$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \operatorname{Gamma}[n, a + b x] dx$$

Rubi uses reduction rules to integrate all the expressions:

$$\frac{(a+bx) \; \text{Gamma} \left[n,\, a+bx\right],\, x}{b} = \frac{\text{Gamma} \left[1+n,\, a+bx\right]}{b}$$

$$\frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{b} \left[x \; \text{Gamma} \left[n,\, a+bx\right],\, x\right]$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - x^2\right) \; \text{Gamma} \left[n,\, a+bx\right] + \frac{a \; \text{Gamma} \left[1+n,\, a+bx\right]}{b^2} - \frac{\text{Gamma} \left[2+n,\, a+bx\right]}{2 \, b^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{a^3}{b^3} + x^3\right) \; \text{Gamma} \left[n,\, a+bx\right] - \frac{a^2 \; \text{Gamma} \left[1+n,\, a+bx\right]}{b^3} + \frac{a \; \text{Gamma} \left[2+n,\, a+bx\right]}{b^3} - \frac{\text{Gamma} \left[3+n,\, a+bx\right]}{3 \, b^3}$$

Mathematica is able to integrate all the expressions:

Maple is unable to integrate any of the expressions:

```
int (GAMMA (n, a+b*x), x);

Gamma[n, a+bx] dx

int (x*GAMMA (n, a+b*x), x);
```

 $\frac{1}{3 \, b^3} \, \left( \left( a^3 + b^3 \, x^3 \right) \, \text{Gamma} \, [\, n \, , \, a + b \, x \, ] \, - \, 3 \, a^2 \, \text{Gamma} \, [\, 1 + n \, , \, a + b \, x \, ] \, + \, 3 \, a \, \text{Gamma} \, [\, 2 + n \, , \, a + b \, x \, ] \, - \, \text{Gamma} \, [\, 3 + n \, , \, a + b \, x \, ] \right)$ 

 $\int x Gamma[n, a+bx] dx$ 

int  $(x^2 * GAMMA (n, a+b*x), x)$ ;

 $\int\! x^2\; \text{Gamma}\left[\,n\,,\; a\,+\,b\;x\,\right]\; \text{d}\,x$ 

$$\int x^{m} \operatorname{PolyLog}[n, c e^{a+b x}] dx$$

• Rubi uses integration by parts to reduce the degree of  $\mathbf{x}^{m}$ :

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left[1+n,\,c\,e^{a+bx}\right]}{b},\,\mathbf{x}$$

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left[1+n,\,c\,e^{a+bx}\right]}{b}$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{x}\,\text{PolyLog}\left[1+n,\,c\,e^{a+bx}\right],\,\mathbf{x}\right]}{b} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left[2+n,\,c\,e^{a+bx}\right]}{b^2}$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{x}\,\text{PolyLog}\left[1+n,\,c\,e^{a+bx}\right]}{b} - \frac{2\,\mathbf{x}\,\text{PolyLog}\left[2+n,\,c\,e^{a+bx}\right]}{b^2} + \frac{2\,\text{PolyLog}\left[3+n,\,c\,e^{a+bx}\right]}{b^3}$$

■ *Mathematica* does not know to use integration by parts:

■ *Maple* does not know to use integration by parts:

```
int (polylog (n, c*exp (a+b*x)), x);

PolyLog[n, cea+bx] dx
int (polylog (n, exp (a+b*x)), x);
```

```
\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left[n+1,\ e^{a+b\,x}\right]}{b}
```

int 
$$(x * polylog (n, exp (a + b * x)), x);$$

$$\int x \text{ PolyLog}[n, e^{a+bx}] dx$$

int 
$$(x^2 * polylog (n, exp (a + b * x)), x);$$

$$\int \! x^2 \; \text{PolyLog} \left[ n \,,\; e^{a+b \, x} \right] \, \text{d} x$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[x]^m \text{PolyLog}[n, ax]}{x} dx$$

■ Rubi uses integration by parts to reduce the degree of Log[x]<sup>m</sup>:

Int 
$$\left[\frac{\text{Log}[x] \text{ PolyLog}[n, ax]}{x}, x\right]$$

Log[x] PolyLog[1+n, ax] - PolyLog[2+n, ax]

Int 
$$\left[\frac{\text{Log}[x]^2 \text{ PolyLog}[n, ax]}{x}, x\right]$$

 $\texttt{Log}\left[\mathtt{x}\right]^{2} \texttt{PolyLog}\left[\mathtt{1}+\mathtt{n},\,\mathtt{a}\,\mathtt{x}\right] - 2\,\mathtt{Log}\left[\mathtt{x}\right]\, \texttt{PolyLog}\left[\mathtt{2}+\mathtt{n},\,\mathtt{a}\,\mathtt{x}\right] + 2\,\mathtt{PolyLog}\left[\mathtt{3}+\mathtt{n},\,\mathtt{a}\,\mathtt{x}\right]$ 

 $Log[x]^{3} PolyLog[1+n, ax] - 3 Log[x]^{2} PolyLog[2+n, ax] + 6 Log[x] PolyLog[3+n, ax] - 6 PolyLog[4+n, ax]$ 

Mathematica does not know to use integration by parts:

$$\int \frac{\text{Log[x] PolyLog[n, ax]}}{x} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[x] \text{ PolyLog}[n, ax]}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[x]^2 \, \text{PolyLog}[n, \, a \, x]}{x} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{\log[x]^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[n, ax]}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\log[x]^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}[n, a \, x]}{x} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[x]^3 \text{ PolyLog}[n, ax]}{x} dx$$

Maple does not know to use integration by parts:

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[x]^2 \, \text{PolyLog}[n, \, a \, x]}{x} \, dx$$

int (log (x)  $^3$  \* polylog (n, a \* x) / x, x);

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[x]^3 \, \text{PolyLog}[n, a \, x]}{x} \, dx$$

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \, \mathbf{ProductLog} \, [\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}] \, \, \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x}$$

• Rubi uses integration by parts to reduce the degree of  $\mathbf{x}^m$ :

### Int[ProductLog[a+bx], x]

$$-x + \frac{a + bx}{b \operatorname{ProductLog}[a + bx]} + \frac{(a + bx) \operatorname{ProductLog}[a + bx]}{b}$$

### Int[x ProductLog[a + b x], x]

$$\frac{a (a + b x)}{b^{2}} - \frac{(a + b x)^{2}}{4 b^{2}} - \frac{(a + b x)^{2}}{8 b^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog}[a + b x]^{2}} - \frac{a (a + b x)}{b^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog}[a + b x]} + \frac{(a + b x)^{2}}{4 b^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog}[a + b x]} - \frac{a (a + b x) \operatorname{ProductLog}[a + b x]}{b^{2}} + \frac{(a + b x)^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog}[a + b x]}{2 b^{2}}$$

### Int $[x^2 \text{ ProductLog } [a + b x], x]$

$$\frac{a^{2} (a + b x)}{b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{2}}{2 b^{3}} - \frac{(a + b x)^{3}}{9 b^{3}} + \frac{2 (a + b x)^{3}}{81 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{2}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]^{2}} - \frac{2 (a + b x)^{3}}{27 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]^{2}} + \frac{a^{2} (a + b x)}{b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]} - \frac{a (a + b x)^{2}}{2 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]} + \frac{(a + b x)^{3}}{9 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]} + \frac{a^{2} (a + b x) \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{2}}{9 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a (a + b x)^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]}{3 b^{3}} + \frac{a ($$

Mathematica does not know to use integration by parts:

### ProductLog[a + b x] dx

$$(a + b x) (1 - ProductLog[a + b x] + ProductLog[a + b x]^2)$$
  
b ProductLog[a + b x]

$$x \text{ ProductLog}[a + b x] dx$$

$$\int \! x^2 \, \text{ProductLog} \, [\, a + b \, x \, ] \, \, \text{d} x$$

$$x^2$$
 ProductLog [a + bx] dx

• Maple uses integration by parts to reduce the degree of  $\mathbf{x}^{m}$ :

```
int (LambertW (a+b*x), x);

(a+bx) (1-LambertW (a+bx) + LambertW (a+bx)<sup>2</sup>)

b LambertW (a+bx)

int (x*LambertW (a+b*x), x);

a (a+bx) - (a+bx)<sup>2</sup> - (a+bx)<sup>2</sup> - (a+bx)<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup> LambertW (a+bx) + (a+bx) + (a+bx)<sup>2</sup>

(a+bx)<sup>2</sup> - a (a+bx) - (a+bx) - a (a+bx) LambertW (a+bx) + (a+bx) - 2b<sup>2</sup>

int (x*2*LambertW (a+b*x), x);

- a<sup>2</sup> (a+bx) + a (a+bx)<sup>2</sup> - (a+bx)<sup>3</sup> + 2 (a+bx)<sup>3</sup> + a (a+bx)<sup>2</sup>

- b<sup>3</sup> - 2b<sup>3</sup> - 9b<sup>3</sup> + 81b<sup>3</sup> LambertW (a+bx)<sup>3</sup> + 4b<sup>3</sup> LambertW (a+bx)<sup>2</sup>

- 2 (a+bx)<sup>3</sup> + a<sup>2</sup> (a+bx) - a (a+bx)<sup>2</sup> + b<sup>3</sup> LambertW (a+bx) - a (a+bx)<sup>2</sup>

- 2 (a+bx) - a (a+bx) - a (a+bx)<sup>2</sup> + b<sup>3</sup> LambertW (a+bx) - a (a+bx)<sup>2</sup> + b<sup>3</sup> LambertW (a+bx) + b<sup>3</sup> LambertW (a+bx) + a (a+bx)<sup>3</sup> + a (a+bx)<sup>3</sup> LambertW (a+bx) + a (a+bx)<sup>3</sup>
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \operatorname{ProductLog}[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}]^{2} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

• Rubi uses integration by parts to reduce the degree of  $\mathbf{x}^m$ :

# Int [ProductLog [a + b x]<sup>2</sup>, x] $4x - \frac{4 (a + bx)}{b \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]} - \frac{2 (a + bx) \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]}{b} + \frac{(a + bx) \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}}{b}$ Int [x ProductLog [a + bx]<sup>2</sup>, x] $-\frac{4 a (a + bx)}{b^{2}} + \frac{3 (a + bx)^{2}}{4 b^{2}} + \frac{3 (a + bx)^{2}}{8 b^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{2 a (a + bx) \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]}{b^{2}}$ $-\frac{4 a (a + bx)}{b^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]} - \frac{3 (a + bx)^{2}}{4 b^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]} + \frac{2 a (a + bx) \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]}{b^{2}}$ $-\frac{(a + bx)^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]}{2 b^{2}} - \frac{a (a + bx) \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}}{b^{2}} + \frac{(a + bx)^{2} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}}{2 b^{2}}$ Int [x<sup>2</sup> ProductLog [a + bx]<sup>2</sup>, x] $-\frac{4 a^{2} (a + bx)}{b^{3}} - \frac{3 a (a + bx)^{2}}{2 b^{3}} + \frac{8 (a + bx)^{3}}{27 b^{3}} - \frac{16 (a + bx)^{3}}{243 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{3}} - \frac{3 a (a + bx)^{2}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{2}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{3}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{3}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{3}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{3}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{3}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{3}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + bx]^{3}} + \frac{1 a (a + bx)^{3}}{4 b^{3} \operatorname{$

$$\frac{4 \, a^{2} \, (a + b \, x)}{b^{3}} - \frac{3 \, a \, (a + b \, x)^{3}}{2 \, b^{3}} + \frac{8 \, (a + b \, x)^{3}}{27 \, b^{3}} - \frac{16 \, (a + b \, x)^{3}}{243 \, b^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]^{3}} - \frac{3 \, a \, (a + b \, x)^{3}}{4 \, b^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]^{2}} + \frac{16 \, (a + b \, x)^{3}}{4 \, b^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]^{2}} - \frac{4 \, a^{2} \, (a + b \, x)}{b^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]} + \frac{3 \, a \, (a + b \, x)^{2}}{2 \, b^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]} - \frac{8 \, (a + b \, x)^{3}}{27 \, b^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]} - \frac{2 \, (a + b \, x)^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]}{27 \, b^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]} + \frac{a \, (a + b \, x)^{2} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]}{b^{3}} - \frac{2 \, (a + b \, x)^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]}{9 \, b^{3}} + \frac{a^{2} \, (a + b \, x)^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]^{2}}{b^{3}} + \frac{a \, (a + b \, x)^{2} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]^{2}}{3 \, b^{3}} + \frac{a^{2} \, (a + b \, x)^{3} \, \text{ProductLog} \, [a + b \, x]^{2}}{3 \, b^{3}}$$

Mathematica does not know to use integration by parts:

 $\int x^2 \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]^2 dx$ 

```
\[ \int \text{ProductLog} [a + b \times]^2 dx \]
\[ (a + b \times) \left( -4 + 4 \text{ ProductLog} [a + b \times]^2 - 2 \text{ ProductLog} [a + b \times]^2 + \text{ ProductLog} [a + b \times]^3 \right) \]
\[ \text{b ProductLog} [a + b \times]^2 dx \]
\[ \text{x ProductLog} [a + b \times]^2 dx \]
```

```
\int x^2 \operatorname{ProductLog} [a + b x]^2 dx
```

• *Maple* uses integration by parts to reduce the degree of  $\mathbf{x}^m$ :

```
int (LambertW (a + b * x) ^2, x);

\[
\begin{align*}
\left( -4 + 4 \text{ LambertW (a + b x) } - 2 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}^2 + \text{ LambertW (a + b x)} \\
\text{ int (x * LambertW (a + b * x) ^2, x);} \\
\frac{4 a (a + b x)}{b^2} + \frac{3 (a + b x)^2}{4 b^2} + \frac{3 (a + b x)^2}{8 b^2 (LambertW (a + b x))^2} + \frac{4 a (a + b x)}{b^2 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \\
\frac{3 (a + b x)^2}{4 b^2 \text{ LambertW (a + b x) } + \frac{2 a (a + b x) \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}}{b^2} - \frac{2 b^2}{2 b^2} - \\
\frac{a (a + b x) (LambertW (a + b x))^2}{b^2} + \frac{(a + b x)^2 (LambertW (a + b x))^2}{2 b^2} - \\
\text{int (x^2 * LambertW (a + b * x)^2, x);} \\
\frac{4 a^2 (a + b x)}{b^3} & \frac{3 a (a + b x)^2}{2 b^3} + \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3} & \frac{16 (a + b x)^3}{243 b^3 (LambertW (a + b x))^2} + \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a + b x)^3}{27 b^3 \text{ LambertW (a + b x)}} - \frac{8 (a +
```

 $2 a^2 (a + bx)$  LambertW (a + bx)  $a (a + bx)^2$  LambertW (a + bx)  $2 (a + bx)^3$  LambertW (a + bx)

 $\frac{a^{2} (a+bx) (LambertW (a+bx))^{2}}{-} - \frac{a (a+bx)^{2} (LambertW (a+bx))^{2}}{-} + \frac{(a+bx)^{3} (LambertW (a+bx))^{2}}{-}$ 

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \operatorname{ProductLog}\left[\mathbf{a} \ \mathbf{x}^{2}\right] \, d\mathbf{x}$$

■ Rubi is able to integrate  $\mathbf{x}^{m}$  **ProductLog**  $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a} \ \mathbf{x}^{2} \end{bmatrix}$  for all odd m:

### $\texttt{Int}\left[\mathbf{x}^{\texttt{3}}\ \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\mathtt{a}\ \mathbf{x}^{\texttt{2}}\right]\textrm{,}\ \mathbf{x}\right]$

$$-\frac{x^4}{8} - \frac{x^4}{16 \text{ ProductLog} \left[\text{a } x^2\right]^2} + \frac{x^4}{8 \text{ ProductLog} \left[\text{a } x^2\right]} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \text{ ProductLog} \left[\text{a } x^2\right]$$

### $\text{Int}\left[\textbf{x}\,\text{ProductLog}\left[\textbf{a}\,\,\textbf{x}^2\right]\text{, }\textbf{x}\right]$

$$-\frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{2}}{2 \text{ ProductLog} \left[ a x^{2} \right]} + \frac{1}{2} x^{2} \text{ ProductLog} \left[ a x^{2} \right]$$

$$Int \left[ \frac{ProductLog \left[ a \ x^2 \right]}{x}, \ x \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{ProductLog}\left[\operatorname{a}\mathbf{x}^{2}\right]+\frac{1}{4}\operatorname{ProductLog}\left[\operatorname{a}\mathbf{x}^{2}\right]^{2}$$

$$Int\left[\frac{ProductLog\left[a \ x^2\right]}{x^3}, \ x\right]$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ a ExpIntegralEi} \left[ - \text{ProductLog} \left[ \text{a } \text{x}^2 \right] \right] - \frac{\text{ProductLog} \left[ \text{a } \text{x}^2 \right]}{2 \text{ x}^2}$$

$$Int\Big[\frac{ProductLog\left[a\;x^2\right]}{x^5},\;x\Big]$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}\,\mathsf{a}^2\,\mathsf{ExpIntegralEi}\left[-2\,\mathsf{ProductLog}\left[\mathsf{a}\,\,\mathsf{x}^2\right]\right]\,-\,\frac{\mathsf{ProductLog}\left[\mathsf{a}\,\,\mathsf{x}^2\right]}{2\,\,\mathsf{x}^4}$$

■ Mathematica is only able to integrate  $\mathbf{x}^m$  ProductLog  $[\mathbf{a} \ \mathbf{x}^2]$  for odd m greater than -2:

$$\int\!\mathbf{x}^3\;\text{ProductLog}\left[a\;\mathbf{x}^2\right]\,d\mathbf{x}$$

$$-\frac{x^{4}}{8}-\frac{x^{4}}{16 \; \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\mathsf{a} \; x^{2}\right]^{2}}+\frac{x^{4}}{8 \; \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\mathsf{a} \; x^{2}\right]}+\frac{1}{4} \; x^{4} \; \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\mathsf{a} \; x^{2}\right]$$

$$\int\! x\; \texttt{ProductLog}\left[a\; x^2\right]\; dx$$

$$-\frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{2}}{2 \text{ ProductLog} \left[a \ x^{2}\right]} + \frac{1}{2} x^{2} \text{ ProductLog} \left[a \ x^{2}\right]$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[a \ x^{2}\right]}{x} \ dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ProductLog}\left[a \ x^{2}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ProductLog}\left[a \ x^{2}\right]^{2}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[a \ x^{2}\right]}{x^{3}} \ dx$$

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{ProductLog}\left[a \ x^{2}\right]}{x^{3}} \ dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[a \ x^2\right]}{x^5} \ dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[\text{a } \mathbf{x}^2\right]}{\mathbf{x}^5} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

■ Maple is only able to integrate  $\mathbf{x}^m$  LambertW  $(\mathbf{a} \mathbf{x}^2)$  for m equal 1 or -1:

```
int (x^3 * LambertW (a * x^2), x);

\int x^3 LambertW (a * x^2) dx
int (x * LambertW (a * x^2), x);

-\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2 LambertW (a * x^2)} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 LambertW (a * x^2)
int (LambertW (a * x^2) / x, x);

\frac{1}{2} LambertW (a * x^2) + \frac{1}{4} LambertW (a * x^2)^2
int (LambertW (a * x^2) / x^3, x);

\int \frac{LambertW (a * x^2)}{x^3} dx
int (LambertW (a * x^2) / x^5, x);
```

$$\int \frac{\text{LambertW } (a x^2)}{x^5} dx$$

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \, \mathbf{ProductLog} \left[ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{a} \\ \mathbf{x} \end{array} \right] \, \mathrm{d} \, \mathbf{x}$$

■ Rubi is able to integrate  $\mathbf{x}^{m}$  **ProductLog**  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{a}{x} \end{bmatrix}$  for all integer m:

$$Int\left[x^{2} ProductLog\left[\frac{a}{x}\right], x\right]$$

$$-\frac{3}{2}\, \text{a}^3\, \text{ExpIntegralEi} \left[-3\, \text{ProductLog} \left[\frac{a}{x}\right]\right] + \frac{1}{2}\, x^3\, \text{ProductLog} \left[\frac{a}{x}\right] - \frac{1}{2}\, x^3\, \text{ProductLog} \left[\frac{a}{x}\right]^2$$

$$Int\left[x ProductLog\left[\frac{a}{x}\right], x\right]$$

$$\mathbf{a}^2 \; \mathtt{ExpIntegralEi} \left[ -2 \; \mathtt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{\mathbf{a}}{\mathbf{x}} \right] \right] + \mathbf{x}^2 \; \mathtt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{\mathbf{a}}{\mathbf{x}} \right]$$

$$Int \left[ ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{x} \right], x \right]$$

-a ExpIntegralEi 
$$\left[ - \text{ProductLog}\left[ \frac{a}{x} \right] \right] + x \text{ProductLog}\left[ \frac{a}{x} \right]$$

$$Int\left[\frac{ProductLog\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x}, x\right]$$

$$- \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \, \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]^2$$

$$\text{Int}\Big[\frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x^2}\text{, }x\Big]$$

$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x \cdot \text{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]} - \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x}$$

$$Int\left[\frac{ProductLog\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x^3}, x\right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4\,x^2} + \frac{1}{8\,x^2\, \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]^2} - \frac{1}{4\,x^2\, \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]} - \frac{\texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{2\,x^2}$$

$$Int\Big[\frac{\texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x^4},\,x\Big]$$

$$\frac{1}{9\,\,x^3} - \frac{2}{81\,x^3\,\operatorname{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]^3} + \frac{2}{27\,x^3\,\operatorname{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]^2} - \frac{1}{9\,x^3\,\operatorname{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]} - \frac{\operatorname{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{3\,x^3}$$

Mathematica is only able to integrate  $\mathbf{x}^{m}$  ProductLog  $\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]$  for m equal -1 or -2:

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{x} \right] dx$$

$$\int \! x^2 \, \text{ProductLog} \left[ \, \frac{\text{a}}{\text{m}} \, \right] \, \text{d} \, x$$

$$\int x \operatorname{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{x} \right] dx$$

$$\int \! x \; \text{ProductLog} \left[ \, \frac{a}{x} \, \right] \; \text{d} \, x$$

$$\int\! \mathtt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{\mathtt{a}}{\mathtt{x}}\right]\,\mathtt{d}\mathtt{x}$$

$$\int \mathtt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{\mathtt{a}}{\mathtt{x}} \right] \, \mathtt{d} \mathtt{x}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x} \, dx$$

$$- \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \, \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]^2$$

$$\int \frac{\texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x^2} \, dx$$

$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x \, \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]} - \frac{\texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x^3} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{\texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x^3} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x^4} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]}{x^4} \, dx$$

■ Maple is able to integrate  $x^m$  LambertW  $\left(\frac{a}{x}\right)$  for all integer m:

int 
$$(x^2 * LambertW (a / x), x)$$
;

$$\frac{3}{2} \, a^3 \, \text{Ei} \, \left(1 \, , \, 3 \, \text{LambertW} \, \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} \, x^3 \, \text{LambertW} \, \left(\frac{a}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \, x^3 \, \text{LambertW} \, \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)^2$$

int (x \* LambertW (a / x), x);

 $-a^2 \text{ Ei } \left(1, 2 \text{ LambertW } \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)\right) + x^2 \text{ LambertW } \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)$ 

int (LambertW (a / x), x);

a Ei  $\begin{pmatrix} 1, \text{ LambertW } \begin{pmatrix} a \\ - \\ x \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} + x \text{ LambertW } \begin{pmatrix} a \\ - \\ x \end{pmatrix}$ 

int (LambertW (a/x)/x, x);

-LambertW  $\left(\frac{a}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{2}$  LambertW  $\left(\frac{a}{x}\right)^2$ 

int (LambertW  $(a/x)/x^2$ , x);

 $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x \text{ LambertW } \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)} - \frac{\text{LambertW } \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)}{x}$ 

int (LambertW  $(a/x)/x^3$ , x);

 $\frac{1}{4 \, \mathbf{x}^2} + \frac{1}{8 \, \mathbf{x}^2 \, \mathtt{LambertW} \, \left(\frac{a}{\mathbf{x}}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{4 \, \mathbf{x}^2 \, \mathtt{LambertW} \, \left(\frac{a}{\mathbf{x}}\right)} - \frac{\mathtt{LambertW} \, \left(\frac{a}{\mathbf{x}}\right)}{2 \, \mathbf{x}^2}$ 

int (LambertW  $(a/x)/x^4$ , x);

 $\frac{1}{9 \text{ x}^3} - \frac{2}{81 \text{ x}^3 \text{ LambertW } \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)^3} + \frac{2}{27 \text{ x}^3 \text{ LambertW } \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{1}{9 \text{ x}^3 \text{ LambertW } \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)} - \frac{\text{LambertW } \left(\frac{a}{x}\right)}{3 \text{ x}^3}$ 

$$\int\! ProductLog \! \left[ \frac{a}{x^{1/\left( n-1\right) }} \right]^n dx$$

■ *Rubi* knows how to integrate **ProductLog**  $\left[\frac{a}{x^{1/(n-1)}}\right]^n$  for symbolic and numeric n:

$$\text{Int}\left[\text{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x^{1/(n-1)}}\right]^n, \ x\right]$$

$$\frac{n}{n-1} \times \texttt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{x^{1/(n-1)}} \right]^{n-1} + x \, \texttt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{x^{1/(n-1)}} \right]^{n}$$

$$Int \left[ ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{x} \right]^2, x \right]$$

$$2 \times \mathtt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{\mathtt{a}}{\mathtt{x}}\right] + \mathtt{x} \, \mathtt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{\mathtt{a}}{\mathtt{x}}\right]^2$$

$$Int \left[ ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{x^{1/2}} \right]^3, x \right]$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \times \texttt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{\sqrt{x}} \right]^2 + x \, \texttt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{\sqrt{x}} \right]^3$$

$$\text{Int}\Big[\text{ProductLog}\Big[\frac{a}{x^{1/3}}\Big]^4, x\Big]$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \times \texttt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{x^{1/3}} \right]^3 + x \, \texttt{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{x^{1/3}} \right]^4$$

■ *Mathematica* does not know how to integrate  $\mathbf{ProductLog}\left[\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\mathbf{x}^{1/(n-1)}}\right]^{\mathbf{n}}$  for symbolic or numeric n:

$$\int\! ProductLog \left[\frac{a}{x^{1/(n-1)}}\right]^n dx$$

$$\int\! ProductLog\left[\,\frac{a}{x^{1/\left(n-1\right)}}\,\right]^{n}\,d\!\!\mid\! x$$

$$\int\! \text{ProductLog} \left[\frac{a}{x}\right]^2 \, \text{d}x$$

$$\int ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{-} \right]^2 dx$$

$$\int ProductLog \left[\frac{a}{x^{1/2}}\right]^3 dx$$

$$\int\! \text{ProductLog} \left[ \, \frac{a}{\sqrt{x}} \, \right]^3 \, \text{d} \, x$$

$$\int\! \text{ProductLog} \left[ \frac{a}{x^{1/3}} \right]^4 \text{d} x$$

$$\int \mathtt{ProductLog} \, \Big[ \, \frac{\mathtt{a}}{\mathtt{x}^{1/3}} \, \Big]^4 \, \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{x}$$

■ *Maple* does not know how to integrate LambertW  $\left(\frac{a}{x^{1/(n-1)}}\right)^n$  for symbolic n:

int (LambertW 
$$(a/x^{(1/(n-1))})^n, x);$$

$$\int\! \text{LambertW} \, \left( \frac{a}{x^{1/\left( n-1 \right)}} \right)^n \, d\!\! \, x$$

int (LambertW 
$$(a/x)^2$$
, x);

$$2 \times LambertW \begin{pmatrix} a \\ - \\ x \end{pmatrix} + x LambertW \begin{pmatrix} a \\ - \\ x \end{pmatrix}^2$$

int (LambertW (a / 
$$x^(1/2)$$
) 3,  $x$ );

$$\frac{3}{2} \times LambertW \left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^2 + x LambertW \left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^3$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \times \texttt{LambertW} \left( \frac{a}{x^{1/3}} \right)^3 + x \; \texttt{LambertW} \; \left( \frac{a}{x^{1/3}} \right)^4$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[a \ \mathbf{x}^n\right]^p}{\mathbf{x}^{n \ (p-1)+1}} \ d\mathbf{x}$$

■ Rubi knows how to integrate  $\frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[\mathbf{a} \ \mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{n}}\right]^{\mathbf{p}}}{\mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{n}} \cdot (\mathbf{p}-1)+1}$  for symbolic and numeric n and p:

$$Int\left[\frac{ProductLog\left[a\ x^{n}\right]^{P}}{x^{n\ (P-1)+1}},\ x\right]$$

$$-\frac{p \, \text{ProductLog} \, [\, a \, \, x^n \,]^{-1+p}}{n \, (p-1)^2 \, x^{n \, (p-1)}} - \frac{p \, \text{roductLog} \, [\, a \, \, x^n \,]^p}{n \, (p-1) \, x^{n \, (p-1)}}$$

$$Int \left[ ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{x} \right]^2, x \right]$$

$$2 \times \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right] + \times \texttt{ProductLog}\left[\frac{a}{x}\right]^2$$

$${\tt Int}\Big[{\tt ProductLog}\Big[\frac{\tt a}{\tt x^{1/2}}\Big]^{\tt 3}\text{, } \tt x\Big]$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \times ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{\sqrt{x}} \right]^2 + x ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{\sqrt{x}} \right]^3$$

$$\mathtt{Int}\Big[\mathtt{ProductLog}\Big[\frac{\mathtt{a}}{\mathtt{x}^{1/3}}\Big]^4\text{, }\mathtt{x}\Big]$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \times ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{v^{1/3}} \right]^3 + x ProductLog \left[ \frac{a}{v^{1/3}} \right]^4$$

■ *Mathematica* does not know how to integrate  $\frac{\text{ProductLog}[\mathbf{a} \mathbf{x}^n]^p}{\mathbf{x}^n \cdot (\mathbf{p}-1)+1}$  for symbolic or numeric n and p:

$$\int\! \frac{\texttt{ProductLog}\left[\texttt{a}\; \texttt{x}^n\right]^p}{\texttt{x}^{n\; (p-1)+1}}\; \texttt{d} \, \texttt{x}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[a \ \mathbf{x}^n\right]^p}{\mathbf{x}^{n \ (p-1) + 1}} \ d\mathbf{x}$$

$$\int \frac{\texttt{ProductLog}\left[\texttt{a} \ \texttt{x}^2\right]^p}{\texttt{x}^{2 \ (p-1) + 1}} \ \texttt{d} \texttt{x}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[a \ x^{2}\right]^{p}}{x^{2} \, ^{(p-1)+1}} \, dx$$

$$\int\!\frac{\texttt{ProductLog}\left[\texttt{a}\;\mathbf{x}^{\texttt{n}}\right]^{\,3}}{\mathbf{x}^{\texttt{n}\;(3-1)+1}}\;\texttt{d}\,\mathbf{x}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog} \left[a \ \mathbf{x}^n\right]^3}{\mathbf{x}^{2 \ n+1}} \ d\mathbf{x}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog} \left[a \ \mathbf{x}^2\right]^3}{\mathbf{x}^{2 \ (3-1)+1}} \ d\mathbf{x}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{ProductLog}\left[a \ x^2\right]^3}{x^5} \ dx$$

 $\left(\frac{\text{LambertW} \left(a x^{2}\right)^{3}}{x^{5}} dx\right)$ 

■ Maple does not know how to integrate  $\frac{\text{LambertW (a } \mathbf{x}^n)^p}{\mathbf{x}^n^{(p-1)+1}}$  for symbolic or numeric n and p:

int (LambertW (a \* x^n) ^p / x^ (n \* (p-1) + 1) , x);
$$\int \frac{LambertW (a x^n)^p}{x^n (p-1) + 1} dx$$
int (LambertW (a \* x^2) ^p / x^ (2 \* (p-1) + 1) , x);
$$\int \frac{LambertW (a x^2)^p}{x^2 (p-1) + 1} dx$$
int (LambertW (a \* x^n) ^3 / x^ (n \* (3 - 1) + 1) , x);
$$\int \frac{LambertW (a x^n)^3}{x^2 n + 1} dx$$
int (LambertW (a \* x^2) ^3 / x^ (2 \* (3 - 1) + 1) , x);