$\lceil 213 \rceil$ [masi

- (w. loc., 303a), careless about. [manda + ädara.]
- mandāra, m. n. 1. coral tree, Erythrina indica; -2. m. used, perhaps, as name of a man, Mandara.
- mandira, n. dwelling; house; palace. [V2 mand, 'tarry,' 1188e; prop. 'a waiting, an abiding,' and then 'abiding-place, mansion': ef. μάνδ-ρα, 'fold, stable,' later 'monastery': for mg, observe that Lat. mansio, stem man-si-on- (fr. man-ere, 'tarry'), meant first 'a tarrying,' and then 'a stopping-place, mansion,' French 'maison'; see also bhavana.]
- manmatha, m. love; the god of love. ['the agitator, distresser,' intensive formation fr. V math or manth, 1148.4, 1002b.7
- mánman, n. thought; esp. (like dhí 2) An-dacht, devotion, prayer or praise. [Vman, 1168.1a.]
- man-mānsa, n. my flesh. [mad, 494.] manyú, m. -1. mood, i.e. temper of mind; then -2. (like Eng. mood) anger, heat of temper. [vman, 1165a.]

máma, see 491 and ma.

- maya, -1. called a derivative suffix (see 1225, 1613), but really a nomen actionis meaning formation, make, used as final element of a cpd, having . as its make, made of ..., consisting of ..., containing ... in itself; -2. nomen agentis, maker, former; esp. Maya, The Former, name of an Asura, artificer of the Daityas, and skilled in all magic, 456. [fr. mi, weak form (cf. 954c, 250) of √1 mā, 'measure, arrange, form,' 1148.1a and b: so the Eng. deriv. suffix -hood, -head, Ger. -heit, was once an independent noun, see under ketu.]
- máyas, n. invigoration, refreshment, cheer, gladness, joy. [prop. 'a building up,' fr. √1 mi, 'establish,' or fr. the weak form mi (cf. 954c, 250) of the kindred and partly equivalent $\sqrt{1 \, \text{ma}}$, 'measure, arrange, form, build,' 1151.1a.]
- mayo-bhú [352], a. being for or conducing to mayas, i.e. refreshing, gladdening. mara, m. death. $\lceil \sqrt{mr}$, 'die.']

mandādara, a. having little regard for marakata, n. smáragd or emerald. [cf. σμάραγδος, whence Lat. smaragdus, Old French esmeralde, French émeraude.]

marana, n. death. [V1 mr, 'die.']

m 'ar i e i, f. -1. mote or speck in the air, illuminated by the sun; -2. later, beam of light. [cf. marút.]

marīci-mālā, f. garland of rays.

marīcimālin, a. having a garland of rays. [marīcimālā, 1230a.]

- marú, m. a waste; desert. [perhaps 'the dead and barren' part, whether of land or water, √1 mr, 'die': cf. 'Αμφί-μαρος, son of Poseidon; Lat. mare, 'sea'; AS. mere, 'sea, lake, swamp,' Eng. mere, 'lake, pool,' Winder-mere, mer-maid; AS. mor, Eng. moor, 'marshy waste, heath.']
- marút, m. pl. the Maruts or gods of the storm-wind, Indra's companions, selections xxxv., xlii., xlvii., lxvii. [perhaps 'the flashing ones,' as gods of the thunderstorm, and connected w. a V*mar seen in μαρ-μαίρ-ω, 'flash.']

maru-sthalī, f. desert-land, desert.

- martavya, grdv. moriendum; impersonally, see 999. [V1mr, 'die,' 964.]
- mártya, m. like Eng. a mortal, i.e. a man; as a. mortal.
- mardana, m. erusher; fig., as in Eng., subduer. [/mrd, 1150.1a.]
- marma-jña, a. knowing the weak spots. [marman.]
- márman, n. mortal part, vulnerable or weak spot, lit. and fig. [cf. √1 mr, 'die.']
- márya, m. man, esp. young man; pl. (like Eng. men, Ger. Mannen), servants, attendants, henchmen.
- marşa, m. patient endurance. [√mṛṣ.]
- mála, n. m. smut; impurity, physical and moral. [cf. $\mu \in \lambda - \alpha \nu$, 'dark'; Lat. $m \breve{a} l u - s$, 'bad.']
- malla, m. -1. pl. the Mallas, a people; -2. professional boxer and wrestler; one who engages in the παγκράτιον, panera-
- maçáka, m. biting and stinging insect,
- maṣī, f. -1. bone-black; -2. ink, made of lac or of almond-charcoal boiled in cow's urine.