bachelor'; Lat. viduus, vidua, 'widower, widow'; AS. widwe, wuduwe, Eng. widow.]

vidhā, f. proportion, measure; way; and so kind, sort; esp. at end of cpds [see 1302e5]: e.g. tri-vidha, of three kinds, three-fold. [prop. 'dis-position, arrangement, order, method,' see \$1 dhā + vi.]

vidhātavya, grdv. to be shown. [v1dhā + vi, mg 5.]

vidhātṛ, m. dis-poser, arranger. [√1dhā + vi.]

vidhāna, n. a dis-position, ordering, ordinance; vidhānatas, according to (established) ordinance. [V1dhā + vi, 1150.]

vidhi, m. −1. a dis-position, ordinance, prescription, rule (657), method; −2. (method, i.e.) way, 3823; procedure; −3. (the supreme disposition or ordaining, i.e.) destiny, fate. [√1 dhā + vi, 1155.2c, 3452: for mg 3, cf. Lat. destināre, 'establish, ordain,' and Eng. destiny.]

vidhivat, adv. according to rule; equiv. to Lat. rite. [vidhi, 1107.]

vidhú, a. lonely (of the moon that wanders alone among the star-hosts); as m. moon. [prob. fr. √2 vidh, 1178.]

vidhura, a. -1. alone, bereft; -2. suffering lack, miserable; -3. disagreeable; as n. trouble. [prob. fr. √2 vidh, through the intermediate vidhu, 1188f.]

vidhura-darçana, n. sight of adversity. ·vidheya, grdv. to be done. [see \1 dhā +vi, mg 5: also 963 a.]

vinayá, m. -1. training, breeding, i.e. formation of manners; and so -2. transferred (like the Eng. breeding), manners, good breeding, politeness. [√nī+vi.]

vínā, prep. without, w. instr. or acc. [1127, 1129.]

vinīti, f. (good breeding, esp.) modesty.
[\nī + vi: see vinaya.]

vinoda, m. exactly like Eng. di-version; amusement. [see \(\sqrt{nud} + \sqrt{i.} \)]

V vind, see V2 vid.

vindhya, m. Vindhya, name of the mountain-range crossing the Indian peninsula and separating Hindustan from the Deccan.

vindhyāṭavī, f. the Vindhya-forest. [aṭavī.]

vip (vépate; vivipé; ávepiṣṭa; vepá-yati). be in trembling agitation; tremble or shake; caus. shake, trans. [cf. Lat. vibrāre, 'shake, brandish,' from *vib-ru-s, *vip-ru-s, 'shaking'; AS. wæfre (formed like *vip-ru-s), 'moving this way and that,' whence Eng. waver; Eng. frequentative whiffle, 'veer about, blow in gusts'; whiffle-tree, so called from its constant jerky motion (-tree means 'wooden bar,' see 'dāru).]

vipaṇa, m. trading-place, shop; -ī, f. shop. [√paṇ + vi, 1156.]

vipatti, f. a coming to nought, destruction. [Vpad + vi, 1157.]

vipad, f. misfortune, trouble. [\pad + vi, 383a.]

vípāka, m. the ripening, esp. of the fruit of good or bad deeds, and so the consequences; the issue, in general. [Vpac + vi, 216.1.]

vípra, -1. a. agitated, inspired; as subst. he who gives utterance to pious emotion at the altar, poet, singer, $74^{11,18}$; -2. a. (inspired, i.e.) gifted with superior insight, wise, of a god, $79^{13,17}$; -3. as m. a Brahman, 60^{15} , etc. [Vvip, 1188a: mg 3 is to be taken directly from 1.]

vípriya, a. not dear, unpleasant; as n. something disagreeable, an offense. [2 vi + priya, see vi and 1310a end.]

vi-budha, a. very wise (vi- is intensive, 1289); as m. a god.

vibudhānucara, m. attendant of a god. [anucara.]

vibudheçvara, m. a lord of the gods.
[īçvara.]

vibhava, m. −1. development or growth; -2. (the result of growth, i.e.) power, and so lordship, majesty, high position; -3. sing. and pl. (like Ger. Vermögen) property, possessions. [√bhū+vi: ef. vibhu and vibhūti.]

vibhāvan, f. -varī, a. shining far and wide. [\sqrt{bhā} + vi, 1169.1b and 22, 1171b.]

vibhídaka, m. n. the large tree Terminalia Bellerica; one of the nuts of this tree, which were used for dicing; a die, dice. [perhaps 'the destroyer,' fr. Vbhid