in the whole (krtsne) world, O Maghavan, the princes (are) prosperous, O mighty one.

18-20 are prefatory to the question proper in line 21*: 'The princes (proleptic nom. independent) . . . , who (509) go to death by the sword (280) . . . , — this (501) imperishable world, i.e. heaven, (is — cf. 212 x. end) granting every wish of them, just as (yathā_eva) of me (it grants every wish).' The idea is, Since the brave warriors can here obtain their every wish, why do they not come up?

21. 'Where now (are) those princes, heroes?' -Observe caesura: cf. 316 x.

22. ägacehatas, $\sqrt{\text{gam}+\tilde{a}}$, 741, 447, agrees w. tān.

NOTES TO PAGE 6.

2. grnu, 710, 703. -me, 491, 297b. -dreyante, 768, 771.

3. Supply asti, 'there is' (a daughter)...

- See iti, mg 2 f. - \(\sqrt{cru} + vi. \)

4. Ppl. of √kram+sam-ati (955a) 'having excelled = excelling.'

5. tasyās, 495. - bhavitā, 944.

7. See bhūta 2, and reference, 1273e, and cf. 5¹² s. - Pres. ppl. of denom. stem arthaya+pra, 1068.

8. kānksanti governs tām.

9. 'While this (499b) is being told' (pres. ppl. pass. of kathaya, 1068, ef. 1052a), loc. absolute, 303b. —Study references under sāgnika, an important kind of cpd: lit. 'having an accompanying (sa-) Agni', where sa- is equiv. to an adj. Others in line 13.

10. $\sqrt{\text{gam} + \bar{a}}$, cf. 5² N.

11. Vçru, 3d pl. perf., 800b.

12. U.f. çrutvā eva ca abruvan (632) hṛṣṭās. - gacchāmas: for tense, 777a.

13. mahārāja, see 114 n. end.

14. yatas, supply āsan, 'were.'

15. kāunteya, see 114 n. end.

17. path-i, loc.s., 433. - dadrçus, 2²² N.
- sthitam, superfluous, see sthita 2.

18. 'In reality almost, the god of love, present (see sthita 3) with definite shape, (by reason of beauty =) so handsome was he.' Cf. 2^{15} N.

20. tasthus, 590c, 794f, 800c. -\smi+vi. \((\sqrt{ap}, 968) \) thee.

21. vistabhya, Vstabh+vi, 185, 992.

22. rājann, 210: see 1¹⁴ N. end. -Vtr +ava, 992², 242.

23. U.f. bhos, see 176a. -bhavan, see bhavant and 456, and supply asti, 514.

Notes to Page 7.

1. 'Do thou (714) assistance of us' (491). Observe caesura.

4. vjñā, 989. - U.f. karişye, 133, 933. - 'Nala, promising them "I will do (the assistance)", . . .'.

5. etān, 499b. - vsthā+upa, 954c.

6-7. Now review declension of pronouns — very frequent hereabouts: interrogatives, ke, kas, kim, 504; demonstratives, tad, 495, ayam and asau, 501; personal, aham, mayā, asmān, and vas, tvam, tvām, 491.

Note frequent omission (2 12 N.) of copula: u.f. ke bhavantas (santi, 514)? kas ca asāu (asti), yasya aham īpsitas (asmi) dūtas? kim ca (asti) tad vas mayā kāryam ('mihi faciendum')? —yasya dūtas, 'as messenger to whom.' —kath-, 1068, 1043.4.

8a. See 303b4.

9. Vbudh+ni, 739. - 'Know us as gods, i.e. know that we are gods' - cf. 4¹⁵ n. - See artha.

10. U.f. aham indras (asmi), ayam agnis ca (asti), tathā eva ayam apām patis (asti). —ayam, 'this one here', with a gesture of introduction. —apām, see ap. 'Lord of waters' is Varuņa.

11. nṛṇām, gen.pl. of nṛ, 371⁵. -U.f. yamas ayam (asti).

12. 'Announce us as assembled' — cf. 4^{15} N.

The last three lines (13-15) of Indra's speech contain in oratio recta the message which he wishes Nala to deliver.

13. Lit. 'The world-protectors, having Great-Indra as first, i.e. Great-Indra and the other world-protectors': for this important kind of cpd, study 1302c 1, and ādi in vocab.

-√yā+sam-ā, 611. —See reference under didṛkṣu.

14. 'The gods seek (√1 is, 608) to win (√āp, 968) thee.'