

Installing Software From Source

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Build Systems

- Designed to automate the process of program compilation
 - Source code → binary code
 - Packaging binary code
 - Running automated tests

Some of the most important build systems

- ❑ Make
- ❑ CMake
- ❑ Gradle
- ❑ Apache Ant
- ❑ Apache Maven

Let's install a software...

Just remember these 3 steps

- `./configure`
- `make`
- `make install`

./configure

- Check some details about your system and required dependencies
- lots of question and a respective yes/no as the reply.
- If any of the major requirements are missing on your system, the configure script would exit and you cannot proceed with the installation, until you get those required things.
- The main job of the configure script is to create a ' *Makefile* '. This is a very important file for the installation process.
- If there is any error the last few lines of the output would be stating the error

make

- A utility which exists on almost all Unix systems
- It requires a file named Makefile in the same directory in which you run make
- The Makefile indicates the sequence, that Linux must follow to build various components / sub-programs of your software
- The sequence depends on the way the software is designed as well as many other factors
- At last it creates the executables

make install

- Copy the executables and other required files created during the last step (make) into the required final directories on your machine
- The executable that the user runs may be copied to the `/usr/local/bin` so that all users are able to run the software
- Similarly all the other files are also copied to the standard directories in Linux

Thank You
