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import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
# Set random seed for reproducibility
np.random.seed(42)
# Number of samples
num\_samples = 500
# Generate random synthetic features
CRIM = np.random.rand(num samples) * 10 # Crime rate
RM = np.random.randint(4, 9, num_samples) # Number of rooms
AGE = np.random.randint(10, 100, num_samples) # Age of the house
TAX = np.random.randint(200, 600, num_samples) # Property tax
DIS = np.random.rand(num_samples) * 12  # Distance to employment centers
# Generate house prices using a simple linear function with noise
MEDV = 50000 + (CRIM * -2000) + (RM * 15000) + (AGE * -100) + (TAX * -50) + (DIS * -3000) + np.random.randn(num_samples) * 10000
# Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame({'CRIM': CRIM, 'RM': RM, 'AGE': AGE, 'TAX': TAX, 'DIS': DIS, 'MEDV': MEDV})
# Display first few rows
df.head()
₹
            CRIM RM AGE TAX
                                    DIS
                                                 MEDV
      0 3.745401 4 20 271 4.851825 82787.609529
                               5.138395 55724.768667
      1 9.507143
                      11 476
                      76 473
                                8.611173 51371.330564
      2 7.319939
      3 5.986585 8 96 519
                               8.309234 91867.705570
      4 1.560186 7 21 537 11.895072 68936.726934
# Define independent (X) and dependent (y) variables
X = df.drop(columns=['MEDV']) # Features
y = df['MEDV'] # Target variable (House Prices)
# Split into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
# Initialize the model
model = LinearRegression()
# Train the model
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
₹
     ▼ LinearRegression
     LinearRegression()
# Predict house prices
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
# Calculate errors
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
rmse = mse ** 0.5 # Square root of MSE
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE): {mse}")
print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse}")
print(f"R^2 Score: \{r2\}")
→ Mean Squared Error (MSE): 105236437.24476792
```

Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 10258.481234801178

R² Score: 0.8557422784317762

```
# Scatter plot of actual vs predicted values
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x=y_test, y=y_pred)
plt.xlabel("Actual Prices")
plt.ylabel("Predicted Prices")
plt.title("Actual vs Predicted Home Prices")
plt.show()
```



df.to_csv("synthetic_boston_housing.csv", index=False)
print("Dataset saved as synthetic_boston_housing.csv")

 \Rightarrow Dataset saved as synthetic_boston_housing.csv