

## 1 Morphological categories

## 2 Parts-of-speech

The parts-of-speech in use are described in more detail here.<sup>1</sup>

Open class words:

ADJ

ADV      *«Германские войска быстро продвигались вперёд  
и к 1942 году вышли к Северному Кавказу.»*

INTJ

NOUN

PROPN

VERB

Closed class words:

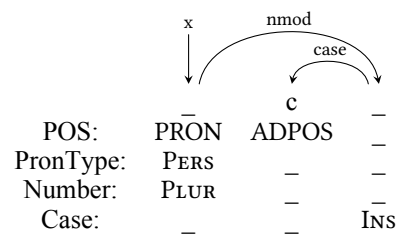
- ADP
- CONJ
- DET
- NUM
- PART
- PRON
- SCONJ

Other:

- PUNCT
- X

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<sup>1</sup><http://universaldependencies.org/ru/pos/all.html>



### 3 Phrasal categories

NP

VP

AP

AdvP

PP

XP

### 4 Dependency relations

The dependency relations in the construction are based on Universal Dependencies.<sup>2</sup>

### 5 Semantic roles

Definitions of semantic roles have been taken from various sources.

Actant	
Action	
Activity	
Agent	Refers to the initiator of an event. [Вася] <sub>Agent</sub> ловит рыбу. Рыба ловится [Васей] <sub>Agent</sub>

<sup>2</sup><http://>

Associated	
BaseOfPredication	
Beneficiary	Refers to a referent which is advantaged or disadvantaged by an event. Когда Саше было девять лет, мать купила [ему] <i>Beneficiary</i> кроссовки.
Cause	
Causer	Refers to the referent which instigates an event rather than actually doing it.
Circumstance	
Class	
Concerning	
Condition	
Context	
Corresponding	
Direction	
Distance	
Entity	
Evaluation	
Event	

Experiencer	Refers to an entity that receives a sensory impression, or in some other way is the locus of some event or activity that involves neither volition nor a change of state.
Function	
Goal	Refers to the place to which something moves, or the thing towards which an action is directed.
Instrument	Refers to an inanimate thing that an agent uses to implement an event. It is the stimulus or immediate physical cause of an event. Он написал письмо [карандашом] <i>Instrument</i> .
Landmark	
Location	
Locative	Refers to the location or spatial orientation of a state or action. It does not imply any motion. Иван нашел лягушку [в лесу] <i>Locative</i> .
Manner	Notes how the action, experience, or process of an event is carried out.
Material	
Measure	Notes the quantification of an event.
Object	
Part	
Participant	
Path	
Patient	Refers to the surface object of the verb in a sentence.
Phenomenon	

Property	
Purpose	
Quantitative	
Recipient	Refers to a referent that is conscious of being affected by the state or action identified by the verb.
Requirement	
Result	
Situation	
Source	Refers to the (a) the place of origin, (b) the entity from which a physical sensation comes, (c) the original owner in a transfer.
State	
Theme	
Trajector	
Undergoer	

**Table 1:** List of semantic roles

## 6 Naming constructions

## 7 The structure of the constructicon

**Name** This is the name of the construction (see §6).

**Illustration** This is a short/minimal example of the construction.

**Berkeley ID**

**Type**

**Category** This is the resulting syntactic category of the construction.

**FrameNet** The FrameNet frame invoked by the construction (if applicable).

**Definition** A free text definition in Russian. The parts of the definition corresponding to construction elements are tagged with the appropriate semantic role (see §5)

**Structure** A structure sketch