the womb and its fruit; cf. ci-cu and | conita, n. blood; also pl. [cona, 1176d.] çãva, 'young'; κύω, 'be pregnant'; Lat. in-ciens, 'pregnant'; (b) to strength and growth in general; cf. cūra, 'man of | might'; çavas, çaviştha, çuna; κῦρος, 'might'; κῦμα, 'swell, billow.']

çūdrá, m. a man of the fourth easte, a

çūna, n. emptiness. [Vçū, 1177a.]

ç ûra, a. mighty, bold; as m. man of might, hero. [Íū, 1188c: çūra is parallel w. *κυ-ρο-s, 'mighty,' whence τὸ κῦρ-os, 'might' (cf. $\alpha i \sigma \chi - \rho \delta - s \text{ w. } \tau \delta \alpha \bar{l} \sigma \chi - o s$).]

curpa, n. a plaited basket for winnowing grain.

V 1çr (çrņāti; çaçré; áçarīt; çarişyáti, -te; çīrņá [957b]; -çírya; çīryáte). crush; break; tear. [cf. Eng. har-m, which answers to a Skt. *car-ma.]

+ vi, pass. be broken to pieces; perish, 60°.

+ sam, break (a bow); like zusammenbrechen.

√ 2 çr, see çrā, 'boil.'

çŕnga, n. horn.

çrāgin, a. horned; as m. horned beast. çṛtá, see Vçrā.

céva, a. kind; dear. [cf. civá.]

çeşa, -1. m. n. rest, remainder, 68^{17} ; çeşe, like Ger. im Uebrigen, for the rest, 12^{10} ; -2. a. remaining, 55^{15} . [V1 çiş, 'leave.']

çésas, n. offspring. ['those whom one leaves behind him, one's relicts,' √1 çiş, 'leave.'l

cóka, m. pain, grief. [Vçuc, 216.1.]

çoka-ja, a. grief-born; çokajam vāri, grief-born water, i.e. tears, 1019.

çokārta, a. sorrow-stricken. [ārta.]

cocis-keça, a. having flame-locks, with locks of flame. [cocis, 187: 1297, cf. 1280b.]

çóciştha, a. most or bright flaming. [Vcuc, 468.]

çocis, n. flame; beam; heat. [Íuc, 1153.

cona, -1. a. red, deep-red; -2. m. Sone or Red River, affluent of the Ganges. [prop. 'flame-colored'. cf. ξ - $\kappa \alpha \nu$ - $\sigma \alpha$, 'burned,' καῦ-μα, 'heat.']

çobhaná, a. beautiful. [v2 çubh, 'adorn,' 1150.2a.]

cóbhistha, a. most swiftly moving onward or most beautiful, 785, according as the word is referred to Vlcubh or to

√2 cubh — see these. [468.]

V çeand (intens. ppl. cániccadat [1002e]). shine, glance. [for *skandh: cf. ξανθ-ός, 'gold-yellow'; καθαρός, Doric κοθ-αρός, 'clear, clean, pure'; κάνδ-αρος, 'coal'; Lat. cand-ere, 'glow.']

çcandrá, a. shining. [√ccand, 1188a: cf. viçvá-ccandra, and candrá.]

vecut (ccótati; enceóta; ácuccutat; ccutitá). drip.

çcút, vbl. dripping. [Vçcut.]

çmaçāná, n. the place for burning the corpses and for burying the bones, cemetery.

çmáçru, n. beard.

v çyā or çī (çyáyati, -te [761d1]; çītá, çīná, çyāná; çīyáte). freeze; coagulate.

cyená, m. eagle; falcon; hawk. i-κτίνο-s, 'kite.']

√ crath (crathnīté; cacrathé; ácicrathat; çṛthitá). become loose.

crád, indecl. meaning perhaps orig. heart; used w. dhā ('grant, give,' see √1 dhā 4) and dat. of person, thus, crád asmāi dhatta, (your) heart to him give ye, i.e. trust ye him, have faith in him, RV. ii. 12.5; ppl. crad-dadhat, trusting, trustful, 26²; cf. 1079².

[cf. καρδία, κῆρ, *κηρδ, Lat. cor, gen. cord-is, Lithuanian szirdis, Ger. Herz, Eng. heart: further, w. crad-dha, cf. Lat. crēděre, *cred-dere, 'trust': - the regular Skt. word for 'heart' is hrd, and this can not be connected w. the above words, since they require in the Skt. an initial c, *crd or crad.]

çraddhá, f. trust, faith; desire. crád: 1147.7

çraddhivá, a. credible. ſcraddhå, 1228a.]

√ gram (grámyati [763]; gagráma; ágramīt; çrāntá; -çrámya). be weary; take pains; esp. castigate one's self, 96^{10} .