present of Wprach and mlech, which see: see 2212 and cf. 220.]

+ vi, cut asunder or to pieces.

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vyāmá, m. prop. a stretch-out, the distance covered by the stretched-out arms, a fathom, about six feet. [for vi-yāma, vyam + vi: for mg, cf. the precisely parallel Eng. fathom w. AS. fwðm, 'the extended arms'; δργυιά, 'fathom,' and δρέγω, 'stretch'; French toise, Medieval Lat. tesa, 'fathom,' from Lat. tensa, ppl. of tendere, 'stretch.']

vyāma-mātra, a. having a fathom as its measure, see mātrā. [mātrā, 3342.]

vyáhṛti, f. -1. utterance; -2. esp. one of the three sacred and mystical exclamations, bhūr, bhūvas, and svàr, which see. [\lambda 1 hr + vy-ā.]

vyòman, n. heaven, sky.

V vraj (vrájati; vavrája; ávrájīt; vrajisyáti; vrajitá; vrájitum; vrajitvá; -vrájya). march, proceed, go.

+ \bar{a} , eome hither, go unto.

+ praty-ā, march or go back.

+ pari, march round about; wander around.

+ pra, march forth; go unto; wander; esp. leave one's house to wander about as an ascetic, 65^{2} .

vratá, n. - 1. will; devānām ati vratam, beyond the will of the gods, $88^2 - cf$. ύπερ Διδς αίσαν; decree, command or Gebot, statute; and so -2. (as Eng. command is applied to the forces under one's command) that over which one exercises command, domain, Gebiet; further, directly from the root again -3. choice, determination; firm resolution, 146; -4. esp. resolve (to keep a religious or ascetic observance); vow or holy work (e.q. of chastity, fasting, etc.), 2823, 595, 61^{23} , 64^{8} , 65^{8} ; -5. religious duty, duty in general. [\sqrt{2}\vec{vr}, 'will, choose': for mg 2, observe that Ger. Gebiet formerly meant 'command' and now means 'domain.']

V vraçe (vṛçeáti; vṛkná [957e]; vṛṣṭvá; -vṛceya). hew off; fell (a tree); cut to pieces. [orig. form is vṛk, as in vṛk-a, vṛk-ná, vṛk-sá, which see: vṛce is prop. only a quasi-root of the present stem vṛcea, for *vṛk-ska, formed like the çans (çánsati, -te; çaçánsa, çaçansé; ágansīt; çansisyáti; çastá; çastvá; -çásya). orig. say in a loud and solemn way, and so: -1. recite, esp. a sacred hymn or text to a god by way of praise; and so -2. generalized, praise; çasta, see s.v.; -3. rarely, make a solemn wish, whether blessing or curse (see çansa), like imprecări; -4. announce; communicate, 5213. [cf. Lat. carmen, *cas-men, 'an utteranee in solemn, measured, or melodious way, i.e. song, oracle, magic charm'; Camēna, *casmenja, name of the goddess of song; cens-ēre, 'declare, pass judgment on'; AS. herian, 'praise.']

 $+\bar{a}$, -1. wish, esp. in the noun \bar{a} çás or \bar{a} çá, 'wish,' q.v.; and so -2. hope in, put one's trust in (acc.); -3. pronounce a blessing upon, wish good to (acc.), 101^4 . [mg 1 may be a mere specialization of the mg 'speak solemnly unto' (cf. \sqrt{c} s + \bar{a}), and mg 2 a further development of mg 1; for mg 3, cf. the simple verb, mg 3.]

+ pra, tell forth; praise, 216. [cf. simple verb.]

çánsa, m. -1. solemn utterance; -2. imprecatio, blessing or curse; as adj. -3. cursing. [Vçans.]

gak (A. gaknóti; gagáka, gekús [794e]; ágakat; gaksyáti, -te; gaktá; — pass. gakyáte, gakitá;

-B. desid. çíkşate [1030, 108g¹ end]; caus. of desid. çíkşáyati; pass. of desid. and of caus. of desid. çíkşyáte, çíkşitá).

-A. simple verb: -1. be strong; be able, 8¹⁹; in pass: impersonally, it is possible; with infin. [988], be able, by the instrumentality of some person or thing (instr.), to become the object of an action; mayā nītim grāhayitum çakyante, they are able to be caused by me to get hold of nīti, 19¹³; -2. rarely (be strong for a person, i.e.) be serviceable or helpful, help, w. dat.;