+vi: if so, we must suppose that the name was first given to the die as die, and applied secondarily to nut and tree.]

[246]

- vibhú, a. -1. pervading, far-reaching; unlimited, 74²; -2. powerful, mighty, of Indra, 5^{12,16}; as subst. lord or ruler. [Vbhū + vi, 354: for 2, cf. vibhava 1 and 2, and vibhūti.]
- víbhūti, f. -1. development or growth; -2. (the result of growth, i.e.) power, esp. of a lord or ruler. [ybhū+vi, 1157d: cf. vibhava and vibhu.]
- ví-manas, a. (having an away-removed mind or heart, i.e.) out of one's senses or disheartened. [1305.]
- vimarda, m. destruction; (of sleep) disturbance. [\forall mrd + vi.]
- vimána, a. traversing, esp. the sky; as m. n. a palatial car of the gods that moves through the air, sky-chariot. [\(\forall 1 \text{m\bar{a}} + \text{vi, 'measure,' q.v.: 1150.}\)]
- vi-mukha, a. having the face away; vimukhā yānti, they go (with averted faces, i.e.) homewards. [1305.]
- vi-rajas, a. having dust away, dustless, pure. [1305.]
- viraha, m. -1. abandonment, separation
 from; -2. absence, freedom from. [√rah
 + vi.]
- virāma, m. stop, end, pause. [\foram+vi.] virodhin, a. hindering, disturbing. [\foram vi, 11833.]
- $vil\bar{a}sa$, $m. joy. [<math>\sqrt{las + vi.}$]
- vivará, m. n. opening; hole (of creatures
 that live in the ground). [\langle 1 vr + vi,
 'uncover, open.']
- vi-varna, a. having the color away, colorless, pale. [1305.]
- vivarņa-vadana, a. pale-faced. [1298a.] vivásvan, a. lighting up; vivásvabhis, as adv. [1112e], so that it lights up; as n., perhaps, flash, spark. [\lambdalvas+vi, 'light up,' 1169b.]
- vivasvant, a. lighting up; as m. Vivasvant, name of a god of the dawning daylight or morning-sun, father of the twins Yama and Yamī and of the Açvins, 8513.14. [Vlvas + vi, 'light up,' see 1233e.]

- +vi: if so, we must suppose that the vivāhá, m. fetching home of the bride, name was first given to the die as die, wedding, marriage. [vvah + vi.]
 - vivāha-catuṣṭaya, n. marriage-quaternion, i.e. the marrying of four wives.
 - vivāhāgni, m. wedding-fire. [agni.]
 - vividha, a. having different kinds, i.e. of different sorts, various. [2 vi + vidhā, 334², 1305.]
 - vivrddhi, f. growth; increase in size; increase. [\forall vrdh + vi, 1157.1d.]
 - viveka, m. -1. a separating apart; -2. discrimination, discernment, good judgment [vic+vi, 216.1: for mg 2, cf. discrimination w. Lat. discriminare, 'separate,' fr. discrimen of the same root as discernere, 'separate'; cf. also discernment with discernere.]
 - viç (viçáti, -te; vivéça, viviçé; ávikşat; vekşyáti, -te; vistá; véstum; -víçya; veçáyati). settle down; go in; go into, enter. [with veçá, 'house,' cf. οἶκοs, 'house' (analogous to entry from enter); Lat. vīcus, 'settlement, village,' whence the borrowed AS. wīc, 'village'; Goth. veihs, 'village'; Lat. villa, *vic(u)la, 'small settlement, farm': see further víç and vecá.]
 - + ā, go into, enter; pervade, RV. x. 125.6; āviṣṭa: actively, having entered; passively, entered by, filled with; -caus. cause to go into, put into, communicate.
 - + upa, settle down upon; sit down; upaviṣṭa, seated.
 - + ni, mid. go in; go home (to house or nest); settle down to rest.
 - + abhi-ni, settle down to; be inclined towards, fig., as in Eng.; be bent upon.
 - + pra, enter, get into; w. acc., 85^2 ; w. loc., 18^{23} ; without expressed object: enter, 8^4 ; go in, 33^{14} ; go home, 103^{21} ; penetrate, pierce; -caus. cause to enter.
 - + sam-pra, go in; w. grham, go home; w. niveçanam, go to bed; enter, w. loc.
 - + sam, enter together, *i.e.* make their appearance together or come hither together, 86^{16} ; caus. cause to enter upon, put or set upon.
 - víç (vít, víçam, vidbhís [2183]), f. -1. a settlement, i.e. dwelling-place; and so house; -2. a settlement, i.e. the com-