$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \sin[\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x}])^{n} d\mathbf{x}$$

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: If $a^2 b^2 = 0$, then $a + b \sin[z] = 2 a \cos\left[-\frac{\pi a}{4 b} + \frac{z}{2}\right]^2$
- Rule: If $a^2 b^2 = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Q} \land n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n < 0$, then

$$\int x^{m} (a + b \sin[c + dx])^{n} dx \rightarrow (2a)^{n} \int x^{m} \cos\left[-\frac{\pi a}{4b} + \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]^{2n} dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[(2*a)^n,Int[x^m*Cos[-Pi*a/(4*b)+c/2+d*x/2]^(2*n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && IntegerQ[n] && n<0</pre>
```

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification and piecewise constant extraction
- Basis: If $a^2 b^2 = 0$, then $a + b \sin[z] = 2 a \cos\left[-\frac{\pi a}{4 b} + \frac{z}{2}\right]^2$
- Basis: If $a^2 b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_z \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin[z]}}{\cos\left[-\frac{\pi a}{b + \frac{z}{a}}\right]} = 0$
- Rule: If $a^2 b^2 = 0 \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Q} \bigwedge n \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^{m} (a + b \sin[c + dx])^{n} dx \rightarrow \frac{(2 a)^{n - \frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + dx]}}{\cos\left[-\frac{\pi a}{4 b} + \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]} \int x^{m} \cos\left[-\frac{\pi a}{4 b} + \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]^{2 n} dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[(2*a)^(n-1/2)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[c+d*x]]/Cos[-Pi*a/(4*b)+c/2+d*x/2],
    Int[x^m*Cos[-Pi*a/(4*b)+c/2+d*x/2]^(2*n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && IntegerQ[n-1/2]
```

■ Derivation: Algebraic expansion

■ Basis:
$$\frac{1}{(a+bz)^2} = \frac{a}{(a^2-b^2)(a+bz)} - \frac{b(b+az)}{(a^2-b^2)(a+bz)^2}$$

• Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sin[c+d\,x])^2} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{a}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{x}{a+b\sin[c+d\,x]} \, dx - \frac{b}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{x\,\,(b+a\sin[c+d\,x])}{(a+b\sin[c+d\,x])^2} \, dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_/(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[a/(a^2-b^2),Int[x/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x]),x]] -
  Dist[b/(a^2-b^2),Int[x*(b+a*Sin[c+d*x])/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x])^2,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NonzeroQ[a^2-b^2]
```

■ Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: a + b Sin[z] =
$$\frac{i b+2 a e^{iz}-i b e^{2iz}}{2 e^{iz}}$$

■ Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 0 \land n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n < 0$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \left(a + b \, \text{Sin}[c + d \, x]\right)^n \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{1}{2^n} \, \int \! \frac{x^m \, \left(\dot{\textbf{i}} \, b + 2 \, a \, e^{\dot{\textbf{i}} \, c + \dot{\textbf{i}} \, d \, x} - \dot{\textbf{i}} \, b \, e^{2 \, \left(\dot{\textbf{i}} \, c + \dot{\textbf{i}} \, d \, x\right)}\right)^n}{e^n \, \left(\dot{\textbf{i}} \, c + \dot{\textbf{i}} \, d \, x\right)} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2^n,Int[x^m*(I*b+2*a*E^(I*c+I*d*x)-I*b*E^(2*(I*c+I*d*x)))^n/E^(n*(I*c+I*d*x)),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NonzeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && m>0 && IntegerQ[n] && n<0</pre>
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \cos[\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x}])^{n} d\mathbf{x}$$

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: If $a^2 b^2 = 0$, then $a + b \cos[z] = 2 a \cos\left[-\frac{1}{4}\pi\left(1 \frac{a}{b}\right) + \frac{z}{2}\right]^2$
- Note: This rule unifies the following two rules, but superficially appears more complicated.
- Rule: If $a^2 b^2 = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Q} \land n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n < 0$, then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \cos \left[\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x} \right] \right)^{n} \, d\mathbf{x} \rightarrow (2 \, \mathbf{a})^{n} \int \mathbf{x}^{m} \cos \left[\frac{1}{4} \left(-\pi \right) \left(1 - \frac{\mathbf{a}}{\mathbf{b}} \right) + \frac{\mathbf{c}}{2} + \frac{\mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}}{2} \right]^{2n} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

```
(* Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[(2*a)^n,Int[x^m*Cos[-Pi/4*(1-a/b)+c/2+d*x/2]^(2*n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && IntegerQ[n] && n<0 *)</pre>
```

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: $1 + \text{Cos}[z] = 2 \text{Cos}\left[\frac{z}{2}\right]^2$
- Rule: If $a b = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Q} \land n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n < 0$, then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \cos[\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x}])^{n} d\mathbf{x} \rightarrow (2 \mathbf{a})^{n} \int \mathbf{x}^{m} \cos\left[\frac{\mathbf{c}}{2} + \frac{\mathbf{d} \mathbf{x}}{2}\right]^{2n} d\mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[(2*a)^n,Int[x^m*Cos[c/2+d*x/2]^(2*n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && ZeroQ[a-b] && RationalQ[m] && IntegerQ[n] && n<0</pre>
```

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: 1 Cos[z] = $2 \sin\left[\frac{z}{2}\right]^2$
- Rule: If $a + b = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Q} \land n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n < 0$, then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \cos[\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x}])^{n} d\mathbf{x} \rightarrow (2 \mathbf{a})^{n} \int \mathbf{x}^{m} \sin\left[\frac{\mathbf{c}}{2} + \frac{\mathbf{d} \mathbf{x}}{2}\right]^{2n} d\mathbf{x}$$

```
 Int [x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] := \\ Dist[(2*a)^n,Int[x^m*Sin[c/2+d*x/2]^(2*n),x]] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d\},x] && ZeroQ[a+b] && RationalQ[m] && IntegerQ[n] && n<0 \\ \end{aligned}
```

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification and piecewise constant extraction
- Basis: If $a^2 b^2 = 0$, then $a + b \cos[z] = 2 a \cos\left[\frac{z}{2} \frac{1}{4}\pi\left(1 \frac{a}{b}\right)\right]^2$
- Basis: If $a^2 b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_z \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos[z]}}{\cos\left[\frac{z}{2} \frac{1}{4}\pi\left(1 \frac{a}{b}\right)\right]} == 0$
- Note: This rule unifies the following two rules, but superficially appears more complicated.
- Rule: If $a^2 b^2 = 0$ $\bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Q}$ $\bigwedge n \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^{m} (a + b \cos[c + dx])^{n} dx \rightarrow \frac{(2 a)^{n - \frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \cos[c + dx]}}{\cos\left[\frac{1}{4} (-\pi) \left(1 - \frac{a}{b}\right) + \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]} \int x^{m} \cos\left[\frac{1}{4} (-\pi) \left(1 - \frac{a}{b}\right) + \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]^{2 n} dx$$

```
(* Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
Dist[(2*a)^(n-1/2)*Sqrt[a+b*Cos[c+d*x]]/Cos[-Pi/4*(1-a/b)+c/2+d*x/2],
    Int[x^m*Cos[-Pi/4*(1-a/b)+c/2+d*x/2]^(2*n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && IntegerQ[n-1/2] *)
```

■ Derivation: Algebraic simplification

■ Basis:
$$1 + \cos[z] = 2\cos\left[\frac{z}{2}\right]^2$$

■ Basis:
$$\partial_z \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos[z]}}{\cos\left[\frac{z}{a}\right]} = 0$$

■ Rule: If $a - b = 0 \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Q} \bigwedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b \cos[c + dx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(2a)^{n - \frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \cos[c + dx]}}{\cos\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]} \int x^m \cos\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]^{2n} dx$$

■ Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[x_^m_. * \big(a_+ b_- * \text{Cos} [c_. + d_. * x_] \big) ^n_, x_\text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{Dist} \big[(2*a)^(n-1/2) * \text{Sqrt} [a+b*\text{Cos} [c+d*x]] / \text{Cos} [c/2+d*x/2], \text{Int} [x^m*\text{Cos} [c/2+d*x/2]^(2*n), x] \big] \ /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[\{a,b,c,d\},x \big] \ \& \& \ \text{ZeroQ} [a-b] \ \& \& \ \text{RationalQ} [m] \ \& \& \ \text{IntegerQ} [n-1/2] \end{split}$$

■ Derivation: Algebraic simplification

■ Basis: 1 - Cos[z] =
$$2 \sin \left[\frac{z}{2}\right]^2$$

■ Basis:
$$\partial_z \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos[z]}}{\sin\left[\frac{z}{a}\right]} = 0$$

■ Rule: If $a + b = 0 \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Q} \bigwedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} (a + b \cos[c + dx])^{n} dx \rightarrow \frac{(2a)^{n - \frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \cos[c + dx]}}{\sin\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]} \int \mathbf{x}^{m} \sin\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]^{2n} dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Dist[(2*a)^(n-1/2)*Sqrt[a+b*Cos[c+d*x]]/Sin[c/2+d*x/2],Int[x^m*Sin[c/2+d*x/2]^(2*n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && ZeroQ[a+b] && RationalQ[m] && IntegerQ[n-1/2]
```

■ Derivation: Algebraic expansion

■ Basis:
$$\frac{1}{(a+bz)^2} = \frac{a}{(a^2-b^2)(a+bz)} - \frac{b(b+az)}{(a^2-b^2)(a+bz)^2}$$

• Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \cos[c+d\,x])^2} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{a}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{x}{a+b \cos[c+d\,x]} \, dx \, - \, \frac{b}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{x \, \left(b+a \cos[c+d\,x]\right)}{\left(a+b \cos[c+d\,x]\right)^2} \, dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_/(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[a/(a^2-b^2),Int[x/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x]] -
  Dist[b/(a^2-b^2),Int[x*(b+a*Cos[c+d*x])/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x])^2,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NonzeroQ[a^2-b^2]
```

■ Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: a + b Cos [z] =
$$\frac{b+2 a e^{iz} + b e^{2iz}}{2 e^{iz}}$$

■ Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 0 \land n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n < 0$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \left(a + b \, \text{Cos} \left[c + d \, x\right]\right)^n \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{1}{2^n} \, \int \! \frac{x^m \, \left(b + 2 \, a \, e^{i \, c + i \, d \, x} + b \, e^{2 \, \left(i \, c + i \, d \, x\right)}\right)^n}{e^{n \, \left(i \, c + i \, d \, x\right)}} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2^n,Int[x^m*(b+2*a*E^(I*c+I*d*x)+b*E^(2*(I*c+I*d*x)))^n/E^(n*(I*c+I*d*x)),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NonzeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && m>0 && IntegerQ[n] && n<0</pre>
```

$$\int u (a + b \sin[c + dx]^{2})^{n} dx$$

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: $\sin[z]^2 = \frac{1}{2} (1 \cos[2z])$
- Note: This rule should be replaced with rules that directly reduce the integrand rather than transforming it using trig power expansion!
- Rule: If $a + b \neq 0 \land n \neq -1$, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[c + dx]^{2})^{n} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2^{n}} \int (2 a + b - b \cos[2 c + 2 dx])^{n} dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2^n,Int[(2*a+b-b*Cos[2*c+2*d*x])^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NonzeroQ[a+b] && RationalQ[n] && n≠-1
```

```
Int[(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2^n,Int[(2*a+b+b*Cos[2*c+2*d*x])^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NonzeroQ[a+b] && RationalQ[n] && n≠-1
```

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: $\sin[z]^2 = \frac{1}{2} (1 \cos[2z])$
- Note: This rule should be replaced with rules that directly reduce the integrand rather than transforming it using trig power expansion!
- Rule: If $a + b \neq 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z} \land m > 0$, then

$$\int x^{m} (a + b \sin[c + dx]^{2})^{n} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2^{n}} \int x^{m} (2 a + b - b \cos[2 c + 2 dx])^{n} dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2^n,Int[x^m*(2*a+b-b*Cos[2*c+2*d*x])^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NonzeroQ[a+b] && IntegersQ[m,n] && (m>0 && n==-1 || m==1 && n==-2)
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Dist[1/2^n,Int[x^m*(2*a+b+b*Cos[2*c+2*d*x])^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NonzeroQ[a+b] && IntegersQ[m,n] && (m>0 && n==-1 || m==1 && n==-2)
```

$$\int \sin[a+bx^n] dx$$

- Derivation: Primitive rule
- Basis: FresnelS'[z] = $Sin\left[\frac{\pi z^2}{2}\right]$
- Rule:

$$\int \sin[b x^2] dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}}{\sqrt{b}} Fresnels \left[\frac{\sqrt{b} x}{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}} \right]$$

```
Int[Sin[b_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Rt[b,2]*x/Sqrt[Pi/2]]/Rt[b,2] /;
FreeQ[b,x]

Int[Cos[b_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Rt[b,2]*x/Sqrt[Pi/2]]/Rt[b,2] /;
FreeQ[b,x]
```

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Basis: Sin[w + z] = Sin[w] Cos[z] + Cos[w] Sin[z]
- Rule:

$$\int\! Sin\big[a+b\,x^2\big]\,dx\,\rightarrow\, Sin\big[a\big]\,\int\! Cos\big[b\,x^2\big]\,dx+Cos\big[a\big]\,\int\! Sin\big[b\,x^2\big]\,dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_+b_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[Sin[a],Int[Cos[b*x^2],x]] +
  Dist[Cos[a],Int[Sin[b*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x]
```

```
Int[Cos[a_+b_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[Cos[a],Int[Cos[b*x^2],x]] -
  Dist[Sin[a],Int[Sin[b*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x]
```

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Basis: $Sin[z] = \frac{1}{2} i e^{-iz} \frac{1}{2} i e^{iz}$
- Rule: If \neg ($n \in \mathbb{F} \lor n < 0$), then

$$\int \sin[a+b\,x^n]\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{\dot{a}}{2}\int e^{-a\,\dot{a}-b\,\dot{a}\,x^n}\,dx-\frac{\dot{a}}{2}\int e^{a\,\dot{a}+b\,\dot{a}\,x^n}\,dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_],x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[I/2,Int[E^(-a*I-b*I*x^n),x]] -
  Dist[I/2,Int[E^(a*I+b*I*x^n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && Not[FractionOrNegativeQ[n]]
```

■ Basis: Cos[z] = $\frac{1}{2} e^{-\dot{n} z} + \frac{1}{2} e^{\dot{n} z}$

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_],x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2,Int[E^(-a*I-b*I*x^n),x]] +
  Dist[1/2,Int[E^(a*I+b*I*x^n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && Not[FractionOrNegativeQ[n]]
```

- **■** Derivation: Integration by parts
- Note: Although resulting integrand looks more complicated than the original, rules for improper binomials rectify it.
- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z} \ \lor \ n < 0$, then

$$\int \sin[a+bx^n] dx \rightarrow x \sin[a+bx^n] - bn \int x^n \cos[a+bx^n] dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_],x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sin[a+b*x^n] -
    Dist[b*n,Int[x^n*Cos[a+b*x^n],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[n] && n<0</pre>
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_],x_Symbol] :=
    x*Cos[a+b*x^n] +
    Dist[b*n,Int[x^n*Sin[a+b*x^n],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[n] && n<0</pre>
```

$$\int x^{m} \sin[a + b x^{n}] dx$$

- **■** Derivation: Primitive rule
- Basis: SinIntegral'[z] = $\frac{\sin[z]}{z}$
- Rule:

$$\int \frac{\sin[b\,x^n]}{x}\,dx \,\to\, \frac{\sin[ntegral\,[b\,x^n]}{n}$$

```
Int[Sin[b_.*x_^n_.]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  SinIntegral[b*x^n]/n /;
FreeQ[{b,n},x]
```

```
Int[Cos[b_.*x_^n_.]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
   CosIntegral[b*x^n]/n /;
FreeQ[{b,n},x]
```

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Basis: Sin[w + z] = Sin[w] Cos[z] + Cos[w] Sin[z]
- Rule:

$$\int \frac{\sin[a+b\,x^n]}{x}\,dx \,\to\, \sin[a]\,\int \frac{\cos[b\,x^n]}{x}\,dx + \cos[a]\,\int \frac{\sin[b\,x^n]}{x}\,dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_+b_.*x_^n_.]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[Sin[a],Int[Cos[b*x^n]/x,x]] +
  Dist[Cos[a],Int[Sin[b*x^n]/x,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x]
```

```
Int[Cos[a_+b_.*x_^n_.]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[Cos[a],Int[Cos[b*x^n]/x,x]] -
  Dist[Sin[a],Int[Sin[b*x^n]/x,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x]
```

- Reference: CRC 392, A&S 4.3.119
- **■** Derivation: Integration by parts
- Basis: \mathbf{x}^{m} Sin[a + b \mathbf{x}^{n}] = $-\frac{\mathbf{x}^{m-n+1} \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \cos[a+b \mathbf{x}^{n}]}{bn}$

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, x^n \right] \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, - \, \frac{x^{m-n+1} \, \text{Cos} \left[a + b \, x^n \right]}{b \, n} \, + \, \frac{m-n+1}{b \, n} \, \int \! x^{m-n} \, \text{Cos} \left[a + b \, x^n \right] \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.],x_Symbol] :=
  -x^(m-n+1)*Cos[a+b*x^n]/(b*n) +
  Dist[(m-n+1)/(b*n),Int[x^(m-n)*Cos[a+b*x^n],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[m] && 0<n<=m</pre>
```

■ Reference: CRC 396, A&S 4.3.123

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m-n+1)*Sin[a+b*x^n]/(b*n) -
    Dist[(m-n+1)/(b*n),Int[x^(m-n)*Sin[a+b*x^n],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[m] && 0<n<=m</pre>
```

- Reference: CRC 405, A&S 4.3.120
- **■** Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If m+n+1=0 \bigvee $(n \in \mathbb{Z} \land ((n>0 \land m<-1) \lor 0<-n< m+1)$, then

$$\int \! \mathbf{x}^m \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,\mathbf{x}^n] \, \, \text{d}\mathbf{x} \, \, \longrightarrow \, \, \frac{\mathbf{x}^{m+1} \, \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,\mathbf{x}^n]}{m+1} \, - \, \frac{b\,n}{m+1} \, \int \! \mathbf{x}^{m+n} \, \, \text{Cos}[a+b\,\mathbf{x}^n] \, \, \text{d}\mathbf{x}$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*x^n]/(m+1) -
    Dist[b*n/(m+1),Int[x^(m+n)*Cos[a+b*x^n],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && (ZeroQ[m+n+1] || IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[m] && (n>0 && m<-1 || 0<-n<m+1))</pre>
```

■ Reference: CRC 406, A&S 4.3.124

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*x^n]/(m+1) +
    Dist[b*n/(m+1),Int[x^(m+n)*Sin[a+b*x^n],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && (ZeroQ[m+n+1] || IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[m] && (n>0 && m<-1 || 0<-n<m+1))</pre>
```

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Basis: $Sin[z] = \frac{1}{2} i e^{-iz} \frac{1}{2} i e^{iz}$
- Rule: If $m+1 \neq 0 \land m-n+1 \neq 0 \land \neg (m \in \mathbb{F} \lor n \in \mathbb{F} \lor n < 0)$, then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^m \sin[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^n] \, d\mathbf{x} \, \longrightarrow \, \frac{\mathbf{i}}{2} \int \mathbf{x}^m \, e^{-\mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{i} \, \mathbf{x}^n} \, d\mathbf{x} - \frac{\mathbf{i}}{2} \int \mathbf{x}^m \, e^{\mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{i} \, \mathbf{x}^n} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.],x_Symbol] :=
   Dist[I/2,Int[x^m*E^(-a*I-b*I*x^n),x]] -
   Dist[I/2,Int[x^m*E^(a*I+b*I*x^n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && NonzeroQ[m+1] && NonzeroQ[m-n+1] &&
Not[FractionQ[m] || FractionOrNegativeQ[n]]
```

■ Basis: Cos[z] = $\frac{1}{2} e^{-iz} + \frac{1}{2} e^{iz}$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.],x_Symbol] :=
   Dist[1/2,Int[x^m*E^(-a*I-b*I*x^n),x]] +
   Dist[1/2,Int[x^m*E^(a*I+b*I*x^n),x]] /;
   FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && NonzeroQ[m+1] && NonzeroQ[m-n+1] &&
   Not[FractionQ[m] || FractionOrNegativeQ[n]]
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \sin[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^{n}]^{p} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

- Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If $n, p \in \mathbb{Z} \land p > 1 \land n-1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sin[a+b\,x^n]^p}{x^n}\,dx \,\,\to\,\, -\,\frac{\sin[a+b\,x^n]^p}{(n-1)\,\,x^{n-1}} \,+\, \frac{b\,n\,p}{n-1}\, \int \sin[a+b\,x^n]^{p-1}\, \cos[a+b\,x^n]\,\,dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Sin[a+b*x^n]^p/((n-1)*x^(n-1)) +
   Dist[b*n*p/(n-1),Int[Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p-1)*Cos[a+b*x^n],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[n,p] && ZeroQ[m+n] && p>1 && NonzeroQ[n-1]
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cos[a+b*x^n]^p/((n-1)*x^(n-1)) -
   Dist[b*n*p/(n-1),Int[Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p-1)*Sin[a+b*x^n],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[n,p] && ZeroQ[m+n] && p>1 && NonzeroQ[n-1]
```

- Reference: G&R 2.631.2' special case when m 2 n + 1 = 0
- Rule: If $p > 1 \land m 2n + 1 = 0$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a+b \, x^n]^p \, \text{d}x \, \to \, \frac{n \, \text{Sin}[a+b \, x^n]^p}{b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2} \, - \, \frac{x^n \, \text{Cos}[a+b \, x^n] \, \text{Sin}[a+b \, x^n]^{p-1}}{b \, n \, p} \, + \, \frac{p-1}{p} \, \int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a+b \, x^n]^{p-2} \, \text{d}x$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    n*Sin[a+b*x^n]^p/(b^2*n^2*p^2) -
    x^n*Cos[a+b*x^n]*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p-1)/(b*n*p) +
    Dist[(p-1)/p,Int[x^m*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p-2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && ZeroQ[m-2*n+1]
```

■ Reference: G&R 2.631.3' special case with m - 2 n + 1 = 0

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   n*Cos[a+b*x^n]^p/(b^2*n^2*p^2) +
   x^n*Sin[a+b*x^n]*Cos[a+b*x^n]^ (p-1)/(b*n*p) +
   Dist[(p-1)/p,Int[x^m*Cos[a+b*x^n]^ (p-2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && ZeroQ[m-2*n+1]
```

- Reference: G&R 2.631.2'
- Rule: If m, $n \in \mathbb{Z} \land p > 1 \land 0 < 2n < m+1$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, x^n \right]^p \, dx \, \to \, \frac{ \left(m - n + 1 \right) \, x^{m - 2 \, n + 1} \, \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, x^n \right]^p}{b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2} - \frac{ x^{m - n + 1} \, \text{Cos} \left[a + b \, x^n \right] \, \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, x^n \right]^{p - 1}}{b \, n \, p} + \\ \frac{p - 1}{p} \, \int \! x^m \, \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, x^n \right]^{p - 2} \, dx - \frac{(m - n + 1) \, \left(m - 2 \, n + 1 \right)}{b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2} \, \int \! x^{m - 2 \, n} \, \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, x^n \right]^p \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (m-n+1)*x^(m-2*n+1)*Sin[a+b*x^n]^p/(b^2*n^2*p^2) -
    x^(m-n+1)*Cos[a+b*x^n]*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p-1)/(b*n*p) +
    Dist[(p-1)/p,Int[x^m*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p-2),x]] -
    Dist[(m-n+1)*(m-2*n+1)/(b^2*n^2*p^2),Int[x^(m-2*n)*Sin[a+b*x^n]^p,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && 0<2*n<m+1</pre>
```

■ Reference: G&R 2.631.3'

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (m-n+1)*x^(m-2*n+1)*Cos[a+b*x^n]^p/(b^2*n^2*p^2) +
    x^(m-n+1)*Sin[a+b*x^n]*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p-1)/(b*n*p) +
    Dist[(p-1)/p,Int[x^m*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p-2),x]] -
    Dist[(m-n+1)*(m-2*n+1)/(b^2*n^2*p^2),Int[x^(m-2*n)*Cos[a+b*x^n]^p,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && 0<2*n<m+1</pre>
```

- Reference: G&R 2.643.1' special case when m 2n + 1 = 0
- Rule: If $p < -1 \land p \neq -2 \land m 2n + 1 = 0$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, x^n]^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \\ \frac{x^n \, \text{Cos}[a + b \, x^n] \, \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, x^n]^{p+1}}{b \, n \, (p+1)} - \frac{n \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, x^n]^{p+2}}{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+1) \, (p+2)} + \frac{p+2}{p+1} \int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, x^n]^{p+2} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x^n*Cos[a+b*x^n]*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p+1)/(b*n*(p+1)) -
    n*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p+2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)) +
    Dist[(p+2)/(p+1),Int[x^m*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p+2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p<-1 && p≠-2 && ZeroQ[m-2*n+1]</pre>
```

■ Reference: G&R 2.643.2' special case with m - 2 n + 1 = 0

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   -x^n*Sin[a+b*x^n]*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p+1)/(b*n*(p+1)) -
   n*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p+2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)) +
   Dist[(p+2)/(p+1),Int[x^m*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p+2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p<-1 && p≠-2 && ZeroQ[m-2*n+1]</pre>
```

- Reference: G&R 2.643.1'
- Rule: If $m, n \in \mathbb{Z} \land p < -1 \land p \neq -2 \land 0 < 2n < m+1$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^p \, \text{d}x \, \to \, \frac{x^{m-n+1} \, \text{Cos}[a+b\,x^n] \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^{p+1}}{b\, n \, (p+1)} - \frac{(m-n+1) \, x^{m-2\,n+1} \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^{p+2}}{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+1) \, (p+2)} + \\ \frac{p+2}{p+1} \, \int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^{p+2} \, \text{d}x + \frac{(m-n+1) \, (m-2\,n+1)}{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+1) \, (p+2)} \, \int \! x^{m-2\,n} \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^{p+2} \, \text{d}x$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m-n+1)*Cos[a+b*x^n]*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p+1)/(b*n*(p+1)) -
    (m-n+1)*x^(m-2*n+1)*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p+2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)) +
    Dist[(p+2)/(p+1),Int[x^m*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p+2),x]] +
    Dist[(m-n+1)*(m-2*n+1)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)),Int[x^(m-2*n)*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p+2),x]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && RationalQ[p] && p<-1 && p≠-2 && 0<2*n<m+1</pre>
```

■ Reference: G&R 2.643.2

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    -x^(m-n+1)*Sin[a+b*x^n]*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p+1)/(b*n*(p+1)) -
    (m-n+1)*x^(m-2*n+1)*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p+2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)) +
    Dist[(p+2)/(p+1),Int[x^m*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p+2),x]] +
    Dist[(m-n+1)*(m-2*n+1)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)),Int[x^(m-2*n)*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p+2),x]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && RationalQ[p] && p<-1 && p≠-2 && 0<2*n<m+1</pre>
```

- Reference: G&R 2.638.1'
- Rule: If m, $n \in \mathbb{Z} \land p > 1 \land 0 < 2n < 1-m \land m+n+1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^p \, dx \, \to \, \frac{x^{m+1} \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^p}{m+1} - \frac{b\,n\,p\,x^{m+n+1} \, \text{Cos}[a+b\,x^n] \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^{p-1}}{(m+1) \, (m+n+1)} - \frac{b^2\,n^2\,p^2}{(m+1) \, (m+n+1)} \int \! x^{m+2\,n} \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^{p-2} \, dx + \frac{b^2\,n^2\,p\, (p-1)}{(m+1) \, (m+n+1)} \int \! x^{m+2\,n} \, \text{Sin}[a+b\,x^n]^{p-2} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*x^n]^p/(m+1) -
    b*n*p*x^(m+n+1)*Cos[a+b*x^n]*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p-1)/((m+1)*(m+n+1)) -
    Dist[b^2*n^2*p^2/((m+1)*(m+n+1)),Int[x^(m+2*n)*Sin[a+b*x^n]^p,x]] +
    Dist[b^2*n^2*p*(p-1)/((m+1)*(m+n+1)),Int[x^(m+2*n)*Sin[a+b*x^n]^(p-2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && 0<2*n<1-m && NonzeroQ[m+n+1]</pre>
```

■ Reference: G&R 2.638.2'

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*x^n]^p/(m+1) +
    b*n*p*x^(m+n+1)*Sin[a+b*x^n]*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p-1)/((m+1)*(m+n+1)) -
    Dist[b^2*n^2*p^2/((m+1)*(m+n+1)),Int[x^(m+2*n)*Cos[a+b*x^n]^p,x]] +
    Dist[b^2*n^2*p*(p-1)/((m+1)*(m+n+1)),Int[x^(m+2*n)*Cos[a+b*x^n]^(p-2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && 0<2*n<1-m && NonzeroQ[m+n+1]</pre>
```

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Basis: $Sin[z] = \frac{1}{2} i e^{-iz} \frac{1}{2} i e^{iz}$
- Note: Not sure if this is useful or necessary.
- Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z} \land p > 0 \land m+1 \neq 0 \land m-n+1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int x^{m} \sin[a+b x^{n}]^{p} dx \rightarrow \left(\frac{i}{2}\right)^{p} \int x^{m} \left(e^{-a i - b i x^{n}} - e^{a i + b i x^{n}}\right)^{p} dx$$

```
(* Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_^n_.]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[(I/2)^p,Int[x^m*(E^(-a*I-b*I*x^n)-E^(a*I+b*I*x^n))^p,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && IntegerQ[p] && p>0 && NonzeroQ[m+1] && NonzeroQ[m-n+1] && Not[FractionQ[m] ||
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \sin[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} (\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x})^{n}]^{p} d\mathbf{x}$$

- Derivation: Integration by linear substitution
- Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ m > 0 \ \bigwedge \ p \in \mathbb{Q}$, then

$$\int x^{m} \sin[a+b(c+dx)^{n}]^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\int \left(-\frac{c}{d} + \frac{x}{d} \right)^{m} \sin[a+bx^{n}]^{p} dx, x, c+dx \right]$$

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \mathbf{x}_{-}^{m}.* \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \mathbf{a}_{-} + \mathbf{b}_{-} * \left( \mathbf{c}_{-} + \mathbf{d}_{-} * \mathbf{x}_{-} \right)^{n} \right]^{p}., \mathbf{x}_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & \operatorname{Dist} \left[ 1/d, \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( -c/d + \mathbf{x}/d \right)^{m} * \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \mathbf{a}_{+} \mathbf{b}_{+} \mathbf{x}^{n} \right]^{p}, \mathbf{x}_{-} \right], \mathbf{x}_{-} \mathbf{c}_{-} \mathbf{d}_{+} \mathbf{x}_{-} \right] \right] /; \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ \mathbf{a}_{+} \mathbf{b}_{+}, \mathbf{c}_{+} \mathbf{d}_{-}, \mathbf{n}_{+} \right\}, \mathbf{x}_{-} \right] & \text{\&\& IntegerQ} \left[ \mathbf{m} \right] & \text{\&\& m>0 & \& RationalQ} \left[ \mathbf{p} \right] \end{aligned}
```

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ x_{m_*} \cdot \operatorname{Cos} \left[ a_{+b_*} \cdot \left( c_{+d_*} \cdot x_{-} \right)^n_{-p_*} \cdot x_{-p_*} \right] \right] := \\ & \operatorname{Dist} \left[ 1/d, \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( -c/d + x/d \right)^m \cdot \operatorname{Cos} \left[ a + b \cdot x^n_{-p_*} \right] \right] \right] \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a, b, c, d, n \right\}, x \right] \right] & \operatorname{\&} \left[ \operatorname{IntegerQ} \left[ m \right] \right] & \operatorname{\&} \left[ \operatorname{m} \right] & \operatorname{\&} \left[ \operatorname{RationalQ} \left[ p \right] \right] \end{aligned}
```

$$\int \sin\left[a + bx + cx^2\right] dx$$

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: If $b^2 4$ a c = 0, then $a + b x + c x^2 = \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{4c}$
- Rule: If $b^2 4ac = 0$, then

$$\int \sin\left[a+bx+cx^2\right] dx \rightarrow \int \sin\left[\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{4c}\right] dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   Int[Sin[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && ZeroQ[b^2-4*a*c]
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   Int[Cos[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && ZeroQ[b^2-4*a*c]
```

- **■** Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Basis: $a + b x + c x^2 = \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{4c} \frac{b^2-4ac}{4c}$
- Basis: Sin[z-w] = Cos[w] Sin[z] Sin[w] Cos[z]
- Rule: If $b^2 4ac \neq 0$, then

$$\int \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, \mathbf{x} + c \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right] \, d\mathbf{x} \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \text{Cos} \left[\frac{b^2 - 4 \, a \, c}{4 \, c} \right] \int \text{Sin} \left[\frac{\left(b + 2 \, c \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2}{4 \, c} \right] \, d\mathbf{x} \, - \, \, \text{Sin} \left[\frac{b^2 - 4 \, a \, c}{4 \, c} \right] \int \text{Cos} \left[\frac{\left(b + 2 \, c \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2}{4 \, c} \right] \, d\mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  Cos[(b^2-4*a*c)/(4*c)]*Int[Sin[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] -
  Sin[(b^2-4*a*c)/(4*c)]*Int[Cos[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && NonzeroQ[b^2-4*a*c]
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  Cos[(b^2-4*a*c)/(4*c)]*Int[Cos[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] +
  Sin[(b^2-4*a*c)/(4*c)]*Int[Sin[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && NonzeroQ[b^2-4*a*c]
```

$$\int (d + e x)^{m} \sin[a + b x + c x^{2}] dx$$

■ Rule: If be - 2 cd = 0, then

$$\int (d+ex) \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx \rightarrow -\frac{e \cos[a+bx+cx^2]}{2c}$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   -e*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && ZeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   e*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && ZeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

• Rule: If $be - 2cd \neq 0$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x\right)\,\text{Sin}\!\left[a+b\,x+c\,x^2\right]\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,-\,\frac{e\,\text{Cos}\!\left[a+b\,x+c\,x^2\right]}{2\,c}\,-\,\frac{b\,e-2\,c\,d}{2\,c}\,\int \text{Sin}\!\left[a+b\,x+c\,x^2\right]\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   -e*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) -
   Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c),Int[Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    e*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) -
    Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c),Int[Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

• Rule: If $m > 1 \land be - 2cd = 0$, then

$$\int (d + e x)^m \sin[a + b x + c x^2] dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{e (d + e x)^{m-1} \cos[a + b x + c x^2]}{2 c} + \frac{e^2 (m-1)}{2 c} \int (d + e x)^{m-2} \cos[a + b x + c x^2] dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   -e*(d+e*x)^(m-1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) +
   Dist[e^2*(m-1)/(2*c),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-2)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalQ[m] && m>1 && ZeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  e*(d+e*x)^(m-1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) -
  Dist[e^2*(m-1)/(2*c),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-2)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalQ[m] && m>1 && ZeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

• Rule: If $m > 1 \land be - 2cd \neq 0$, then

$$\int (d+ex)^{m} \sin[a+bx+cx^{2}] dx \rightarrow -\frac{e(d+ex)^{m-1} \cos[a+bx+cx^{2}]}{2c} - \frac{be-2cd}{2c} \int (d+ex)^{m-1} \sin[a+bx+cx^{2}] dx + \frac{e^{2}(m-1)}{2c} \int (d+ex)^{m-2} \cos[a+bx+cx^{2}] dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   -e*(d+e*x)^(m-1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) -
   Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] +
   Dist[e^2*(m-1)/(2*c),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-2)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalQ[m] && m>1 && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  e*(d+e*x)^(m-1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) -
  Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] -
  Dist[e^2*(m-1)/(2*c),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-2)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalQ[m] && m>1 && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

• Rule: If $m < -1 \land be - 2cd = 0$, then

$$\int (d+ex)^m \sin\left[a+bx+cx^2\right] dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \sin\left[a+bx+cx^2\right]}{e(m+1)} - \frac{2c}{e^2(m+1)} \int (d+ex)^{m+2} \cos\left[a+bx+cx^2\right] dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(e*(m+1)) -
  Dist[2*c/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalQ[m] && m<-1 && ZeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]</pre>
```

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(e*(m+1)) +
  Dist[2*c/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalQ[m] && m<-1 && ZeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]</pre>
```

• Rule: If $m < -1 \land be - 2cd \neq 0$, then

$$\int (d + e \, x)^m \, \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, x + c \, x^2 \right] \, dx \, \to \, \frac{ (d + e \, x)^{m+1} \, \text{Sin} \left[a + b \, x + c \, x^2 \right] }{e \, (m+1)} \, - \\ \frac{b \, e - 2 \, c \, d}{e^2 \, (m+1)} \, \int (d + e \, x)^{m+1} \, \text{Cos} \left[a + b \, x + c \, x^2 \right] \, dx \, - \frac{2 \, c}{e^2 \, (m+1)} \, \int (d + e \, x)^{m+2} \, \text{Cos} \left[a + b \, x + c \, x^2 \right] \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   (d+e*x)^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(e*(m+1)) -
   Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] -
   Dist[2*c/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalQ[m] && m<-1 && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]</pre>
```

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(e*(m+1)) +
  Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] +
  Dist[2*c/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalQ[m] && m<-1 && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]</pre>
```

$$\int \sin[a + b \log[c x^n]]^p dx$$

■ Rule: If $1 + b^2 n^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \! \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]] \, dx \, \to \, \frac{x \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]}{1 + b^2 \, n^2} - \frac{b \, n \, x \, \text{Cos}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]}{1 + b^2 \, n^2}$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]],x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(1+b^2*n^2) -
    b*n*x*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(1+b^2*n^2) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && NonzeroQ[1+b^2*n^2]
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]],x_Symbol] :=
    x*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(1+b^2*n^2) +
    b*n*x*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(1+b^2*n^2) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && NonzeroQ[1+b^2*n^2]
```

• Rule: If $p > 1 \wedge 1 + b^2 n^2 p^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \! \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^p \, \text{d}x \, \to \, \frac{x \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^p}{1 + b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2} \, - \\ &\frac{b \, n \, p \, x \, \text{Cos}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]] \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p-1}}{1 + b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2} + \frac{b^2 \, n^2 \, p \, (p-1)}{1 + b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2} \, \int \! \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p-2} \, \text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^p/(1+b^2*n^2*p^2) -
    b*n*p*x*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p-1)/(1+b^2*n^2*p^2) +
    Dist[b^2*n^2*p*(p-1)/(1+b^2*n^2*p^2),Int[Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p-2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && NonzeroQ[1+b^2*n^2*p^2]
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^p/(1+b^2*n^2*p^2) +
    b*n*p*x*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p-1)*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(1+b^2*n^2*p^2) +
    Dist[b^2*n^2*p*(p-1)/(1+b^2*n^2*p^2),Int[Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p-2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && NonzeroQ[1+b^2*n^2*p^2]
```

■ Rule: If $p \neq -1 \land p \neq -2 \land 1 + b^2 n^2 (p+2)^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \! \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^p \, \text{d}x \, \to \, \frac{x \, \text{Cot}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]] \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p+2}}{b \, n \, (p+1)} \, - \, \frac{x \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p+2}}{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+1) \, (p+2)}$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Cot[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p+2)/(b*n*(p+1)) -
    x*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p+2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,p},x] && NonzeroQ[p+1] && NonzeroQ[p+2] && ZeroQ[1+b^2*n^2*(p+2)^2]
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    -x*Tan[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p+2)/(b*n*(p+1)) -
    x*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p+2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,p},x] && NonzeroQ[p+1] && NonzeroQ[p+2] && ZeroQ[1+b^2*n^2*(p+2)^2]
```

■ Rule: If $p < -1 \land p \neq -2 \land 1 + b^2 n^2 (p+2)^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \! \sin[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^p \, dx \, \to \, \frac{x \, \text{Cot}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]] \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p+2}}{b \, n \, (p+1)} \, - \\ \frac{x \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p+2}}{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+1) \, (p+2)} + \frac{1 + b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+2)^2}{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+1) \, (p+2)} \int \! \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p+2} \, dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Cot[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p+2)/(b*n*(p+1)) -
    x*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p+2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)) +
    Dist[(1+b^2*n^2*(p+2)^2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)),Int[Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p+2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p<-1 && p≠-2 && NonzeroQ[1+b^2*n^2*(p+2)^2]</pre>
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \left[ \text{Cos} \left[ \text{a\_.+b\_.*Log} \left[ \text{c\_.*x\_^n\_.} \right] \right] \right] \\ & - \text{x*Tan} \left[ \text{a+b*Log} \left[ \text{c*x^n} \right] \right] \\ & \text{Cos} \left[ \text{a+b*Log} \left[ \text{c*x^n} \right] \right] \\ & \text{(p+2)/(b*n*(p+1))} \\ & \text{x*Cos} \left[ \text{a+b*Log} \left[ \text{c*x^n} \right] \right] \\ & \text{(p+2)/(b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2))} \\ & \text{Dist} \left[ \left( \text{1+b^2*n^2*(p+2)^2} \right) / \left( \text{b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)} \right), \\ & \text{Int} \left[ \text{Cos} \left[ \text{a+b*Log} \left[ \text{c*x^n} \right] \right] \right] \\ & \text{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ \text{a,b,c,n}, \text{x} \right\} \right] \\ & \text{\& RationalQ} \left[ \text{p} \right] \\ & \text{\& p<-1} \\ & \text{\& p\neq-2} \\ & \text{\& NonzeroQ} \left[ \text{1+b^2*n^2*(p+2)^2} \right] \\ \end{aligned}
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \sin[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \log[\mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^{n}]]^{p} d\mathbf{x}$$

■ Rule: If $b^2 n^2 + (m+1)^2 \neq 0 \land m+1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]] \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{(m+1) \, x^{m+1} \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]}{b^2 \, n^2 + (m+1)^2} \, - \, \frac{b \, n \, x^{m+1} \, \text{Cos}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]}{b^2 \, n^2 + (m+1)^2}$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]],x_Symbol] :=
   (m+1)*x^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(b^2*n^2+(m+1)^2) -
   b*n*x^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(b^2*n^2+(m+1)^2) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,n},x] && NonzeroQ[b^2*n^2+(m+1)^2] && NonzeroQ[m+1]
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]],x_Symbol] :=
   (m+1)*x^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(b^2*n^2+(m+1)^2) +
   b*n*x^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]/(b^2*n^2+(m+1)^2) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,n},x] && NonzeroQ[b^2*n^2+(m+1)^2] && NonzeroQ[m+1]
```

■ Rule: If $p > 1 \land b^2 n^2 p^2 + (m+1)^2 \neq 0 \land m+1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^p \, dx \, \to \, \frac{(m+1) \, x^{m+1} \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^p}{b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2 + (m+1)^2} \, - \\ \frac{b \, n \, p \, x^{m+1} \, \text{Cos}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]] \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p-1}}{b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2 + (m+1)^2} \, + \, \frac{b^2 \, n^2 \, p \, (p-1)}{b^2 \, n^2 \, p^2 + (m+1)^2} \, \int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p-2} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   (m+1)*x^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^p/(b^2*n^2*p^2+(m+1)^2) -
   b*n*p*x^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p-1)/(b^2*n^2*p^2+(m+1)^2) +
   Dist[b^2*n^2*p*(p-1)/(b^2*n^2*p^2+(m+1)^2),Int[x^m*Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^(p-2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && NonzeroQ[b^2*n^2*p^2+(m+1)^2] && NonzeroQ[m+1]
```

```
Int [x_^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.]]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (m+1) *x^ (m+1) *Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^p/(b^2*n^2*p^2+(m+1)^2) +
    b*n*p*x^ (m+1) *Sin[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^ (p-1)/(b^2*n^2*p^2+(m+1)^2) +
    Dist[b^2*n^2*p*(p-1)/(b^2*n^2*p^2+(m+1)^2),Int[x^m*Cos[a+b*Log[c*x^n]]^ (p-2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,n},x] && RationalQ[p] && p>1 && NonzeroQ[b^2*n^2*p^2+(m+1)^2] && NonzeroQ[m+1]
```

■ Rule: If $p < -1 \land p \neq -2 \land m+1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^p \, dx \, \to \, \frac{x^{m+1} \, \text{Cot}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]] \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p+2}}{b \, n \, (p+1)} \, - \\ \frac{(m+1) \, x^{m+1} \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p+2}}{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+1) \, (p+2)} + \frac{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+2)^2 + (m+1)^2}{b^2 \, n^2 \, (p+1) \, (p+2)} \int \! x^m \, \text{Sin}[a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, x^n]]^{p+2} \, dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \left[ x_{m_*} \cdot x \sin \left[ a_* + b_* \cdot x \log \left[ c_* \cdot x_n - 1 \right] \right]^p_*, x_s ymbol \right] := \\ & x^* (m+1) \cdot x \cot \left[ a_* b_* \text{Log} \left[ c_* x_n \right] \right] \cdot x \sin \left[ a_* b_* \text{Log} \left[ c_* x_n \right] \right]^* (p+2) / (b_* n_* (p+1)) - \\ & (m+1) \cdot x_n^* (m+1) \cdot x \sin \left[ a_* b_* \text{Log} \left[ c_* x_n \right] \right]^* (p+2) / (b_* 2 \cdot n_* 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (p+2)) + \\ & \text{Dist} \left[ \left( b_* 2 \cdot x_n^2 \cdot x \cdot (p+2) \cdot 2 \cdot (m+1) \cdot 2 \right) / (b_* 2 \cdot x_n^2 \cdot x \cdot (p+1) \cdot (p+2)) , \text{Int} \left[ x_m^* x \sin \left[ a_* b_* \text{Log} \left[ c_* x_n^* \right] \right]^* (p+2) , x \right] \right] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a_* b_* c_* m_* n_* \right\}_* \right] & \& \text{RationalQ} \left[ p \right] & \& p_* - 1 & \& p_* - 2 & \& \text{NonzeroQ} \left[ m+1 \right] \end{aligned}
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ x_{\text{-}m_{\text{-}}*} \text{Cos} \big[ a_{\text{-}}*b_{\text{-}}* \text{Log} \big[ c_{\text{-}}*x_{\text{-}n_{\text{-}}} \big] \big]^p_{\text{-}}, x_{\text{Symbol}} \big] := \\ & -x^{\text{(m+1)}}* \text{Tan} \big[ a+b* \text{Log} \big[ c*x^n \big] \big] \text{*Cos} \big[ a+b* \text{Log} \big[ c*x^n \big] \big]^{\text{(p+2)}} / (b*n*(p+1)) - \\ & (m+1)*x^{\text{(m+1)}}* \text{Cos} \big[ a+b* \text{Log} \big[ c*x^n \big] \big]^{\text{(p+2)}} / (b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)) + \\ & \text{Dist} \big[ (b^2*n^2*(p+2)^2+(m+1)^2) / (b^2*n^2*(p+1)*(p+2)), \text{Int} \big[ x^m* \text{Cos} \big[ a+b* \text{Log} \big[ c*x^n \big] \big]^{\text{(p+2)}}, x \big] \big] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \{ a,b,c,m,n \}, x \big] \text{ && RationalQ} \big[ p \big] \text{ && p<-1 && p \neq -2 && NonzeroQ} \big[ m+1 \big] \end{aligned}
```

$\int Sin[a x^n Log[b x]^p] Log[b x]^p dx$

• Rule: If p > 0, then

■ Program code:

```
Int[Sin[a_.*x_*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.]*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -Cos[a*x*Log[b*x]^p]/a -
    Dist[p,Int[Sin[a*x*Log[b*x]^p]*Log[b*x]^(p-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && RationalQ[p] && p>0

Int[Cos[a_.*x_*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.]*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Sin[a*x*Log[b*x]^p]/a -
    Dist[p,Int[Cos[a*x*Log[b*x]^p]*Log[b*x]^(p-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && RationalQ[p] && p>0
```

■ Rule: If p > 0, then

$$\begin{split} \int & \operatorname{Sin}[a\,x^n \, \operatorname{Log}[b\,x]^p] \, \operatorname{Log}[b\,x]^p \, dx \, \to \, - \, \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[a\,x^n \, \operatorname{Log}[b\,x]^p]}{a\,n\,x^{n-1}} \, - \\ & \frac{p}{n} \int & \operatorname{Sin}[a\,x^n \, \operatorname{Log}[b\,x]^p] \, \operatorname{Log}[b\,x]^{p-1} \, dx \, - \, \frac{n-1}{a\,n} \int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[a\,x^n \, \operatorname{Log}[b\,x]^p]}{x^n} \, dx \end{split}$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.*x_^n_*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.]*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cos[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]/(a*n*x^(n-1)) -
   Dist[p/n,Int[Sin[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]*Log[b*x]^(p-1),x]] -
   Dist[(n-1)/(a*n),Int[Cos[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]/x^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && RationalQ[{n,p}] && p>0
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.*x_^n_*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.]*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Sin[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]/(a*n*x^(n-1)) -
   Dist[p/n,Int[Cos[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]*Log[b*x]^(p-1),x]] +
   Dist[(n-1)/(a*n),Int[Sin[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]/x^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && RationalQ[{n,p}] && p>0
```

$\int x^{m} \sin[a x^{n} \log[b x]^{p}] \log[b x]^{p} dx$

• Rule: If $p > 0 \land m - n + 1 = 0$, then

```
\int x^m \sin[a \, x^n \log[b \, x]^p] \, \log[b \, x]^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \, - \, \frac{\cos[a \, x^n \log[b \, x]^p]}{a \, n} \, - \, \frac{p}{n} \int x^m \sin[a \, x^n \log[b \, x]^p] \, \log[b \, x]^{p-1} \, dx
```

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.*x_^n_.*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.]*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cos[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]/(a*n) -
   Dist[p/n,Int[x^m*Sin[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]*Log[b*x]^(p-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && RationalQ[{m,n,p}] && p>0 && ZeroQ[m-n+1]

Int[x_^m_.*Cos[a_.*x_^n_.*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.]*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Sin[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]/(a*n) -
```

Rule: If $p > 0 \land m - n + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int x^m \sin[a x^n \log[b x]^p] \log[b x]^p dx \rightarrow -\frac{x^{m-n+1} \cos[a x^n \log[b x]^p]}{a n} - \frac{p}{n} \int x^m \sin[a x^n \log[b x]^p] \log[b x]^{p-1} dx + \frac{m-n+1}{a n} \int x^{m-n} \cos[a x^n \log[b x]^p] dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[a_.*x_^n_.*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.]*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -x^(m-n+1)*Cos[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]/(a*n) -
    Dist[p/n,Int[x^m*Sin[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]*Log[b*x]^(p-1),x]] +
    Dist[(m-n+1)/(a*n),Int[x^(m-n)*Cos[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && RationalQ[{m,n,p}] && p>0 && NonzeroQ[m-n+1]
```

```
Int[x_^m_*Cos[a_.*x_^n_.*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.]*Log[b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m-n+1)*Sin[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]/(a*n) -
    Dist[p/n,Int[x^m*Cos[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p]*Log[b*x]^(p-1),x]] -
    Dist[(m-n+1)/(a*n),Int[x^(m-n)*Sin[a*x^n*Log[b*x]^p],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && RationalQ[{m,n,p}] && p>0 && NonzeroQ[m-n+1]
```

$$\int u \sin[a + bx]^n dx$$

■ Derivation: Algebraic expansion

■ Basis: $\sin[z]^2 = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos[2z]$

■ Rule: If $\frac{n-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \sin\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^2 \sin[a+bx]^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \int \sin[a+bx]^n dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \cos[a+bx] \sin[a+bx]^n dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^2*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2,Int[Sin[a+b*x]^n,x]] -
  Dist[1/2,Int[Cos[a+b*x]*Sin[a+b*x]^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && ZeroQ[c-a/2] && ZeroQ[d-b/2] && Not[OddQ[n]]
```

■ Derivation: Algebraic expansion

■ Basis: $Cos[z]^2 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} Cos[2z]$

■ Rule: If $\frac{n-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \cos\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^2 \sin[a+bx]^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \int \sin[a+bx]^n dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos[a+bx] \sin[a+bx]^n dx$$

```
Int[Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^2*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2,Int[Sin[a+b*x]^n,x]] +
  Dist[1/2,Int[Cos[a+b*x]*Sin[a+b*x]^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && ZeroQ[c-a/2] && ZeroQ[d-b/2] && Not[OddQ[n]]
```

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: Sin[2z] = 2Sin[z] Cos[z]
- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ and u is a function of trig functions of $\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}$, then

$$\int u \sin[a+bx]^n dx \rightarrow 2^n \int u \cos\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^n \sin\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^n dx$$

```
Int[u_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[2^n,Int[u*Cos[a/2+b*x/2]^n*Sin[a/2+b*x/2]^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[n] && ZeroQ[a/2+b*x/2-FunctionOfTrig[u,x]]
```

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification and piecewise constant extraction
- Basis: Sin[2 z] = 2 Sin[z] Cos[z]
- Basis: $\partial_x \frac{\sin[a+bx]^n}{\sin\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^n \cos\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^n} = 0$
- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ and u is a function of trig functions of $\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}$, then

$$\int u \sin[a+bx]^n dx \rightarrow \frac{\sin[a+bx]^n}{\sin\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^n \cos\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^n} \int u \cos\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^n \sin\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]^n dx$$

```
(* Int[u_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Sin[a+b*x]^n/(Sin[a/2+b*x/2]^n*Cos[a/2+b*x/2]^n)*Int[u*Cos[a/2+b*x/2]^n*Sin[a/2+b*x/2]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && FractionQ[n] && ZeroQ[a/2+b*x/2-FunctionOfTrig[u,x]] *)
```

$$\int u \sin[v]^2 dx$$

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Basis: $\sin[z]^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \cos[2z]$
- Rule: If u is a function of trig functions of 2 v, then

$$\int u \sin[v]^2 dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \int u dx - \frac{1}{2} \int u \cos[2v] dx$$

```
(* Int[u_*Sin[v_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
   Dist[1/2,Int[u,x]] -
   Dist[1/2,Int[u*Cos[2*v],x]] /;
FunctionOfTrigQ[u,2*v,x] *)
```

```
(* Int[u_*Cos[v_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/2,Int[u,x]] +
  Dist[1/2,Int[u*Cos[2*v],x]] /;
FunctionOfTrigQ[u,2*v,x] *)
```