

Automatic Hand Sanitizer Dispenser using Arduino

1. Introduction

This project creates an automatic hand sanitizer dispenser using Arduino, an ultrasonic sensor to detect hands, and a servo motor to dispense the sanitizer. It ensures touchless operation to maintain hygiene.

2. Key Components

- Arduino Uno (or any compatible board)
- Ultrasonic Sensor (HC-SR04)
- Servo Motor
- Jumper wires
- Breadboard
- External 5V power supply (for Servo)
- USB cable for programming and power

3. Working Principle

1. Initialization: The ultrasonic sensor and servo motor are set up in the ``setup()`` function.

2. Hand Detection:

- The ultrasonic sensor continuously measures the distance in front of it.
- When an object (hand) is detected within 10 cm, the Arduino triggers the servo.

3. Sanitizer Dispense:

- The servo moves to 90 degrees to simulate pressing a sanitizer pump.
- After 1 second, the servo resets to its original position.

4. Delay:

- A 2-second delay is introduced to avoid multiple triggers.

4. Circuit Overview

- Trig pin of Ultrasonic Sensor -> Digital Pin 2 on Arduino
- Echo pin of Ultrasonic Sensor -> Digital Pin 3 on Arduino
- Servo motor signal wire -> Digital Pin 9 on Arduino
- VCC and GND of Ultrasonic Sensor -> 5V and GND on Arduino

- Servo VCC -> External 5V (recommended)
- Common GND between Arduino and Servo power supply

5. Code

```
//Code Written by -  
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//Hand Sanitizer with Arduino  
  
#include <Servo.h>  
  
#define TRIG_PIN 2 // Trig pin of Ultrasonic Sensor  
#define ECHO_PIN 3 // Echo pin of Ultrasonic Sensor  
#define SERVO_PIN 9 // Servo motor pin  
  
Servo myServo;  
  
void setup() {  
    pinMode(TRIG_PIN, OUTPUT);  
    pinMode(ECHO_PIN, INPUT);  
    myServo.attach(SERVO_PIN);  
    myServo.write(0); // Initial position of the servo  
    Serial.begin(9600);  
}  
  
void loop() {  
    long duration;  
    int distance;  
  
    // Trigger the Ultrasonic Sensor  
    digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, LOW);  
    delayMicroseconds(2);  
    digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, HIGH);  
    delayMicroseconds(10);  
    digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, LOW);  
  
    // Read the Echo pin  
    duration = pulseIn(ECHO_PIN, HIGH);  
    distance = duration * 0.034 / 2; // Convert to cm  
  
    Serial.print("Distance: ");  
    Serial.print(distance);  
    Serial.println(" cm");  
  
    // If a hand is detected within 10 cm  
    if (distance > 0 && distance < 10) {  
        myServo.write(90); // Move servo to dispense sanitizer  
        delay(1000); // Wait for sanitizer to be dispensed  
        myServo.write(0); // Reset servo to initial position  
        delay(2000); // Delay before next detection  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

6. Code Explanation

****Library Inclusion****

- `Servo.h` library is included to control the servo motor.

****Pin Definitions****

- TRIG_PIN set to pin 2, ECHO_PIN set to pin 3, SERVO_PIN set to pin 9.

****Setup Function****

- Sets up the pins for the ultrasonic sensor.
- Attaches the servo motor to pin 9 and sets it to the initial position.

****Loop Function****

- Triggers the ultrasonic sensor to send an ultrasonic pulse.
- Measures the time taken for the echo to return and calculates the distance.
- If the distance is less than 10 cm, moves the servo to 90 degrees for 1 second and then resets it.
- Adds delays to ensure clean operation.

7. Conclusion

This Arduino-based automatic hand sanitizer dispenser project successfully demonstrates a contactless method to promote hygiene. The setup is simple yet effective, making it ideal for homes, offices, and public places.