session'; κέ-κτη-μαι, 'am master of,' κτά- | kṣud-vyādhi, m. hunger and disease. ομαι, 'get.']

fef. the collateral form ksa: for connection of 1 and 2, ef. the relation of Lat. sedere, 'sit,' and pos-sidere, 'be master of,' and of Ger. sitzen, 'sit,' and be-sitzen, 'be master of.']

√ 2 k s i (ksináti, later ksinóti; áksesta; kṣitá, kṣīṇá; -kṣiya; kṣīyáte; kṣapáyati [1042e]). destroy; make an end of; exhaust; - pass. wane; kṣiṇa, ruined, lost; -caus. weaken. [cf.  $\phi\theta l\nu\omega$ , \* $\phi\theta \iota\nu\nu\omega$ , 'perish, wane,' φθί-μενος, 'dead': for φθ, cf. kṣar: w. the secondary kṣa-n, cf. κτά-μενος, 'slain,' κτείνω, \*κτεν-jω, 'slay.'] + apa, pass. be afflicted, suffer loss.

ksit, vbl. inhabiter or ruler, at end of cpds.  $\lceil \sqrt{1 \text{ ksi } 1 \text{ and } 2} : \text{ see } 1147c. \rceil$ 

kṣití, f. dwelling, abode, 7918; piece of ground or land; the earth, the ground. [V1 kṣi 1: ef. κτί-σι-s, 'settlement.']

kṣiti, f. destruction. [√2 kṣi: ef. ψί-σι-s =  $\phi \theta i \sigma i s$ , 'decay': for  $\psi$ , ef. kṣar.]

√ kṣip (kṣipáti, -te; cikṣépa, cikṣipé; ksepsyáti, -te; ksiptá; kséptum; ksiptvá; -ksípya; ksepáyati). dart; east; throw; cause to fly or burst, 844.

 $+\bar{a}$ , -1. throw at; -2. fig. (like Eng. fling, make flings at), deride, put to shame, 810; -3. draw towards one's self, call out (a person to vindicate himself), 556.

+ ni, throw down (one's self, one's body). + vi-ni, lay down separately or orderly. +sam, dash together in a heap; destroy.

ksipta-laguda, a. having the eudgel thrown.

kṣiprá, a. darting; quiek; -am, adv. quickly. [Vksip.]

kṣīrá, n. milk. [prob. √kṣar.]

kṣīrín, a. milky; as m. milk-plant. [kṣīra.]

ksīrodaka, n. milk and water. [udaka: 1253b.]

√ kṣud (kṣódati, -te; cukṣóda; kṣuṇṇá; -ksúdya). shatter; stamp upon; grind small.

kşudrá, a. small. [Vkşud.]

kşudra-buddhi, m. Small-wit, name of | khála, m. -1. threshing-floor; -2. a a jackal. [1298.]

[ksudh: 1253a.]

√ ksudh (ksúdhvati: ksudhitá). hungry; ksudhitá, hungry.

kṣúdh, f. hunger. [√kṣudh, 383a.]

kṣudhā, f. hunger. [\kṣudh.]

kşudhārta, a. distressed with hunger.  $\lceil k \operatorname{sudh} \bar{a} + \bar{a} \operatorname{rta}. \rceil$ 

ksétra, n. dwelling-place, 8717; piece of ground; field. [V1ksi1.]

kṣetra-pati, m. master of a field; farmer.

kṣéma, m. -1. abode; place of rest; security; well-being,  $61^8$ ; -2. possession; kseme · · yoge, in possession · · in acquisition, i.e. in the enjoyment of what we have got and in the getting of more. [V1ksi 1 and 2: for \*ske-ma, 1166: cf. Goth. haim-s, 'village'; A.S. ham, Eng. home, and -ham in place-names; perhaps also κώμη (if for κώμη?), 'village.']

khá, n. -1. hole; hollow; -2. opening; -3. hole in the hub of a wheel; -4. void space; the sky. [\khan, cf. 333.]

kha-ga, -1. a. moving in the sky, flying: -2. as m. bird. [for mg 2, cf. antariksaga and kha-gama, 'bird,' ura-ga and bhujam-gama, 'snake,' and turam-ga, 'horse.']

kha-gama, the same.

khanda, a. broken; as m. a break, seetion, piece; khandaka, m. lump-sugar. [hence, prob., through the Persian, Arabie, Italian, and French, the Eng. candy.

√khandaya (khandayati). khandita, broken (of a command). [khanda, 1055.]

√ khan or khā (khánati, -te; cakhána, cakhnús; ákhān [890]; khanisyáti; khātá; khánitum; khanitvá, khātvá; -kháya; khanyáte, khāyáte; khānáyati). dig; caus. cause to be dug. [if for \*skan, ef. Lat. can-ālis, 'ditch, eanal.']

+ ā, dig, burrow, in ākhu.

khára, a. harsh; as m. ass (so called from his harsh bray), 67 19.

mean, low-lived fellow. [the tertium