputs): <fastscratch\_root>/HiddenSafetynet2025/outpwith subfolders sims, expected, draw\_farm, draw\_cost.
- Project-local (for smaller, version-controlled artifacts): data/, data/output/, data/cleaned\_agents\_d

#### Sets:

- options (scipen = 999)
- options (future.globals.maxSize = 8 \* 1024^3) (= 8 GiB)
- options (dplyr.summarise.inform = FALSE)
- set.seed(seed)

Requires the packages future.apply, rfcip, data.table, and rfcipCalcPass.

## Value

```
A list with:
```

```
wd Named list of working directories (fastscratch root and subfolders).year_beg Starting year (integer).year_end Ending year (integer).
```

study\_scenarios

Build study scenarios (SCO/ECO offerings and mixes)

## **Description**

Define the endorsement offerings (plan family - trigger - subsidy - label) and the full-participation SCO/ECO mixes to evaluate for a given year.

## Usage

```
study_scenarios(year)
```

study\_scenarios 15

## **Arguments**

year

Integer. Crop year used to determine available ECO variants.

### **Details**

For years >= 2021, ECO 90/44 and 95/44 variants are added and the participation set is expanded accordingly. Offerings create sup labels such as "SCO8665", "SCO9080", "ECO9044", "ECO9544".

### Value

A named list with:

- offerings: data.table of insurance\_plan\_code, Trigger, plan, Subsidy\_factor.
- full\_participation: data.table of SCO/ECO label combinations to test (columns sco, eco).

# **Index**

```
aggregate_expected_outcomes, 2
build_agent_simulation_data, 3, 13
build_supplemental_offering_and_adoption,
clean_agents_data,5
clean_rma_sco_and_eco_adm, 6
clean_rma_sobtpu, 6
compute_base_policy_outcomes, 7,
\verb|compute_expected_outcomes|, 8
compute_supplemental_current, 9,
compute_supplemental_factors, 9,
       10, 11–13
compute_supplemental_full, 11, 13
compute_supplemental_incremental,
       11, 13
data.table, 4, 6, 7, 9-12, 15
dispatcher_supplemental_simulation,
       12
setup_environment, 13
setup_environment(),6
study_scenarios, 13, 14
```