



# A gentle introduction to Stream Processing

Nicolas Fränkel

# Me, myself and I

- 18 years in technical roles:
  - Developer, team lead, architect, ...
- Developer Advocate



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# Hazelcast



**HAZELCAST IMDG** is an **operational, in-memory**, distributed computing platform that manages data using in-memory storage and performs parallel execution for breakthrough application speed and scale.



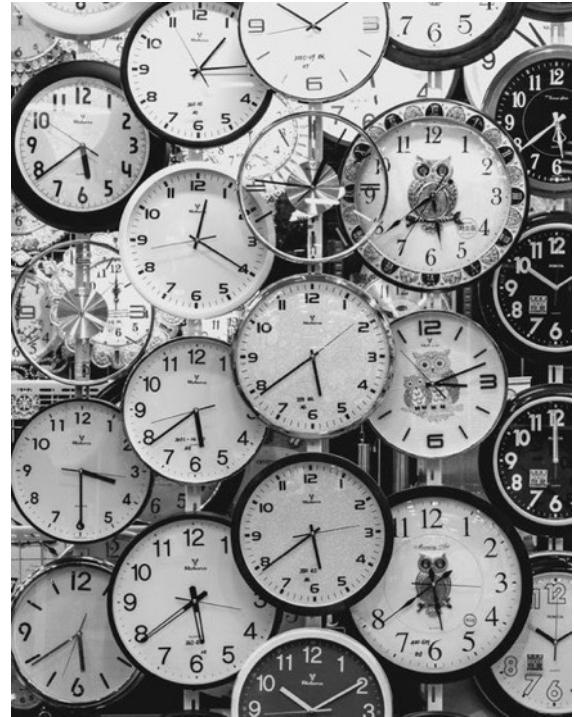
**HAZELCAST JET** is the ultra fast, application embeddable, 3<sup>rd</sup> generation stream processing engine for low latency batch and stream processing.



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# Schedule

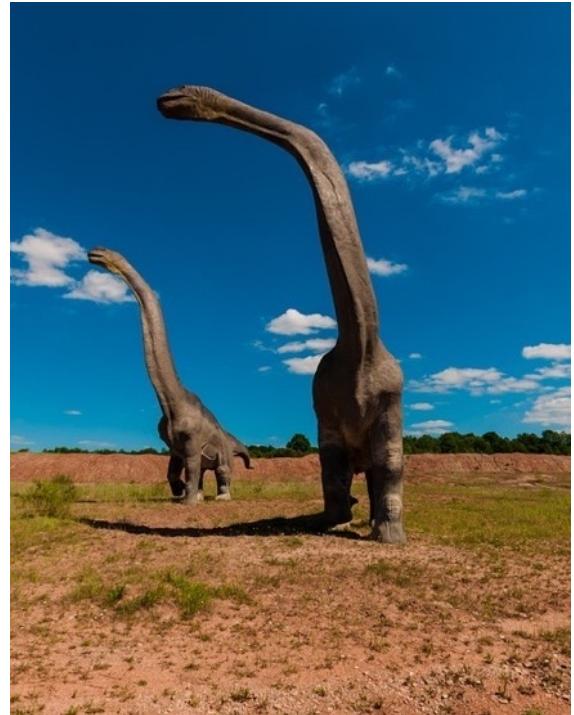
- Why streaming?
- Streaming approaches
- Hazelcast Jet
- Open Data
- General Transit Feed Specification
- The demo



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# In a time before our time...

Data was neatly stored in SQL databases



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# The need for Extract Transform Load

- Analytics
  - Supermarket sales in the last hour?
- Reporting
  - Banking account annual closing



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# Writes vs. reads

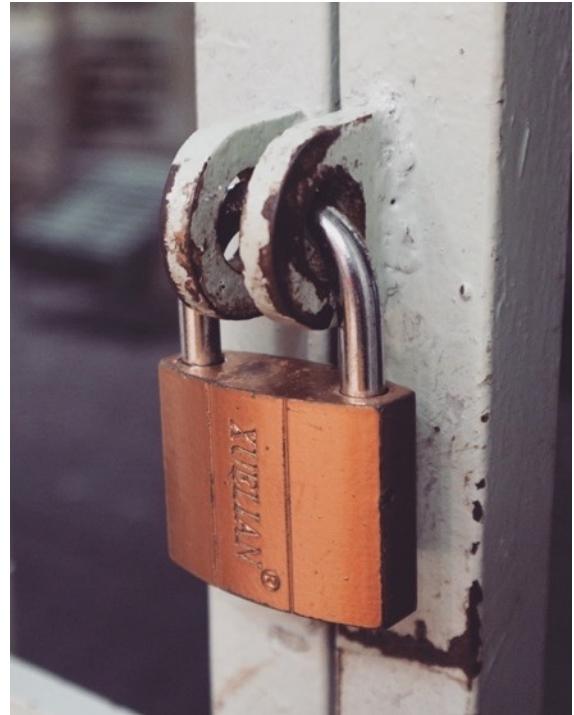
- Normalized vs. denormalized
- Correct vs. fast



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# What SQL implies

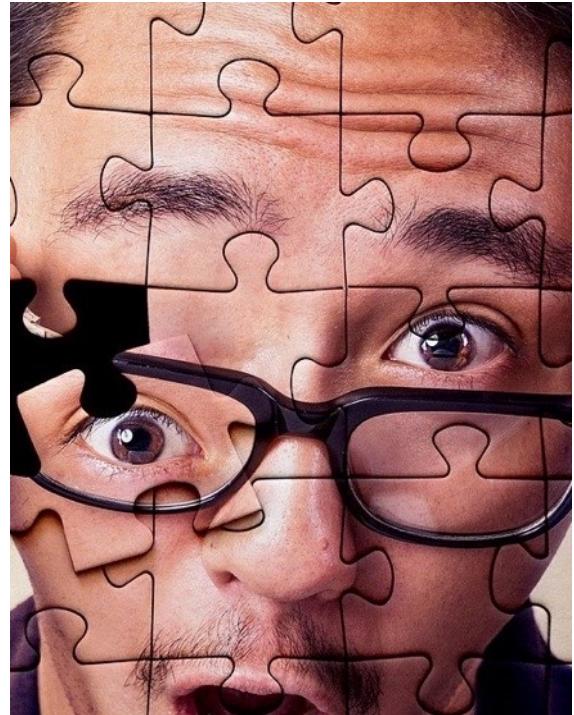
- Normal forms
- Joins
- Constraints



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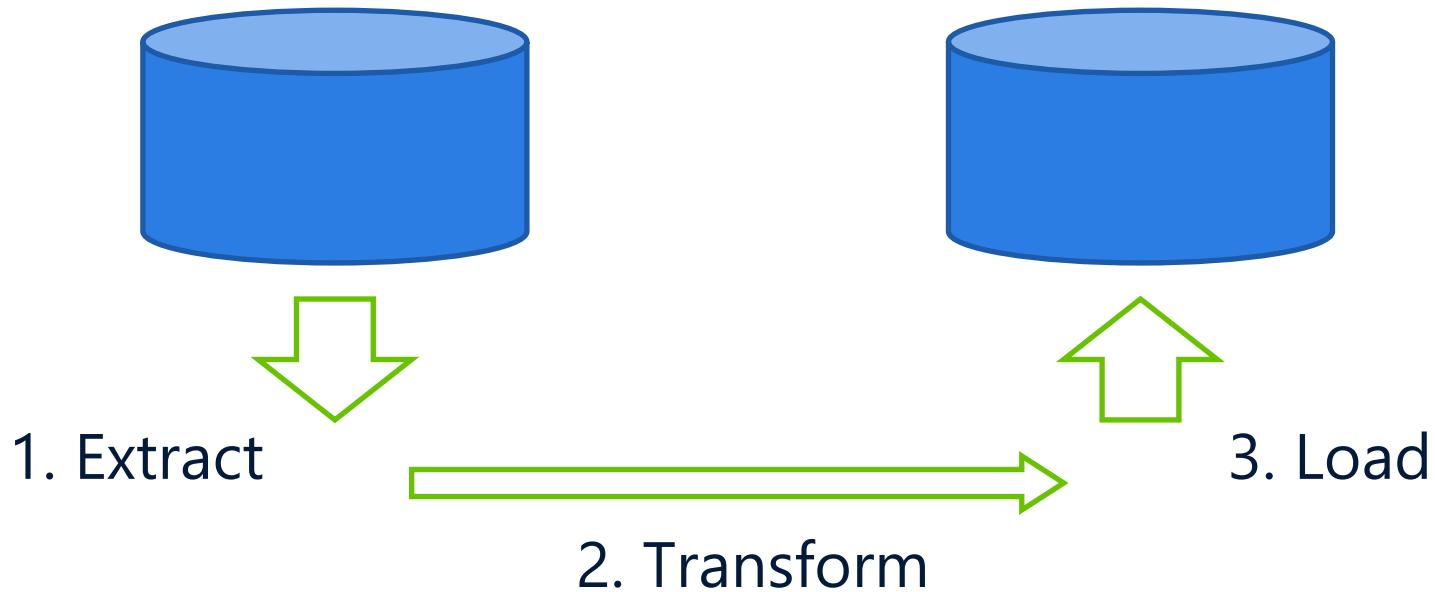
# The need for ETL

- Different actors
- With different needs
- Using the same database?



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# The batch model



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# Batches are everywhere!



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# Properties of batches

- Scheduled at regular intervals
  - Daily
  - Weekly
  - Monthly
  - Yearly
  - etc.
- Run in a specific amount of time



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# Oops

- When the execution time overlaps the next execution schedule
- When the space taken by the data exceeds the storage capacity
- When the batch fails mid-execution
- etc.



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# Chunking!

- Keep a cursor
  - And only manage “chunks” of data
- What about new data coming in?



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# Big data!

- Parallelize everything
  - Map - Reduce
  - Hadoop
- NoSQL
  - Schema on Read vs. Schema on Write



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# Event

“In programming and software design, an event is **an action or occurrence** recognized by software, often originating asynchronously from the external environment, that may be handled by the software. Computer events can be generated or triggered by the system, by the user, or in other ways.”

-- Wikipedia



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# Make everything event-based!



# Benefits

- Memory-friendly
- Easily processed
- Pull vs. push
  - Very close to real-time
  - Keeps derived data in-sync



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# From finite datasets to infinite



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# Stateful streams

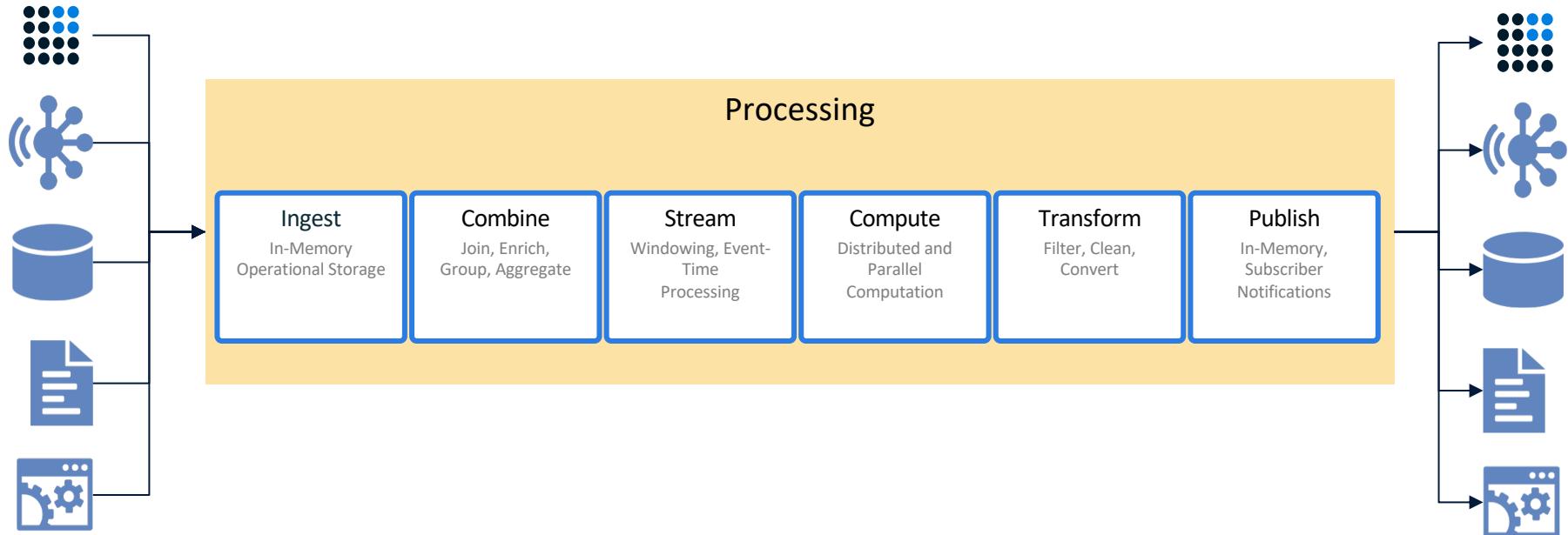
- Aggregation
- Windowing



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# Streaming is “smart” ETL



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# Analytics and Decision Making

- Real-time dashboards
- Stats
- Predictions
  - Push stream through ML model
- Complex-Event-Processing



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# Persistent event-storage systems

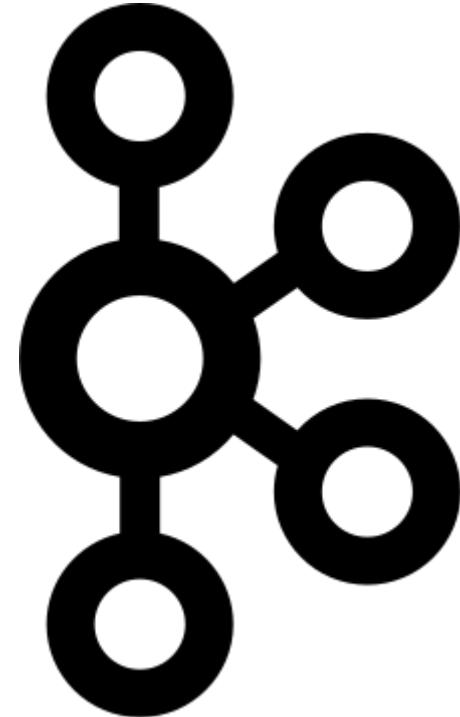
- Apache Kafka
- Apache Pulsar



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# Apache Kafka

- Distributed
- On-disk storage
- Messages sent and read from a topic
- Consumer can keep track of the offset



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# Some in-memory stream processing engines

- On-premise
  - Apache Flink
  - Hazelcast Jet
- Cloud-based
  - Amazon Kinesis
  - Google Dataflow
- Apache Beam
  - Abstraction over some of the above



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# Hazelcast Jet

- Apache 2 Open Source
- Leverages Hazelcast IMDG
- Unified batch/streaming API
- (Hazelcast Jet Enterprise)



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# Pipeline

- Declarative code that defines and links sources, transforms, and sinks
- Platform-specific SDK
- Client submits pipeline to the SPE

# Job

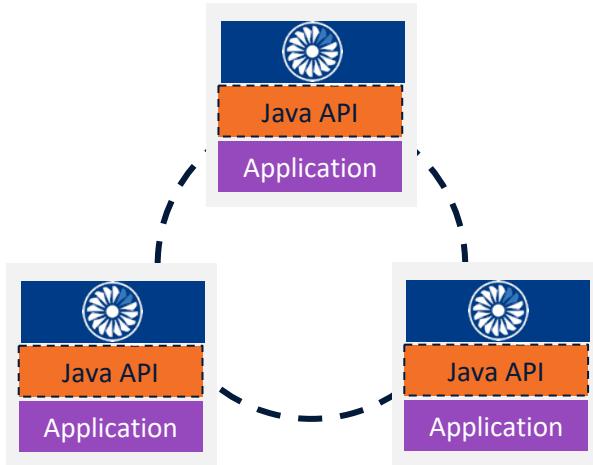
- Running instance of pipeline in SPE
- SPE executes the pipeline
  - Code execution
  - Data routing
  - Flow control



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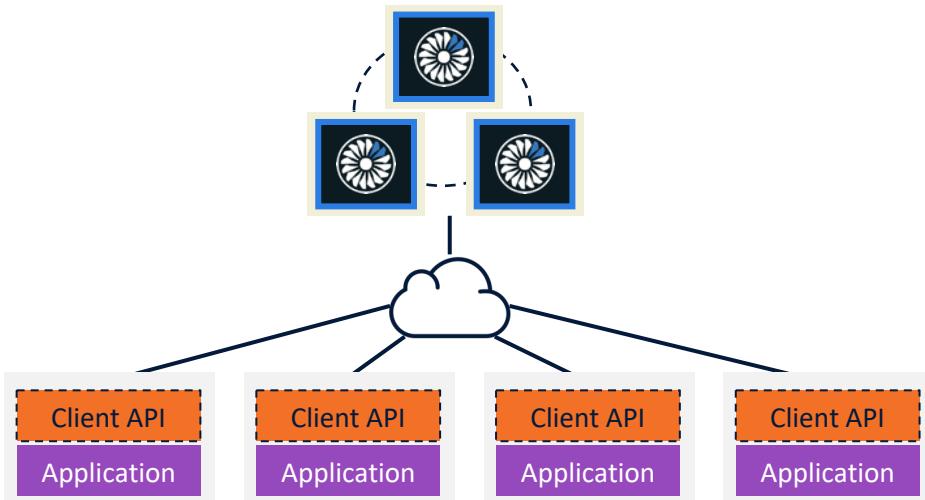
# Deployment modes

Embedded



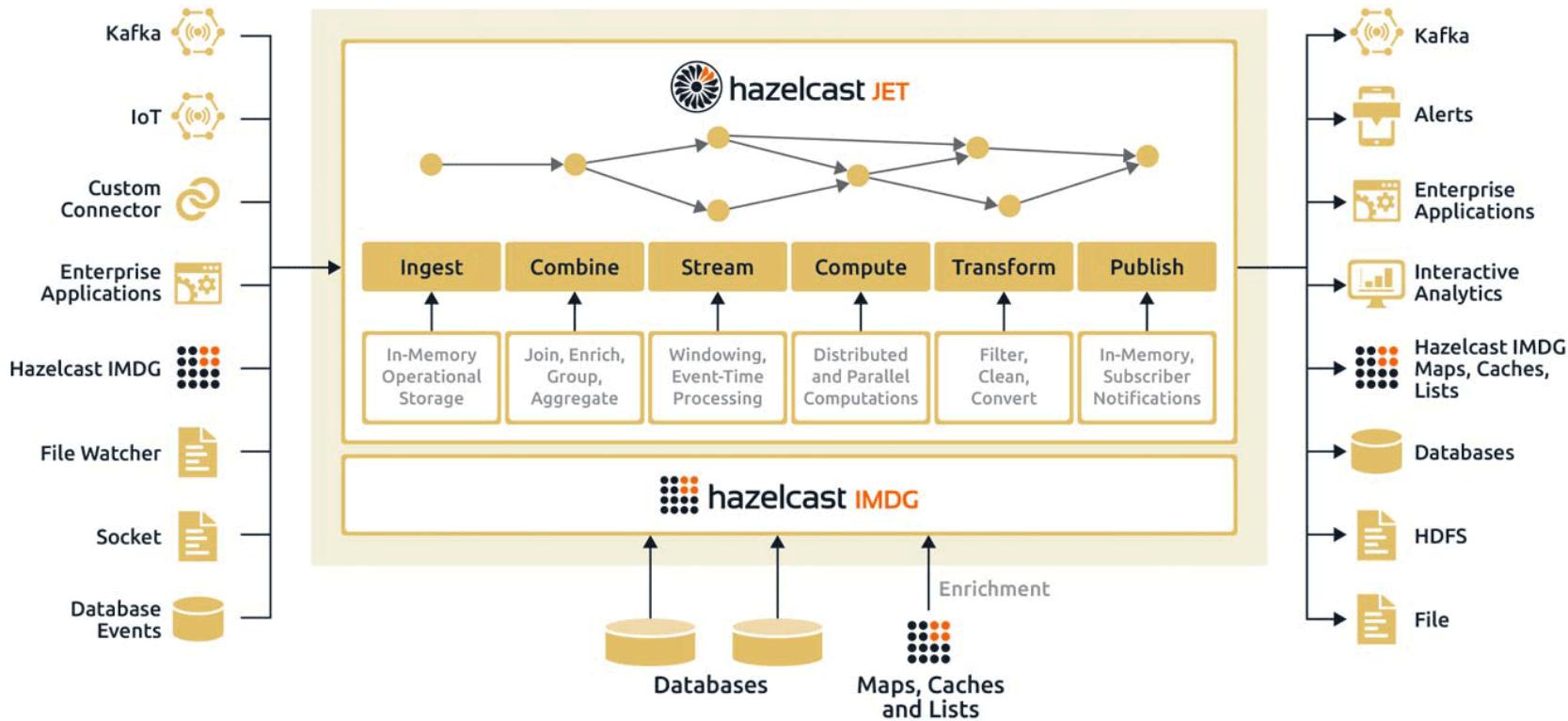
```
// Create new cluster member  
JetInstance jet = Jet.newJetInstance();
```

Client/Server



```
// Connect to running cluster  
JetInstance jet = Jet.newJetClient();
```

# Hazelcast Jet



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# Open Data

« **Open data** is the idea that some data should be freely available to everyone to use and republish as they wish, without restrictions from copyright, patents or other mechanisms of control. »

--[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Open\\_data](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Open_data)



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# Some Open Data initiatives

- France:
  - <https://www.data.gouv.fr/fr/>
- Switzerland:
  - <https://opendata.swiss/en/>
- European Union:
  - <https://data.europa.eu/euodp/en/data/>



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# Challenges

1. Access
2. Format
3. Standard
4. Data correctness



# Access

- Access data interactively through a web-service
- Download a file



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# Format

In general, Open Data means Open Format

- PDF
- CSV
- XML
- JSON
- etc.



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# Standard

- Let's pretend the format is XML
  - Which grammar is used?
- A shared standard is required
  - Congruent to a domain



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# Data correctness

"32.TA.66-43", "16:20:00", "16:20:00", "8504304"  
"32.TA.66-44", "**24:53:00**", "**24:53:00**", "8500100"  
"32.TA.66-44", "**25:00:00**", "**25:00:00**", "8500162"  
"32.TA.66-44", "**25:02:00**", "**25:02:00**", "8500170"  
"32.TA.66-45", "23:32:00", "23:32:00", "8500170"



# A standard for Public Transport

- General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS)
- " [...] defines a **common format for public transportation schedules and associated geographic information**. GTFS feeds let public transit agencies publish their transit data and developers write applications that consume that data in an interoperable way."
- Based on two kinds of data:
  - "**Static**" e.g. stops
  - **Dynamic** e.g. position



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# GTFS static model

Filename	Required	Defines
agency.txt	Required	Transit agencies with service represented in this dataset.
stops.txt	Required	Stops where vehicles pick up or drop off riders. Also defines stations and station entrances.
routes.txt	Required	Transit routes. A route is a group of trips that are displayed to riders as a single service.
trips.txt	Required	Trips for each route. A trip is a sequence of two or more stops that occur during a specific time period.
stop_times.txt	Required	Times that a vehicle arrives at and departs from stops for each trip.
calendar.txt	Conditionally required	Service dates specified using a weekly schedule with start and end dates. This file is required unless all dates of service are defined in calendar_dates.txt.
calendar_dates.txt	Conditionally required	Exceptions for the services defined in the calendar.txt. If calendar.txt is omitted, then calendar_dates.txt is required and must contain all dates of service.
fare_attributes.txt	Optional	Fare information for a transit agency's routes.



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# GTFS static model

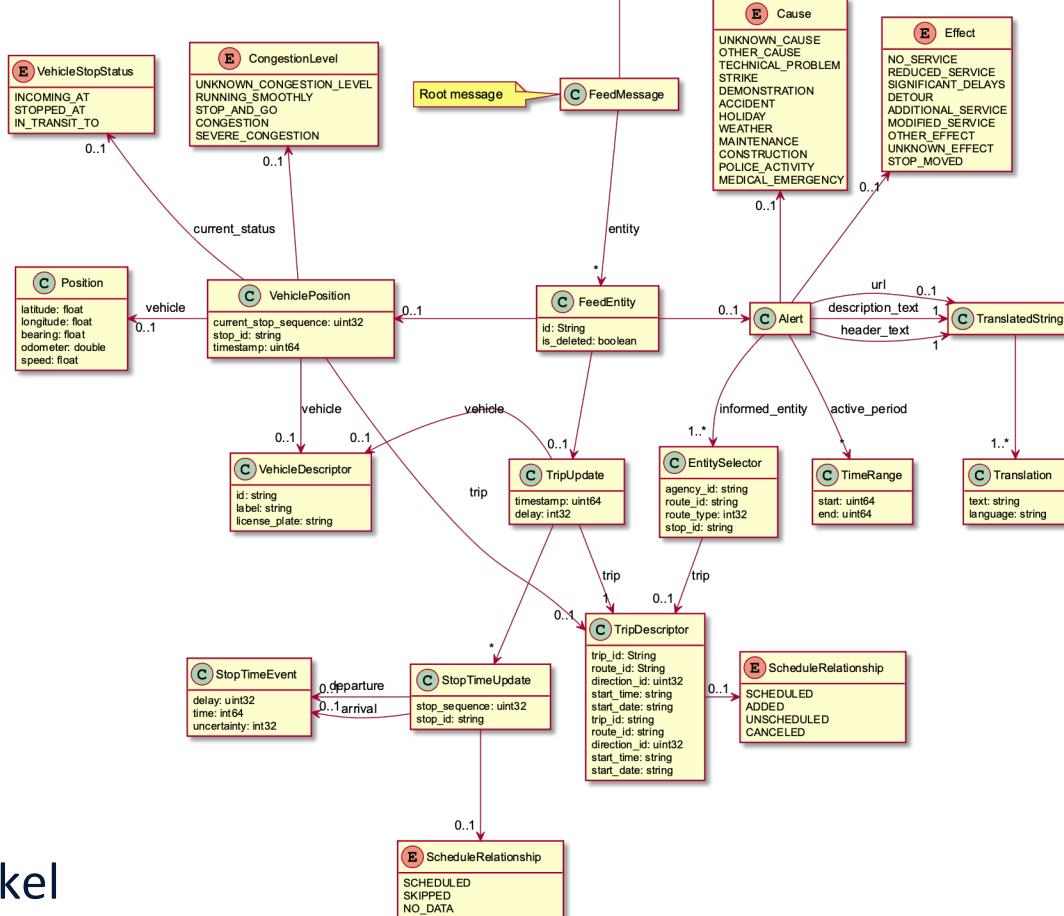
Filename	Required	Defines
fare_rules.txt	Optional	Rules to apply fares for itineraries.
shapes.txt	Optional	Rules for mapping vehicle travel paths, sometimes referred to as route alignments.
frequencies.txt	Optional	Headway (time between trips) for headway-based service or a compressed representation of fixed-schedule service.
transfers.txt	Optional	Rules for making connections at transfer points between routes.
pathways.txt	Optional	Pathways linking together locations within stations.
levels.txt	Optional	Levels within stations.
feed_info.txt	Optional	Dataset metadata, including publisher, version, and expiration information.
translations.txt	Optional	Translated information of a transit agency.
attributions.txt	Optional	Specifies the attributions that are applied to the dataset.



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# GTFS dynamic model



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# A data provider

*“511 is your phone and web source for Bay Area traffic, transit, carpool, vanpool, and bicycling information. It's FREE and available whenever you need it – 24 hours a day, 7 days a week – from anywhere in the nine-county Bay Area”*

-- <https://511.org/open-data>



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# The dynamic data pipeline

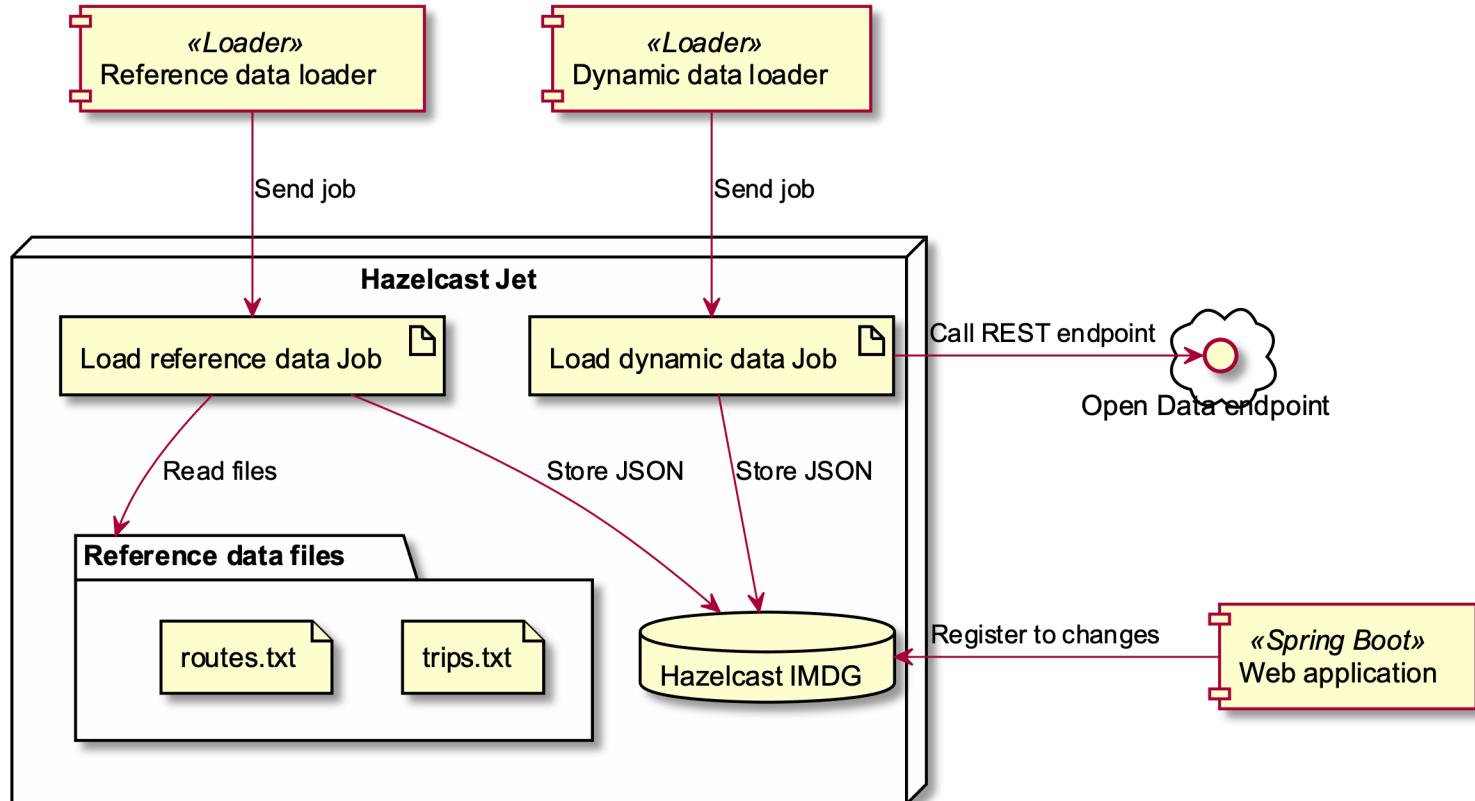
1. Source: web service
2. Split into trip updates
3. Enrich with **trip data**
4. Enrich with **stop times data**
5. Transform hours into **timestamp**
6. Enrich with **location data**
7. Sink: Hazelcast IMDG



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# Architecture overview



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# Talk is cheap, show me the code!

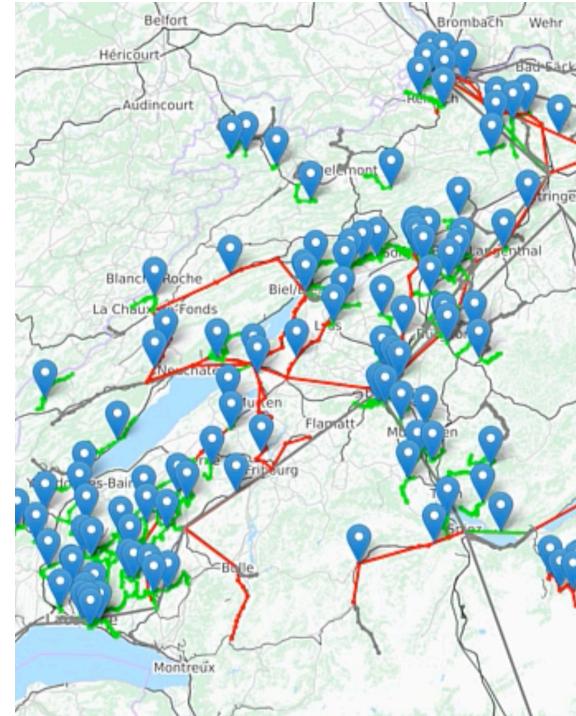


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# Recap

- Streaming has a lot of benefits
- Leverage available Data
  - Open Data has a lot of untapped potential
- But you can get cool stuff done!



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# Thanks a lot!

- <https://blog.frankel.ch/>
- [@nicolas\\_frankel](https://twitter.com/nicolas_frankel)
- <https://jet-start.sh/>
- <https://bit.ly/jet-train>
- <https://slack.hazelcast.com/>



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