$$\int \frac{\text{Log}\left[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^{m}\right]}{\mathbf{x}} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

• Rubi uses a simpler rule when a is positive:

$$Int\left[\frac{Log[1+bx^{m}]}{x}, x\right]$$

$$= \frac{PolyLog[2, -bx^{m}]}{m}$$

$$Int\left[\frac{Log[5+bx^{m}]}{x}, x\right]$$

$$= \frac{Log[5] Log[x^{m}]}{m} - \frac{PolyLog[2, -\frac{bx^{n}}{5}]}{m}$$

$$= \frac{Int\left[\frac{Log[a+bx^{m}]}{x}, x\right]}{m}$$

$$= \frac{Log\left[-\frac{bx^{m}}{a}\right] Log[a+bx^{m}]}{m} + \frac{PolyLog[2, 1+\frac{bx^{m}}{a}]}{m}$$

• *Mathematica* does not use simpler rule when a is positive:

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[1+b\,x^m]}{x} \, dx$$

$$\frac{\text{Log}[-b\,x^m] \, \text{Log}[1+b\,x^m]}{m} + \frac{\text{PolyLog}[2,\,1+b\,x^m]}{m}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[5+b\,x^m]}{x} \, dx$$

$$\frac{\text{Log}[-\frac{b\,x^n}{5}] \, \text{Log}[5+b\,x^m]}{m} + \frac{\text{PolyLog}[2,\,1+\frac{b\,x^n}{5}]}{m}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[a+b\,x^m]}{x} \, dx$$

$$\frac{\text{Log}[-\frac{b\,x^n}{a}] \, \text{Log}[a+b\,x^m]}{m} + \frac{\text{PolyLog}[2,\,1+\frac{b\,x^n}{a}]}{m}$$

Maple uses a simpler rule when a is positive:

int (log $(5+b*x^m)/x$, x);

$$\frac{\text{Log[5] Log}\left[\frac{bx^n}{5}\right]}{\mathfrak{m}} - \frac{\text{Dilog}\left[1 + \frac{b \, x^n}{5}\right]}{\mathfrak{m}}$$

int (log ($a + b * x^m$) / x, x);

$$\frac{\text{Log}\left[-\frac{b\,x^m}{a}\right]\,\text{Log}\left[a+b\,x^m\right]}{m}\,+\,\frac{\text{Dilog}\left[-\frac{b\,x^m}{a}\right]}{m}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}\left[a + b x^2\right]^2}{x^3} dx$$

■ The Rubi result is relatively simple and free of the imaginary unit:

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[a+b\,x^{2}\right]^{2}}{x^{3}}, x\right]$$

$$\frac{b\operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{b\,x^{2}}{a}\right]\operatorname{Log}\left[a+b\,x^{2}\right]}{a^{2}} - \frac{\left(a+b\,x^{2}\right)\operatorname{Log}\left[a+b\,x^{2}\right]^{2}}{a^{2}} + \frac{b\operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2,\,1+\frac{b\,x^{2}}{a}\right]}{a^{2}}$$

■ The Mathematica result is complicated and not free of the imaginary unit:

$$\int \frac{\log\left[a+b\,x^2\right]^2}{x^3}\,dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{2\,a\,x^2}\left(b\,x^2\,\log\left[-\frac{i\,\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x\right]^2+b\,x^2\,\log\left[\frac{i\,\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x\right]^2+2\,b\,x^2\,\log\left[-\frac{i\,\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x\right]\,\log\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\,\sqrt{b}\,x}{2\,\sqrt{a}}\right]+$$

$$2\,b\,x^2\,\log\left[\frac{i\,\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x\right]\,\log\left[\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\,\sqrt{b}\,x}{2\,\sqrt{a}}\right]+4\,b\,x^2\,\log\left[x\right]\,\log\left[1-\frac{i\,\sqrt{b}\,x}{\sqrt{a}}\right]+$$

$$4\,b\,x^2\,\log\left[x\right]\,\log\left[1+\frac{i\,\sqrt{b}\,x}{\sqrt{a}}\right]-4\,b\,x^2\,\log\left[x\right]\,\log\left[a+b\,x^2\right]-2\,b\,x^2\,\log\left[-\frac{i\,\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x\right]\,\log\left[a+b\,x^2\right]-$$

$$2\,b\,x^2\,\log\left[\frac{i\,\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x\right]\,\log\left[a+b\,x^2\right]+a\,\log\left[a+b\,x^2\right]^2+2\,b\,x^2\,\log\left[a+b\,x^2\right]^2+4\,b\,x^2\,\operatorname{Polylog}\left[2\,,\,-\frac{i\,\sqrt{b}\,x}{\sqrt{a}}\right]+$$

$$4\,b\,x^2\,\operatorname{Polylog}\left[2\,,\,\frac{i\,\sqrt{b}\,x}{\sqrt{a}}\right]+2\,b\,x^2\,\operatorname{Polylog}\left[2\,,\,\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\,\sqrt{b}\,x}{2\,\sqrt{a}}\right]+2\,b\,x^2\,\operatorname{Polylog}\left[2\,,\,\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\,\sqrt{b}\,x}{2\,\sqrt{a}}\right]$$

Maple is unable to integrate the expression:

int
$$(\log (a + b * x^2)^2 / x^3, x);$$

$$\left(\frac{\log [a + b x^2]^2}{x^3} dx\right)$$

$$\int Log \left[\frac{c x}{a + b x} \right]^3 dx$$

Rubi is able to integrate both special and general cases:

$$\frac{\left(a+b\,x\right)\,\text{Log}\left[\frac{x}{a+b\,x}\right]^{3},\,\,x}{b} + \frac{3\,a\,\text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{b+\frac{a}{x}}\right]^{2}\,\text{Log}\left[-\frac{a}{b\,x}\right]}{b} - \frac{6\,a\,\text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{b+\frac{a}{x}}\right]\,\text{PolyLog}\left[2\,,\,1+\frac{a}{b\,x}\right]}{b} - \frac{6\,a\,\text{PolyLog}\left[3\,,\,\frac{b+\frac{a}{x}}{b}\right]}{b}$$

$$\frac{1\,\text{Int}\left[\text{Log}\left[\frac{c\,x}{a+b\,x}\right]^{3},\,\,x\right]}{b} + \frac{3\,a\,\text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{b+\frac{a}{x}}\right]^{2}\,\text{Log}\left[\frac{c\,x}{a+b\,x}\right]}{b} - \frac{6\,a\,\text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{b+\frac{a}{x}}\right]\,\text{PolyLog}\left[2\,,\,1+\frac{a}{b\,x}\right]}{b} - \frac{6\,a\,\text{PolyLog}\left[3\,,\,1+\frac{a}{b\,x}\right]}{b} - \frac{6\,a\,\text{PolyLog}\left[3\,,\,1+\frac{a}{b\,x}\right$$

• *Mathematica* is only able to integrate the special case:

$$\int Log \left[\frac{x}{a+bx} \right]^3 dx$$

$$\frac{3 a Log \left[\frac{a}{a+bx} \right] Log \left[\frac{x}{a+bx} \right]^2}{b} + x Log \left[\frac{x}{a+bx} \right]^3 + \frac{6 a Log \left[\frac{x}{a+bx} \right] PolyLog \left[2, \frac{bx}{a+bx} \right]}{b} - \frac{6 a PolyLog \left[3, \frac{bx}{a+bx} \right]}{b}$$

$$\int Log \left[\frac{c x}{a+bx} \right]^3 dx$$

$$\int Log \left[\frac{c x}{a+bx} \right]^3 dx$$

Maple is unable to integrate either the special or general case:

int
$$(\log (x / (a+b*x))^3, x);$$

$$\int \log \left[\frac{x}{a+bx}\right]^3 dx$$
int $(\log (c*x/(a+b*x))^3, x);$

$$\int \log \left[\frac{cx}{a+bx}\right]^3 dx$$

$$\int Log \left[\frac{(a + b x)^2}{x^2} \right]^3 dx$$

• *Rubi* is able to integrate the expression:

$$\frac{\left[\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{\left(a+b\,x\right)^{2}}{x^{2}}\right]^{3}, x}{b} = \frac{\left(a+b\,x\right)\,\operatorname{Log}\left[\left(b+\frac{a}{x}\right)^{2}\right]^{3}}{b} - \frac{6\,a\,\operatorname{Log}\left[\left(b+\frac{a}{x}\right)^{2}\right]^{2}\operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{a}{b\,x}\right]}{b} - \frac{24\,a\,\operatorname{Log}\left[\left(b+\frac{a}{x}\right)^{2}\right]\,\operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2,\,1+\frac{a}{b\,x}\right]}{b} + \frac{48\,a\,\operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3,\,\frac{b+\frac{a}{x}}{b}\right]}{b}$$

• *Mathematica* is unable to integrate the expression:

$$\int Log \left[\frac{(a+bx)^2}{x^2} \right]^3 dx$$

$$\int Log \left[\frac{(a+bx)^2}{x^2} \right]^3 dx$$

Maple is unable to integrate the expression:

$$\int \ln \left(\frac{(a+bx)^2}{x^2} \right)^3 dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\text{Log}[ax]}} \, dx$$

• *Rubi* is able to integrate the expression:

$$Int\left[\frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{Log[a x]}}, x\right]$$

$$a \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{Erf}\left[\sqrt{Log[a x]}\right]$$

• *Mathematica* is able to integrate the expression:

$$\int \frac{1}{\mathbf{x}^2 \sqrt{\log[\mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{x}]}} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

$$\mathbf{a} \sqrt{\pi} \, \operatorname{Erf} \left[\sqrt{\log[\mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{x}]} \, \right]$$

■ *Maple* is unable to integrate the expression:

int
$$(1/(x^2 * sqrt (ln (a * x))), x);$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\log[a x]}} dx$$