$$\int f^{a+b x^n} dx$$

■ Reference: G&R 2.311, CRC 519, A&S 4.2.54

**■** Derivation: Primitive rule

■ Basis:  $\partial_x e^x = e^x$ 

■ Rule:

$$\int\! f^{a+b\,x}\,dx\,\to\,\frac{f^{a+b\,x}}{b\,\text{Log}[f]}$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[E^(a_.+b_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
    E^(a+b*x)/b /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x]
```

```
Int[f_^(a_.+b_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  f^(a+b*x)/(b*Log[f]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,f},x]
```

■ Derivation: Primitive rule

■ Basis: Erfi'[z] =  $\frac{2 e^{z^2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$ 

■ Rule: If b > 0, then

$$\int f^{a+b\,x^2}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{f^a\,\sqrt{\pi}\,\,\text{Erfi}\big[x\,\sqrt{b\,\text{Log}[f]}\,\big]}{2\,\sqrt{b\,\text{Log}[f]}}$$

```
Int[E^(a_.+b_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
    E^a*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[x*Rt[b,2]]/(2*Rt[b,2]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && PosQ[b]
```

```
Int[f_^(a_.+b_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
   f^a*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[x*Rt[b*Log[f],2]]/(2*Rt[b*Log[f],2]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,f},x] && PosQ[b*Log[f]]
```

**■** Derivation: Primitive rule

■ Basis: Erf'[z] = 
$$\frac{2 e^{-z^2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

■ Rule: If  $\neg$  (b > 0), then

$$\int f^{a+b \, x^2} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{f^a \, \sqrt{\pi} \, \, \text{Erf} \big[ x \, \sqrt{-b \, \text{Log}[f]} \, \big]}{2 \, \sqrt{-b \, \text{Log}[f]}}$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[E^(a_.+b_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
    E^a*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[x*Rt[-b,2]]/(2*Rt[-b,2]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && NegQ[b]
```

```
Int[f_^(a_.+b_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
   f^a*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[x*Rt[-b*Log[f],2]]/(2*Rt[-b*Log[f],2]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,f},x] && NegQ[b*Log[f]]
```

■ Derivation: Primitive rule

Basis:  $\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \Gamma(n, \mathbf{x}) = -e^{-\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{x}^{n-1}$ 

• Rule: If  $\neg$  (b > 0), then

$$\int f^{a+b\,x^n}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, -\,\frac{f^a\,x\,\Gamma\!\left[\frac{1}{n}\,\text{, -b}\,x^n\,\text{Log[f]}\right]}{n\,\left(-b\,x^n\,\text{Log[f]}\right)^{1/n}}$$

```
Int[E^(a_.+b_.*x_^n_),x_Symbol] :=
   -E^a*x*Gamma[1/n,-b*x^n]/(n*(-b*x^n)^(1/n)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && Not[FractionOrNegativeQ[n]]
```

- Derivation: Integration by parts
- Note: Although resulting integrand looks more complicated than the original, rules for improper binomials rectify it.
- Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n < 0$ , then

$$\int \! f^{a+b\,x^n}\, dx \,\, \rightarrow \,\, x \,\, f^{a+b\,x^n} \, - \, b \, n \, \text{Log} \, [\, f\,] \,\, \int \! x^n \,\, f^{a+b\,x^n} \,\, dx$$

```
Int[E^(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.),x_Symbol] :=
    x*E^(a+b*x^n) -
    Dist[b*n,Int[x^n*E^(a+b*x^n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[n] && n<0</pre>
```

```
Int[f_^(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.),x_Symbol] :=
    x*f^(a+b*x^n) -
    Dist[b*n*Log[f],Int[x^n*f^(a+b*x^n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,f},x] && IntegerQ[n] && n<0</pre>
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \mathbf{f}^{a+b \mathbf{x}^{n}} d\mathbf{x}$$

- **■** Derivation: Primitive rule
- Basis: ExpIntegralEi'[z] =  $\frac{e^z}{z}$
- Rule:

$$\int \frac{f^{a+b \, x^n}}{x} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{f^a \, ExpIntegralEi \, [b \, x^n \, Log \, [f] \, ]}{n}$$

```
Int[f_^(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.)/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  f^a*ExpIntegralEi[b*x^n*Log[f]]/n /;
FreeQ[{a,b,f,n},x]
```

- Reference: G&R 2.321.1, CRC 521, A&S 4.2.55
- Derivation: Integration by parts
- Basis:  $\mathbf{x}^m \mathbf{f}^{a+b \mathbf{x}^n} = \mathbf{x}^{m-n+1} (\mathbf{f}^{a+b \mathbf{x}^n} \mathbf{x}^{n-1})$

$$\int \! x^m \, f^{a+b \, x^n} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{x^{m-n+1} \, f^{a+b \, x^n}}{b \, n \, \text{Log}[f]} \, - \, \frac{m-n+1}{b \, n \, \text{Log}[f]} \, \int \! x^{m-n} \, f^{a+b \, x^n} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*f_^(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.),x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m-n+1)*f^(a+b*x^n)/(b*n*Log[f]) -
    Dist[(m-n+1)/(b*n*Log[f]),Int[x^(m-n)*f^(a+b*x^n),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,f},x] && IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[m] && 0<n<=m</pre>
```

- Reference: G&R 2.324.1, CRC 523, A&S 4.2.56
- **■** Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\int \! x^m \; f^{a+b \; x^n} \; \mathrm{d}x \; \rightarrow \; \frac{x^{m+1} \; f^{a+b \; x^n}}{m+1} - \frac{b \; n \; Log [f]}{m+1} \; \int \! x^{m+n} \; f^{a+b \; x^n} \; \mathrm{d}x$$

■ Rule: If  $m+1 \neq 0$   $\bigwedge$   $m-n+1 \neq 0$   $\bigwedge$   $\neg \left(m=-\frac{1}{2} \bigwedge n=1\right)$ , then

$$\int x^m \, f^{a+b \, x^n} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, - \, \frac{f^a \, x^{m+1} \, \Gamma \left[ \frac{m+1}{n} \, , \, -b \, x^n \, \text{Log[f]} \right]}{n \, \left( -b \, x^n \, \text{Log[f]} \right)^{\frac{m+1}{n}}}$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*f_^(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.),x_Symbol] :=
    -f^a*x^(m+1)*Gamma[(m+1)/n,-b*x^n*Log[f]]/(n*(-b*x^n*Log[f])^((m+1)/n)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,f,m,n},x] &&
    NonzeroQ[m+1] &&
    NonzeroQ[m-n+1] &&
    Not[m===-1/2 && ZeroQ[n-1]] &&
    Not[IntegersQ[m,n] && n>0 && (m<-1 || m>=n)] &&
    Not[RationalQ[{m,n}] && (FractionQ[m] || FractionOrNegativeQ[n])]
```

$$\int \mathbf{f}^{\mathbf{a}+\mathbf{b}\,\mathbf{x}+\mathbf{c}\,\mathbf{x}^2}\,\mathbf{d}\mathbf{x}$$

■ Basis: 
$$a + b x + c x^2 = \frac{4 a c - b^2}{4 c} + \frac{(b + 2 c x)^2}{4 c}$$

■ Basis: f<sup>z+w</sup> = f<sup>z</sup> f<sup>w</sup>

■ Rule:

$$\int \! f^{a+b \, x+c \, x^2} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, f^{\frac{4 \, a \, c-b^2}{4 \, c}} \, \int \! f^{\frac{(b+2 \, c \, x)^2}{4 \, c}} \, dx$$

```
Int[f_^(a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
  f^(a-b^2/(4*c))*Int[f^((b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,f},x]
```

$$\int (d + e x)^m f^{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

- Derivation: Inverted integration by parts
- Rule: If  $be 2cd \neq 0$ , then

$$\int (d + e \, x) \, f^{a + b \, x + c \, x^2} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{e \, f^{a + b \, x + c \, x^2}}{2 \, c \, Log[f]} - \frac{b \, e - 2 \, c \, d}{2 \, c} \int \! f^{a + b \, x + c \, x^2} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)*f_^(a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
  e*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2)/(2*c*Log[f]) -
  Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c),Int[f^(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

- Derivation: Inverted integration by parts
- Rule: If  $m > 1 \land be 2cd = 0$ , then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^{\,m}\,\,f^{a+b\,x+c\,x^2}\,dx\,\,\longrightarrow\,\,\frac{e\,\,(d+e\,x)^{\,m-1}\,\,f^{a+b\,x+c\,x^2}}{2\,c\,\,\mathrm{Log}\,[f]}\,-\,\frac{(m-1)\,\,e^2}{2\,c\,\,\mathrm{Log}\,[f]}\,\int (d+e\,x)^{\,m-2}\,\,f^{a+b\,x+c\,x^2}\,dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*f_^(a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
  e*(d+e*x)^(m-1)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2)/(2*c*Log[f]) -
  Dist[(m-1)*e^2/(2*c*Log[f]),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-2)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && RationalQ[m] && m>1 && ZeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

- Derivation: Inverted integration by parts
- Rule: If  $m > 1 \land be 2cd \neq 0$ , then

$$\int (d + e \, x)^m \, f^{a + b \, x + c \, x^2} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{e \, (d + e \, x)^{m-1} \, f^{a + b \, x + c \, x^2}}{2 \, c \, \text{Log}[f]} \, - \\ \frac{b \, e - 2 \, c \, d}{2 \, c} \, \int (d + e \, x)^{m-1} \, f^{a + b \, x + c \, x^2} \, dx \, - \, \frac{(m-1) \, e^2}{2 \, c \, \text{Log}[f]} \, \int (d + e \, x)^{m-2} \, f^{a + b \, x + c \, x^2} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*f_^(a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
e*(d+e*x)^(m-1)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2)/(2*c*Log[f]) -
Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-1)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]] -
Dist[(m-1)*e^2/(2*c*Log[f]),Int[(d+e*x)^(m-2)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && RationalQ[m] && m>1 && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]
```

- Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If  $m < -1 \land be 2cd = 0$ , then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^{\,m}\,f^{a+b\,x+c\,x^2}\,dx\,\,\to\,\,\frac{(d+e\,x)^{\,m+1}\,f^{a+b\,x+c\,x^2}}{e\,(m+1)}\,-\,\frac{2\,c\,Log\,[f\,]}{e^2\,(m+1)}\,\int (d+e\,x)^{\,m+2}\,f^{a+b\,x+c\,x^2}\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*f_^(a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2)/(e*(m+1)) -
  Dist[2*c*Log[f]/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && RationalQ[m] && m<-1 && ZeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]</pre>
```

- **■** Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If m < -1 ∧ be 2 c d ≠ 0, then</li>

$$\int (d + e x)^{m} f^{a+b x+c x^{2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{(d + e x)^{m+1} f^{a+b x+c x^{2}}}{e (m+1)} - \frac{(b e - 2 c d) \text{Log}[f]}{e^{2} (m+1)} \int (d + e x)^{m+1} f^{a+b x+c x^{2}} dx - \frac{2 c \text{Log}[f]}{e^{2} (m+1)} \int (d + e x)^{m+2} f^{a+b x+c x^{2}} dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*f_^(a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2)/(e*(m+1)) -
  Dist[(b*e-2*c*d)*Log[f]/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]] -
  Dist[2*c*Log[f]/(e^2*(m+1)),Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*f^(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && RationalQ[m] && m<-1 && NonzeroQ[b*e-2*c*d]</pre>
```

$$\int (a + b x)^m f^{(c+d x)^n} dx$$

- Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If  $m < -1 \land n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n > 1$ , then

$$\int (a+b\,x)^{\,m}\,f^{\,(c+d\,x)^{\,n}}\,dx\,\,\longrightarrow\,\,\frac{(a+b\,x)^{\,m+1}\,f^{\,(c+d\,x)^{\,n}}}{b\,\,(m+1)}\,-\,\frac{d\,n\,Log\,[f\,]}{b\,\,(m+1)}\,\int (a+b\,x)^{\,m+1}\,f^{\,(c+d\,x)^{\,n}}\,\,(c+d\,x)^{\,n-1}\,dx$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*x_)^m_*f_^((c_.+d_.*x_)^n_.),x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*x)^(m+1)*f^((c+d*x)^n)/(b*(m+1)) -
  Dist[d*n*Log[f]/(b*(m+1)),Int[(a+b*x)^(m+1)*f^((c+d*x)^n)*(c+d*x)^(n-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && RationalQ[m] && m<-1 && IntegerQ[n] && n>1
```

$$\int (a + b f^{c+dx})^n dx$$

■ Reference: CRC 256

■ Rule: If d < 0, then

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}}\,\mathrm{d}x \;\to\; -\frac{\text{Log}\big[b+a\,f^{-c-d\,x}\big]}{a\,d\,\text{Log}[f]}$$

■ Program code:

■ Reference: CRC 256

■ Rule: If ¬ (d < 0), then

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{x}{a}-\frac{Log\big[a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}\big]}{a\,d\,Log[f]}$$

■ Program code:

■ Rule: If a > 0, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,-\frac{2}{\sqrt{a}\,d\,Log[f]}\,ArcTanh\Big[\frac{\sqrt{a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\Big]$$

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a_+b_.*f_^(c_.+d_.*x_)],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a+b*f^(c+d*x)]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*d*Log[f]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,f},x] && PosQ[a]
```

■ Rule: If ¬ (a > 0), then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{2}{\sqrt{-a}\,\,d\,\text{Log}[\text{f}]}\,\text{ArcTan}\Big[\frac{\sqrt{a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\Big]$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a_+b_.*f_^(c_.+d_.*x_)],x_Symbol] :=
    2*ArcTan[Sqrt[a+b*f^(c+d*x)]/Sqrt[-a]]/(Sqrt[-a]*d*Log[f]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,f},x] && NegQ[a]
```

• Rule: If n > 0, then

$$\int (a+b f^{c+dx})^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(a+b f^{c+dx})^n}{n d \log[f]} + a \int (a+b f^{c+dx})^{n-1} dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*f_^(c_.+d_.*x_))^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   (a+b*f^(c+d*x))^n/(n*d*Log[f]) +
   Dist[a,Int[(a+b*f^(c+d*x))^(n-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,f},x] && FractionQ[n] && n>0
```

• Rule: If n < -1, then

$$\int \left(a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x \,\,\to\,\, \frac{\left(a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}\right)^{n+1}}{(n+1)\,\,a\,d\,\mathrm{Log}\,[f]} + \frac{1}{a}\int \left(a+b\,f^{c+d\,x}\right)^{n+1}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*f_^(c_.+d_.*x_))^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -(a+b*f^(c+d*x))^(n+1)/((n+1)*a*d*Log[f]) +
    Dist[1/a,Int[(a+b*f^(c+d*x))^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,f},x] && RationalQ[n] && n<-1</pre>
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, x} \right)^{n} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

■ Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+bz} = \frac{1}{a} - \frac{bz}{a(a+bz)}$$

• Rule: If m > 0, then

$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^m}{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{f}^{\mathsf{c} + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}}} \, \mathrm{d}\mathbf{x} \, \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\mathbf{x}^{m+1}}{\mathsf{a} \, \left(m+1\right)} - \frac{\mathsf{b}}{\mathsf{a}} \int \frac{\mathbf{x}^m \, \mathsf{f}^{\mathsf{c} + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}}}{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{f}^{\mathsf{c} + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}}} \, \mathrm{d}\mathbf{x}$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_./(a_+b_.*f_^(c_.+d_.*x_)), x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)/(a*(m+1)) -
    Dist[b/a,Int[x^m*f^(c+d*x)/(a+b*f^(c+d*x)),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,f},x] && RationalQ[m] && m>0
```

- **■** Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If  $m > 0 \land n < -1$ , then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, \mathbf{x}} \right)^{n} \, d\mathbf{x} \, \longrightarrow \, \mathbf{x}^{m} \, \int \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, \mathbf{x}} \right)^{n} \, d\mathbf{x} - m \, \int \left( \mathbf{x}^{m-1} \, \int \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, \mathbf{x}} \right)^{n} \, d\mathbf{x} \right) \, d\mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*f_^(c_.+d_.*x_))^n_, x_Symbol] :=
   Module[{u=Block[{ShowSteps=False,StepCounter=Null}, Int[(a+b*f^(c+d*x))^n,x]]},
   x^m*u - Dist[m,Int[x^(m-1)*u,x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,f},x] && RationalQ[{m,n}] && m>0 && n<-1</pre>
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \mathbf{f}^{c (a+bx)^{n}} dx$$

■ Rule: If m > 1, then

$$\int \! x^m \; f^{c \; (a+b \; x)^{\; 2}} \; dx \; \rightarrow \; \int \! x^m \; f^{a^2 \; c+2 \; a \; b \; c \; x+b^2 \; c \; x^2} \; dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_*f_^(c_.*(a_+b_.*x_)^2),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[x^m*f^(a^2*c+2*a*b*c*x+b^2*c*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,f},x] && FractionQ[m] && m>1
```

■ Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \land m > 0$ , then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \, \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, \mathbf{x}} \right)^{n} \, d\mathbf{x} \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{1}{b^{m}} \, \int b^{m} \, \mathbf{x}^{m} \, - \, \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{m} \, \mathbf{f}^{c \, (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x})^{n}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, + \, \frac{1}{b^{m+1}} \, \, \text{Subst} \left[ \int \mathbf{x}^{m} \, \mathbf{f}^{c \, \mathbf{x}^{n}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, , \, \, \mathbf{x} \, , \, \, \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right]$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*f_^(c_.*(a_+b_.*x_)^n_),x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[1/b^m,Int[Expand[b^m*x^m-(a+b*x)^m,x]*f^(c*(a+b*x)^n),x]] +
  Dist[1/b^(m+1),Subst[Int[x^m*f^(c*x^n),x],x,a+b*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,f,n},x] && IntegerQ[m] && m>0
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \mathbf{f}^{c+d \times} \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{f}^{e+f \times} \right)^{n} d\mathbf{x}$$

- **■** Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If m > 1, then

$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^{m} \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, x}}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, x}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, \to \, \frac{\mathbf{x}^{m} \, \mathsf{Log} \Big[ 1 + \frac{\mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, x}}{\mathbf{a}} \Big]}{\mathbf{b} \, d \, \mathsf{Log}[\mathbf{f}]} - \frac{m}{\mathbf{b} \, d \, \mathsf{Log}[\mathbf{f}]} \int \! \mathbf{x}^{m-1} \, \mathsf{Log} \Big[ 1 + \frac{\mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, x}}{\mathbf{a}} \Big] \, d\mathbf{x}$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ x_^m_{*f}^{(c_{+d_{*x}})} / \big( a_{+b_{*f}}^{(c_{+d_{*x}})}, \ x_{\text{Symbol}} \big] := \\ & x^m * \log [1 + b * f^{(c+d*x)/a}] / (b * d * \log [f]) - \\ & \text{Dist} \big[ m / \big( b * d * \log [f] \big), \text{Int} \big[ x^{(m-1)} * \log [1 + b / a * f^{(c+d*x)}], x \big] \big] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \{ a, b, c, d, f \}, x \big] \ \& \& \ \text{RationalQ} \big[ m \big] \ \& \& \ m > = 1 \end{split}
```

- Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If  $m > 0 \land n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n < 0$ , then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^m \ \mathbf{f}^{c+d \ x} \ \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \ \mathbf{f}^{2 \ (c+d \ x)} \right)^n \ d\mathbf{x} \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{x}^m \int \mathbf{f}^{c+d \ x} \ \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \ \mathbf{f}^{2 \ (c+d \ x)} \right)^n \ d\mathbf{x} - m \int \mathbf{x}^{m-1} \left( \int \mathbf{f}^{c+d \ x} \ \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \ \mathbf{f}^{2 \ (c+d \ x)} \right)^n \ d\mathbf{x} \right) \ d\mathbf{x}$$

■ Program code:

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ x_{-m_* + f_*} \left( c_{-+d_* \times x_*} \right) * \left( a_{-+b_* \times f_*} v_- \right) ^n_{-,x_* \operatorname{Symbol}} \right] := \\ & \operatorname{Module} \left[ \left\{ \operatorname{u-Block} \left[ \left\{ \operatorname{ShowSteps = False_StepCounter = Null} \right\}, \ \operatorname{Int} \left[ f^* \left( c + d * x \right) * \left( a + b * f^* v \right) ^n_{-,x_*} \right] \right] \right\}, \\ & x^* m * u - \operatorname{Dist} \left[ m_{-} \operatorname{Int} \left[ x^* \left( m - 1 \right) * u_{-,x_*} \right] \right] \right] /; \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a_{-}, b_{-}, c_{-}, d_{-}, f \right\}, x \right] & \& \operatorname{ZeroQ} \left[ 2 * \left( c + d * x \right) - v \right] & \& \operatorname{RationalQ} \left[ m \right] & \& m > 0 & \& \operatorname{IntegerQ} \left[ n \right] & \& n < 0 \\ \end{aligned}
```

- Derivation: Integration by parts
- Rule: If m > 0, then

$$\int \! \frac{x^m}{a \, f^{c+d \, x} + b \, f^{-\,(c+d \, x)}} \, \, dx \, \, \to \, \, x^m \int \! \frac{1}{a \, f^{c+d \, x} + b \, f^{-\,(c+d \, x)}} \, \, dx \, - m \int \! x^{m-1} \int \! \frac{1}{a \, f^{c+d \, x} + b \, f^{-\,(c+d \, x)}} \, \, dx \, \, dx \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_./(a_.*f_^(c_.+d_.*x_)+b_.*f_^v_),x_Symbol] :=
   Module[{u=Block[{ShowSteps=False,StepCounter=Null}, Int[1/(a*f^(c+d*x)+b*f^v),x]]},
   x^m*u - Dist[m,Int[x^(m-1)*u,x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,f},x] && ZeroQ[(c+d*x)+v] && RationalQ[m] && m>0
```

$$\int (a + b x)^m f^{e (c+d x)^n} dx$$

- Derivation: Integration by substitution
- Rule: If  $p \in \mathbb{Q}$ , then

$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^{m} \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, x}}{a+b \, \mathbf{f}^{c+d \, x}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{1}{b} \, \text{Subst} \left[ \int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left( \mathbf{f}^{e \, \left(c - \frac{a \, d}{b} + \frac{d \, x}{b}\right)^{n}} \right)^{p} \, d\mathbf{x}, \, \mathbf{x}, \, a+b \, \mathbf{x} \right]$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \left[ \left( a_- * b_- * x_- \right)^m_- * \left( f_- ' \left( e_- * \left( c_- * d_- * x_- \right)^n_- \right) \right)^p_- , x_- \text{Symbol} \right] := \\ & \text{Dist} \left[ 1/b, \text{Subst} \left[ \text{Int} \left[ x^m * \left( f_- ' \left( e_- * d/b + d_+ x/b \right)^n \right) \right)^p_+ x_- \right], x_- a_+ b_+ x_- \right] \ /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n \right\}, x \right] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ} \left[ p \right] \ \&\& \ \text{Not} \left[ a_- = = 0 \ \&\& \ b_- = = 1 \right] \end{aligned}
```

$$\int \mathbf{f}^{\frac{\mathbf{a}+\mathbf{b}\,\mathbf{x}^4}{\mathbf{x}^2}}\,\mathbf{d}\,\mathbf{x}$$

- Derivation: Integration by substitution
- Rule: If  $p \in \mathbb{Q}$ , then

$$\int f^{\frac{a+b\cdot x^4}{x^2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \ \text{Exp} \left[ 2 \sqrt{-a \, \text{Log}[f]} \ \sqrt{-b \, \text{Log}[f]} \right] \ \text{Erf} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a \, \text{Log}[f]} \ + \sqrt{-b \, \text{Log}[f]} \ x^2}{x} \right]}{4 \sqrt{-b \, \text{Log}[f]}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \ \text{Exp} \left[ -2 \sqrt{-a \, \text{Log}[f]} \ \sqrt{-b \, \text{Log}[f]} \right] \ \text{Erf} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a \, \text{Log}[f]} \ - \sqrt{-b \, \text{Log}[f]} \ x^2}{x} \right]}{4 \sqrt{-b \, \text{Log}[f]}}$$

```
Int[f_^((a_.+b_.*x_^4)/x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[Pi] *Exp[2*Sqrt[-a*Log[f]] *Sqrt[-b*Log[f]]] *Erf[(Sqrt[-a*Log[f]] *Sqrt[-b*Log[f]] *x^2)/x]/
        (4*Sqrt[-b*Log[f]]) -
    Sqrt[Pi] *Exp[-2*Sqrt[-a*Log[f]] *Sqrt[-b*Log[f]]] *Erf[(Sqrt[-a*Log[f]] -Sqrt[-b*Log[f]] *x^2)/x]/
        (4*Sqrt[-b*Log[f]]) /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,f},x]
```

$$\int \frac{u}{a + b f^{d+ex} + c f^{g+hx}} dx$$

■ Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+b f^z+c f^{2z}} = \frac{1}{a} - \frac{f^z (b+c f^z)}{a (a+b f^z+c f^{2z})}$$

■ Rule:

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b f^{d+ex} + c f^{2 (d+ex)}} dx \rightarrow \frac{x}{a} - \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{f^{d+ex} (b+c f^{d+ex})}{a+b f^{d+ex} + c f^{2 (d+ex)}} dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[1/(a_+b_.*f_^u_+c_.*f_^v_), x_Symbol] :=
    x/a -
    Dist[1/a,Int[f^u*(b+c*f^u)/(a+b*f^u+c*f^v),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,f},x] && LinearQ[u,x] && LinearQ[v,x] && ZeroQ[2*u-v] &&
Not[RationalQ[Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]]]
```

■ Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{d+e f^z}{a+b f^z+c f^2 z} = \frac{d}{a} - \frac{f^z (bd-a e+c d f^z)}{a (a+b f^z+c f^2 z)}$$

■ Rule:

$$\int \frac{d + e f^{d+e x}}{a + b f^{d+e x} + c f^{2 (d+e x)}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d x}{a} - \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{f^{d+e x} \left(b d - a e + c d f^{d+e x}\right)}{a + b f^{d+e x} + c f^{2 (d+e x)}} dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( d_{+e_{-}} * f_{-u_{-}} \right) / \left( a_{+b_{-}} * f_{-u_{-}} * c_{-} * f_{-v_{-}} \right), \ x_{Symbol} \right] := \\ & d * x / a - \\ & \operatorname{Dist} \left[ 1 / a, \operatorname{Int} \left[ f^{u} * \left( b * d_{-a} * e + c * d * f^{u} \right) / \left( a + b * f^{u} + c * f^{v} \right), x \right] \right] /; \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a, b, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] \ \& \& \ \operatorname{LinearQ} \left[ u, x \right] \ \& \& \ \operatorname{LinearQ} \left[ v, x \right] \ \& \& \ \operatorname{ZeroQ} \left[ 2 * u - v \right] \ \& \& \ \operatorname{Not} \left[ \operatorname{RationalQ} \left[ \operatorname{Rt} \left[ b^{2} - 4 * a * c, 2 \right] \right] \right] \end{aligned}
```

■ Derivation: Algebraic simplification

■ Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+bz+\frac{c}{z}} = \frac{z}{c+az+bz^2}$$

■ Rule:

$$\int \frac{u}{a+b\,f^{d+e\,x}+c\,f^{-(d+e\,x)}}\,\mathrm{d}x\,\to\,\int \frac{u\,f^{d+e\,x}}{c+a\,f^{d+e\,x}+b\,f^{2\,(d+e\,x)}}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[u_/(a_+b_.*f_^v_+c_.*f_^w_), x_Symbol] :=
   Int[u*f^v/(c+a*f^v+b*f^(2*v)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,f},x] && LinearQ[v,x] && LinearQ[w,x] && ZeroQ[v+w] &&
If[RationalQ[Coefficient[v,x,1]], Coefficient[v,x,1]>0, LeafCount[v]<LeafCount[w]]</pre>
```

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} (\mathbf{e}^{x} + \mathbf{x}^{m})^{n} dx$$

■ Basis: 
$$\int f[x] (e^x + f[x])^n dx = -\frac{(e^x + f[x])^{n+1}}{n+1} + \int (e^x + f[x])^{n+1} dx + \int f'[x] (e^x + f[x])^n dx$$

• Rule: If  $m > 0 \land n + 1 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \! x^m \, \left( e^x + x^m \right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \to \, \, - \, \frac{ \left( e^x + x^m \right)^{n+1}}{n+1} \, + \, \int \left( e^x + x^m \right)^{n+1} \, \mathrm{d}x \, + \, m \, \int \! x^{m-1} \, \left( e^x + x^m \right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(E^x_+x_^m_.)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -(E^x+x^m)^(n+1)/(n+1) +
    Int[(E^x+x^m)^(n+1),x] +
    Dist[m,Int[x^(m-1)*(E^x+x^m)^n,x]] /;
RationalQ[{m,n}] && m>0 && NonzeroQ[n+1]
```