# Fuzzy Modelling LECTURE 7

## **T-norm fuzzy logics**

### Example 7.1.

The Gaussian membership functions:

$$\mu_A(x) = e^{-(\frac{x-8}{3})^2}$$

$$\mu_B(x) = e^{-(\frac{x-9}{3})^2}$$

$$\mu_C(x) = e^{-(\frac{x-10}{3})^2}$$

#### Algebraic product:

$$\forall x \in X : \mu_{A \cap B}(x) =$$

$$= \operatorname{prod}(\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x)) =$$

$$= \mu_A(x) \cdot \mu_B(x)$$

#### Lukasiewicz product:

$$\forall x \in X : \mu_{A \cap B}(x) =$$

$$= \operatorname{prod}_{\operatorname{Luk}} (\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x)) =$$

$$= \max(0, \mu_A(x) + \mu_B(x) - 1)$$

#### Script:

% Gaussian membership functions

$$x1 = [0:0.15:18]$$
  
 $y1 = exp(-((x1-8)/3).^2)$   
 $y2 = exp(-((x1-9)/3).^2)$   
 $y3 = exp(-((x1-10)/3).^2)$ 

% Algebraic product - ap, Lukasiewicz product - lp ap = y1.\*y2.\*y3 lp = max(0, y1+max(0, y2+y3-1)-1)

```
% Plot, color, parameters, line width, markersize plot(x1,y1,'g','linewidth', 1,'markersize', 10, x1,y2,'c','linewidth', 1,'markersize', 10, x1,y3,'m','linewidth', 1,'markersize', 10, x1,ap,'b-d','linewidth', 1,'markersize', 10, x1,lp,'r-o','linewidth', 1,'markersize', 10)
```

% Axis, line width, font size, grid set(gca,'linewidth',2, 'fontsize',18) grid on

% Legend legend ('MFA', 'MFB', 'MFC', 'MFD-AP', 'MFE-LP')

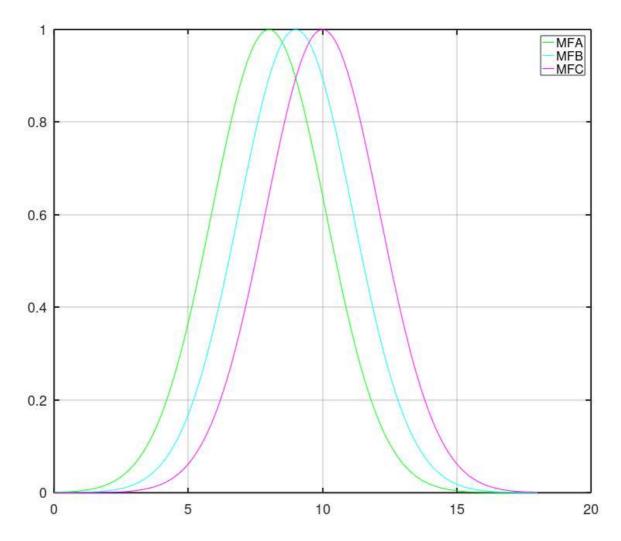


Fig. 7.1. Membership functions MFA, MFB, MFC

% Part of script

% Gaussian membership functions

x1 = [0:0.15:18]

 $y1 = \exp(-((x1-8)/3).^2)$ 

 $y2 = \exp(-((x1-9)/3).^2)$ 

 $y3 = \exp(-((x1-10)/3).^2)$ 

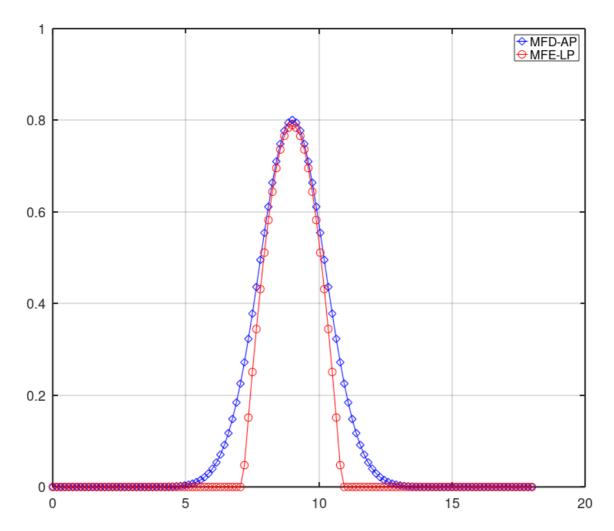


Fig. 7.2. Algebraic product MFD and Lukasiewicz product MFE

```
% Part of script
% Algebraic product - ap,
% Lukasiewicz product - lp
ap = y1 .* y2 .* y3
lp = max(0, y1+max(0, y2+y3-1)-1)
```

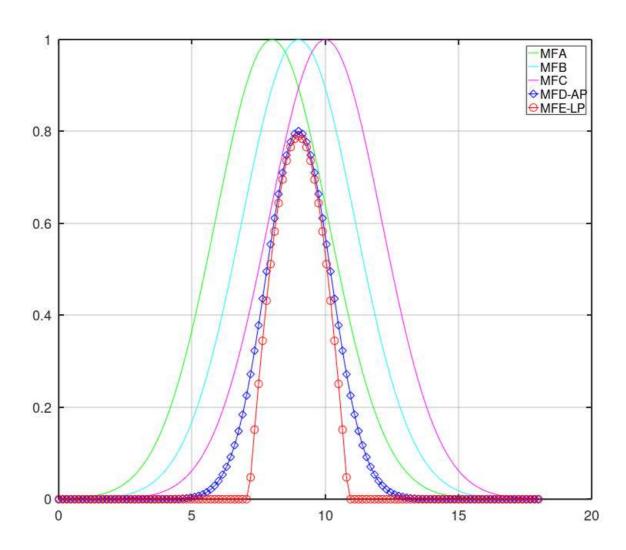


Fig. 7.3. Membership functions MFA, MFB, MFC, algebraic product MFD and Lukasiewicz product MFE