CSF 437 RFAL TIME SYSTEM ARCHITECTURES

HOMEWORK 2 (Due 22th April 2021)

Design a timer event generator in C++.

1. Design a thread-safe C++ class that implements the following interface. The class will have its own thread to provide the timing functionality. All the callbacks will be called from this <u>single</u> timer thread.

```
using CLOCK = std::chrono::high resolution clock;
using TTimerCallback = std::function<void()>;
using Millisecs = std::chrono::milliseconds;
using Timepoint = CLOCK::time point;
using TPredicate = std::function<bool()>;
class ITimer {
public:
   // run the callback once at time point tp.
   virtual void registerTimer(const Timepoint& tp, const TTimerCallback& cb) = 0;
   // run the callback periodically forever. The first call will be executed after the first period.
    virtual void registerTimer(const Millisecs& period, const TTimerCallback& cb) = 0;
   // Run the callback periodically until time point tp. The first call will be executed after the first period.
    virtual void registerTimer(const Timepoint& tp, const Millisecs& period, const TTimerCallback& cb) = 0;
   // Run the callback periodically. After calling the callback every time, call the predicate to check if the
   //termination criterion is satisfied. If the predicate returns false, stop calling the callback.
    virtual void registerTimer(const TPredicate& pred, const Millisecs& period, const TTimerCallback& cb) = 0;
};
```

- 2. Write a 2-page report containing descriptions of:
 - a. The requirements of your timer, containing constraints and assumptions.
 - b. The design of the timer
 - c. How to build and test your project
- 3. Use can use the example test application and its output given in the next page.

Notes:

- The designed C++ project is going to be built both in Linux and Windows. To provide this feature, the homework should be built with CMake (Delivered homework should contain CMakeLists.txt).
- Required threading, timing and synchronization features should be implemented with native C++ (11, 14, ...). No OS specific function calls are allowed (i.e. posix threads in linux, multimedia timer in Windows...)
- A "good" solution will get the timer thread to block until either the timer queue changes, or a timeout occurs, rather than blocking with a constant period (Think what happens if registerTimer is called while the thread is asleep).
- Your solution will be evaluated not only in terms of requirements, but also performance.
- The homework should be archived in a zip file (or a tar file) and uploaded to CSE 437 team. The archive should only contain the report, source files and CMakeLists.txt. It shouldn't contain compiled binaries.

Example Test Application

```
#include <iostream>
#include "Timer.h"
#include <string>
using CLOCK = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock;
using TTimerCallback = std::function<void()>;
static CLOCK::time_point TO;
void logCallback(int id, const std::string &logstr) {
        auto dt = CLOCK::now() - TO;
        std::cout << "[" << std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::milliseconds>(dt).count()
                << "] (cb " << id << "): " << logstr << std::endl;
int main(){
          Timer timer;
          std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(1));
          T0 = CLOCK::now();
          logCallback(-1, "main starting.");
          auto t1 = CLOCK::now() + std::chrono::seconds(1);
          auto t2 = t1 + std::chrono::seconds(1);
          timer.registerTimer(t2, [&]() {logCallback(1, "callback str"); });
          timer.registerTimer(t1, [&]() {logCallback(2, "callback str"); });
          timer.registerTimer(Millisecs(700), [&]() { logCallback(3, "callback str"); });
          timer.registerTimer(t1 + Millisecs(300), Millisecs(500), [&]() { logCallback(4, "callback str"); });
          timer.registerTimer([&]() {
             static int count = 0;
             return ++count < 3;
          }, Millisecs(500), [&]() { logCallback(5, "callback str"); });
          std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(5));
          logCallback(-1, "main terminating.");
```

```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console
[0] (cb -1): main starting.
512] (cb 4): callback str
     (cb 5): callback str
    (cb 3): callback str
1009] (cb 2): callback str
     (cb 4): callback str
      (cb 5): callback str
      (cb 3): callback str
      (cb 5): callback str
      (cb 1): callback str
2116]
      (cb 3): callback str
      (cb 3): callback str
     (cb 3): callback str
      (cb 3): callback str
     (cb 3): callback str
5012]
     (cb -1): main terminating.
imer::thread function terminating...
```