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Joint Research of Optics and Fluid Interface

Doumu/Fudepia

 $*E{-}mail: fudepia@outlook.jp$

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1 Regarding Special Relativity

So first let the real velocity $v_{\,\emptyset}$, whom maintains the linear properties of traditional non-relativistic velocity.

Linear to non-linear (relativistic) velocity:

$$v_S = \frac{v_{ij} \, \mathcal{I}_S \, \mathcal{I}}{\mathcal{I}_S S} = v_{ij} \, \mathcal{I}_S \, \mathcal{I} \tag{1}$$

1.1 Constant force/acceleration

Let a point located at origin, with initial velocity v(0) = 0.

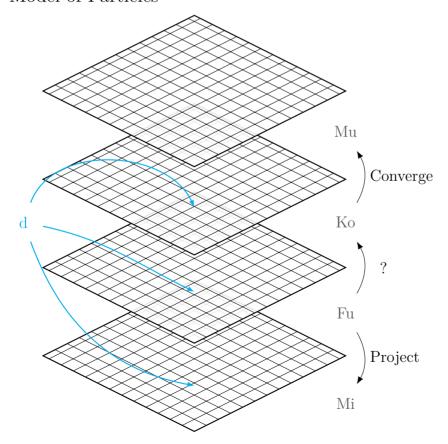
$$a_{E}(v, F, m_{rest}) = \frac{F}{m_{rest}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^{2}}{c^{2}}}^{3}$$
 (2a)

$$a_{11}(t) = k \tag{2b}$$

$$v_{\vdash}(t) = v_{\mid \mid} \perp_S \mid \mid = kt \perp_S \mid \mid$$
 (2c)

$$v_{\perp}(t) = \int \frac{F}{m_{rest}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{v_{\perp}(t)^2}{c^2}}^3$$
 (2d)

2 Model of Particles



3 Conclusion

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Acknowledgment

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References

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