trikāla-jña, a. knowing present, past, tvad [491], so-called stem [494] of 2d pers. and future; omniscient. pron. thou; see tvat. [w. the real root tu,

tri-daçá [declined like kāma, 330], m. pl. the three times ten, the thirty, a name in round numbers for the 33 deities (12 Adityas, 8 Vasus, 11 Rndras, 2 Açvins), i.e. the gods. [tri + daça, 477e: cf. tringat.]

tridaçeçvara, m. pl. lords of the gods, i.e. the four chief gods, Indra, Agni, Varuna, and Yama. [īçvara.]

tri-divá, n. the triple or third i.e. highest heaven. [dív, 1315c: 13123.]

tri-dhắtu, a. having three parts, tri-partite, threefold. [acet, 1300c.]

tri-pada, f. -ī, a. having (taken) three steps.

tri-rātrá, n. space of three nights, trinoctium. [rátri, 1315b, 1312^{3,4}: cf. the Eng. usage in sen-night, fort-night.]

tri-vidyā, f. the three sciences, i.e. Vedas. [13123.]

trí-vidha, a. of three sorts, threefold. [vidhā, 1302e5: acct, 1300c.]

tri-vft, a. threefold, tri-partite. ['turning thrice, with three turns.']

tri-veda, in cpds and derivs. the three Vedas. [13123.]

tri-ṣavaṇa, a. pertaining to the three Soma-pressings; -am, adv. at morning, noon, and evening. [savana.]

tris, adv. thrice. [see tri: cf. τρίs, Lat.ter, *ters, 'thrice': Eng. thrice is a gen. form, cognate in root only.]

trāividya, n. study of the three Vedas. [trividyā.]

trāivedika, a. relating to the three Vedas. [triveda, 1222e2.]

try-adhisthāna, a. having three manifestations.

två, pron. stem of 2d pers., see tvad.

√ tvakṣ, work, principally in derivs., and ident. w. takṣ.

tvác, f. skin.

tvaj-jāra, m. thy paramour. [tvad, 494.]
tvát, abl. of tva, and used in place of tva
in cpds: by Hindus written tvad, q.v.
[494.]

tvat-krte, for the sake of thee. [1314f, 1130: tvat represents the stem tva, and in gen. relation.]

tvad [491], so-called stem [494] of 2d pers. pron. thon; see tvat. [w. the real root tu, cf. Doric τύ, Lat. tū, AS. δū, Eng. thou, Ger. du, 'thou.']

v tvar (tvárate; tatvaré; tūrņá [cf. 957b], tvaritá; tvaráyati). hasten; tvarita, having hastened, in haste. [see vvtur, tr.] tvarā, f. haste. [vtvar.]

tváṣṭṛ, m. -1. wright, workman, 75⁶; -2. Twashtar, the artificer of the gods (70³), former of fruit of the womb, giver of growth and long life (86¹⁵), father of Saranyū (85¹²). [Vtvakṣ, 221.]

tvávant, a. like thee. [tva, 517.]

tvāṣṭrá, m. descendant of Twashtar.
[tvaṣṭṛ.]

dá, vbl. giving, in cpds. [V1 dā, 333, 354.] V dang or dag (dágati [746]; dadánga; dagisyáti; dastá; danstvá; -dágya). bite. [ef. δάκνω, 'bite'; Goth. tahjan, 'rend, tear.']

dança, m. gad-fly. [\dance.]

dánṣṭra, m. large tooth; tusk; fang. [√daṅç, 1185b.]

daństrin, a. having tusks or large teeth. [daństra.]

V dakş (dákşati, -te; dadakşé; dakşişyáte). act. suit; mid. be able or dexterous or strong. [cf. dakşa and dakşina.]

dákṣa, a. able, dexterous, strong; as m. ability, faculty, strength, power; esp. spiritual power, will; dakṣa and kratu, will and understanding (as faculties of the manas, 'soul'). [\dakṣ: cf. δεξιός, 'clever, right,' and dakṣiṇa.]

dákṣiṇa, a. -1. clever, able; and so -2. (as opp. to awkward, gauche), right, of the hand, hasta, e.g. 1021; so pāṇi, 605; foot, pāda, 605; side, pārçva, 10212; -3. southern (because in prayer the face is turned eastward: cf. uttara 3), 1058; sc. agni, southern fire, 1023 n.; -4. as f., dakṣiṇā, sc. go, the able, i.e. fruitful cow, milch cow; milch cow as the customary reward for conducting a sacrifice; then, -5. in general, any reward or present for the sacrificing priest, see 1065; so 9523; -see also adv. dakṣiṇā. [√dakṣ: cf. δεξίδs, Lat. dexter, 'clever, right'; Goth.