garbhavant, a., in fem. only, pregnant. [garbha3: see 1233.]

garbha-stha, a. being in the womb, unborn.

V garh (gárhate; jagarhé; garhitá; gárhitum; -gárhya). blame, reproach; garhita, despised.

V gal (gálati; galitá). -1. drip; -2. fall; galita, fallen out, gone (claws, teeth, eyes). [hence jala, 'water': cf. Vβαλ in intrans. mg, e.g. ποταμός εἰς ἄλα βάλλων, 'river flowing into the sea'; Ger. quellen, 'flow, spring,' Quelle, 'fountain.']

gava, equiv. of go, 'bull, cow, beeve,' in cpds. [see 1209a.]

gávyūti, f. pasture-land; generalized, territory, abiding-place. [lit. 'having food for cattle,' gó + ūtí, see go4: the y is euphonic, cf. 258.]

V gā (jígāti; ágāt). go; come. [collateral form of gam, q.v.: w. jígāti, cf. Laconic βίβατι, 'strides'; w. ágāt, cf. ἔβη, 'went.']

+ abhi, go unto; w. gramam, become weary.

gātú, m. -1. motion, movement, course; -2. progress; equiv. to the Eng. fare in wel-fare (for mg, cf. verb fare, 'get on, go') — see sugātuyā; -3. (place of recourse, i.e.) refuge, abiding-place, 83°. [√gā, 'go,' 1161.]

gatra, n. -1. (means of moving, i.e.) a
limb of the body; -2. by synecdoche, the
body. [\gamma\textbf{g}\textbf{a}, 'move,' 1185a.]

gāmin, a. going, going upon, going to. [Vgam, 11833]

gārbha, a. relating to the embryo or to pregnancy (of sacrifices). [garbha, 1208f.] gārbhika, a. relating to the womb, prenatal. [garbha, 1222e 2.] gårhapatya, -1. a. pertaining to the householder; as m., sc. agni, the householder's fire, 102^2 N.; -2. as n. the being head of the house, 89^6 ; the housekeeping, 89^{17} . [grhápati, 1211.]

gir [392], f. -1. invocation, praise, 74¹²;
-2. sing. and pl. speech, words, 87¹⁶, 49⁹;
-3. voice, 3¹⁴. [√1 gr, 242^{1,3}.]

giri, m. mountain, 558.

v gu (intens. jóguve [10073]). cause to sound, proclaim. [cf. γόος, βοή, 'cry'; Lat. bovāre, 'howl.']

guṇá, m. -1. a single thread of a cord; a string; esp. bow-string; -2. quality; adscititious quality, as distinguished from the real nature (svabhāva, 'ingenium'), 22²⁰; -3. as philosophical technical term, one of the three pervading qualities of all nature, to wit, sattva, 'goodness,' rajas, 'passion,' and tamas, 'darkness,' 66⁸ ff.; -4. as specialization of mg 2, a good quality, virtue, 1^{4,12}, etc.; excellence. [for play on mgs 1 and 4, see nirguṇa and 18⁵.]

guṇa-deva, m. Gunadeva, a pupil of Gunādhya. [lit. 'having virtue as his god,' 1302.]

guṇavant, a. virtuous, 184; excellent, 322. [1233.]

guṇaçālin, a. possessing virtues, excellent. [see çālin.]

guṇāḍhya, m. Gunādhya, see 533 n. [lit. 'rich in virtue,' āḍhya.]

gunanvita, a. endowed with excellence;
(of an asterism) lucky. [anvita, vi.]

gunin, a. virtuous, excellent. [guna.]

y gup (jugópa; gopsyáti; gupitá, guptá; gópitum, góptum; gupyáte; júgupsate, -ti). keep; guard; desid. seek to keep one's self from, i.e. shun, detest; ppl. jugupsita, detested, inspiring aversion, 5912. [prob. a secondary root, originating in the denom. verb-stem gopaya: see this and go-pa.]

gurú, a. -1. heavy; and so -2. fig. (like Eng. weighty), important; -3. worthy of honor, 28¹³; -4. as m. the one to be honored κατ' ἐξοχήν, the teacher or Guru, 60⁴ ff.; loc. gurāu: in the house of the Guru, 61²³; in case of a Guru, 104⁴. [cf.