### **Quick Start of SBT**

The **interactive** build tool

**Define** your tasks in Scala

Run them in **parallel** from sbt's interactive shell

#### **Batch Mode**

\$ sbt clean compile "testOnly TestA TestB"

**Note**: Running in batch mode requires JVM spinup and JIT each time, so **your build will run much slower**. For day-to-day coding, we recommend using the sbt shell or Continuous build and test feature described below.

# **Interactive Sample**

- projects / project
- reload
- inspect / inspect tree
- < task > / show < task >
- testOnly / testQuick

Command line Reference

# Task Engine - Task

#### The common commands you can run are almost all tasks!

compile, test, sources

```
sbt:subModule> inspect sources
[info] Task: scala.collection.Seq[java.io.File]
[info] Description:
[info] All sources, both managed and unmanaged.
[info] Provided by:
[info] ProjectRef(uri("file:/Users/yoga/Documents/workspace/subModule/"), "submodule") / Compile / sources
[info] Defined at:
[info] (sbt.Defaults.sourceConfigPaths) Defaults.scala:390
[info] Dependencies:
[info] Compile / managedSources
[info] Compile / unmanagedSources
[info] Delegates:
[info] Compile / sources
[info] sources
[info] ThisBuild / Compile / sources
[info] ThisBuild / sources
[info] Zero / Compile / sources
[info] Global / sources
[info] Related:
[info] mb / Test / sources
[info] Test / sources
[info] ma / Test / sources
[info] ma / Compile / sources
[info] mb / Compile / sources
sbt:subModule>
```

### **Task Engine -Setting**

### The common commands you can run are almost all tasks!

name, scalaSource, javaSource ....

```
sbt:subModule> inspect name
[info] Setting: java.lang.String = subModule
[info] Description:
[info] Project name.
[info] Provided by:
[info] ProjectRef(uri("file:/Users/yoga/Documents/workspace/subModule/"), "submodule") / name
[info] Defined at:
[info] /Users/yoga/Documents/workspace/subModule/build.sbt:2
[info] Reverse dependencies:
[info] onLoadMessage
[info] normalizedName
[info] projectInfo
[info] description
[info] Delegates:
[info] name
[info] ThisBuild / name
[info] Global / name
[info] Related:
[info] mb / name
[info] ma / name
```

# TaskEngine - Setting VS Task

- Settings are evaluated at project load time
- Tasks are executed on demand, often in response to a command from the user
- Settings can only depend on Settings
- Tasks can depend on Settings and Tasks

### **Depend**

#### .value

```
scalaSource in Compile := baseDirectory.value / "src",
javaSource in Compile := (scalaSource in Compile).value,
```

#### Tasks

### Tasks/Settins

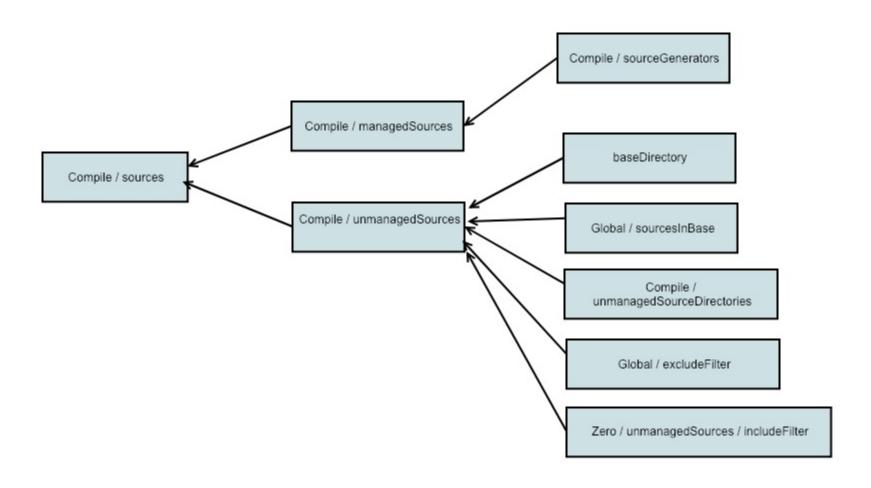
### TaskEngine - DAG

#### Inspect tree sources

```
sbt:subModule> inspect tree sources
[info] Compile / sources = Task[scala.collection.Seq[java.io.File]]
[info]
         +-Compile / managedSources = Task[scala.collection.Seq[java.io.File]]
[info]
         | +-Compile / sourceGenerators = List()
[info]
[info]
         +-Compile / unmanagedSources = Task[scala.collection.Seg[java.io.File]]
[info]
          +-baseDirectory =
[info]
          +-Global / sourcesInBase = true
[info]
           +-Compile / unmanagedSourceDirectories = List(/Users/yoga/Documents/workspace/subModule/src/main/scala-2.11, /Users/..
[info]
           | +-Global / crossPaths = true
[info]
           | +-Compile / javaSource = src/main/java
           | | +-Compile / sourceDirectory = src/main
                 +-Compile / configuration = compile
                 +-sourceDirectory = src
                   +-baseDirectory =
[info]
                     +-thisProject = Project(id submodule, base: /Users/yoga/Documents/workspace/subModule, aggregate: List(Pro..
[info]
[info]
             +-pluginCrossBuild / sbtBinaryVersion = 1.0
[info]
             +-Global / sbtPlugin = false
[info]
             +-scalaBinaryVersion = 2.11
[info]
            +-Compile / scalaSource = src/main/scala
[info]
               +-Compile / sourceDirectory = src/main
[info]
                 +-Compile / configuration = compile
[info]
                 +-sourceDirectory = src
[info]
                   +-baseDirectory =
[info]
                     +-thisProject = Project(id submodule, base: /Users/yoga/Documents/workspace/subModule, aggregate: List(Pro..
[info]
           +-Global / excludeFilter = sbt.io.HiddenFileFilter$@6c167296
[info]
           +-Zero / unmanagedSources / includeFilter = SimpleFilter(SimpleFilter(PatternFilter(.*\Q.java\E) | PatternFilter..
sbt:subModule>
```

# TaskEngine - DAG

Inspect tree sources -> Change a view to see



### TaksEngine - Scope

a full scope in sbt is formed by a **tuple** of a subproject, a configuration, and a task value:

```
Provided by:
ProjectRef(uri("file:/Users/yoga/Documents/workspace/subMocompile /
sources
```

```
projA / Compile / console / scalacOptions
```

Usage : you want different task result in different configuration, e.g different source files for Compile and Test

Look up: Delegates

### TaksEngine - Scope

Let's define a task / setting of ourselves

```
//define a task Key
val taskSample = taskKey[String]("task sample")
// give the task an implemention, we can call it an entry
taskSample := {
  println("this in taskSample, can be executed multiple t
  "Content for TaskSample"
}
// define a setting Key
val settingSample = settingKey[String]("setting sample")
// give the task an implemention
settingSample := {
  println("this is in settingSample, should be executed or
  "Content for SettingSample"
}
```

### TaksEngine - Scope

another task with name "taskSample" but in different scope

```
ThisBuild / settingSample := "ThisBuild: Content for Sett
val ma = (project in file("Ma")).settings(
  scalaSource in Compile := baseDirectory.value / "src",
  javaSource in Compile := (scalaSource in Compile).value
  taskSample in Compile := {
    println("MA: this in taskSample, can be executed mult
    "MA: Content for TaskSample"
 },
  name := "MA"
val mb = (project in file("Mb")).settings(
  scalaSource in Compile := baseDirectory.value / "src",
  javaSource in Compile := (scalaSource in Compile).value
  settingSample in Compile := {
    println("MB: this is in settingSample, should be exec
    "MB: Content for SettingSample"
  },
  name := "MB"
```

It's not just Scala! It's built on Scala.

Three things I had to learn about Scala before it made sense

How do we define dependencies in mvn?

How can we describe a dependency in a scala way?

```
def groupId(groupId: String) = new GroupId(groupId)

class GroupId(val groupId: String) {
   def artifact(artifactId: String) = new Artifact(groupId)
}

class Artifact(val groupId: String, val artifactId: String) def version(version: String) = new VersionedArtifact(groupId)
}

class VersionedArtifact(val groupId: String, val artifactId: String)
```

Then we got

```
groupId("net.vz.mongodb.jackson")
     artifact("mongo-jackson-mapper")
     version("1.4.1")
```

Scala methods can be made of **operator characters** 

```
def groupId(groupId: String) = new GroupId(groupId)

class GroupId(val groupId: String) {
   def %(artifactId: String) = new Artifact(groupId, artifact)
}

class Artifact(val groupId: String, val artifactId: String def %(version: String) = new VersionedArtifact(groupId, }
   class VersionedArtifact(val groupId: String, val artifact)
```

#### Then

```
groupId("net.vz.mongodb.jackson").%("mongo-jackson-mapper")
```

Omit the .

```
groupId("net.vz.mongodb.jackson") % ("mongo-jackson-mappe
```

Scala lets you implicitly convert any type to any other type

```
implicit def groupId(groupId: String) = new GroupId(group)
```

Then when we write down below

```
"net.vz.mongodb.jackson" % "mongo-jackson-mapper" % "1.4.
```

It's equal to

```
"net.vz.mongodb.jackson".artifact("mongo-jackson-mapper")
```

### implicitly convert

"net.vz.mongodb.jackson".artifact("mongo-jackson-mapper")

What it looks like is that the string class has a method called artifact.

But we know it doesn't, and the Scala compiler knows it doesn't.

When it sees that, it says "are there any implicit methods available that accept a string as an argument, and return a type that has an artifact method?"

And so it finds the groupId method, which matches that criteria, and converts the code to this:

groupId("net.vz.mongodb.jackson").artifact("mongo-jackson-

Theres are all **functions** with return type are **Def.Setting[T]** or **Seq[Def.Setting[T]]** 

```
:= ++ ++= in
```

Belows are expressions! Not statements!

```
name := "subModule"
```

This is equal to

```
name.setEntry("subModule")
```

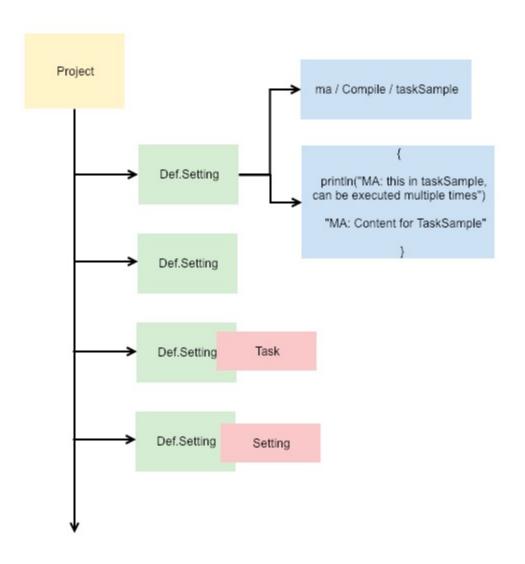
```
name := "subModule"
```

- 1. name is an instance of Type **SettingKey**
- 2. calls the function :=
- 3. with **String parameter** "submodule"
- 4. returns a **Setting**

Q: Look back on the build.sbt, try to explain what happened for the build.sbt you defined?

```
//this is a expression!! not a statement
//this := returns Setting[Task], and the return setting is
//OH MY GOD!!!!ddddddddddddde
```

# **SBT-Project**



#### **SBT-User Defined**

### Project is defined by multiple Def. Settings, this settings defined

- 1. what tasks(including setting-task) do we support in the
- 2. what's unique name for the tasks the scopes
- 3. what's the dependencies between the tasks
- 4. how will the tasks be implemented

#### **Statement VS Expression**

```
val settingSample
```

```
:= ++ ++= ...
should return Def.Setting[T] or Seq[Def.Setting[T]]
```

# Aggerate VS Depend

#### aggregate:

- trigger all the tasks of the project you aggregate with
- depend:
  - trigger the compile of the project you depend on
  - add the compile classes to your class path

### Why does it fail?

In Project/CustomeSettings.scala

```
import sbt.{Setting, taskKey, settingKey}
object CustomeSettings {
 lazy val current0s = settingKey[String]("The version of
 //choose the protobuf path according to the os
  lazy val printCurrentOS = taskKey[String]("print the cu
  current0s := sys.props("os.name")
  printCurrentOS := {
    val os = current0s.value
    println(s"current build on os:${os}")
    05
```