2/25/22, 6:49 AM Lect-16.html

## Lecture 15 - Creating a 1st contract

## Setting up a new project

```
$ mkdir payfor2
$ cd payfor2
$ truffle init
```

Scaffold commands to start with

```
$ truffle create contract PayFor
$ truffle create test PayFor
```

You can now build the empty contract and test it.

In a 2nd window start ganache-cli

```
$ ganache-cli
```

Edit truffle-config.js - to connect to ganache. Around line 74

```
74: development: {
75: host: "127.0.0.1",
76: port: 8545,
77: network_id: "*",
78: },
```

add a "migration" file in the ./migrations/ directory create 2\_initial\_migrations.js with:

```
const PayFor = artifacts.require("PayFor");
module.exports = function(deployer) {
  deployer.deploy(PayFor);
};
```

Now Compile and load the contract:

```
$ truffle comile
$ truffle migrate
```

Save the output from the migrate - it is important!

and... Run the empty test

2/25/22, 6:49 AM Lect-16.html

\$ truffle test

It procures a cute output:

To reload a contract you need a "truffle migrate --reset".

(base) philip@victoria payfor % truffle migrate --reset

Compiling your contracts...

\_\_\_\_\_

> Everything is up to date, there is nothing to compile.

```
Starting migrations...
```

\_\_\_\_\_

> Network name: 'development'
> Network id: 1645743739818
> Block gas limit: 6721975 (0x6691b7)

1 initial migration.js

## Replacing 'Migrations'

> transaction hash: 0xc2215471f6e946eb1990156ccd5367b81f540f5d4b775fdf7aa2fda6d3161330

> Blocks: 0 Seconds: 0

> contract address: 0x3b6bdDFC0A92E3BDa4dd4941D5319b40227cdE21

> block number: 31

> block timestamp: 1645795766

> account: 0x5C046b3B982a2073584613213e40C22d6A876300

> balance: 99.89637302 > gas used: 191943 (0x2edc7)

> gas price: 20 gwei
> value sent: 0 ETH

> total cost: 0.00383886 ETH

- > Saving migration to chain.
- > Saving artifacts

2/25/22, 6:49 AM Lect-16.html

> Total cost: 0.00383886 ETH

2\_initial\_migrations.js

\_\_\_\_\_

Replacing 'PayFor'

> transaction hash: 0x768be0029d0a020c861bb22ffe7dd0efab40eb1f3a4a96f8d4191f70638c3f59

> Blocks: 0 Seconds: 0

> contract address: 0x921511c8972EA1e3c4A9Acf117714917eB3f6a15

0x5C046b3B982a2073584613213e40C22d6A876300

> Saving migration to chain.

> Saving artifacts

> Total cost: 0.01270856 ETH

Summary

> Total deployments: 2

> Final cost: 0.01654742 ETH

## Take a look at the contract code.

```
1: // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
 2: pragma solidity >=0.4.22 <0.9.0;
 3:
 4: contract PayFor {
 5:
 6:
        struct productPriceStruct {
 7:
            uint256 price;
            bool isValue;
 8:
 9:
        }
10:
11:
        address payable owner_address;
12:
        event ReceivedFunds(address sender, uint256 value, uint256 application, uint256 loc);
13:
        event Withdrawn(address to, uint256 amount);
14:
        event SetProductPrice ( uint256 product, uint256 minPrice );
        event LogDepositReceived(address sender);
15:
16:
17:
        uint256 internal nPayments;
18:
        uint256 internal paymentID;
19:
20:
        address[] private listOfPayedBy;
        uint256[] private listOfPayments;
21:
22:
        uint256[] private payFor;
23:
24:
        mapping (uint256 => productPriceStruct) internal productMinPrice;
25:
26:
        mapping (address => uint256) internal totalByAccount;
27:
28:
        constructor() public {
29:
            owner_address = msg.sender;
30:
            nPayments = 0;
31:
        }
32:
33:
34:
        * @return the address of the owner.
35:
36:
        function owner() public view returns (address) {
37:
            return owner_address;
38:
        }
39:
40:
41:
         * @dev Throws if called by any account other than the owner.
42:
        */
        modifier onlyOwner() {
43:
44:
            require(is0wner());
45:
            _;
46:
        }
47:
48:
49:
        \ast @return true if `msg.sender` is the owner of the contract.
50:
51:
        function isOwner() public view returns (bool) {
52:
            return msg.sender == owner_address;
53:
        }
54:
55:
56:
        * @dev set the minimum price for a product. Emit SetProductPrice when a price is set.
57:
58:
        function setProductPrice(uint256 productNumber, uint256 minPrice) public onlyOwner {
59:
            productMinPrice[productNumber] = productPriceStruct ( minPrice, true );
60:
            emit SetProductPrice ( productNumber, minPrice );
61:
62:
```

```
63:
         /**
 64:
          * @return true for funds received. Emit a ReceivedFunds event.
 65:
 66:
         function receiveFunds(uint256 forProduct) public payable returns(bool) {
 67:
             // Check that product is valid
 68:
             require(productMinPrice[forProduct].isValue, 'Invalid product');
 69:
             // Validate that the sender has payed for the prouct.
             require(msg.value > productMinPrice[forProduct].price, 'Insufficient funds for product');
 70:
 71:
 72:
             uint256 pos;
             uint256 tot;
 73:
 74:
             nPayments++;
 75:
             pos = listOfPayments.length;
 76:
             listOfPayedBy.push(msg.sender);
 77:
             listOfPayments.push(msg.value);
 78:
             payFor.push(forProduct);
 79:
             tot = totalByAccount[msg.sender];
 80:
             totalByAccount[msg.sender] = tot + msg.value;
 81:
             emit ReceivedFunds(msg.sender, msg.value, forProduct, pos);
 82:
             return true;
 83:
         }
 84:
 85:
         /**
 86:
          * @return the total that has been payed by an account.
 87:
         function getNPayments(address lookUp) public onlyOwner returns(uint256) {
 88:
 89:
             return ( totalByAccount[lookUp] );
 90:
         }
 91:
 92:
         /**
 93:
          * @return the number of paymetns.
 94:
 95:
         function getNPayments() public onlyOwner payable returns(uint256) {
 96:
             return ( nPayments );
 97:
         }
 98:
 99:
         /**
100:
          * @return the address that payeed with the payment amount and what was payed for.
101:
102:
         function getPaymentInfo(uint256 n) public onlyOwner payable returns(address, uint256, uint256) {
103:
             return ( listOfPayedBy[n], listOfPayments[n], payFor[n] );
104:
         }
105:
106:
107:
          * @dev widthdraw funds form the contract.
108:
109:
         function withdraw( uint256 amount ) public onlyOwner returns(bool) {
110:
             require(address(this).balance >= amount, "Insufficient Balance for withdrawl");
111:
             address(owner_address).transfer(amount);
112:
             emit Withdrawn(owner_address, amount);
113:
             return true;
114:
         }
115:
116:
         /**
117:
          * @return the amount of funds that can be withdrawn.
118:
119:
         function getBalanceContract() public view onlyOwner returns(uint256){
120:
             return address(this).balance;
121:
122:
123:
124:
125:
126:
127:
128.
```

require(msg.data.length == 0);

emit LogDepositReceived(msg.sender);

133:

134:

135:

136: 137: 138: } }

file:///Users/philip/go/src/github.com/Univ-Wyo-Education/S22-4010/class/lect/16/Lect-16.html