Development of a Spectral-Element code

Tyler Arsenault tyler.j.arsenault@gmail.com

Using Legendre polynomials on a Gauss-Lobatto quadrature.

$$P_n(x) = \frac{2n-1}{n}xP_{n-1}(x) - (n-1)P_{n-2}(x)$$
(1)

$$P'_n(x) = (2n-1)P_{n-1}(x) + P'_{n-2}(x)$$
(2)

where $P'_0(x) = 0$ and $P'_1(x) = 1$

Define a basis function

We need to define a basis function. We will define it as the Lagrange interpolation polynomial (Equation 5.46 in Hesthaven)

$$\phi_j(x) = \frac{-1}{n(n+1)} \frac{1 - x^2}{x - x_j} \frac{P'_n(x)}{P_n(x_j)}.$$
 (3)

Weak formulation

Referring to p.120 in Hestaven.

$$u_t + u_{xx} = f(x) (4)$$

we take the weak form, so we take the inner product with respect to a test function $\phi_m(x)$,

$$\int_{\Omega} (u_t + u_{xx}) \,\phi_m(x) \,d\Omega = \int_{\Omega} f(x)\phi_m(x) \,d\Omega \tag{5}$$

$$\int_{\Omega} u_t \phi_m(x) \, d\Omega + \int_{\Omega} u_{xx} \phi_m(x) \, d\Omega = \int_{\Omega} f(x) \phi_m(x) \, d\Omega. \tag{6}$$

We will discretize like

$$u = \sum_{j=0}^{N} u_j \,\phi_j. \tag{7}$$

The mass term $\sum_{j=0}^{N} \int_{-1}^{1} u'_{j} \phi_{j} \phi_{m} dx$ will be given as

$$M_{m,n} = \begin{cases} w(x) & m = n \\ 0 & \neq n \end{cases}$$
 (8)

where $\int_{-1}^{1} u'_n(t) \phi_n(x) \phi_m(x) dx = u'_n(t) M_{m,n}$.

The symmetric stiffness term $\int_{\Omega} u_{xx} \phi_m(x) d\Omega$ will be integrated by parts to get to show how this works between two elements we will use the domain $-3 \le x \le 1$ where a unit element is $-1 \le x \le 1$.

$$\int_{-3}^{1} u_{xx} \phi_m \, dx \tag{9}$$

$$\int_{-3}^{-1} u_n(t) \,\phi_n''(x) \phi_m(x) \,dx + \int_{-1}^{1} u_n(t) \,\phi_n''(x) \phi_m(x) \,dx \tag{10}$$

integrating by parts,

$$u_n^{(i)}(t) \phi_n'(x) \phi_m(x) \Big|_{-3}^{-1} - \int_{-3}^{-1} u_n^{(i)}(t) \phi_n'(x) \phi_m'(x) dx...$$

$$+ u_n^{(i+1)}(t) \phi_n'(x) \phi_m(x) \Big|_{-1}^{1} - \int_{-1}^{1} u_n^{(i+1)}(t) \phi_n'(x) \phi_m'(x) dx.$$

$$(11)$$

Now evaluate with the basis being 1 at x = -1 and zero otherwise.

$$u_n^{(i)}(t) \,\phi_n'(-1)\phi_m(-1) - \int_{-3}^{-1} u_n^{(i)}(t) \,\phi_n'(x)\phi_m'(x) \,dx... \tag{12}$$
$$- \,u_n^{(i+1)}(t) \,\phi_n'(-1)\phi_m(-1) - \int_{-1}^{1} u_n^{(i+1)}(t) \,\phi_n'(x)\phi_m'(x) \,dx$$
$$- \int_{-3}^{-1} u_n^{(i)}(t) \,\phi_n'(x)\phi_m'(x) \,dx - \int_{-1}^{1} u_n^{(i+1)}(t) \,\phi_n'(x)\phi_m'(x) \,dx \tag{13}$$

Its discretization time!!! and addition of the element counter i, where i = 0, 1, 2, ..., K. Replace j with n on the basis. blah.

$$u_n^{(i)} = \sum_{j=0}^{N} u_j^{(i)} \phi_j(x)$$
 (14)

$$\sum_{i=0}^{N} u_j^{(i)} \left[-\int_{-3}^{-1} \phi_n'(x) \phi_m'(x) dx \right] + \sum_{i=0}^{N} u_j^{(i+1)} \left[-\int_{-1}^{1} \phi_n'(x) \phi_m'(x) dx \right]. \quad (15)$$

We see the term $\int_{-1}^{1} \phi'_n(x) \phi'_m(x) dx$ is repeating. From Hesthaven p. 95 the differentiation matrix takes the form

$$D_{ij} = \begin{cases} -\frac{N(N+1)}{4} & i = j = 0\\ 0 & i = j \in [1, ..., N-1]\\ \frac{P_n(x_i)}{P_N(x_j)} \frac{1}{x_i - x_j} & i \neq j\\ \frac{N(N+1)}{4} & i = j = N \end{cases}$$

$$(16)$$

The elemental stiffness matrix will take the form

$$K_{m,n} = -D_{ij}D_{ij} (17)$$