paripanthin, a. besetting the path; as m. waylayer. [pari + panthan, 1310a and c end.]

paribhű [352], a. being around, encompassing. [vbhű + pari, 323.]

pari-vatsará, m. a full year. [1289.] parivartin, a. turning round, circling, constantly returning into itself. [vrt+ pari.]

parivāra, m. that which surrounds, i.e. retinue. [\(\frac{1}{1}\nabla \bar{r}, '\text{cover},' + \nabla \arra{1}{1}\)

pariçrit, f. (encloser, i.e.) one of the little stones by which the sacrificial altar is surrounded. [Vgri + pari, 'enclose': 383b.] parisamkhyā, f. complete tale or enu-

meration; sum. [vkhyā + pari-sam.]

paruṣá, a. knotty, rough, harsh. [parus, 1209b.]

párus, n. knot; joint, of a plant or of the body. [perhaps 'a fullness,' \( 1 \) pr, 'fill': cf. párvan.]

parókṣa, a. beyond the eye, out of sight, invisible; -e, adv. [1116], behind one's back. [for paro.'kṣa, i.e. parás + akṣá, 'eye': 1310a.]

parokṣārtha, m. invisible thing, the invisible. [artha.]

parkațī, f. waved-leaved fig-tree, Ficus infectoria.

parná, n. -1. wing; plume, feather; -2. leaf — for mg, cf. pattra. [√\*spr (1177a), see under √sphur: cf. Lithuanian spárna, 'wing'; Ger. Farn, Eng. fern, so called (like πτερίς, 'fern,' — cf. πτερόν, 'feather,') from its feathery fronds.]

paryālocana, n. deliberation; -ā, f. plan, consilium. [vloc + pary-ā, 1150. 2a<sup>2</sup>.]

párvata, -1. a. consisting of knots or ragged masses, used of a mountain, giri; as m. -2. mountain, 276, 9219; hill; -3. cloud-mountain, 702; -4. rock or bowlder, 8611; -5. Parvata, name of a Rishi, companion of Nārada (q.v.), 59. [fr. párvan, cf. 1245c: cf. Παρρασία (\*παργατια), sc. πόλις, i.e. 'Hil-ton.']

parvata-kandara, n. mountain-cave. parvata-çikhara, m. n. hill-top.

parvatopatyakā, f. mountain-lowland, lowland by a mountain range. [upat-yakā.]

párvan, n. knot, joint. ['fullness,' v1 pr, 'fill,' 1169. la: cf. párus.]

párçu, f. rib; sickle.

√ palāy (pálāyate; palāyām cakre; ápalāyiṣṭa; palāyiṣyáti, -te; pálāyita; palāyitum; palāyya). flee; depart, cease, 40 19. [quasi-root fr. √i, 'go,' + parā, 'away,' see 1087c and c²: quite different is √pālaya, 'protect.']

palāyana, n. flight. [Vpalāy.]

pávana, n. instrument for purifying; winnowing-fan. [\p\varp\u00fc, 1150.]

√ 1 pa ç, orig. spaç (páçyati, -te; in Veda: paspaçé; áspaṣṭa [834e]; spaṣṭá; later: dadárça, etc.). -1. see; -2. perceive; behold; -3. look; -4. look on, 397; gaze, 137; -5. (see, i.e.) experience, 20 lo, 351; -6. look upon, 21 23, 40 lo; consider as; -7. see with the spiritual eye (as seers and poets), 94 9. [for the initial s, see the perfect and vi-spaṣṭa: cf. σκέπτ-ομαι, 'look about'; Lat. specio, 'behold'; Ger. spähen, 'spy,' Old High Ger. spehōn, whence, through Old French espier, the Eng. espy, and shortened spy.]

+ anu, look along or spy out (e.g. a path for some one, i.e.), disclose or show, 837.

+ vi, see in places apart, distinguish, see clearly; vispasta, clear.

2 paç, fasten, bind, in derivs, see paçú, páça. [cf. πάσσαλος, \*πακ-jaλος, 'peg'; Lat. pac-iscor, 'bind myself, agree'; pax, 'agreement, peace'; pang-ere, 'make fast,' pac-tum, 'agreed upon'; Goth. fah-an, AS. fon, \*fōh-an, 'fasten on, take hold of'; Eng. verb fang, 'seize,' noun fang, 'seizing-tooth'; connection of fing-er ('grasper, holder'?), doubtful: cf. also Goth. fagrs, 'fitting,' AS. fægr, Eng. fair; AS. ge-fēgan, Eng. fay, Ger. fügen, 'fit together,' trans., and Eng. fadge, 'fit together or agree,' intrans.]

paçú, m. cattle, 90<sup>2</sup>— a single head or a herd; domestic animal (opp. to mṛga, 'wild beast'), 67<sup>2</sup>; esp. beast for sacrifice, 101<sup>6</sup>. [prop. 'tethered (beasts),' √2 paç, 'fasten': cf. Lat. pec-u, Ger. Vieh, 'cattle,' AS. feoh, 'cattle, property,' Eng. fce, orig. 'property,' then 'payment.']