

# Boosting

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- An iterative procedure to adaptively change distribution of training data by focusing more on previously misclassified records
  - Initially, all  $N$  records are assigned equal weights
  - Unlike bagging, weights may change at the end of each boosting round

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- Records that are wrongly classified will have their weights increased
- Records that are classified correctly will have their weights decreased

Original Data	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Boosting (Round 1)	7	3	2	8	7	9	4	10	6	3
Boosting (Round 2)	5	4	9	4	2	5	1	7	4	2
Boosting (Round 3)	4	4	8	10	4	5	4	6	3	4

- Example 4 is hard to classify
- Its weight is increased, therefore it is more likely to be chosen again in subsequent rounds