## Integration Recurrence Equations for

$$\int \left(\sin^{j}(z)\right)^{m} \left(A + B\sin^{k}(z) + C\sin^{2}{k}(z)\right) \left(a + b\sin^{k}(z)\right)^{n} dz \text{ when}$$

$$j^{2} = 1 \bigwedge k^{2} = 1 \bigwedge a^{2} \neq b^{2}$$

• Recurrence 1: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1$ , then

$$2 b (n+1) \left(a^{2}-b^{2}\right) \int \left(\sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m} \left(A+B \sin[z]^{k}+C \sin[z]^{2k}\right) \left(a+b \sin[z]^{k}\right)^{n} dz = \\ -2 \left(a^{2} C-a b B+b^{2} A\right) Cos[z] \left(\sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m} \left(a+b \sin[z]^{k}\right)^{n+1} + \\ \int \left(\sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m-jk} \left(\left(a^{2} C-a b B+b^{2} A\right) (2 j k m+k-1) + 2 b (n+1) (a (C+A) -b B) \sin[z]^{k} - \left(2 \left(b^{2} A-a b B+b^{2} C\right) (n+1) + \left(a^{2} C-a b B+b^{2} A\right) (2 j k m+k+1)\right) \sin[z]^{2k}\right) \left(a+b \sin[z]^{k}\right)^{n+1} dz$$

• Recurrence 2: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1$ , then

$$b (2 j k m + 2 n + k + 3) \int (\sin[z]^{j})^{m} (A + B \sin[z]^{k} + C \sin[z]^{2k}) (a + b \sin[z]^{k})^{n} dz = \\ -2 C \cos[z] (\sin[z]^{j})^{m} (a + b \sin[z]^{k})^{n+1} + \\ \int (\sin[z]^{j})^{m-jk} (a C (2 j k m + k - 1) + b (2 A + (A + C) (2 j k m + 2 n + k + 1)) \sin[z]^{k} + \\ (2 b B (n + 1) + (b B - a C) (2 j k m + k + 1)) \sin[z]^{2k}) (a + b \sin[z]^{k})^{n} dz$$

■ Recurrence 3: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1$ , then

$$(2 j k m + 2 n + k + 3) \int \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m} \left( A + B \sin[z]^{k} + C \sin[z]^{2k} \right) \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n} dz = \\ -2 C \cos[z] \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n} + \\ \int \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m} \\ \left( a \left( 2 A (n+1) + (A+C) \left( 2 j k m + k + 1 \right) \right) + \left( 2 b A + 2 a B + (b A + a B + b C) \left( 2 j k m + 2 n + k + 1 \right) \right) \sin[z]^{k} + \\ \left( 2 a C n + b B \left( 2 j k m + 2 n + k + 3 \right) \right) \sin[z]^{2k} \right) \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n-1} dz$$

• Recurrence 4: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1$ , then

$$(2 j k m + k + 1) \int \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m} \left( A + B \sin[z]^{k} + C \sin[z]^{2k} \right) \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n} dz = \\ 2 A \cos[z] \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n} + \\ \int \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( a B \left( 2 j k m + k + 1 \right) - 2 b A n + \left( 2 a A + \left( a A + a C + b B \right) \left( 2 j k m + k + 1 \right) \right) \sin[z]^{k} + \\ b \left( 2 A \left( n + 1 \right) + \left( A + C \right) \left( 2 j k m + k + 1 \right) \right) \sin[z]^{2k} \right) \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n-1} dz$$

• Recurrence 5: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1$ , then

$$a \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + k + 1) \ \int \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m} \left( A + B \sin[z]^{k} + C \sin[z]^{2k} \right) \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n} dz = \\ 2 \ A \ Cos[z] \ \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n+1} + \\ \int \left( \sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( (a B - b A) \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + k + 1) - 2 \ b A \ (n+1) + a \ (2 \ A + (A + C) \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + k + 1)) \ \sin[z]^{k} + b A \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + 2 \ n + k + 5) \ \sin[z]^{2k} \right) \left( a + b \sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n} dz$$

■ Recurrence 6: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1$ , then

$$2 a (n+1) \left(a^{2}-b^{2}\right) \int \left(Sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m} \left(A+BSin[z]^{k}+CSin[z]^{2k}\right) \left(a+bSin[z]^{k}\right)^{n} dz = \\ 2 \left(b^{2} A-abB+a^{2} C\right) Cos[z] \left(Sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m+jk} \left(a+bSin[z]^{k}\right)^{n+1} + \\ \int \left(Sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m} \\ \left(2 A \left(a^{2}-b^{2}\right) (n+1) - \left(a^{2} C-abB+b^{2} A\right) (2 jkm+k+1) - 2 a (bA-aB+bC) (n+1) Sin[z]^{k} + \\ \left(b^{2} A-abB+a^{2} C\right) (2 jkm+2n+k+5) Sin[z]^{2k}\right) \left(a+bSin[z]^{k}\right)^{n+1} dz$$

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$$\int \left(\sin^{j}(z)\right)^{m} \left(A + B\sin^{k}(z) + C\sin^{2}{k}(z)\right) \left(a + b\sin^{k}(z)\right)^{n} dz \text{ when}$$

$$j^{2} = 1 \bigwedge k^{2} = 1 \bigwedge a^{2} = b^{2}$$

• Recurrence 7: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$2 a^{2} (2 n+1) \int \left(\sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m} \left(A+B \sin[z]^{k}\right) \left(a+b \sin[z]^{k}\right)^{n} dz = \\ 2 a (b A-a B) \cos[z] \left(\sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m} \left(a+b \sin[z]^{k}\right)^{n} + \\ \int \left(\sin[z]^{j}\right)^{m-jk} \left(-(b A-a B) (2 j k m+k-1) + \\ (2 (b B n+a A (n+1)) + (a A-b B) (2 j k m+k-1)) \sin[z]^{k}\right) \left(a+b \sin[z]^{k}\right)^{n+1} dz$$

• Recurrence 8: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$a \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + 2 \ n + k + 1) \ \int \left( \text{Sin}[z]^{j} \right)^{m} \left( A + B \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right) \left( a + b \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right)^{n} \, dz = \\ - 2 \ a \ B \ \text{Cos}[z] \ \left( \text{Sin}[z]^{j} \right)^{m} \left( a + b \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right)^{n} + \\ \int \left( \text{Sin}[z]^{j} \right)^{m-j\,k} \left( a \ B \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + k - 1) + (2 \ b \ B \ n + a \ A \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + 2 \ n + k + 1)) \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right) \left( a + b \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right)^{n} \, dz$$

■ Recurrence 9: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$(2 jkm + 2 n + k + 1) \int (Sin[z]^{j})^{m} (A + BSin[z]^{k}) (a + bSin[z]^{k})^{n} dz =$$

$$-2 bBCos[z] (Sin[z]^{j})^{m+jk} (a + bSin[z]^{k})^{n-1} +$$

$$\int (Sin[z]^{j})^{m} (2 aAn + (aA + bB) (2 jkm + k + 1) +$$

$$(2 (bA + aBn) + (bA + aB) (2 jkm + 2n + k - 1)) Sin[z]^{k}) (a + bSin[z]^{k})^{n-1} dz$$

• Recurrence 10: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$(2 j k m + k + 1) \int \left( Sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m} \left( A + B Sin[z]^{k} \right) \left( a + b Sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n} dz = \\ 2 a A Cos[z] \left( Sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( a + b Sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n-1} + \\ \int \left( Sin[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( (b A + a B) \left( 2 j k m + k + 1 \right) - 2 b A \left( n - 1 \right) + \left( 2 a A n + \left( a A + b B \right) \left( 2 j k m + k + 1 \right) \right) Sin[z]^{k} \right) \\ \left( a + b Sin[z]^{k} \right)^{n-1} dz$$

• Recurrence 11: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$a \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + k + 1) \ \int \left( \text{Sin}[z]^{j} \right)^{m} \left( A + B \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right) \left( a + b \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right)^{n} dz = \\ 2 \ a \ A \ \text{Cos}[z] \ \left( \text{Sin}[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( a + b \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right)^{n} + \\ \int \left( \text{Sin}[z]^{j} \right)^{m+jk} \left( a \ B \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + k + 1) \ - 2 \ b \ A \ n + a \ A \ (2 \ j \ k \ m + 2 \ n + k + 3) \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right) \left( a + b \ \text{Sin}[z]^{k} \right)^{n} dz$$

Recurrence 12: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$2 a^{2} (2 n+1) \int (Sin[z]^{j})^{m} (A+BSin[z]^{k}) (a+bSin[z]^{k})^{n} dz = \\ -2 b (bA-aB) Cos[z] (Sin[z]^{j})^{m+jk} (a+bSin[z]^{k})^{n} + \\ \int (Sin[z]^{j})^{m} (2 aA (2 n+1) + (aA-bB) (2 jkm+k+1) - (bA-aB) (2 jkm+2 n+k+3) Sin[z]^{k}) (a+bSin[z]^{k})^{n+1} dz$$