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Projects

Aa Name	≡ About	<u></u> Link
FormAssist	FormAssist allows users to add data both manually and through third-party integrations which will be stored in the database and can be used in future whenever needed.	https://github.com/subhamX/FormAssist
<u>GitHub</u> <u>Project Bot</u>	🛮 GitHub Project Bot fetches recently created Pull Requests and updates the Project Column	https://github.com/subhamX/github- project-bot
RISCV Heritage	🖳 A web simulator which converts the Assembly code written in RISCV syntax to Machine code.	https://github.com/subhamX/riscv
Train Ticketing	A powerful Railway Ticket Booking Portal built using React, Node, PostgreSQL. Using dynamic SQL techniques, stored procedures, triggers for consistency, and faster query execution.	https://github.com/subhamX/train- ticketing

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FormAssist

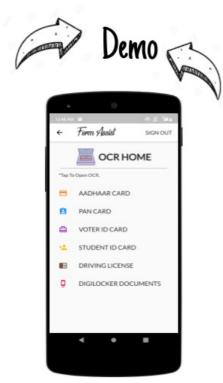
≡ About	🛮 FormAssist allows users to add data both manually and through third-party integrations which will be stored in the database and can be used in future whenever needed.
≡ Link	https://github.com/subhamX/FormAssist

FormAssist allows users to add data both manually and through third-party integrations which will be stored in the database and can be used in future whenever needed.

Objective-

Creating an app to automate the filling of bank forms and to reduce the redundancy in the job on both the sides i.e. on the user as well as bankside to a large extent. The app also tries to support the concept of zero typing to a large extent.

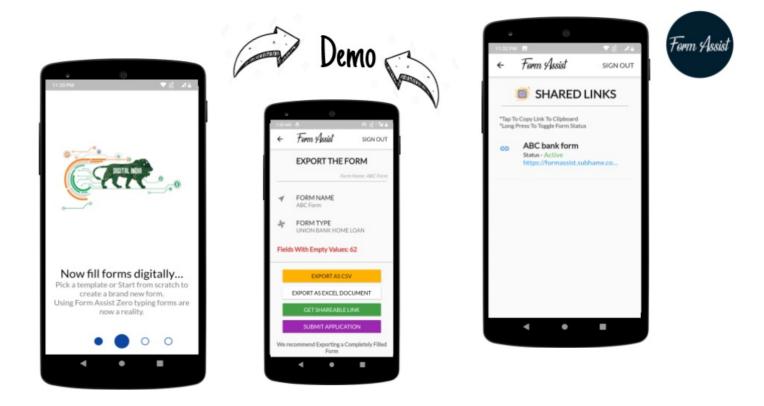








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Workflow And Description of the App

- 1. First, we begin by downloading and installing the app from the play store or any other valid available source.
- 2. Then when the installation process is completed we open the app and begin exploring it. The first screen(windows) which appears after successfully installing the app is the Launch screen where the user has been provided with three options:
 - Log-In (if he already has an account with our app.)
 - Sign -Up(if he is first time user of our app.)
 - Google Sign-In and Google Sign-Up (provided Sign-in and Sign-up facilities via Google Accounts as well.)
- 3. To make the process faster and typing free we have integrated the page with Speech to Text facilities and in case of Google Sign in only a single tap is required to select the Google Account.
- 4. After successfully signing in or signing up the user is landed to the home page of the app. The home page provides the user with three facilities which are also the main function of the app:
 - New Form (to create a new form)
 - Form List (to view, edit, delete and export already created forms)
 - Active Links (generating Form Links)
- 5. Now if the user wants to make a new form he selects the New Form option and a new screen pops up where the user provides with the name of the form and also selects the kind of template which the user wants to use. In the template selection field the user can select any one of the readymade templates provided smartly by us or he/she can also generate his/her own form by selecting Choose Custom Template. If the user selects Choose Custom Template then a new screen is launched which provides users with the various options of different sections namely Business, Employment, Loan, Permanent Address, etc which the user may want to include in his/her form (although none of the sections has been made mandatory by us since this form is completely user-generated.) and each section has related fields within it.
- 6. Now the user selects the sections which he deems necessary for his form and after selecting a particular section he is provided with underlying fields of the section from which he may select any number of fields and confirm the selection of fields by clicking on submit button and if the user wants to unselect some field

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then a reset button has also been provided. If none of the sections or fields within different sections satisfies users requirements then he can make a completely new field by selecting Others option in the Sections page and give the name of the field (s) and our speech to text converter shall after confirmation from the user there itself will create a new field for the user's current form which can also be used in other forms as well as it is not deleted but remains save in others section.

7. When the user has added all the required fields in his form he can generate the blueprint of the form by clicking on the Create Form button which would lead the user to his form with the name of the form and all the section names been displayed. The user can then fill-up the form by selecting the different fields from different sections. The user can also edit the name of the form, the details of once filled fields and can also add new fields into the form by selecting Change Form Structure which would redirect the user to the Sections page.

The user need not type anywhere to fill details since speech to text converter has been provided which would make the app interactive and fast as well. Once all the details are filled the user can click on the Submit button which would finish the process of form creation and addition of details in the form.

The app redirects the user to the Form List screen where all the previously created forms along with the newly created form are present and the user can his form by just clicking on it which would show the various sections of the form along with the filled values if any. (The user can at any moment edit, add, delete any fields, sections from his form by clicking on edit form button which would redirect the user to the Sections Page where he could do the needful with all the options available in the bottom section of the screen in the form of buttons.)

OCR

Our app also provides the utility of prepopulating the user fields in the bank using OCR(Object Character Recognition) which would surely help the user save time as he would just have to upload the photo of his documents(Aadhaar Card, Pan Card, Credit Card) and our indigenous OCR model shall extract features from the image and prepopulate the fields in the form.

Generating Links

Once a user feels that his form to be forwarded to the bank is ready then he can go to the form list screen from the home page and select his form and click on the Export option which would generate a link of the form pdf in the Active Links screen which is ready to be shared on any of the mediums and the user will also be notified through a mail generated by the Form Assist Database providing the user with a ready to use link of the form.

- The user can at any time view his profile by clicking on My Data widget in the home screen.
- The user at no point has to type anything as other modes of taking information have been provided.
- The user at any point of time sign out of the app by clicking on the Sign-Out option provided at the navigation bar and can return to the home page by clicking on the Form Assist icon provided in the same.

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GitHub Project Bot

	🛮 GitHub Project Bot fetches recently created Pull Requests and updates the Project Column
<u></u> Link	https://github.com/subhamX/github-project-bot

Description: ☑ GitHub Project Bot fetches recently created Pull Requests and updates the Project Column

Functionality: This GitHub action allows you to use any webhook events to automate the process of updation of project cards with recently created Pull Requests

Inputs

REPO_URL:

Complete URL of Repository whose Pull Request you want to automate

PROJECT_URL:

Complete URL of GitHub Project you want to use

COLUMN_NAME:

Name of an existing column of the project specifed above into which you want to place pull-requests

ACCESS_TOKEN:

An Access Token to create new Project Card

Organization-scope project

- 1. Set the URL of Complete URL of Repository whose Pull Request you want to automate to REPO_URL
- 2. Set the URL of Organization-scope project to PROJECT_URL
- 3. Set the name of an existing column of the project specifed above into which you want to place pull-requests to COLUMN_NAME
- 4. Use \${{ secrets.ACCESS_TOKEN }} to set the access token to ACCESS_TOKEN

Used Owned project

- 1. Set the URL of Complete URL of Repository whose Pull Request you want to automate to REPO_URL
- 2. Set the URL of User owned project to PROJECT_URL
- 3. Set the name of an existing column of the project into which you want to place pull-requests to
- 4. Use \${{ secrets.ACCESS_TOKEN }} to set the access token to ACCESS_TOKEN

Example -

Scheduling the workflow to run at specific UTC time using cron.

The following cron schedule expression will run At every 5th minute from 0 through 59 and will run the following TWO STEPS

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RISCV Heritage

■ About	묘 A web simulator which converts the Assembly code written in RISCV syntax to Machine code.
<u></u> Link	https://github.com/subhamX/riscv

The following website is a course project under the guidance of <u>Dr T.V Kalyan</u>. It is a web simulator which converts the <u>Assembly code</u> written <u>RISCV syntax</u> to <u>Machine code</u> and provides a user-friendly environment for its execution. The simulator implements pipelining, branch prediction and data forwarding, which can be enabled or disabled by the user.

Valid Instructions

R format:

add, and, or, sll, slt, sra, srl, sub, xor, mul, div, rem

I format:

addi, andi, ori, lb, ld, lh, lw, jalr

S format:

sb, sw, sd, sh

SB format:

beq, bne, bge, blt

U format:

auipc, lui

UJ format:

jal

Assembler Directives:

.text, .data, .byte, .half, .word, .dword, .asciiz

Team Members

Bharat Ladrecha 2018CSB1080 Subham Sahu 2018EEB1183

Technology Stack

- 1. Typescript
- 2. HTML/CSS
- 3. NodeJS (For Development Only)

File Structure

```
src
| README.md
| tsconfig.json
| ___assets
| index.html
| __css
| style.css
```

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```
main.ts
encode
execute
```

encode contains files required to convert Assembly Code written in RISC V syntax into Machine Code
 execute contains files required to execute the generated Machine Code
 main.ts is the entrypoint of the application

Features

- 1. On pressing Ctrl+S on Editor Pane current file will be downloaded.
- 2. On pressing Ctrl+S on Simulator Pane Output file will be downloaded if it's assembled.
- 3. Editor Pane supports Ctrl+/ as comment shortcut
- 4. On pressing Ctrl+D on Simulator Pane stats file will be downloaded provided that execution is complete.

General Instructions To Run Locally

1. If you do not have a copy of RISCV Heritage clone the repo and checkout GUI branch. If you do have the project then go to step 2

```
git clone URL
cd riscv
```

1. Install all dependencies

```
npm install
```

1. Now to run the development server run the following command in terminal

```
npm run start:dev
```

- 1. Now access the RISCV Heritage by visiting http://localhost:1234/
- 2. To build the project run the following command in terminal

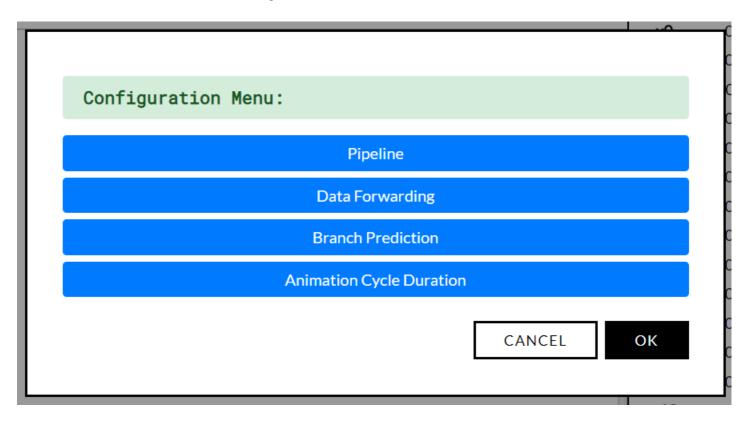
```
npm run build
```

Functionalities Our Project Offers

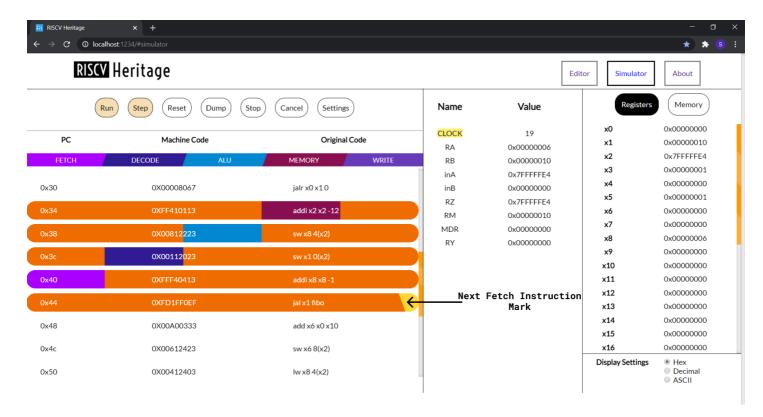
- BreakPoint:- Users can use a breakpoint for debugging. Users can select as many breakpoints as s(he) wants. During the execution of instructions, the program will stop after the execution of selected instructions in the order of program flow.
- 2. **Run:-** To run the complete program in a single go, users can use it. For pipelined version the *animation* cycle duration can be tuned by the user from the settings menu.
- 3. **Step:-** Run the program instruction wise(one instruction at a time).
- 4. **Stop:-** Stop the execution process using the stop button.
- 5. Reset:- Reset the current execution process. It will also reset the memory and registers state.
- 6. **Dump:-** Users can copy the machine code to clipboard using it.
- 7. Cancel:- Destroys the current execution and moves one step back.

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8. **Settings:-** Execution configuration can be changed by clicking this button before assembling the code. If assembled then it shows the configuration in READ ONLY mode.

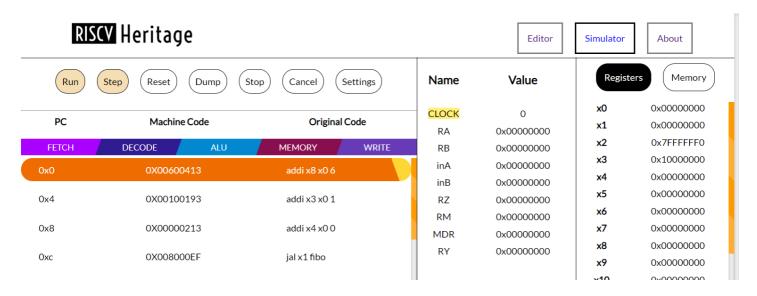


- We provide our user with some options to enable/disable
- 1. Pipelined execution
- 2. Data Forwarding
- 3. Branch prediction
- 4. Animation Cycle Duration, to increase or decrease program execution speed for pipelined execution
- 5. Each pipelined instruction execution passes through five stages, Fetch, Decode, ALU, Memory, and Write Back. All these stages are colour-coded. So when an instruction has completely executed in any stage, the instruction gets colour-coded with a colour corresponding to the pipeline stage.

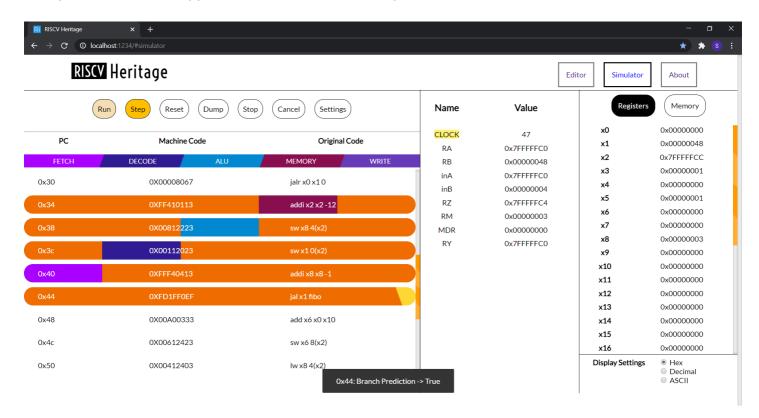


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1. We have added a separate pane for pipelined execution through which the user can see the current status of pipelined ISA.



1. To make the app more informative, whenever there is a stall, data forwarding, pipeline flushing or branch prediction etc. Our application shows a toast to notify such event.



- 1. Memory Segment displays only those values into which something is explicitly written during program execution or in the data segment and all other values which are not shown are 0x00
- 2. Although code segment data is shown in memory it cannot be retrieved by the user, by accessing that location. This is to ensure that there is no structural hazard.
- 3. On any error, the program will alert the user and will not proceed further for execution
- 4. Any instruction which uses **Double** like sd, ld are invalid since it is 32-bit system
- 5. We have assumed that hazards are those dependencies which causes our pipeline to stall. So, any data dependency which are successfully handled by data forwarding won't be considered as a data hazard.

Latest Deployed version: RISCV Heritage

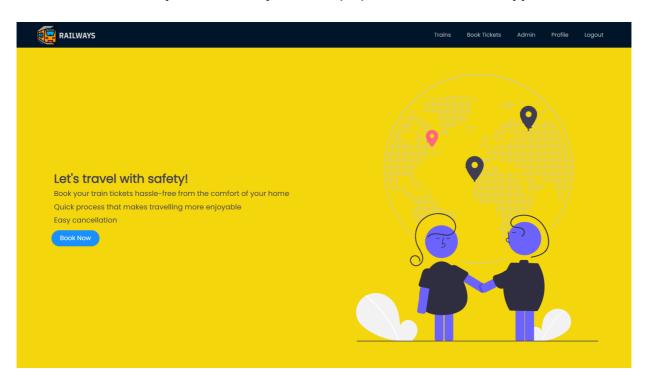
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Train Ticketing

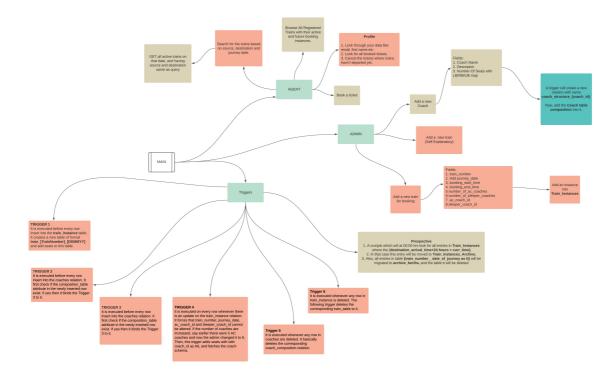
≡ About	🛮 A powerful Railway Ticket Booking Portal built using React, Node, PostgreSQL. Using dynamic SQL techniques, stored procedures, triggers for consistency, and faster query execution.
≡ Link	https://github.com/subhamX/train-ticketing

The following website is a Railway Ticket Booking Portal. This project embraces the Client-Server architecture, where the server and database are hosted separately and the client communicates via REST APIs.

The latest version of the Railway Reservation System is deployed at traintkt.herokuapp.com.



Project Design Overview



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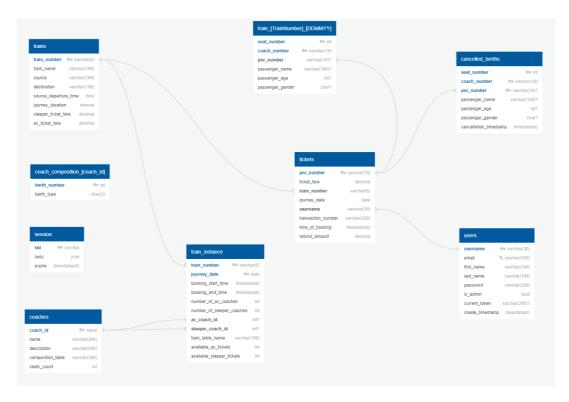
Key Features

- 1. The project uses dynamic SQL techniques, procedures, triggers, for consistency, and faster query execution.
- 2. Client can browse though the trains catalogue, their details and all active booking instances of it.
- 3. The project implements an easy to use trains search view with autosuggestions for train stations. Client can enter source, destination and date of journey and find if there are any trains available for following parameters.
- 4. Both booking tickets and cancel tickets operation can be performed on multiple passengers at once.
- 5. Admin can add trains, coaches, and booking instances from the

user interface and need not write any SQL query.

1. Our portal supports multiple coaches, and the Admin can define which coach schema to choose at the time of adding a booking instance.

ER Diagram



Note: All blue and bolded attributes are primary key. All attributes with? is indicating that the field can be NULL. Relations having [X] are dynamically created where X is some variable.

Technology Stack

- 1. TypeScript
- 2. ReactJS (Frontend)
- 3. NodeJS (Backend)
- 4. PostgreSQL (Database)

Functionalities Of Our Project

Use cases have been divided based on the end user i.e. Admin and Booking Agents.

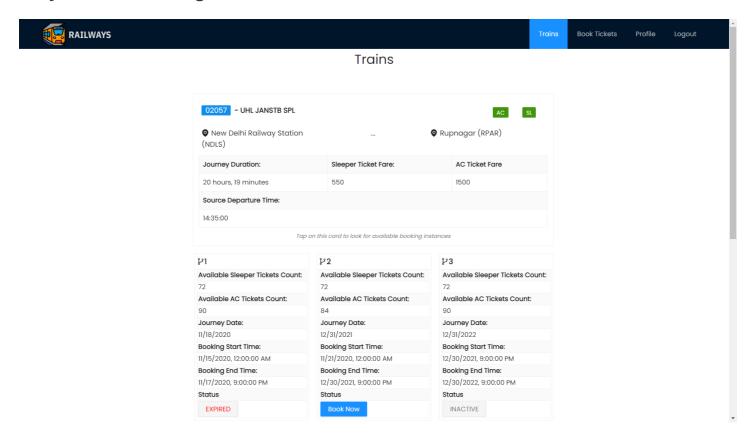
Functionalites for Admin

- 1. Separate Authentication for Admin, and a dedicated admin dashboard.
- 2. Admin can add new Trains, Coaches with different seating schemas into the database for the dashboard.
- 3. Add and update Reservation status for trains.

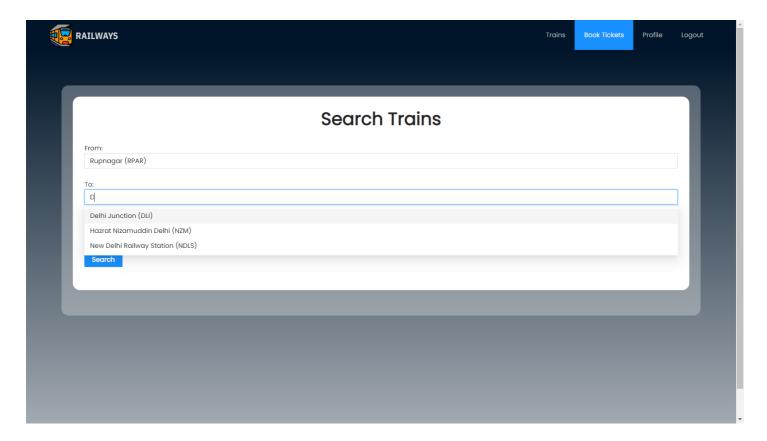
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4. Admin can perform the above operations without writing any database query by using our **simple and convenient User Interface**.

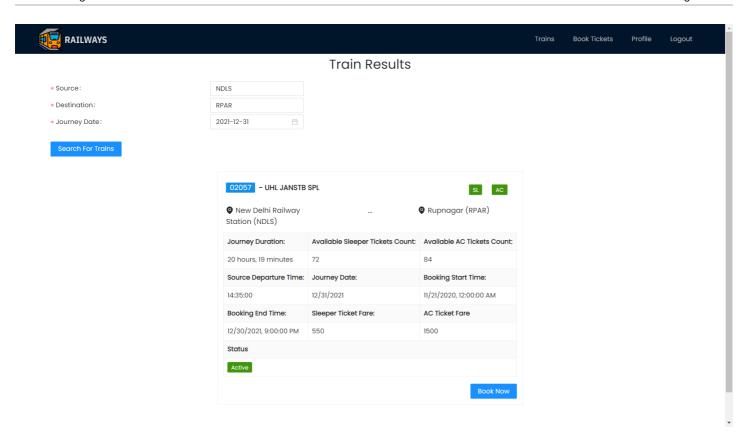
Project Walkthrough



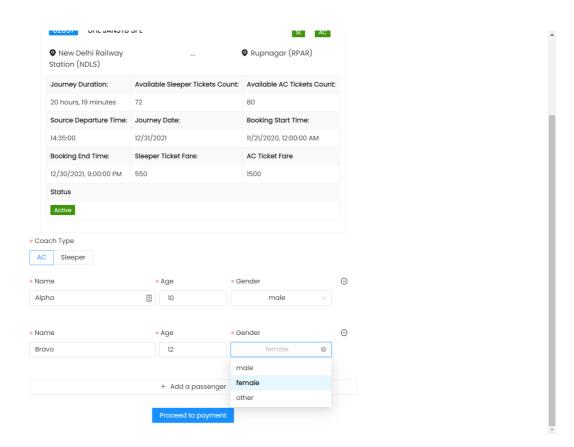
Trains Search Route can help users quickly find the available trains based on starting location, ending location, and the journey date. To ease searching for a specific station, **we autocomplete the source and destination fields based on the keywords** entered by users with the possible stations.



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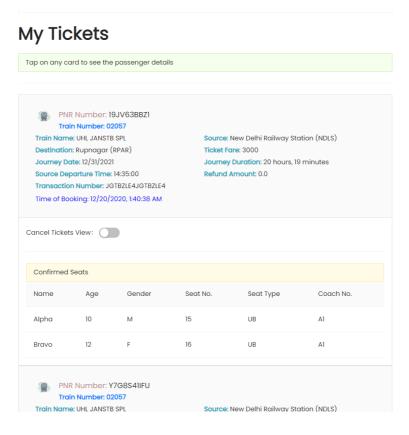


Tickets Booking View

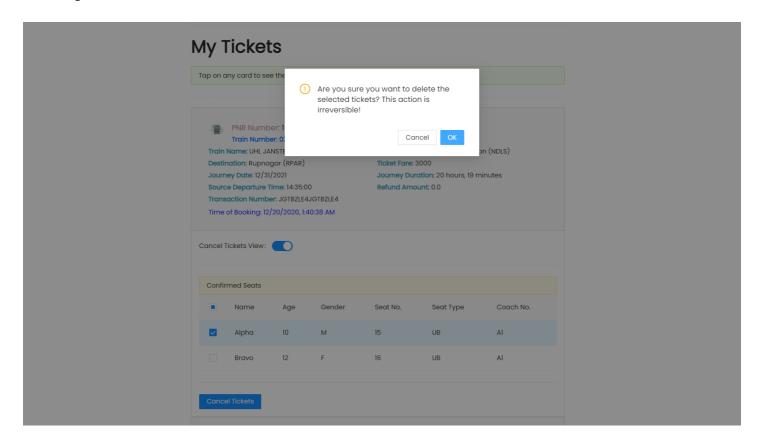


User Profile Dashboard showing all past tickets

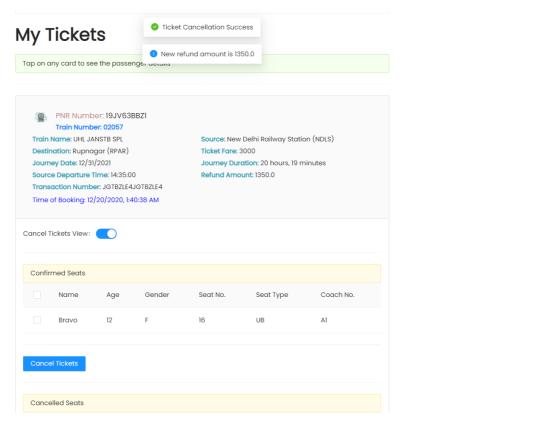
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Users can cancel the confirmed tickets before the train departure. This operation releases the seat for other passengers for booking while the train's booking status is "Active". The refund of the cancellation of tickets will be resolved every day during maintenance hours, this regular update reduces the storage overhead, by releasing the details of refunds.



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API Endpoints Overview

POST user/profile → Gives back information of the user; Only the authenticated user can see his data

GET trains/list → shows a list of all available trains; Public View

GET trains/info/:id → shows train information, and all bookings available; Public View

GET /trains/current/active → Shows all trains which are active booking phase; Public View

GET /cities/all → Returns a list of all cities which are either source or destination; Public View.

POST tickets/book → Allows user to book a ticket; Must be authenticated

POST tickets/cancel → Route to cancel berths from tickets; Must be authenticated; Can cancel only his/her ticket

GET tickets/info/:pnr → Gives back passenger list, and other info; Must be authenticated

GET tickets/all/ → Gives back tickets for a user; Must be authenticated

GET /coaches/list → See all coaches; Public View;

GET /coaches/:id → Coach Information; Public View

POST admin/addbookinginstance → Add a train for booking; Must be an admin

POST admin/trains/add → Add a new train; Must be an admin

POST admin/coaches/add → Add a coach; Must be an admin;

GET chart/:train_number/:date → See the reservation chart; Public View

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