

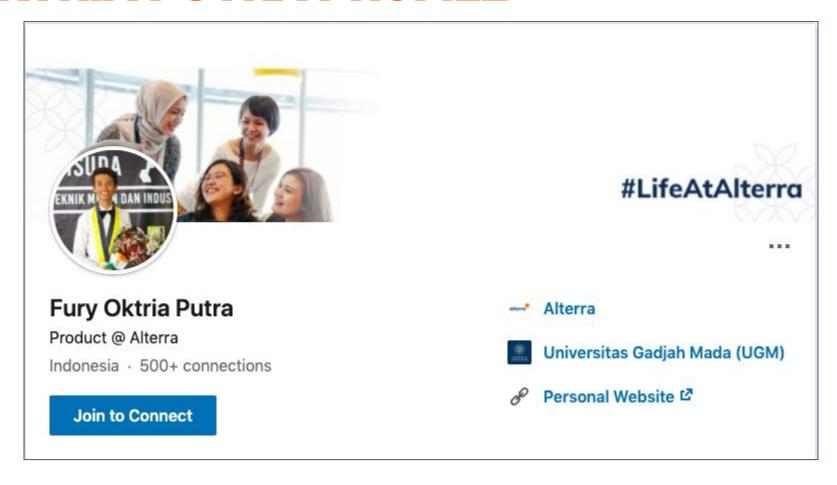
### **Escaping The Build Trap**

How Effective Product Manager Creates Real Value by Melissa Perri





#### **FURY OKTRIA PUTRA PROFILE**



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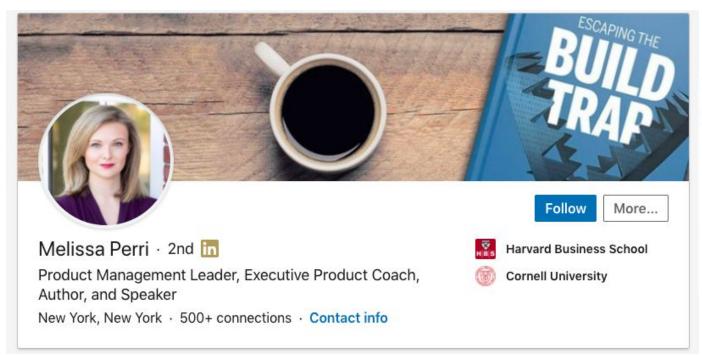


"This book is for every product person. It's for the senior in college who wants to be a product manager but doesn't quite understand the full landscape of the job. It's for the first-time product manager who was thrown into the fray and is looking for guidance. It's for the product manager, just promoted to VP, who needs a guide to set up their organization so that it scales successfully. It's for the leaders of large organizations who are looking to obtain that competitive advantage." - Melissa Perri





#### **MELISSA PERRI PROFILE**





#### Senior Lecturer

Harvard Business School
Dec 2019 – Present · 5 mos
Greater Boston Area

Senior Lecturer on Harvard faculty teaching Product Management 101 and 102 in the MBA program.



#### Founder & CEO

Produx Labs 2014 – Present · 6 yrs Greater New York City Area

Produx Labs helps companies grow or transform their Product Management organizations.

https://www.linkedin.com/in/melissajeanperri/





#### 4 KEY TAKEAWAYS FROM THIS BOOK

- 1. Creating a **product manager role** with the right responsibilities and structure.
- 2. Enabling those **product managers with a strategy** that promotes good decision making.
- 3. **Understanding the process** of determining what product to build, through experimentation and optimization
- 4. Supporting everyone with the right organizational policies, culture, and rewards to allow product management to thrive

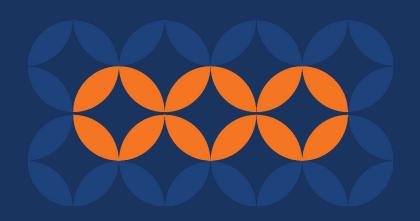






The Product-Led Organization



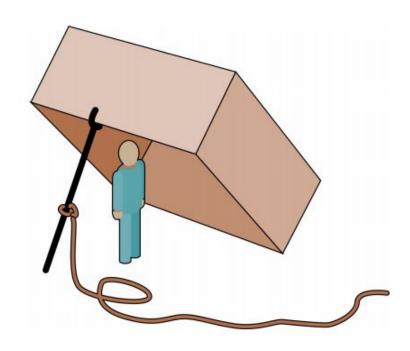


### PART I The Build Trap





### THE BUILD TRAP

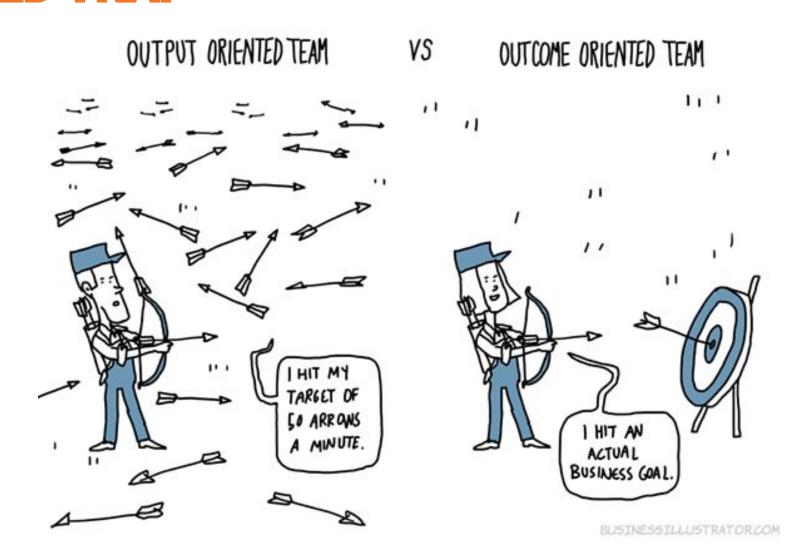


The build trap is when organizations become stuck measuring their success by outputs rather than outcomes.





### THE BUILD TRAP



The build trap is a terrifying place for companies because it distracts them. Everyone is so focused on shipping more software that they lose sight of what is important: producing value for customers, hitting business goals, and innovating against competitors.



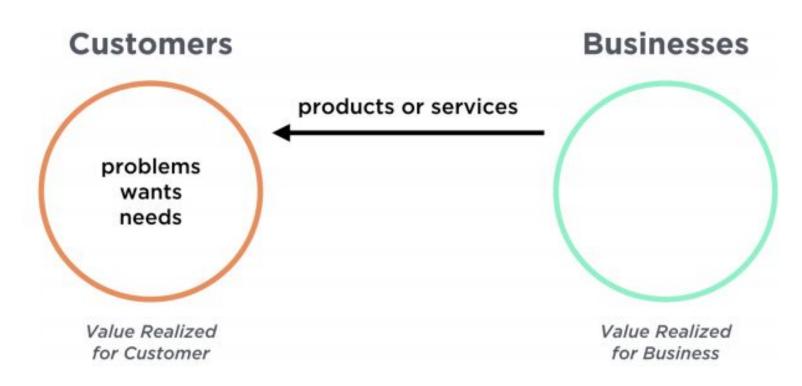


# PART 1 The Value Exchange System

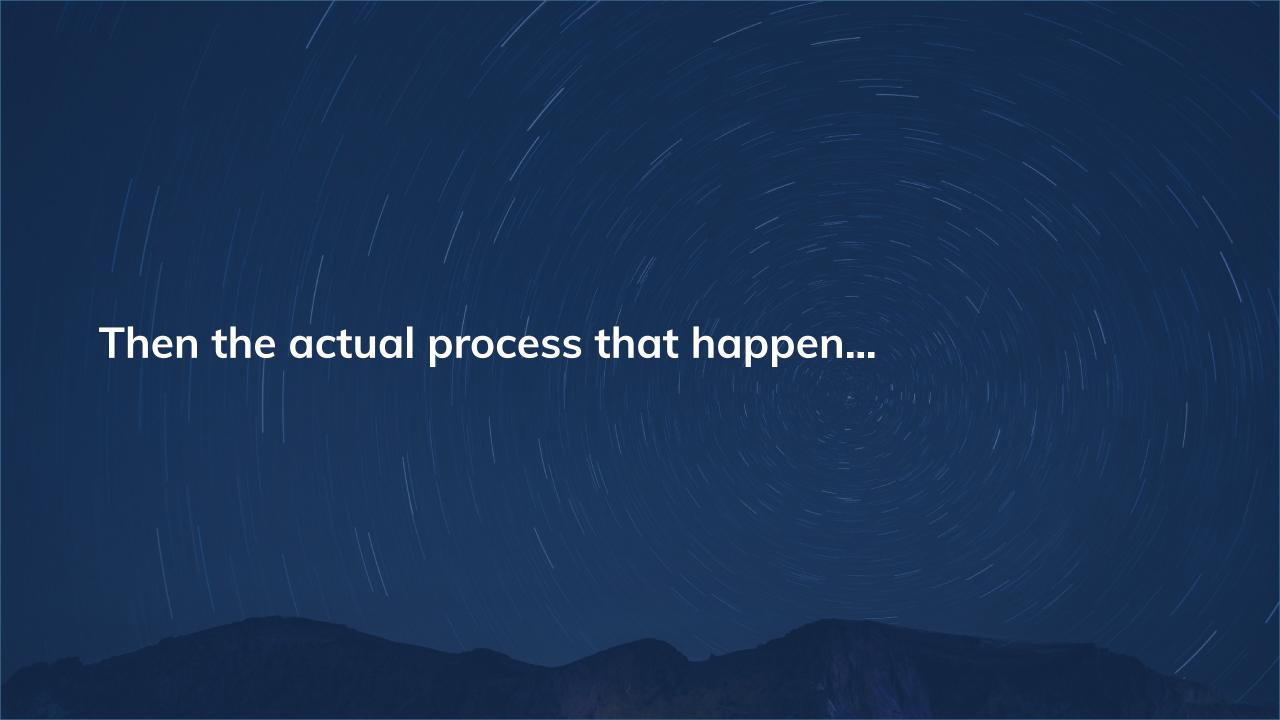




#### THE VALUE EXCHANGE SYSTEM



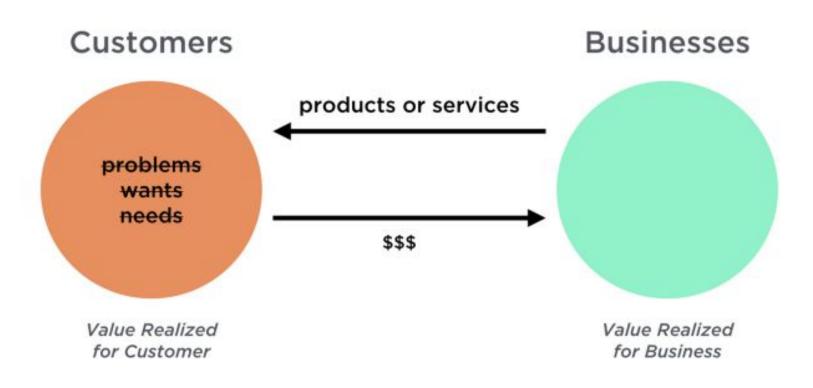
The Value Exchange







#### THE VALUE EXCHANGE SYSTEM



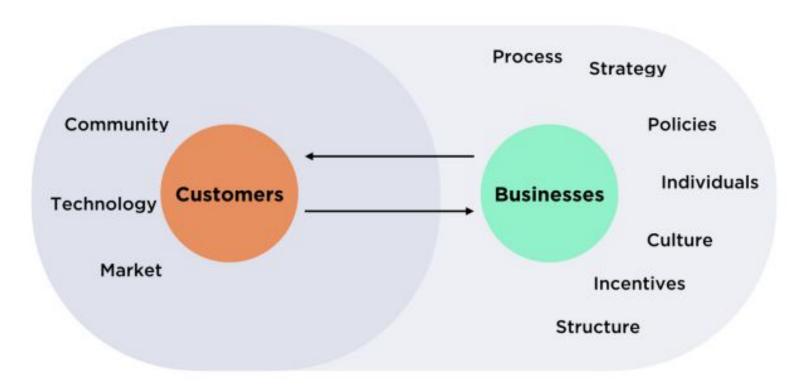
The Value Exchange Realized





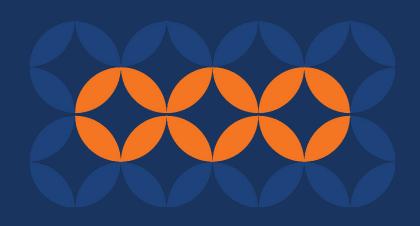


#### THE VALUE EXCHANGE SYSTEM



The Value Exchange System





## PART 2 Constraints on the Value Exchange System

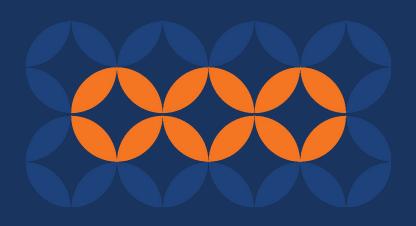




#### **CONSTRAINTS ON THE VALUE EXCHANGE SYSTEM**

"Yet most companies I encounter are stuck in output mode, and their entire organization is optimized to increase the output. Their processes are driven by deadlines and by checking off as many features on a list as possible. Teams are rewarded and incentivized to build more. Policies exist for the purpose of pushing teams to write more code or ship more features, and efforts (like talking to customers) are seen as waste." Melissa Perri





### PART 3 Project vs. Product vs. Service





#### PROJECTS VS PRODUCT VS SERVICES

- 1. **Products**, as I said before, are vehicles of value. They deliver value repeatedly to customers and users, without requiring the company to build something new every time.
- 2. **Services**, unlike products, use human labor to primarily deliver value to the user.
- 3. A project is a discrete scope of work that has a particular aim. It usually has a deadline, milestones, and speci c outputs that will be delivered.

Projects are an essential part of product development, but the mentality of thinking only in projects will cause damage.



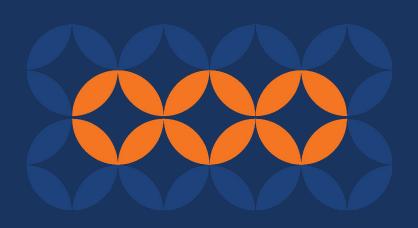


#### PROJECTS VS PRODUCT VS SERVICES

A product is something that needs to be nurtured and grown to maturity. This takes a long time. When you ship features to enhance a product, you are contributing to this overall success. This feature enhancement is a project, but your work may not be done when you are finished. You need to keep iterating by scoping out new projects to reach the overall outcome and be successful.

Companies that optimize their products to achieve value are called product-led organizations. These organizations are characterized by product-driven growth, scaling their organization through software products, and optimizing them until they reach the desired outcomes.





# PART 4 The Product-Led Organization

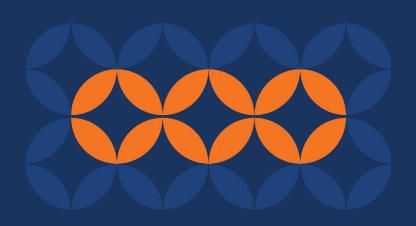




#### THE PRODUCT-LED ORGANIZATION

- 1. Sales-Led, let their contracts define their product strategy.
- 2. **Visionary-Led**, is to consider Apple. Steve Jobs propelled that company forward, creating the product strategy, and got it over the hurdles of failed products to the success it is today.
- 3. **Technology-Led**, These companies are driven by the latest and coolest technology.
- 4. **Product-Led,** Product-led companies optimize for their business outcomes, align their product strategy to these goals, and then prioritize the most effective projects that will help develop those products into sustainable drivers of growth.



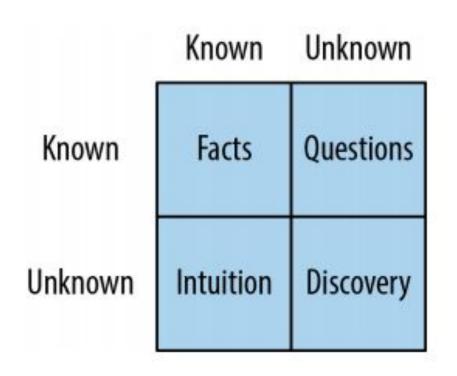


### PART 5 What We Know and What We Don't





#### WHAT WE KNOW AND WHAT WE DON'T



**Knowns and Unknowns** 

- 1. **Known-Known**, **facts** that you gather from data or critical requirements from customers.
- 2. **Known-unknowns**, clarified enough that you know which **question** to ask.
- 3. **Unknown-knowns**, the **intuitions** from your experience.
- 4. **Unknown-unknown**, things that you don't know you don't know

Product management is the domain of recognizing and investigating the known unknowns, reducing the universe around the unknown unknowns. We can solution run based on known knowns. But it takes a certain skill to be able to sift through the massive amounts of information and to identify the right questions to ask and when to ask them.

