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Equity Market Return Expectations for Saudi Arabian TASI Index, 2020-2024



Prepared by





Authors

M.R. Raghu CFA, FRM, FCMA

Head of Research +965 2224 8280 rmandagolathur@markaz.com Venkatram Kolluri

Senior Consultant +965 2224 8280 VKolluri@e-marmore.com

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Why are Equity Market Expectations important for Saudi Arabia?



Widespread investor interest

Saudi Arabia has attracted global investor interest after MSCI's EM inclusion with an estimated weightage of 2.8% in the MSCI EM Index



Saudi Aramco

Saudi equity market includes the world's largest company by Market Capitalization.



Size and progression

Saudi Arabian Equity market is the largest in the Middle East and has seen several reforms in recent years.



Investor Base and Liquidity

Saudi markets have a strong domestic & international investor base and is the most liquid Middle East equity market.

Marmore Long-Term Capital Market Expectations



What is Marmore Long-Term Capital Market expectations?

Marmore's Capital Market Expectations are views of equity market growth and returns over the medium term (5 years) using internationally accepted economic and investment methodologies.



What does it cover?

We provide 5-year return expectations for Saudi Arabia's equity market.



Where can it be used?

Our data enables investment managers and investors to judiciously plan their asset allocation strategies and achieve optimization of the risk-return mix for their investment portfolios.



How do we arrive at it?

We have developed our own proprietary model to estimate the returns. Our expectations are arrived from the analysis of both historical and forward-looking equity market indicators in addition to industry-level and economic forecasts obtained from reputed source.



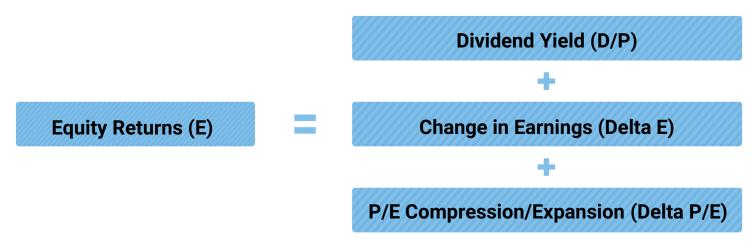
What is the frequency of updates?

We provide an update of these expectations every six months.

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Marmore Framework for arriving at Return expectations

The equity market expectations is based on the Grinold - Kloner Model



- The Average Index Dividend Yield for the period 2009-2019 is assumed to continue for the 5-year period of 2020-2024, as dividend yield has shown a stable trend in the last 10 years.
- Index Earnings (Index Net Profit) is estimated for the forecast period and the CAGR in Net Profit for the 5-year period is
 used as the Change (Delta) in Earnings.
- Index Appreciation is assessed for the forecast period by estimating the CAGR in Market Capitalization for the 5-year forecast period.
- The difference b/w the Index Appreciation and the Change (Delta) in Earnings gives the P/E Expansion (if the difference is positive) or P/E Compression (if the difference is negative).
- All parameters are fine tuned based on Marmore's assessment of the macro-economic environment and parameters for the country.

Detailed Methodology



Establish ratio between historical 'Index profits' and 'GDP' for the country using sinusoidal function (as the relationship was found to be 'cyclical').

Profits/GDP ratio= a SIN(b * t) + c, where t=1, for the starting year.



Using IMF GDP forecasts, estimate the corporate profits for the future years.



Establish ratio between historical 'Index market cap' and 'GDP' for the country

Market Cap-to-GDP = a SIN(b * t) + c*t +d, where t=1, for the starting year.



Using IMF GDP forecasts, estimate the Index market Cap for the future years.



Future Index value is estimated from Index market cap.



Growth in index value (YoY) provides the index appreciation for the year. The average Dividend Yield for 2009-2019 is added to the index appreciation to arrive at the expected equity return for the year.



Growth in corporate profits (YoY) provides the earnings growth for the year.



Difference between Index appreciation less earnings growth provides P/E change.

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Saudi Economy - Snapshot

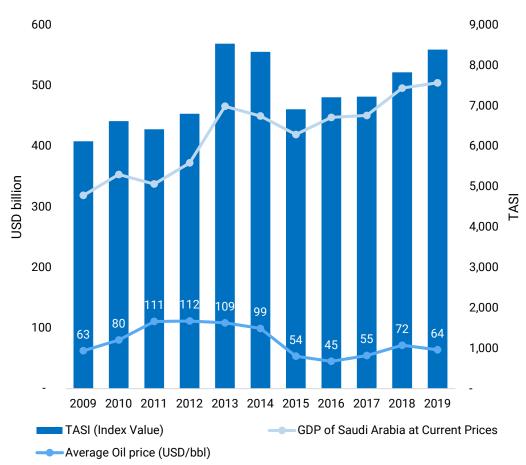
Economic parameter	2009-2014 Avg.	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019e	2020f
Real non-oil GDP growth (%)	6.5	3.2	0.2	1.3	2.2	2.7	2.5
Inflation (average CPI) annual change (%)	3.4	1.3	2.0	-0.9	2.5	-1.1	2.2
Fiscal Balance (% of nominal GDP)	4.1	-15.8	-17.2	-9.2	-5.9	-6.1	-6.6
Current Account Balance (% of nominal GDP)	15.2	-8.7	-3.7	1.5	9.2	4.4	1.5
Government Gross Debt (% of nominal GDP)	5.8	5.8	13.1	17.2	19.0	23.2	28.4

Source: IMF World Economic Outlook, October 2019

- World economic growth projected at 3.3% is expected to provide a period of stable oil demand and slightly improving oil prices as per the estimates of IMF and Energy Information Administration (EIA) of USA.
- Over next 5 years, the resulting stable oil prices with a small annual growth in crude oil demand and the country's push towards non-oil economic growth are expected to drive Saudi Arabia's GDP at current prices and on an upward trajectory at a CAGR of 3.0% per annum.
- Cost of capital is expected to remain at low levels given that Saudi Arabia's is expected to follow the global trend of low interest rates driven by negative rates in Europe and expected zero interest rates in USA. Loan demand and industrial investments can be expected to better with the benign interest rate environment.
- The petrochemical industry can be expected to improve returns due to cyclical trends in the later part of the next 5 years period.
- Concerns about China and global trade have lessened after the signing of first phase trade deal between USA and China. However, concerns still persist and this casts a shadow on oil prices as well as due to economic slowdown in China and India the major importers of oil from GCC. The other concern is the lingering security environment in the GCC following US- Iran conflict.

Index, GDP and Oil





Source: Refinitiv, IMF, Marmore Analysis; Note: Oil price does not have an axis

- TASI has shown a CAGR of 3.2% over the period of 2009-2019. TASI closely tracks the change in the GDP of the country.
- KSA Index that had a high correlation with Oil prices until 2014. In the subsequent years, though the oil prices remained low the index has marched ahead.
- The Free Float Market Cap of the Index is estimated to have increased from USD 160 billion in 2009 to USD 270 billion in 2019.
- The increase in free float market cap in 2019 was mainly due to the addition from the IPO of Saudi Aramco in December 2019.
- The market cap of TASI companies including that of Aramco was USD 2.2 trillion as of December 2019.
- Oil being the major source of revenue for Saudi Arabia, the country's GDP and the equity market performance are highly correlated to Oil prices.

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Saudi Equity Market - Snapshot

Index Name	TASI Index
Last Close (Dec 31, 2019)	8,389
2019 Change (%)	7.19%
P/E TTM	17.9
Dividend Yield	3.95%
Listed Companies	200
No of Large Cap Companies	17
No of Mid Cap Companies	34
No of Small Cap Companies	149
Market Capitalization (Dec-2019) (USD Bn)	2,406
Turnover Ratio (Dec-2019)	45%

Source: Refinitiv, Tadawul; Note: Large, Mid and Small cap classification based on MSCI methodology

- Saudi Equity Market represented by TASI Index witnessed CAGR of the Index of only 0.1% over the period 2014-2019 (when GDP growth was also low at a CAGR of 0.6%), nevertheless it showed an Index Return of 7.2% in 2019 aided by inclusion of the Index in MSCI and consequent inflow of foreign capital.
- 2019 also closed with a boost to Index Market Cap by inclusion of Saudi Aramco post its IPO in the month.
- Next five years are expected to see positive Equity Returns from TASI mainly due to better than previous GDP growth of 2014-2019, absence of liquidity pressures that may have been caused by retail investor selling in 2019 to garner funds for Aramco IPO, a cyclical uptrend in Index Earnings and better liquidity from MSCI inclusion.

TASI – Historical Equity Returns (2009-2019)

TASI Equity Returns (2009-19)

Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Dividend Yield	4.0%	3.2%	3.5%	4.0%	3.6%	4.3%	4.4%	4.1%	4.1%	4.0%	4.0%
Earnings Growth	-30.8%	15.6%	20.0%	6.7%	3.9%	1.9%	-8.9%	-7.5%	-4.0%	11.8%	-11.1%
P/E Expansion	58.3%	-7.4%	-23.1%	-0.7%	21.6%	-4.3%	-8.2%	11.8%	4.2%	-3.5%	18.3%
TASI Equity Returns	31.4%	11.3%	0.5%	10.0%	29.1%	1.9%	-12.6%	8.4%	4.3%	12.3%	11.2%
Nominal GDP Growth	-17.4%	23.1%	27.1%	9.6%	1.5%	1.3%	-13.5%	-1.4%	6.8%	14.2%	-0.9%

Source: Refinitiv & Marmore Calculations

TASI Historical Equity Returns (2009-2019)



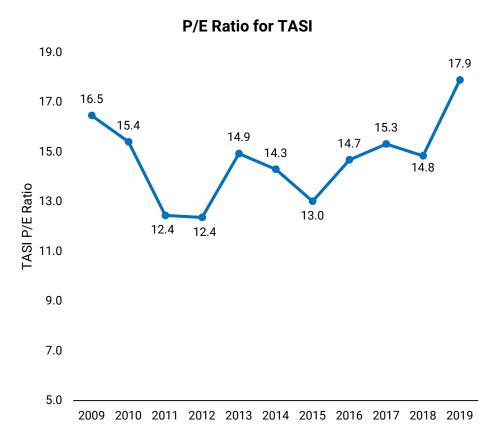
- Dividend Yield for TASI has been stable over the period with only small variations.
- Earnings Growth has been fluctuating over the period with high negatives and high positives in line with GDP fluctuations.
- Varying levels of P/E expansion and P/E
 Compression was witnessed during the period.
- Consequently, Index Appreciation and Equity Returns saw troughs and peaks over the years

TASI – Major Constituents of the Index (2019)

Large Constituents of TASI	Total Market Cap (USD Billion)	Free Float (%)	Free Float Market Cap (USD Billion)
Saudi Aramco	1,882	1.5%	29.3
Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC)	74	30.0%	22.1
Saudi Telecom Company	55	30.0%	16.4
Al Rajhi Banking & Investment Corporation	44	94.1%	41.6
National Commercial Bank	40	45.0%	18.0
Saudi Electricity Company	23	18.8%	4.3
Riyad Bank	20	44.8%	8.7
Saudi British Bank	19	32.8%	6.1
Samba Financial Group	18	58.5%	10.3
Saudi Arabian Mining Co	14	36.2%	5.0

- TASI is a free float weighted Index. Saudi Aramco, the largest company in the world, was added to TASI in December 2019.
- Despite Saudi Aramco's free float (%) being very small, it is still much bigger than SABIC, SABIC was previously the largest constituent in the TASI index.

P/E Ratio

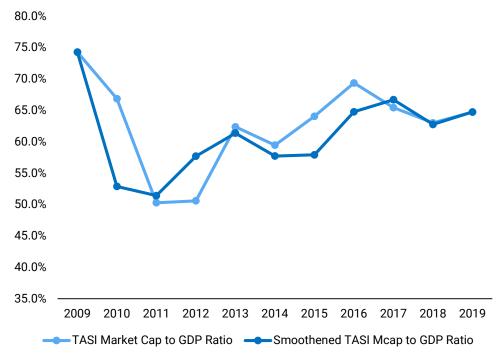


Source: Refinitiv, IMF, Marmore Analysis

- TASI P/E Ratio has been exhibiting cyclical trends over the historical period 2009-2019
- As result, alternating periods of P/E expansion and P/E compression have been seen over the period.
- The differing P/E Ratio over time can be due to changes in cost of capital as well as changes in future growth expectations by investors in the Market at each point of time, as well as change in weights of index constituents.
- The drop in P/E Ratio from the high of 16.5X in 2009 to the low of 12.4 in 2012, may have been due to the fears about economic growth and corporate earnings in the future, post global economic crisis.
- The recovery in P/E ratio in 2013 might have been helped by lower interest rate environment, though it might have been offset later by lower oil prices in 2015-16.
- An improvement in the oil prices and better Saudi economic prospects would have aided the P/E Expansion post 2017.

Market Cap. to GDP

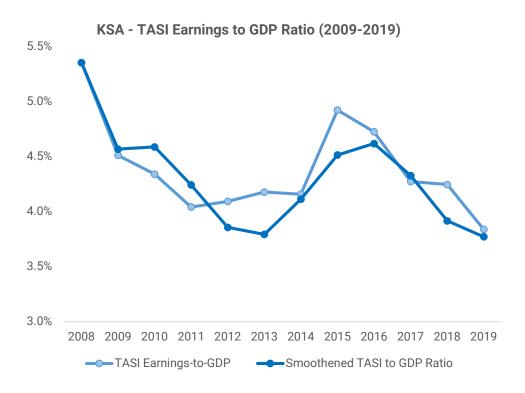
TASI Market Cap to GDP Ratio (2009-2019)



Source: Refinitiv, IMF, Marmore Analysis

- Ratio of TASI Market Cap to GDP at Current Prices is also exhibiting a cyclical pattern i.e. in the form of a Sinusoidal or horizontal S-curve over the period 2009-2019. There is also an upward incline in the Ratio with successive higher peaks and higher lows.
- A smoothened version of the curve that is created using a variant of the basic sinusoidal function is also shown in the chart on the left side. The peaks in 2013 and 2016 were due to a P/E expansion in the years. The troughs in 2011, 2014 and 2018 were due to a P/E contraction.
- A forecast of this Ratio of Market Cap to GDP (Ratio-MCAP/GDP) based on the cyclical trend exhibited by this ratio has been prepared by Marmore for the future period of 2020-2024.
- Using the forecasted Ratio-MCAP/GDP and based on IMF forecast numbers for Saudi Arabia's nominal GDP for the period 2020-2024, an estimate of the expected Market Cap of TASI for the period has been arrived at.
- Lastly, using the TASI Market Cap forecast the CAGR of Index Appreciation for TASI has been assessed and used for estimating the P/E Expansion or Compression which is one of the components of the TASI Equity Returns.

Company Earnings to GDP



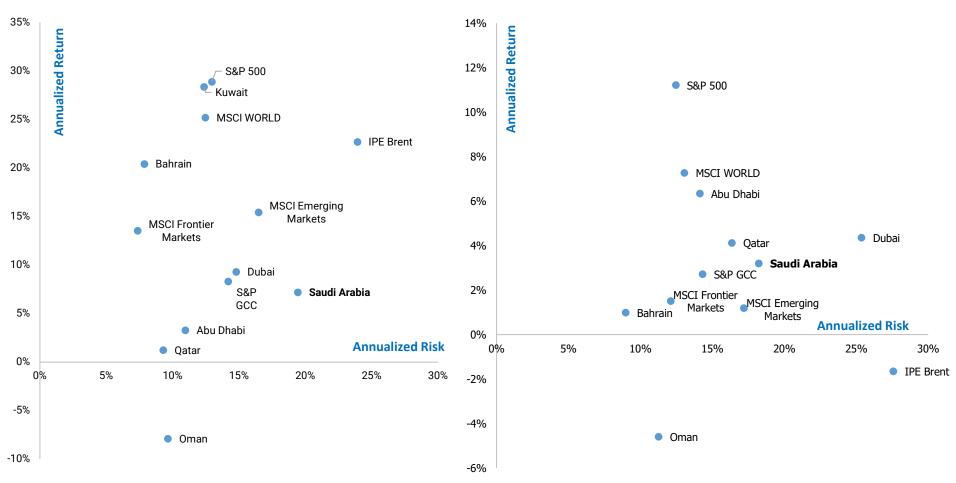
Source: Refinitiv, IMF, Marmore Analysis

- TASI Earnings (Net Profit) to GDP at Current Prices is exhibiting a cyclical pattern i.e. in the form of a Sinusoidal or horizontal S-curve over the period 2009-2019..
- A smoothened curve version of the curve that is created using a variant of basic sinusoidal function is also shown in the chart on the left side. The smoothened trend of the Ratio indicates stable peaks and lows across the cycle period. The peaks in 2009 and 2015 were partly due to GDP contraction in the years. The troughs in 2012 and 2018 were partly due to GDP expansion.
- A forecast of this Ratio of Earnings to nominal GDP (Ratio-E/GDP) based on the cyclical trend exhibited by this ratio, has been arrived at for the future period of 2020-2024.
- Using the forecasted Ratio-E/GDP and based on IMF forecast numbers for Saudi Arabia's nominal GDP for the period 2020-2024, an estimate of the expected earnings of TASI for the period has been arrived at.
- Lastly, using the TASI Earnings forecast the CAGR of Earnings has been assessed and used as one of the components of the TASI Equity Returns.

Saudi Arabia Equity Market Performance Comparison

Asset Classes: Risk-Return Profile 2019

Asset Classes: Annualized Risk-Return Profile 2010-2019



Source: Refinitiv, Marmore Research; Kuwait is absent in the Long-term asset class performance due to the lack of historical index data after the change in equity main equity indices



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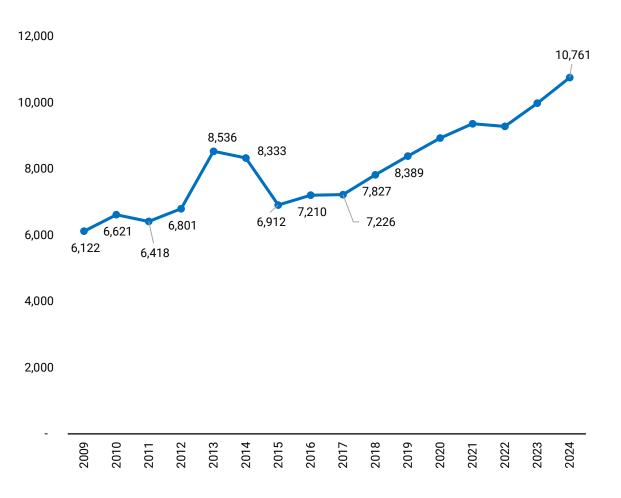
5-year Equity Market expectations for Saudi Arabia

	Pessimistic Case	Base Case	Optimistic Case
Equity Returns, Of which (A+B+C)	8.10%	9.00%	11.50%
Dividend Yield (A)	3.90%	3.90%	3.90%
Earnings Growth (B)	4.80%	5.70%	7.10%
P/E Expansion (C)	-0.60%	-0.6%	0.40%
KSA TADWAUL INDEX level by 2024	10,315	10,761	12,077

Key Highlights

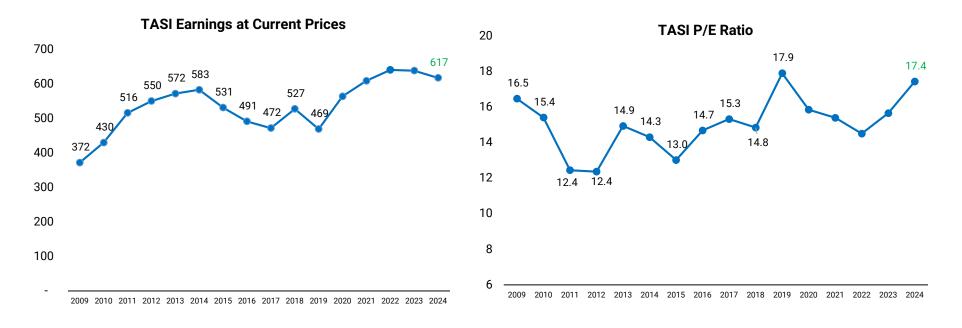
- Saudi Equity Market is expected to provide a total annualized return of 9% for the period between 2020 and 2024.
- The expected return is predominantly driven by earnings forecast of 5.7% followed by a dividend yield 3.9% for the aforementioned period.
- Price/Earnings Multiple (PEM) is expected to be slightly lower than 2019 level of 17.4 times. PEM compression of (-) 0.6% is expected.
- IMF forecasts estimate Nominal GDP to grow at a CAGR of 3.0% in the next five years, whereas it was only 0.6% during 2014-2019.
- TASI Index level, which stood at 8,389 on December 31, 2019 is estimated to reach 10,761 by December 31, 2024 as per our model.

Forecast of TASI Index Level



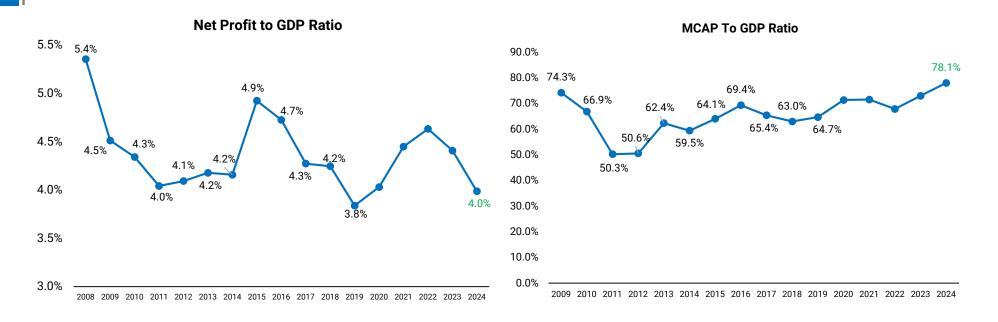
- TASI index values has been forecasted based on the expected market capitalization of the index. The TASI Index Value is expected to grow at a CAGR of 5.1% i.e. increase by 28.3% in 2024 over that in 2019.
- Based on GDP forecasts, TASI Index Free Float Market Capitalization is expected to reach USD 368.4 billion by 2024.
- TASI Earnings are expected to grow at a CAGR of 5.7% i.e. increase by 31.7% in 2024 over those in 2019.
- Only a minute P/E Compression is expected in 2024 and therefore there is no significant change in the P/E Multiple for 2024 compared to that in 2019.

Projection of Key variables (1/2)



- GDP forecasts give a good indication of how corporate earnings would fare out. TASI's aggregate earnings are expected to have bottomed out in 2019, growing steadily till 2022 before seeing a gradual decline for the next two years. The trajectory factors in IMF forecasts for GDP growth
- Saudi Arabia much like other emerging markets are expected to see their P/E multiple compress till 2022, as the index level is not expected to catch up with earnings growth. With earnings tapering off in 2023 and 2024, TASI's P/E multiple is expected to rise during the period.

Projection of Key variables (2/2)



- The Corporate profits of companies included in the TASI Index is a sub-set of the country's total value added in a year. Net profit to GDP ratio is expected to remain between the range of 4.0% to 4.9%, much like how it has been since 2009, barring outliers as seen in 2008 and 2019.
- With the inclusion of Saudi Aramco, Market Cap. to GDP ratio is expected to stay in the range between 67% and 79% much like other emerging markets.



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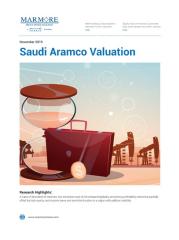
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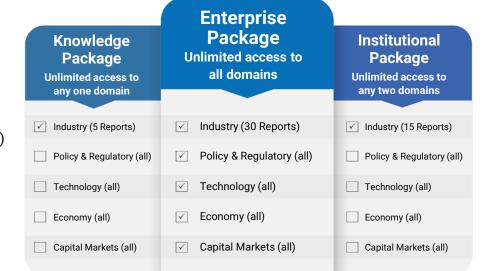
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