

#### **History**

- https://roadmap.sh/guides/history-of-javascript
- https://www.w3schools.com/js/js\_versions.asp

### Where is JS?

- Browser
  - Manipulate DOM.
- Host OS
  - JavaScript runtimes (NodeJS, Bun)

## **Activity**

• Run console.log in a browser and in an OS.

5

## **Learning JS**

- https://roadmap.sh/javascript
- https://roadmap.sh/questions/javascript

# Ts TypeScript

## What is TypeScript?

• TypeScript is a super set of JavaScript.

#### Why TypeScipt?

- Improves your productivity while helping avoid bugs.
  - Catch bugs at the compile-time instead of at runtime.
- Brings the future JavaScript to today.
  - You can use the new JavaScript features before web browsers (or other environments) fully support them.
- More competitive in job market.

#### How it works?

- 1. Write TypeScript codes. ( .ts files)
- 2. Compile the TypeScript codes into plain JavaScript codes ( .js files) using a TypeScript compiler.
- 3. Run JavaScript codes in an environment that JavaScript runs.

#### Tools

- TypeScript Playground: https://www.typescriptlang.org/play
- VSCode Extension
  - Quokka.js
    - 2025-06-27: Too many ads. Consider TypeScript Worksheet.
  - Pretty TypeScript Errors

11

## **Demo**

```
let a = 10;
a.slice(0, 1); // See error message

let a: number;
a = "Hello"; // See error message

let a: number;
// Try typing "a" and trigger intellisense.
```

#### **Defining types**

- Types by inference
  - TypeScript knows the JavaScript language and will generate types for you in many cases.
- Type by specification
  - We define it ourselves.
  - O Keywords type , interface

## Type by inference

```
const user = {
  name: "Hayes",
  id: 0,
};

user.name = 20; // Error
console.log(user.food); // Error
```

• TypeScript already knows the type of this variable.

# Type by specification

```
interface User {
  name: string;
  id: number;
}
```

or

```
type User = {
  name: string;
  id: number;
};
```

#### Type Annotation

```
interface User {
  name: string;
  id: number;
// type User = {
// name: string;
// id: number;
// };
const user: User = {
  name: "Hayes",
  id: 0,
  age: 30, // Error
```

#### type vs interface

- They are very similar, and for the most common cases act the same.
- However, TypeScript doc recommends interface.
  - o interface provides better error message.
  - o interface can be extended.

18

## **More type demo**

 https://github.com/fullstack-68/typescriptintro/blob/main/lecture/03\_more\_type\_demo.ts

19

## Type utilities

```
interface User {
   id: number;
   name: string;
}

// Extend
interface UserExtended extends User {
   isActive: boolean;
}
```

#### More information

### Function (argument type)

```
// Give warning
function sumNumber(a, b) {
  return a + b;
}

// OK
function sumNumber(a: number, b: number) {
  return a + b;
}
```

#### **Function (type guards)**

```
// Hover cursor on "text" to see the type
function greeter(text: string | null | undefined) {
  if (!text) {
    console.log("...");
    return;
  }
  console.log(text);
}
```

#### Generics

Generics provide variables to types.

```
interface Backpack<Type> {
 items: Type[];
  add: (obj: Type) => void;
 get: () => Type;
const backpack: Backpack<string> = {
  items: ["1", "2"],
  add: (myStr) => {
   myStr.slice(0, 1);
 },
  get: () => {
    return "Hi";
```

## Use Typescript in NodeJS project

#### Setup

- npm i -g pnpm (Alternative package manager)
- npm init es6 (What?)
- pnpm install -D typescript tsx @types/node
- Create ./src directory

• Create ./src/index.ts

```
function sayHello(name: string) {
  console.log("Hello " + name);
}
sayHello("World");
```

#### Compile

npx tsc src/index.ts --outDir dist

#### Run (node)

• node ./dist/index.js

#### Run (tsx)

npx tsx ./src/index.ts

#### Use TS configuration file

- npx tsc --init
- Modify tsconfig.json

```
{
   "compilerOptions": {
     "target": "es2022",
     "module": "nodenext",
     "outDir": "./dist"
   },
   "include": ["./src/**/*"]
}
```

#### Use TS configuration file (cont)

- Now just type npx tsc
- Use npx tsc --showConfig to see config.

#### Code - Async

```
async function getData() {
  const res = await fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos/1");
  return await res.json();
}
getData().then((data) => console.log(data));
```

#### **Code - Import**

```
./src/lib.ts

export const name = "Tom";

./src/index.ts

import { name } from "./lib.js";

sayHello(name);
```

#### Code - FS

```
import * as fs from "fs";
import { fileURLToPath } from "url";
import { dirname } from "path";
const __filename = fileURLToPath(import.meta.url);
const __dirname = dirname(__filename);

const dir = fs.readdirSync(__dirname);
console.log(dir);
```

• Fix \_\_dirname is not defined error (Ref).

## **Using TSconfig template**

pnpm install -D @tsconfig/node-lts (What)

./tsconfig.json

```
{
  "extends": "@tsconfig/node-lts/tsconfig.json",
  "compilerOptions": {
     "outDir": "./dist"
  },
   "include": ["./src/**/*"]
}
```

## **TypeScript - NextJS**

#### Installation

npx create-next-app@latest

```
fullstack-68 npx create-next-app@latest
Need to install the following packages:
create-next-app@15.3.4
0k to proceed? (y) y

√ What is your project named? ... typescript-nextjs.

√ Would you like to use TypeScript? ... No / Yes
√ Would you like to use ESLint? ... No / Yes
√ Would you like to use Tailwind CSS? ... No / Yes

√ Would you like your code inside a `src/` directory? ... No / Yes
√ Would you like to use App Router? (recommended) ... No / Yes

√ Would you like to use Turbopack for `next dev`? ... No / Yes

√ Would you like to customize the import alias (`@/*` by default)? ... No / Yes
Creating a new Next.js app in C:\Users\admin\Coding\fullstack-68\typescript-nextjs.
```

```
./tsconfig.json
```

```
{
    // ...
    "paths": {
        "@app/*": ["./src/app/*"],
        "@components/*": ["./src/components/*"]
    }
}
```

```
./src/app/globals.css
@import "tailwindcss";
// Remove everything else
```

#### ./src/components/card.tsx

```
import { FC } from "react";
interface Props {
 title: string;
 text?: string;
const Card: FC<Props> = ({ title, text }) => {
  return (
    <div className="border border-gray-300 p-2 rounded shadow-sm flex flex-col items-center">
      <div className="font-bold text-lg text-gray-800">{title}</div>
      <div className="text-gray-600">{text ?? "...."}</div>
    </div>
export default Card;
```

./src/app/page.tsx