

QUIZ 10, NOVEMBER 3

**Question.** There are 4 kinds of donuts available in a store Boston cream, pumpkin spice, glazed and chocolate. Half a dozen donuts are picked at random.

- (a) Do you think that the events "at least 2 are chocolate" and "at most 1 is pumpkin spice," are independent? Do not make any computations yet, just discuss it with your peers.

Not independent choosing more of one type alters ability to choose another.

- (b) What is the probability that at least 2 are chocolate?

$C = \text{number of chocolate donuts}$

$$P(C \geq 2) = \frac{\binom{4+4-1}{4-1} - \binom{7}{3}}{\binom{4+4-1}{4-1}} = \frac{\binom{7}{3} - \binom{7}{3}}{\binom{7}{3}}$$

$$P(C \geq 2) = \frac{\binom{7}{3} - \binom{7}{3}}{\binom{7}{3}} = \frac{\binom{7}{3} - \binom{7}{3}}{\binom{7}{3}}$$

- (c) What is the probability when choosing 6 donuts that at most 1 is pumpkin spice?

$P = \text{number of pumpkin donuts}$

$$P(P \leq 1) = 1 - \text{answer from b.}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{\binom{7}{3} - \binom{7}{3}}{\binom{7}{3}}$$

Can substitute in as donuts have same chance of being picked



Use variables defined from first page.

(d) What is the probability that at least 2 are chocolate and most 1 is pumpkin spice?

$$P(C \geq 2 \cap P \leq 1) = \frac{\binom{7}{3} - \binom{5}{3}}{\binom{9}{3}} P(C \leq 1) - P(C \geq 2 \cup P \leq 1)$$

$P(P \leq 1)$  means

at least 2 chocolate

and at least 2 pumpkin

(e) If at least 2 are chocolate, what is the probability that at most 1 is pumpkin spice?

$$P(P \leq 1 | C \geq 2) = \frac{P(C \geq 2 \cap P \leq 1)}{P(C \geq 2)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\binom{7}{3} - \binom{5}{3}}{\binom{9}{3}}}{\frac{\binom{7}{3}}{\binom{9}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{\binom{7}{3} - \binom{5}{3}}{\binom{7}{3}}$$

(f) Are the events "at least 2 are chocolate" and "at most 1 is pumpkin spice" independent?

No, if they were,

$$P(P \leq 1 \cap C \geq 2) = P(P \leq 1) P(C \geq 2)$$

$$\frac{\binom{7}{3} - \binom{5}{3}}{\binom{9}{3}} \neq \left(1 - \frac{\binom{7}{3}}{\binom{9}{3}}\right) \left(\frac{\binom{7}{3}}{\binom{9}{3}}\right)$$

meaning they aren't independent.

$$\frac{\binom{7}{3}}{\binom{9}{3}} = \frac{3!2!}{3!4!} = \frac{5!4!}{2!7!}$$