g6-pati, m. -1. lord of kine; -2. lord in general (see go 4). [acet, 1267a.]

V gopaya (gopayati, -te). be keeper, keep. [gopa, 1055.]

go-pā [351], m. -1. cow-keeper; -2. keeper in general (see go 4), 85¹⁶; protector, 69¹⁵. [2 pā.]

√ gopāya (gopāyáti, -te). be keeper; keep, 91 ¹². [gopā, 1055.]

gomáya, -1. a. bovine; as n. -2. cowdung, 103²²; -3. dung in general (see go4); w. ānaduha, dung of a steer, 105^{3,20}. [see maya.]

go-yukta, a. yoked with eattle; w. cakra, wagon drawn by eattle. [/yuj.]

go-rakṣaka, m. cattle-keeper, cow-herd.
gó-ṣakhi [343a], a. having cattle as companions, rich in cattle. [sákhi, 186.]

go-ṣṭhá, m. cow-stall, byre. [stha, 186.] gāuṇika, f. -ī, a. standing in relation to the three guṇa's, see guṇa 3. [guṇa, 1222e2.]

gāutamā, m. patronymic from Gotama; Gautama, name of various men. [gótama, 1208f.]

V grath or granth (grathnáti; granthisyáti; grathitá; -gráthya). −1. string together, connect; −2. put together, i.e. com-pose (a literary work). [for mgs, cf. Lat. com-pōnere, 'put together, compose'; also serere, 'connect, entwine,' w. sermo, 'discourse.']

grantha, m. -1. (a string of words, i.e.) verse or couplet, 536, etc; -2. a com-position, book, work, 178. [Vgranth: for mgs, see under grath, and for 1, cf. Lat. serere w. series, 'row, string.']

granthin, a. subst. having books, bookish, book-reader. [grantha.]

V grabh, in Rigveda; later, grah.

- from grabh: grbhņāti, grbhņīté; jagrābha, jagrbhé; ágrabhīt, ágrabhīṣṭa [900]; grbhītá; grbhītvā; -gṛbhya.

-from grah: grhņáti; jagráha, jagrhé; ágrahīt, ágrahīṣṭa [900]; grahīṣyáti, -te; grhītá; gráhītum; grhītvá; -gṛhya; grhyáte; grāháyati, -te.

-1. grasp; seize with the hand; hold; take; w. hástam or pāním, take the hand (of the bride at the wedding), 895; take

hold on (loc.), 1418; gṛhīta keçeşu, seized by the hair; used of a rabbit taking, i.e. leading with him a lion, 334; -2. take possession of, take, 4622; get, 445; -3. receive, accept, 2010, 561; -4. of fluids, take in the radle, 941; -5. of names, take upon the lips, mention, 6413, 10319; -6. fig., as in Eng., grasp, i.e. perceive, know; -7. get, learn; -caus. cause to learn. [see under garbha: connection w. Eng. gripe, Ger. greifen, exceedingly doubtful.] + pari, -1. hold on both sides; and so -2. become master of; master, overcome, surpass.

+ prati, take hold of, 5923; accept.

+ vi, -1. hold as under; separate; make a division; and so -2. quarrel; fight.

+ sam, hold together, clasp.

+ upa-sam, clasp with the hands.

V gras (grásate; jagrasé; ágrasīt; grasisyáte; grastá; grasitvá; grasyáte; grāsáyati). −1. swallow; devour, 10¹⁰; −2. of the demon Rāhu, who swallows, i.e. eclipses sun and moon, 23¹. [perhaps akin w. √2 gr, 'swallow.']

V grah, see grabh.

gráha, m. seizure (with a claw, i.e.), bite. [Vgrah.]

gráhaṇa, n. the grasping, i.e. acquisition. [\sqrah6, 7.]

grābhá, a. subst. grasping, grasper. [Vgrabh.]

grāma, m. -1. inhabited place, hamlet, village, see 98¹⁶ n.; -2. the inhabitants, community.

grāma-kāma, a. having desire for the village, fond of abiding in the village.

grávan, m. stone; esp. stone for pressing the Soma.

grāhá, a. subst. grasping, grasper, in cpds. [Vgrah.]

grāhyà, grdv. to be grasped; perceivable.
[do.]

grīvā, f. nape of the neck; neck. [for *gaervā: cf. Aeolic δέρρα, *δερΓα, Ερίς δειρή, 'throat, neck.']

grīsmá, m. summer.

gha, form of ghan, i.e. han, in cpds. [1143c, 333.]