



## 5G NSA for MME

- [Feature Summary and Revision History, on page 1](#)
- [Feature Description, on page 2](#)
- [How It Works, on page 5](#)
- [Configuring 5G NSA for MME, on page 10](#)
- [Monitoring and Troubleshooting, on page 13](#)

## Feature Summary and Revision History

### Summary Data

Applicable Product(s) or Functional Area	MME
Applicable Platform(s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ASR 5000</li><li>• ASR 5500</li><li>• VPC-DI</li><li>• VPC-SI</li></ul>
Feature Default	Disabled - Configuration Required
Related Changes in This Release	Not applicable
Related Documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>5G Non Standalone Solution Guide</i></li><li>• <i>AAA Interface Administration and Reference</i></li><li>• <i>Command Line Interface Reference</i></li><li>• <i>MME Administration Guide</i></li><li>• <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i></li></ul>

### Revision History

Revision Details	Release
------------------	---------

The 5G NSA solution is qualified on the ASR 5000 platform.	21.5
First introduced.	21.8

## Feature Description

Cisco 5G Non Standalone (NSA) solution leverages the existing LTE radio access and core network (EPC) as an anchor for mobility management and coverage. This solution enables operators using the Cisco EPC Packet Core to launch 5G services in shorter time and leverage existing infrastructure. Thus, NSA provides a seamless option to deploy 5G services with very less disruption in the network.

### Overview

5G is the next generation of 3GPP technology, after 4G/LTE, defined for wireless mobile data communication. The 5G standards are introduced in 3GPP Release 15 to cater to the needs of 5G networks.

The two solutions defined by 3GPP for 5G networks are:

- 5G Non Standalone (NSA): The existing LTE radio access and core network (EPC) is leveraged to anchor the 5G NR using the Dual Connectivity feature. This solution enables operators to provide 5G services with shorter time and lesser cost.




---

**Note** The 5G NSA solution is supported in this release.

---

- 5G Standalone (SA): An all new 5G Packet Core will be introduced with several new capabilities built inherently into it. The SA architecture comprises of 5G New Radio (5G NR) and 5G Core Network (5GC).

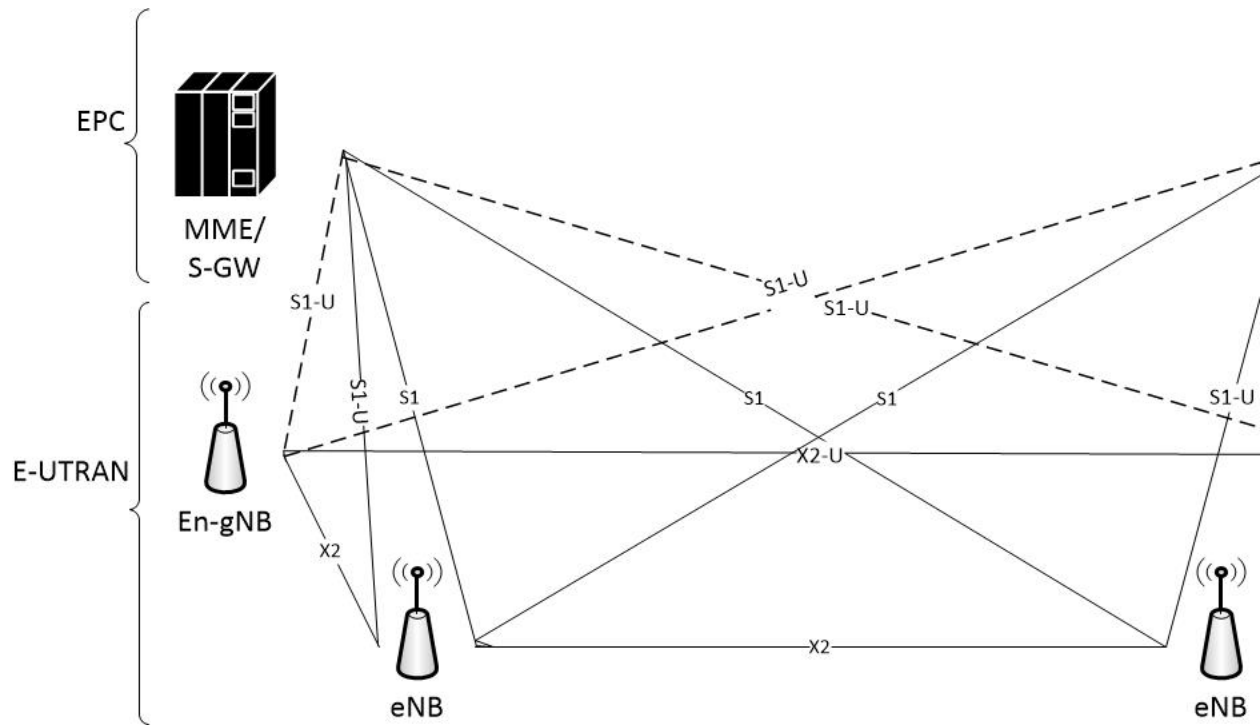
Network Slicing, CUPS, Virtualization, Multi-Gbps support, Ultra low latency, and other such aspects will be natively built into the 5G SA Packet Core architecture.

### Dual Connectivity

The E-UTRA-NR Dual Connectivity (EN-DC) feature supports 5G New Radio (NR) with EPC. A UE connected to an eNodeB acts as a Master Node (MN) and an en-gNB acts as a Secondary Node (SN). The eNodeB is connected to the EPC through the S1 interface and to the en-gNB through the X2 interface. The en-gNB can be connected to the EPC through the S1-U interface and other en-gNBs through the X2-U interface.

The following figure illustrates the E-UTRA-NR Dual Connectivity architecture.

Figure 1: EN-DC Architecture



If the UE supports dual connectivity with NR, then the UE must set the DCNR bit to "dual connectivity with NR supported" in the UE network capability IE of the Attach Request/Tracking Area Update Request message.

If the UE indicates support for dual connectivity with NR in the Attach Request/Tracking Area Update Request message, and the MME decides to restrict the use of dual connectivity with NR for the UE, then the MME sets the RestrictDCNR bit to "Use of dual connectivity with NR is restricted" in the EPS network feature support IE of the Attach Accept/Tracking Area Update Accept message.

If the RestrictDCNR bit is set to "Use of dual connectivity with NR is restricted" in the EPS network feature support IE of the Attach Accept/Tracking Area Update Accept message, the UE provides the indication that dual connectivity with NR is restricted to the upper layers.

If the UE supports DCNR and DCNR is configured on MME, and if HSS sends ULA/IDR with "Access-Restriction" carrying "NR as Secondary RAT Not Allowed", MME sends the "NR Restriction" bit set in "Handover Restriction List" IE during Attach/TAU/Handover procedures. Similarly, MME sets the RestrictDCNR bit to "Use of dual connectivity with NR is restricted" in the EPS network feature support IE of the Attach Accept/Tracking Area Update Accept message. Accordingly, UE provides the indication that dual connectivity with NR is restricted to the upper layers.

The "Handover Restriction List" IE is present in the "Initial Context Setup Request" message for Attach and TAU procedure with data forwarding procedure, in the "Handover Required" message for S1 handover procedure, in the "Downlink NAS Transport" message for TAU without active flag procedure.

The 5G NSA solution for MME supports the following functionalities

- **E-RAB Modification Procedure:**

When SCG (Secondary Cell Group) bearer option is applied to support DCNR, this procedure allows the Master eNodeB to switch a bearer to Secondary eNodeB without changing the S1-MME association.

- **NR Capable S-GW/P-GW Selection:**

When DCNR capable UE attempts to register in MME and when all DCNR validations are successful (for example DCNR feature configuration on MME, HSS not sending access-restriction for NR, and so on), for dynamic S-GW and P-GW selection, MME uses the following service parameters received from DNS server (in NAPTR response) over other service parameters to select NR capable S-GW/P-GW.

- x-3gpp-sgw:x-s5-gtp+nc-nr
- x-3gpp-pgw:x-s5-gtp+nc-nr

When the dynamic selection of S-GW/P-GW fails for any other reasons, MME falls back and selects the locally configured S-GW/P-GW.

- **Dynamic S-GW/P-GW Selection:**

Dynamic S-GW and P-GW selection by MME for DCNR capable UE is supported. When a DCNR capable UE attempts to register in MME and when all DCNR validations are successful (DCNR feature configuration on MME, HSS not sending access-restriction for NR, and so on), the MME sets the "UP Function Selection Indication Flags" IE with DCNR flag set to 1 in "Create Session Request" message. This feature supports the CUPS architecture for SGW-C and PGW-C to select SGW-U and PGW-U and support dual connectivity with NR. When S-GW receives this IE over S11, it sends the IE over S5 to P-GW. If S-GW receives the IE in a non-CUPS deployment, it is ignored.

- **URLCC QCI Support:**

For Ultra-Reliable and Low Latency Communications (URLCC), MME supports — QCI 80 (Non-GBR resource type), QCI 82 (GBR resource type), and QCI 83 (GBR resource type). MME establishes the default bearers with URLLC QCI 80, which is typically used by low latency eMBB applications. MME establishes the dedicated bearers with URLLC QCI 82 and QCI 83 (also with QCI 80 if dedicated bearers of non-GBR type to be established), which is typically used by discrete automation services (industrial automation).

- **High Throughput:**

5G NR offers downlink data throughput up to 20 Gbps and uplink data throughput up to 10 Gbps. Some interfaces in EPC have the support to handle (encode/decode) 5G throughput ranges. For example, NAS supports up to 65.2 Gbps (APN-AMBR) and S5/S8/S10/S3 (GTP-v2 interfaces) support up to 4.2 Tbps. The diameter interfaces such as S6a and Gx support only up to 4.2Gbps throughput, S1-AP supports only up to 10 Gbps and NAS supports up to 10 Gbps (MBR, GBR). New AVP/IE are introduced in S6a, Gx, S1-AP and NAS interfaces to support 5G throughput rates. See the *How It Works* section for more information.

- **Extended QoS:**

MME supports the extended QoS values towards S-GW in legacy IEs - APN-AMBR, Bearer QoS, and Flow QoS.

- **Supported IEs:**

S1-AP interface:

- Extended UE-AMBR Downlink

- Extended UE-AMBR Uplink
- Extended E-RAB Maximum Bit Rate Downlink
- Extended E-RAB Maximum Bit Rate Uplink
- Extended E-RAB Guaranteed Maximum Bit Rate Downlink
- Extended E-RAB Guaranteed Maximum Bit Rate Uplink

NAS interface:

- Extended EPS quality of service
- Extended APN aggregate maximum bit rate

## How It Works

### Architecture

This section describes the external interfaces required to support the 5G NSA architecture.

#### **S6a (HSS) Interface**

The S6a interface supports new AVPs "Extended-Max-Requested-BW-UL" and "Extended-Max-Requested-BW-DL" in grouped AVP "AMBR" to handle the 5G throughput ranges. When the maximum bandwidth value for UL (or DL) traffic is higher than 4294967295 bits per second, the "Max-Requested-Bandwidth-UL" AVP (or DL) must be set to the upper limit 4294967295 and the "Extended-Max-Requested-BW-UL" AVP (or DL) must be set to the requested bandwidth value in kilobits per second.

#### **S1AP (eNodeB) Interface**

##### **Extended UE-AMBR**

The S1AP interface supports new IEs "Extended UE Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate Downlink" and "Extended UE Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate Uplink" in the grouped IE "UE Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate", where the units are bits/second. If the Extended UE Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate Downlink/Uplink IE is included, then the UE Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate Downlink/Uplink IE must be ignored.

##### **Extended E-RAB MBR/GBR**

The S1AP interface supports new AVPs "Extended E-RAB Maximum Bit Rate Downlink/Uplink" and "Extended E-RAB Guaranteed Bit Rate Downlink/Uplink" in the "GBR QoS Information" grouped IE, where the units are bits/second.

#### **NAS (UE) Interface**

##### **Extended APN Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate**

The existing IE in NAS "APN-AMBR" supports APN-AMBR values up to 65.2Gbps, to convey the 5G throughput (beyond 65.2Gbps) over NAS. A new IE "Extended APN aggregate maximum bit rate" is added in all applicable NAS messages.

### Extended EPS Quality of Service

As the existing IE in NAS "EPS Quality of Service" supports MBR and GBR values up to 10Gbps, to convey the 5G throughput (beyond 10Gbps) over NAS, a new IE "Extended EPS Quality of Service" is added in all applicable NAS messages. The structure of IE "Extended EPS Quality of Service" and the units for encoding/decoding is displayed below.

## Limitations

This section describes the known limitations for the 5G NSA feature:

- DCNR for S3 interface is supported only for inbound handover of UE from 2G/3G to 4G.
- MME does not support the NR capable gateway selection during connected mode inbound handover from Gn-SGSN.

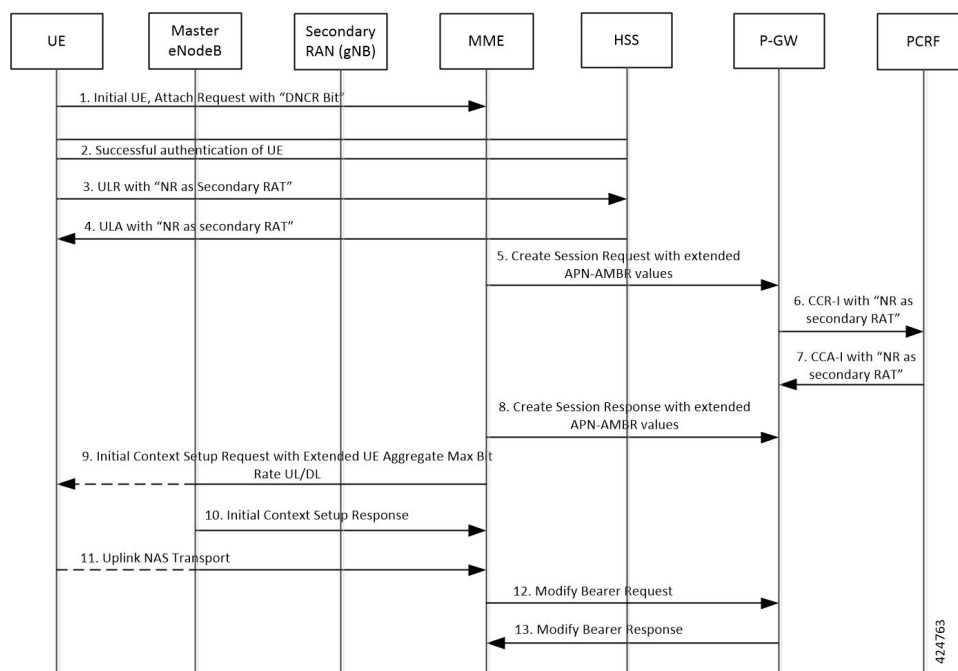
## Flows

This section describes the call flow procedures related to MME for 5G NSA.

### Initial Registration Procedure

The following call flow illustrates the Initial Registration procedure for DCNR capable UE.

**Figure 2: Initial Registration of DCNR Capable UE**



Step	Description
1	<p>The DCNR capable UE sets the "DCNR bit" in NAS message "Attach Request" in "UE Network Capability" IE.</p> <p>DCNR must be enabled at MME service or call control profile depending upon the operator requirement.</p>
2	MME successfully authenticates the UE.
3	As part of the authorization process, while sending ULR to HSS, MME advertises the DCNR support by sending the "NR as Secondary RAT" feature bit in "Feature-List-ID-2".
4	<p>HSS sends ULA by advertising the DCNR by sending "NR as Secondary RAT" feature bit in "Feature-List-ID-2", "Max-Requested-Bandwidth-UL" as 4294967295 bps, "Max-Requested-Bandwidth-DL" as 4294967295 bps, and the extended bandwidth values in AVPs "Extended-Max-Requested-BW-UL" and "Extended-Max-Requested-BW-DL".</p> <p>If HSS determines that the UE is not authorized for DCNR services, then HSS sends Subscription-Data with "Access-Restriction" carrying "NR as Secondary RAT Not Allowed".</p>
5	MME sends the Create Session Request message with the extended APN-AMBR values in existing AMBR IE. As the APN-AMBR values in GTPv2 interface are encoded in kbps, the existing AMBR IE handles the 5G NSA bit rates.
6	<p>P-GW sends CCR-I to PCRF advertising the DCNR by sending "Extended-BW-NR" feature bit in "Feature-List-ID-2", "APN-Aggregate-Max-Bitrate-UL" as 4294967295 bps, "APN-Aggregate-Max-Bitrate-DL" as 4294967295 bps, and the extended bandwidth values in AVPs "Extended-APN-AMBR-UL" and "Extended-APN-AMBR-DL".</p>
7	<p>PCRF sends CCA-I advertising the DCNR by sending "Extended-BW-NR" feature bit in "Feature-List-ID-2", "APN-Aggregate-Max-Bitrate-UL" as 4294967295 bps, "APN-Aggregate-Max-Bitrate-DL" as 4294967295 bps, and the extended bandwidth values in AVPs "Extended-APN-AMBR-UL" and "Extended-APN-AMBR-DL". PCRF can offer the same extended APN-AMBR values that are requested by PCRF or modify the extended APN-AMBR values. P-GW enforces the APN-AMBR values accordingly.</p>
8	P-GW honors the APN-AMBR values as offered by PCRF and sends the extended APN-AMBR values in existing APN-AMBR IE in the Create Session Response message.

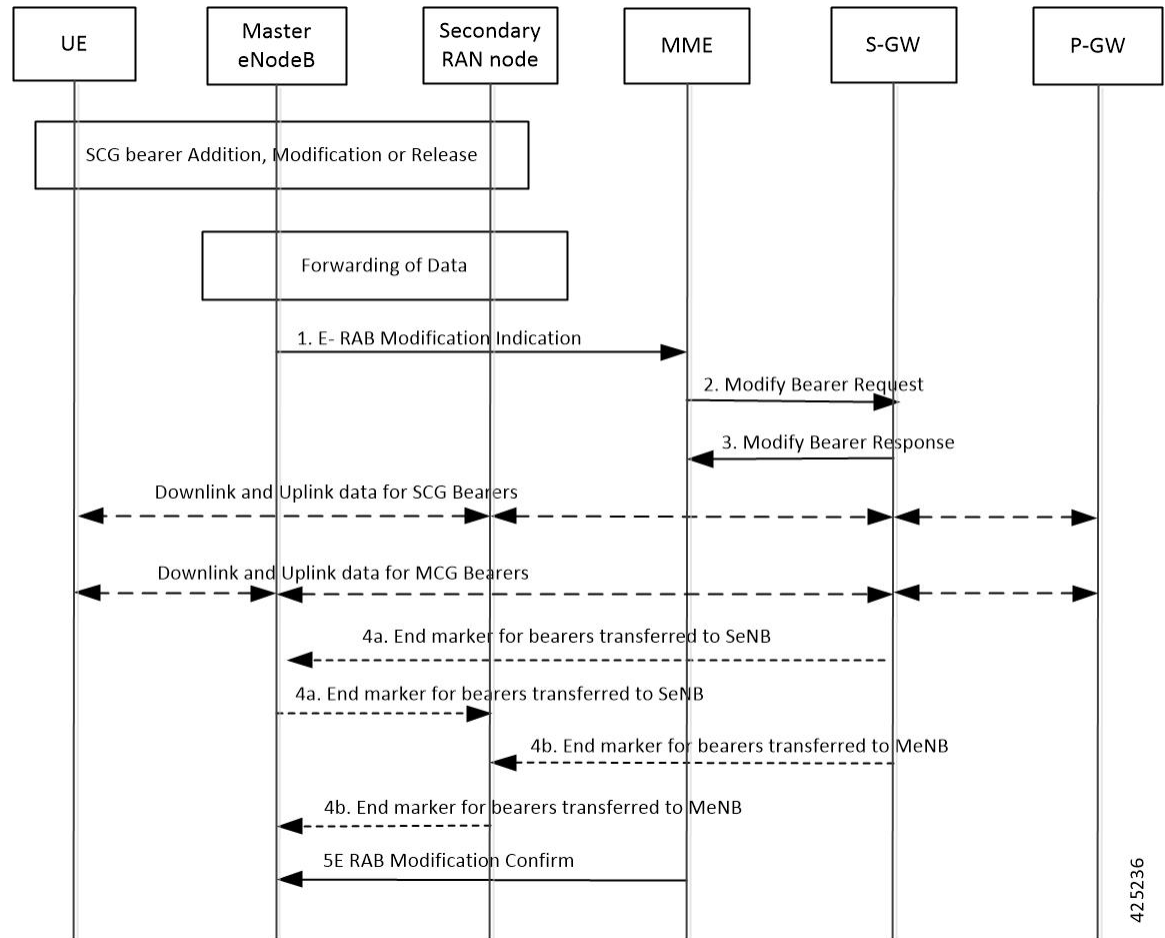
Step	Description
9	<p>MME computes the UE-AMBR values and sends the extended UE-AMBR values in new IEs "Extended UE Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate Downlink" and "Extended UE Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate Uplink" by setting the legacy "UE AMBR Uplink" and "UE AMBR Downlink" values to the maximum allowed value 10000000000 bps (10 Gbps) in the "Initial Context Setup Request" message.</p> <p>MME sends the APN-AMBR values up to 65.2 Gbps in existing APN-AMBR IE in NAS Activate Default EPS Bearer Context Request – Attach Accept. If the APN-AMBR values are beyond 65.2 Gbps, MME sends the extended APN-AMBR values in "Extended APN Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate" IE.</p> <p>If ULA is received with "Access-Restriction" carrying "NR as Secondary RAT Not Allowed", MME sends the Initial Context Setup Request message with "NR Restriction" bit set in Handover Restriction List IE. MME sets the RestrictDCNR bit to "Use of dual connectivity with NR is restricted" in the EPS network feature support IE of the Attach Accept message. UE provides the indication that dual connectivity with NR is restricted to the upper layers accordingly.</p> <p>If the DCNR feature is not configured at MME service or call control profile, then MME sets the RestrictDCNR bit to "Use of dual connectivity with NR is restricted" in the EPS network feature support IE of the Attach Accept message. UE provides the indication that dual connectivity with NR is restricted to the upper layers accordingly.</p>
10	eNodeB sends the Initial Context Setup Response message. If master eNodeB determines to establish the bearer on secondary eNodeB, F-TEID of the secondary eNodeB may be sent (transport layer address and TEID of secondary eNodeB). It is transparent to MME if the bearer is established on master eNodeB or secondary eNodeB.
11	eNodeB sends Uplink NAS Transport with NAS message "Complete - Activate Default EPS Bearer Context Accept".
12	MME sends the Modify Bearer Request message to S-GW with S1-U F-TEID details as received in the Initial Context Setup Response message.
13	MME receives the Modify Bearer Response message from S-GW.

## E-RAB Modification Procedure

When Secondary Cell Group (SCG) bearer option is applied to support DCNR, the E-RAB Modification procedure is used to transfer bearer contexts to and from secondary eNodeB or secondary gNodeB.



Figure 3: E-RAB Modification Procedure by Master eNodeB



425236

Step	Description
1	The master eNodeB (MeNB) sends an E-RAB Modification Indication message (eNodeB address(es) and TEIDs for downlink user plane for all the EPS bearers) to the MME. The MeNB indicates if each bearer is modified or not. The "E-RAB to be Modified List" IE contains both "E-RAB to Be Modified Item" and "E-RAB not to Be Modified Item" IEs. For the bearer that need to be switched to secondary eNodeB/gNodeB (SeNB), the "E-RAB to Be Modified Item" IE contains the transport layer address of gNodeB and TEID of gNodeB.
2	The MME sends a Modify Bearer Request message (eNodeB address(es) and TEIDs for downlink user plane for all the EPS bearers) per PDN connection to the S-GW, only for the affected PDN connections.
3	The S-GW returns a Modify Bearer Response message (S-GW address and TEID for uplink traffic) to the MME as a response to the Modify Bearer Request message.
4	For the bearers transferred to SeNB, S-GW sends one or more end marker packets on the old path (to MeNB) immediately after switching the path.

Step	Description
5	The MME confirms E-RAB modification with the E-RAB Modification Confirm message. The MME indicates if each bearer was successfully modified, retained, unmodified or already released by the EPC.

## Standards Compliance

Cisco's implementation of the 5G NSA feature complies with the following standards:

- 3GPP 23.003 Release 15.2.0 - Numbering, addressing and identification.
- 3GPP 23.401 Release 15.2.0 - General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) access
- 3GPP 29.272 Release 15.2.0 - Evolved Packet System (EPS); Mobility Management Entity (MME) and Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN) related interfaces based on Diameter protocol
- 3GPP 29.274 Release 15.2.0 - 3GPP Evolved Packet System (EPS); Evolved General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) Tunnelling Protocol for Control plane (GTPv2-C); Stage 3
- 3GPP 29.303 Release 15.2.0 - Domain Name System Procedures

## Configuring 5G NSA for MME

This section describes how to configure 5G NSA to support MME.

Configuring 5G NSA on MME involves:

- [Enabling DCNR in MME Service, on page 10](#)
- [Enabling DCNR in Call Control Profile, on page 11](#)
- [Configuring APN AMBR Values, on page 11](#)
- [Configuring Dedicated Bearer MBR Values, on page 12](#)
- [Configuring UE AMBR Values , on page 12](#)

## Enabling DCNR in MME Service

Use the following configuration to enable Dual Connectivity with New Radio (DCNR) to support 5G NSA.

```
configure
context context_name
  mme-service service_name
    [ no ] dcnr
  end
```

NOTES:

- **mme-service** *service\_name*: Creates an MME service or configures an existing MME service in the current context. *service\_name* specifies the name of the MME service as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 63 characters.
- **no**: Disables the DCNR configuration.
- The **dcnr** CLI command is disabled by default.

## Enabling DCNR in Call Control Profile

Use the following configuration to enable Dual Connectivity with New Radio (DCNR) to support 5G Non Standalone (NSA).

```
configure
call-control-profile profile_name
[ no | remove ] dcnr
end
```

### NOTES:

- **call-control-profile** *profile\_name*: Creates an instance of a call control profile. *profile\_name* specifies the name of the call control profile as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 64 characters.
- **no**: Disables the DCNR configuration in the call control profile.
- **remove**: Removes the DCNR configuration from the call control profile.
- The **dcnr** CLI command is disabled by default.

## Configuring APN AMBR Values

Use the following configuration to configure the APN aggregate maximum bit rate (AMBR) that will be stored in the Home Subscriber Server (HSS).

```
configure
apn-profile apn_profile_name
qos apn-ambr max-ul mbr_up max-dl mbr_down
remove qos apn-ambr
end
```

### NOTES:

- **apn-profile** *apn\_profile\_name*: Creates an instance of an Access Point Name (APN) profile. *apn\_profile* specifies the name of the APN profile as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 64 characters.
- **qos**: Configures the quality of service (QoS) parameters to be applied.
- **apn-ambr**: Configures the aggregate maximum bit rate (AMBR) for the APN.
- **max-ul** *mbr\_up*: Defines the maximum bit rates for uplink traffic. *mbr\_up* must be an integer from 1 to 4000000000000 (4 Tbps).
- **max-dl** *mbr\_down*: Defines the maximum bit rates for downlink traffic. *mbr\_down* must be an integer from 1 to 4000000000000 (4 Tbps).
- **remove**: Removes the APN AMBR changes from the configuration for this APN profile.

## Configuring Dedicated Bearer MBR Values

Use the following configuration to configure the quality of service maximum bit rate (MBR) values for the dedicated bearer.

```
configure
  apn-profile apn_profile_name
    qos dedicated-bearer mbr max-ul mbr_up max-dl mbr_down
    remove qos dedicated-bearer
  end
```

### NOTES:

- **apn-profile** *apn\_profile*: Creates an instance of an Access Point Name (APN) profile. *apn\_profile\_name* specifies the name of the APN profile as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 64 characters.
- **qos**: Configures the quality of service (QoS) parameters to be applied.
- **dedicated-bearer mbr**: Configures the maximum bit rate (MBR) for the dedicated bearer.
- **max-ul** *mbr\_up*: Defines the maximum bit rate for uplink traffic. *mbr\_up* must be an integer from 1 to 4000000000000 (4 Tbps).
- **max-dl** *mbr\_down*: Defines the maximum bit rate for downlink traffic. *mbr\_down* must be an integer from 1 to 4000000000000 (4 Tbps).
- **remove**: Deletes the dedicated bearer MBR changes from the configuration for this APN profile.

## Configuring UE AMBR Values

Use the following configuration to configure the values for aggregate maximum bit rate stored on the UE (UE AMBR).

```
configure
  call-control-profile profile_name
    qos ue-ambr { max-ul mbr_up max-dl mbr_down }
    remove qos ue-ambr
  end
```

### NOTES:

- **call-control-profile** *profile\_name*: Creates an instance of a call control profile. *profile\_name* specifies the name of a call control profile entered as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 64 characters.
- **qos**: Configures the quality of service (QoS) parameters to be applied.
- **ue-ambr**: Configures the aggregate maximum bit rate stored on the UE (UE AMBR).
- **max-ul** *mbr\_up*: Defines the maximum bit rate for uplink traffic. *mbr\_up* must be an integer from 1 to 4000000000000 (4 Tbps).
- **max-dl** *mbr\_down*: Defines the maximum bit rate for uplink traffic. *mbr\_down* must be an integer from 1 to 4000000000000 (4 Tbps).
- **remove**: Deletes the configuration from the call control profile.

# Monitoring and Troubleshooting

This section provides information regarding show commands and bulk statistics available to monitor and troubleshoot the 5G NSA feature.

## Show Commands and Outputs

### **show mme-service db record imsi**

The output of this command includes the following fields:

ARD:

- Dual-Connectivity-NR-not-allowed — Displays True or False to identify if the ARD received from HSS indicates the DCNR feature is allowed for the given IMSI or not.

### **show mme-service name <mme\_svc\_name>**

The output of this command includes the "DCNR" field to indicate if the DCNR feature is enabled or disabled at MME service.

### **show mme-service session full all**

The output of this command includes the following fields:

UE DC-NR Information:

- DC-NR capable UE — Indicates whether the UE is DCNR capable.
- DC-NR operation allowed — Indicates whether the DCNR operation is allowed by MME for the DCNR capable UE.

### **show mme-service statistics**

- Dual Connectivity with NR Statistics:

Attach Procedure

- Attach Request Rcvd — Indicates the number of Attach Request messages received with UE advertising DCNR support.
- Attach Acc DCNR allowed — Indicates the number of Attach Accept messages sent by the MME acknowledging the DCNR support for UE (Restrict DCNR bit not set in Attach Accept).
- Attach Acc DCNR denied — Indicates the number of Attach Accepts sent by MME rejecting the DCNR support for the UE (Restrict DCNR bit set in Attach Accept).
- Attach Reject Sent — Indicates the number of Attach Reject messages sent by MME whose corresponding Attach Request messages have DCNR support capability.
- Attach Complete Rcvd — Indicates the number of Attach Complete messages received by MME whose corresponding Attach Request messages have DCNR support capability.

#### Intra MME TAU Procedure

- TAU Request Rcvd — Indicates the number of TAU Request messages received for Intra-MME TAU procedure with UE advertising DCNR support.
- TAU Accept DCNR allowed — Indicates the number of TAU Accept messages sent by the MME acknowledging the DCNR support for UE (Restrict DCNR bit not set in TAU Accept) for Intra-MME TAU procedure.
- TAU Accept DCNR denied — Indicates the number of TAU Accept messages sent by the MME rejecting the DCNR support for UE (Restrict DCNR bit set in TAU Accept) for Intra-MME TAU procedure.
- TAU Complete Rcvd — Indicates the number of TAU Complete messages received by the MME whose corresponding Intra-MME TAU Requests have DCNR support capability.

#### Inter MME TAU Procedure

- TAU Request Rcvd — Indicates the number of TAU Request messages received for Inter-MME TAU procedure with UE advertising DCNR support.
- TAU Accept DCNR allowed — Indicates the number of TAU Accept messages sent by the MME acknowledging the DCNR support for UE (Restrict DCNR bit not set in TAU Accept) for Inter-MME TAU procedure.
- TAU Accept DCNR denied — Indicates the number of TAU Accept messages sent by the MME rejecting the DCNR support for UE (Restrict DCNR bit set in TAU Accept) for Inter-MME TAU procedure.
- TAU Reject Sent — Indicates the number of TAU Reject messages sent by the MME whose corresponding Inter-MME TAU Requests have DCNR support capability.
- TAU Complete Rcvd — Indicates the number of TAU Complete messages received by the MME whose corresponding Inter-MME TAU Requests have DCNR support capability.

#### Dual Connectivity with NR Subscribers

- Attached Calls — Indicates the number of DCNR supported UEs attached with the MME.
- Connected Calls — Indicates the number of DCNR supported UEs in connected mode at the MME.
- Idle Calls — Indicates the number of DCNR supported UEs in idle mode at the MME.

#### Node Selection:

##### SGW DNS:

- Common — Indicates the number of times S-GW DNS selection procedures are performed with DNS RR excluding the NR network capability.
- NR Capable — Indicates the number of times S-GW DNS selection procedures are performed with DNS RR including the NR network capability.

##### SGW Local Config

- Common — Indicates the number of times S-GW selection procedures are performed with locally configured S-GW address, without considering the NR network capability.

## PGW DNS:

- Common — Indicates the number of times P-GW DNS selection procedures are performed with DNS RR excluding the NR network capability.
- NR Capable — Indicates the number of times P-GW DNS selection procedures are performed with DNS RR including the NR network capability.

## PGW Local Config:

- Common — Indicates the number of times P-GW selection procedures are performed with locally configured P-GW address, without considering the NR network capability.

**Important**

When UE is defined with "UE usage type" and "NR Capable", S-GW/P-GW via DNS is selected in the following order:

1. MME chooses S-GW/P-GW that support both +ue and +nr services.
2. If step 1 fails, MME selects S-GW/P-GW that supports +nr service only.
3. If step 2 fails, MME selects S-GW/P-GW that supports +ue service only.
4. If step 3 fails, MME selects S-GW/P-GW without +nr or +ue service.

## • Handover Statistics:

## • Bearer Statistics

## • ERAB Modification Indication

- Attempted — Indicates the number of bearers for which the E-RAB Modification Indication procedure is attempted (bearer level stats).
- Success — Indicates the number of bearers for which the E-RAB Modification Indication procedure has succeeded (bearer level stats).
- Failures — Indicates the number of bearers for which the E-RAB Modification Indication procedure has failed (bearer level stats).

## • Bearer Statistics

## • ERAB Modification Indication

- Attempted — Indicates the number of bearers for which the E-RAB Modification Indication procedure is attempted (bearer level stats).
- Success — Indicates the number of bearers for which the E-RAB Modification Indication procedure has succeeded (bearer level stats).
- Failures — Indicates the number of bearers for which the E-RAB Modification Indication procedure has failed (bearer level stats).

**show mme-service statistics s1ap**

The output of this command includes the following fields:

S1AP Statistics:

Transmitted S1AP Data:

- E-RAB Modification Cfm — Indicates the number of E-RAB Modification Confirm messages sent by MME upon successful E-RAB modification procedure.

Received S1AP Data

- E-RAB Mod Ind — Indicates the number of E-RAB Modification Indication messages received from the master eNodeB.

**show subscribers mme-service**

The output of this command includes the "DCNR Devices" field to indicate the number of DCNR devices that are attached to the MME.

## Bulk Statistics

This section provides information on the bulk statistics for the 5G NSA feature on MME.

### MME Schema

The following 5G NSA feature related bulk statistics are available in the MME schema.

Bulk Statistics	Description
attached-dcnr-subscriber	The current total number of attached subscribers capable of operating in DCNR.
connected-dcnr-subscriber	The current total number of subscribers capable of operating in DCNR and in connected state.
idle-dcnr-subscriber	The current total number of subscribers capable of operating in DCNR and in idle state.
dcnr-attach-req	The total number of Attach Request messages that are received with DCNR supported.
dcnr-attach-acc-allowed	The total number of Attach Accept messages that are sent with DCNR allowed.
dcnr-attach-acc-denied	The total number of Attach Accept messages that are sent with DCNR denied.
dcnr-attach-rej	The total number of DCNR requested Attach Rejected messages.
dcnr-attach-comp	The total number of Attach Complete messages that are received for DCNR supported attaches.



Bulk Statistics	Description
dcnr-intra-tau-req	The total number of Intra-TAU Request messages that are received with DCNR supported.
dcnr-intra-tau-acc-allowed	The total number of Intra-TAU Accept messages that are sent with DCNR allowed.
dcnr-intra-tau-acc-denied	The total number of Intra-TAU Accept messages that are sent with DCNR denied.
dcnr-intra-tau-comp	The total number of Intra-TAU Complete messages that are received for DCNR supported requests.
dcnr-inter-tau-req	The total number of Inter-TAU Request messages that are received with DCNR supported.
dcnr-inter-tau-acc-allowed	The total number of Inter-TAU Accept messages that are sent with DCNR allowed.
dcnr-inter-tau-acc-denied	The total number of Inter-TAU Accept messages that are sent with DCNR denied.
dcnr-inter-tau-rej	The total number of DCNR requested Inter-TAU Request messages that are rejected.
dcnr-inter-tau-comp	The total number of Inter-TAU Complete messages that are received for DCNR supported requests.
s1ap-recdata-eRabModInd	The total number of S1 Application Protocol - E-RAB Modification Indication messages received from all eNodeBs.
s1ap-transdata-eRabModCfm	The total number of E-RAB Modification Confirmation messages sent by the MME to the eNodeB.
erab-modification-indication-attempted	The total number of bearers for which E-RAB Modification Indication messages were sent.
erab-modification-indication-success	The total number of bearers for which E-RAB Modification Indication messages were sent.
erab-modification-indication-failures	The total number of bearers for which E-RAB Modification Indication failed as shown in E-RAB Modification Indication Confirm message.
emmevent-path-update-attempt	The total number of EPS Mobility Management events - Path Update attempted.
emmevent-path-update-success	The total number of EPS Mobility Management events - Path Update successes.
emmevent-path-update-failure	The total number of EPS Mobility Management events - Path Update failures.

Bulk Statistics	Description
dcnr-dns-sgw-selection-common	The total number of times S-GW DNS selection procedures are performed with DNS RR excluding NR network capability.
dcnr-dns-sgw-selection-nr	The total number of times S-GW DNS selection procedures were performed with DNS RR including NR network capability.
dcnr-dns-sgw-selection-local	The total number of times S-GW selection procedures were performed with locally configured S-GW address, without considering the NR network capability.
dcnr-dns-pgw-selection-common	The total number of times P-GW DNS selection procedures were performed with DNS RR excluding NR network capability.
dcnr-dns-pgw-selection-nr	The total number of times P-GW DNS selection procedures were performed with DNS RR including NR network capability.
dcnr-dns-pgw-selection-local	The total number of times P-GW selection procedures were performed with locally configured P-GW address, without considering the NR network capability.