

# AuthN and AuthZ at Cruise: Crawl, Walk, Run

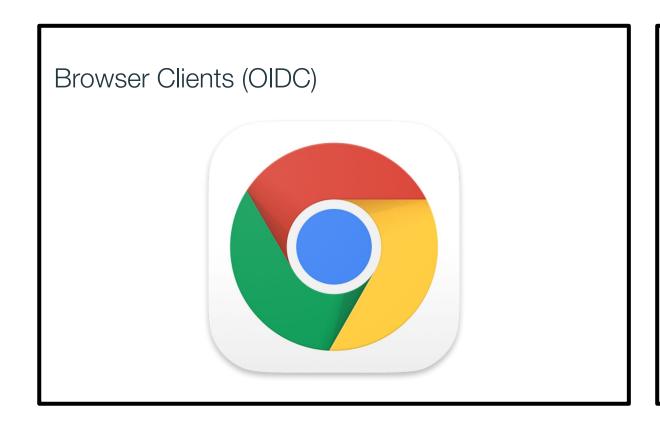
Roman Porter and James Barclay October 15, 2021

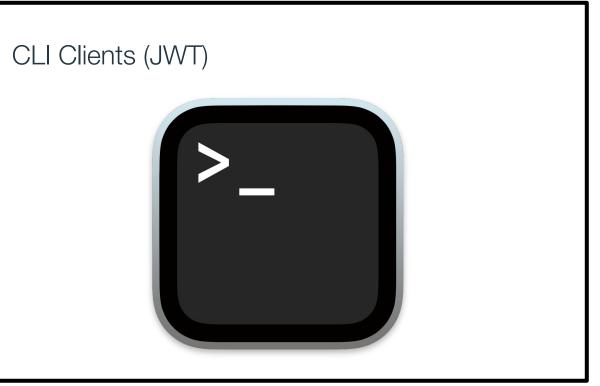
### Setting the Stage...



- ~2000 employees
- ~1500 engineers
- ~150 services
- Majority of services in Kubernetes
  - Microservice + monolith services
  - Spanning multiple clusters
  - Traffic is mostly HTTP-based
- Using Vault for storing and managing secrets
- Using a cloud-based IdP for employee identity

## Three Types of Callers





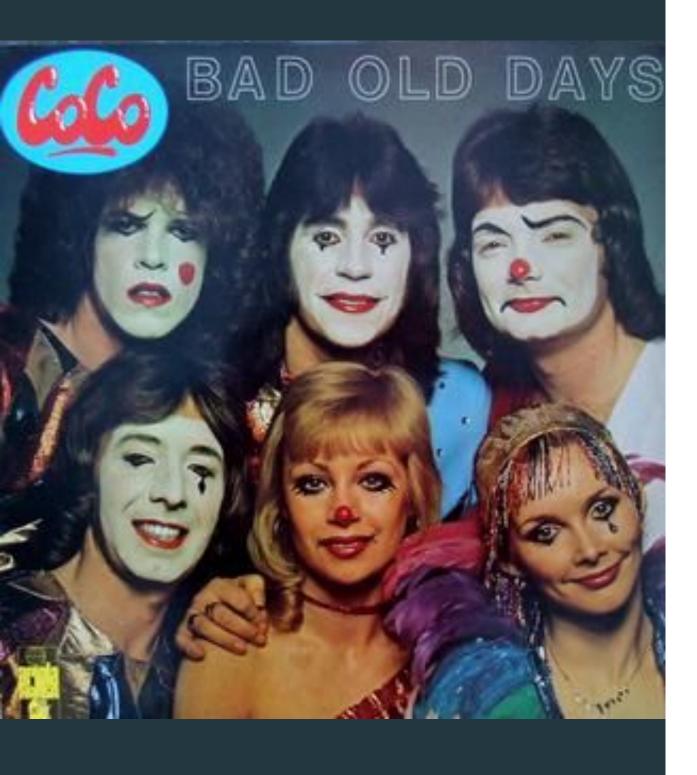








### The Bad Old Days

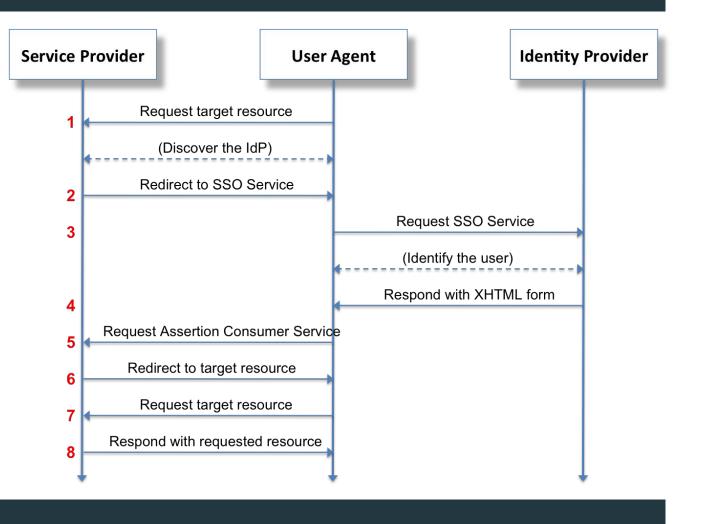


- Authentication and authorization
   sprawl
  - Teams handling authentication and authorization differently, with different IdPs
    - OIDC with IdP1
    - OIDC or SAML with IdP2
  - Naive implementations using static or shared credentials
  - Nothing at all?

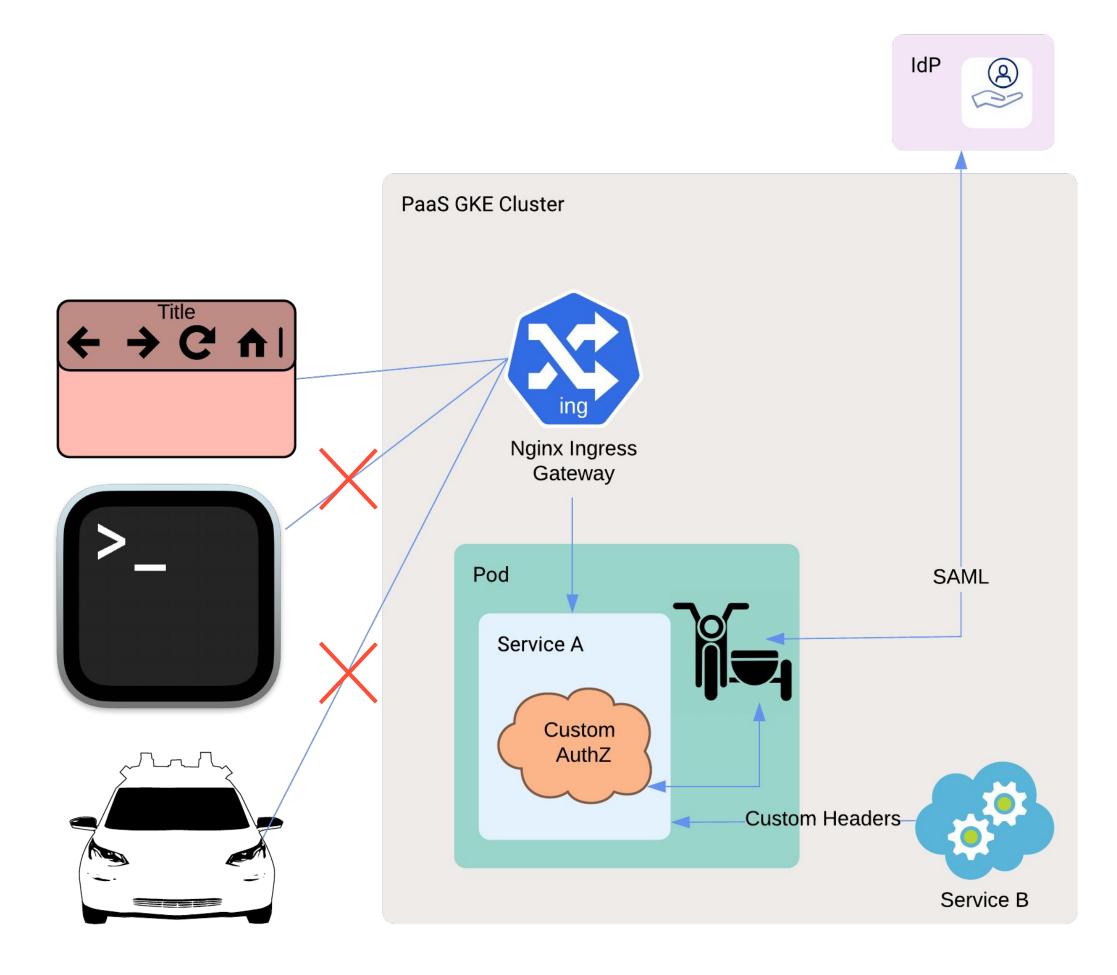


# AuthN/Z Standardization

### Phase I: Crawl

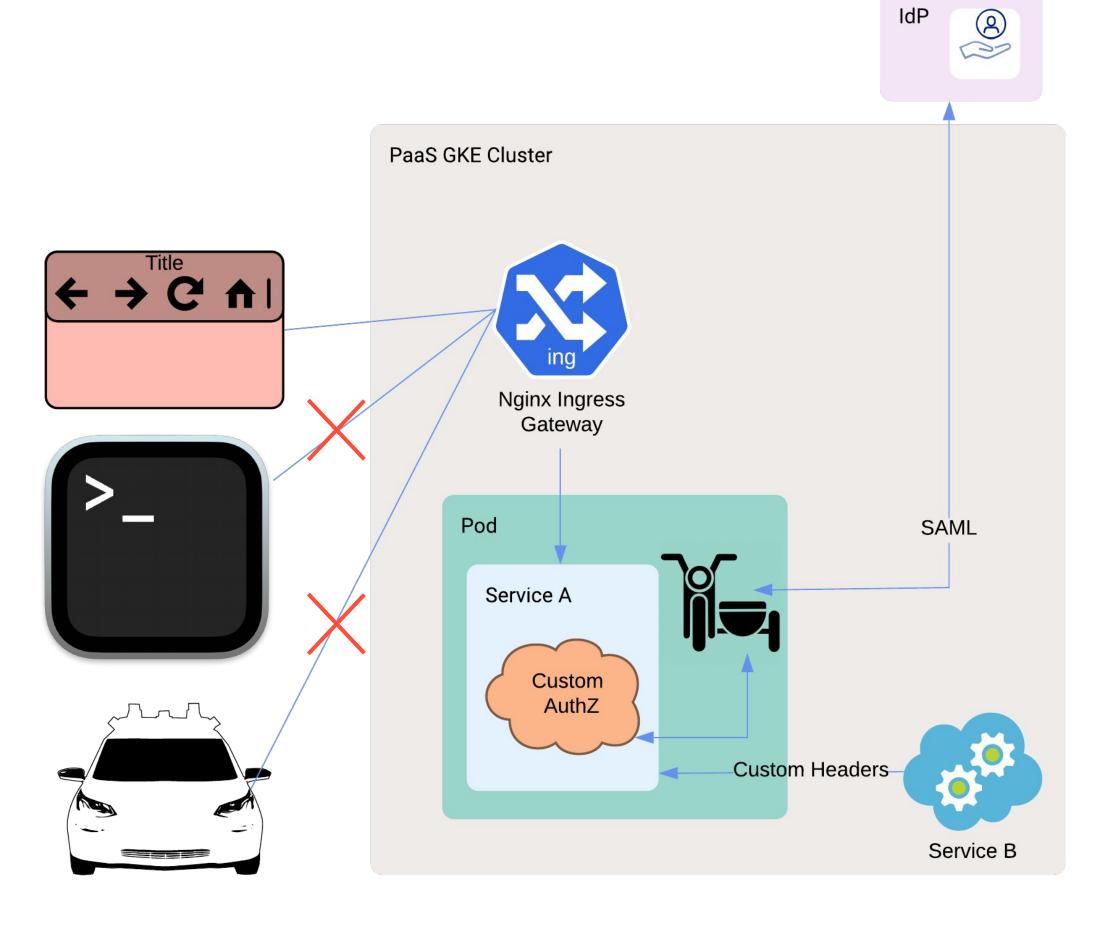


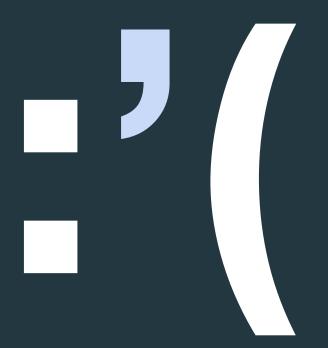
- Build a SAML authenticating proxy sidecar.
- Hope that people use it.











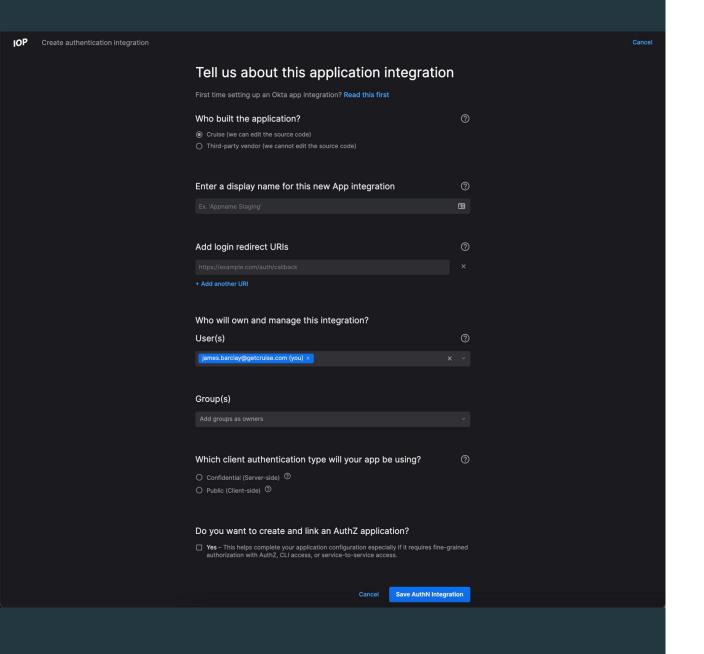
# Problems we had at the crawl stage

- Creating authentication (SAML)
   integrations was still request-driven.
- Creating and modifying IdP groups was still request-driven.
- Assigning access to authentication integrations was still request-driven.



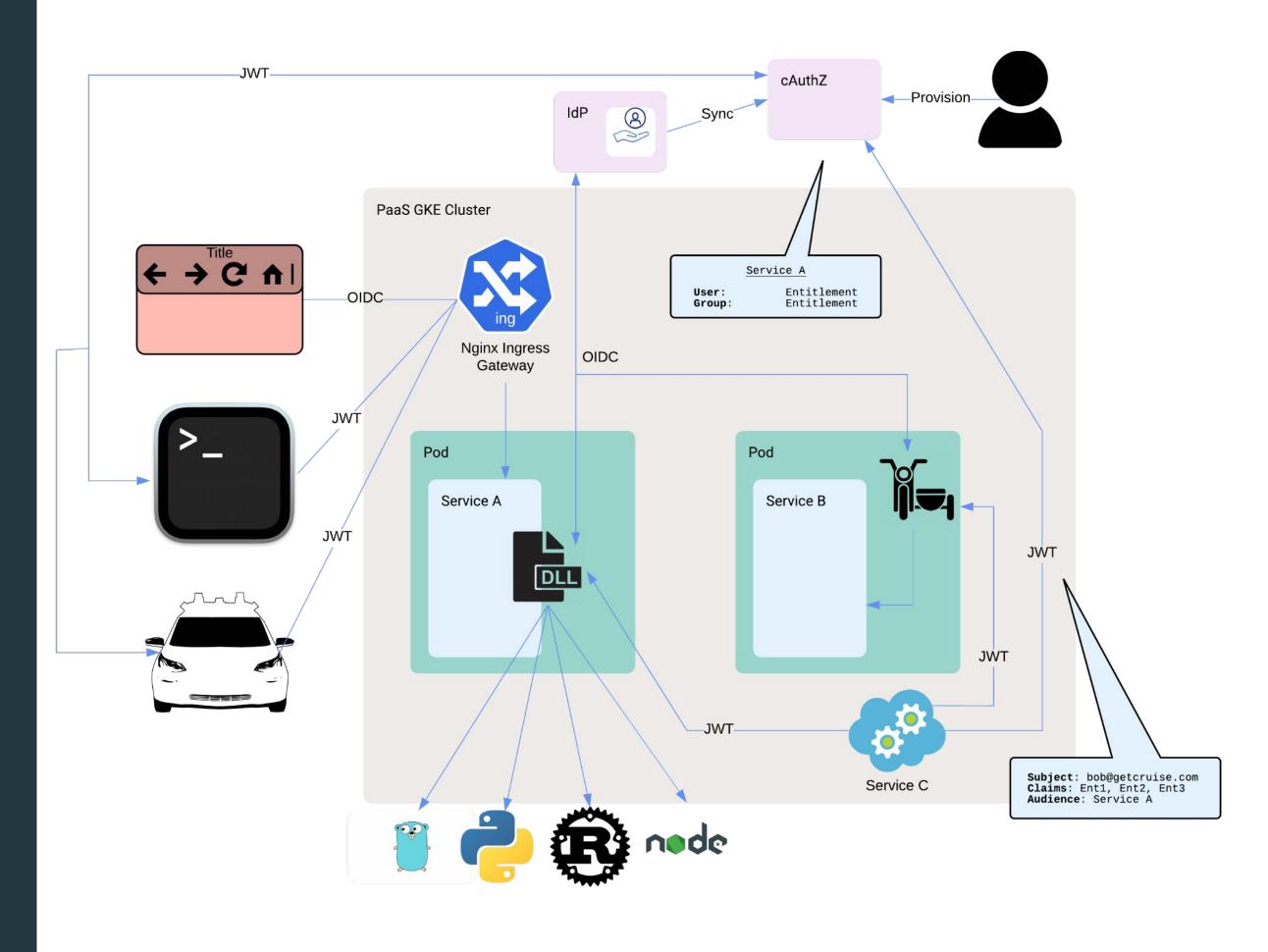
## AuthN/Z Standardization

### Phase II: Walk

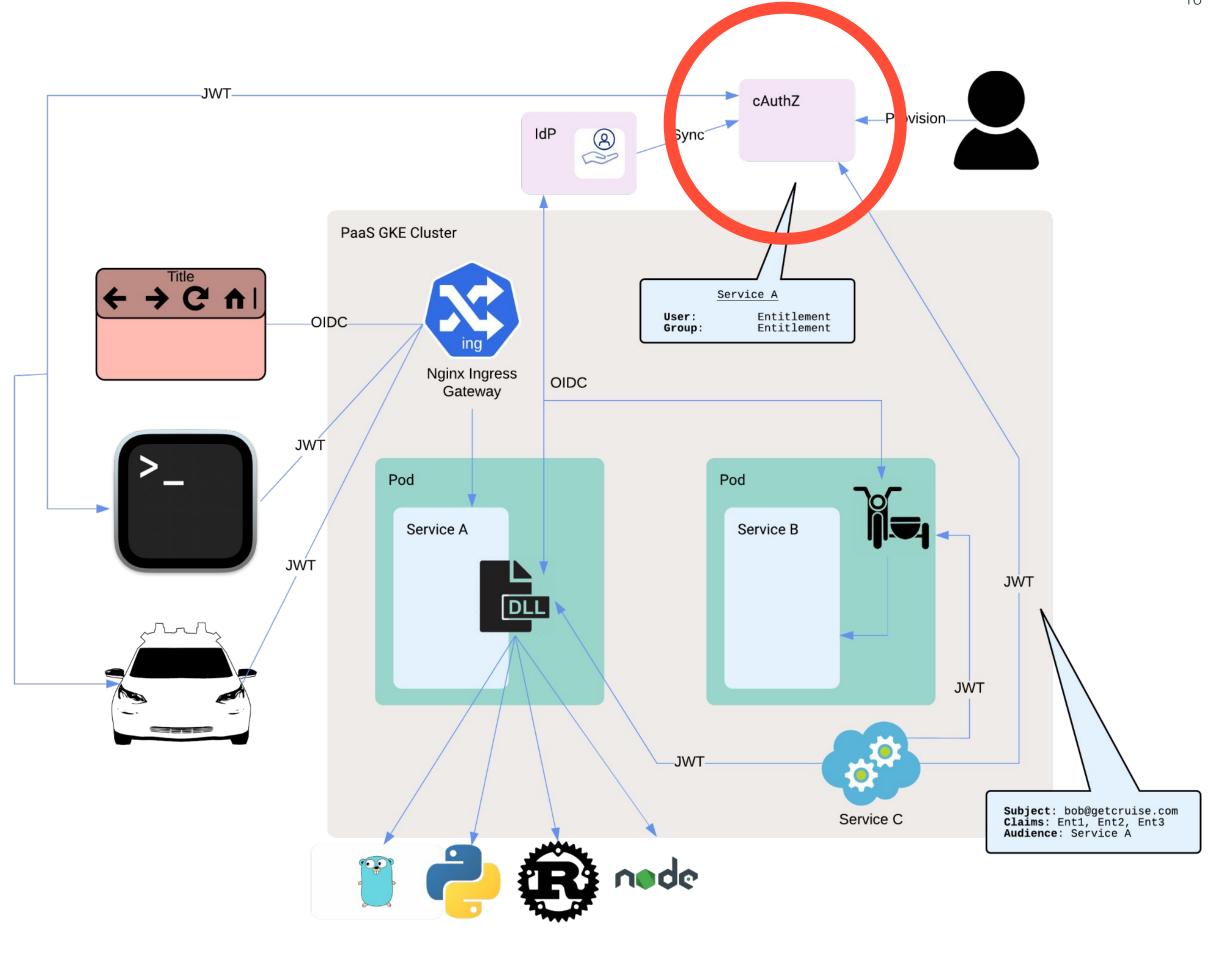


- Choose an authentication and authorization standard:
  - AuthN: OIDC with a single IdP (for humans)
  - AuthZ: A custom, entitlement-based authorization broker called cAuthZ
- Build self-service tools to promote use of the standard:
  - Identity Orchestration Platform (IOP)
- Build frameworks and libraries to foster implementation:
  - Opinionated AuthN/Z libraries in commonly used languages at Cruise
  - Cruise Auth Proxy (CAP) sidecar
  - AuthCLI: A CLI tool used for retrieving and storing non-browser client credentials, (for humans)
- Standardize on offline tokens (JWTs) minted by cAuthZ.

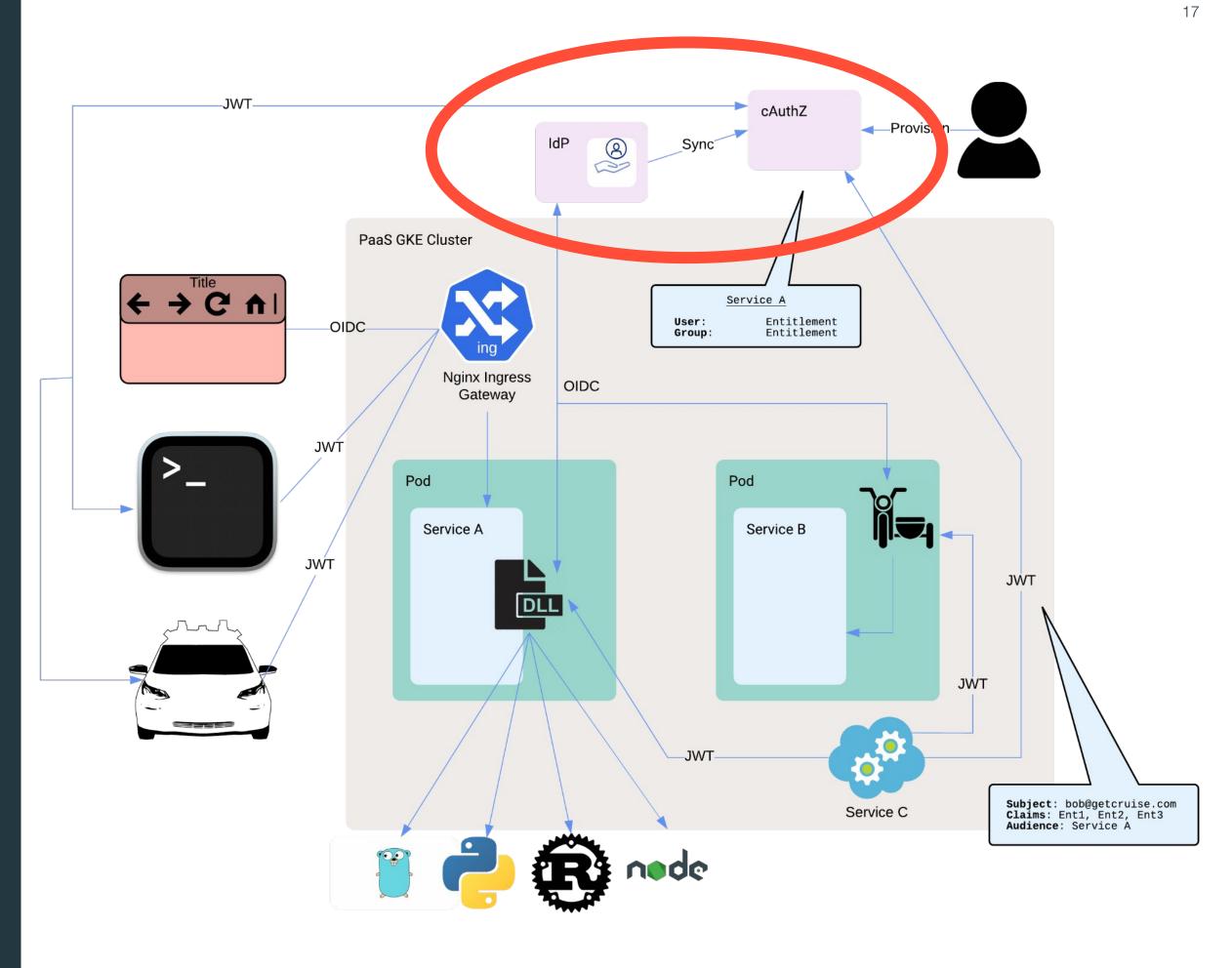






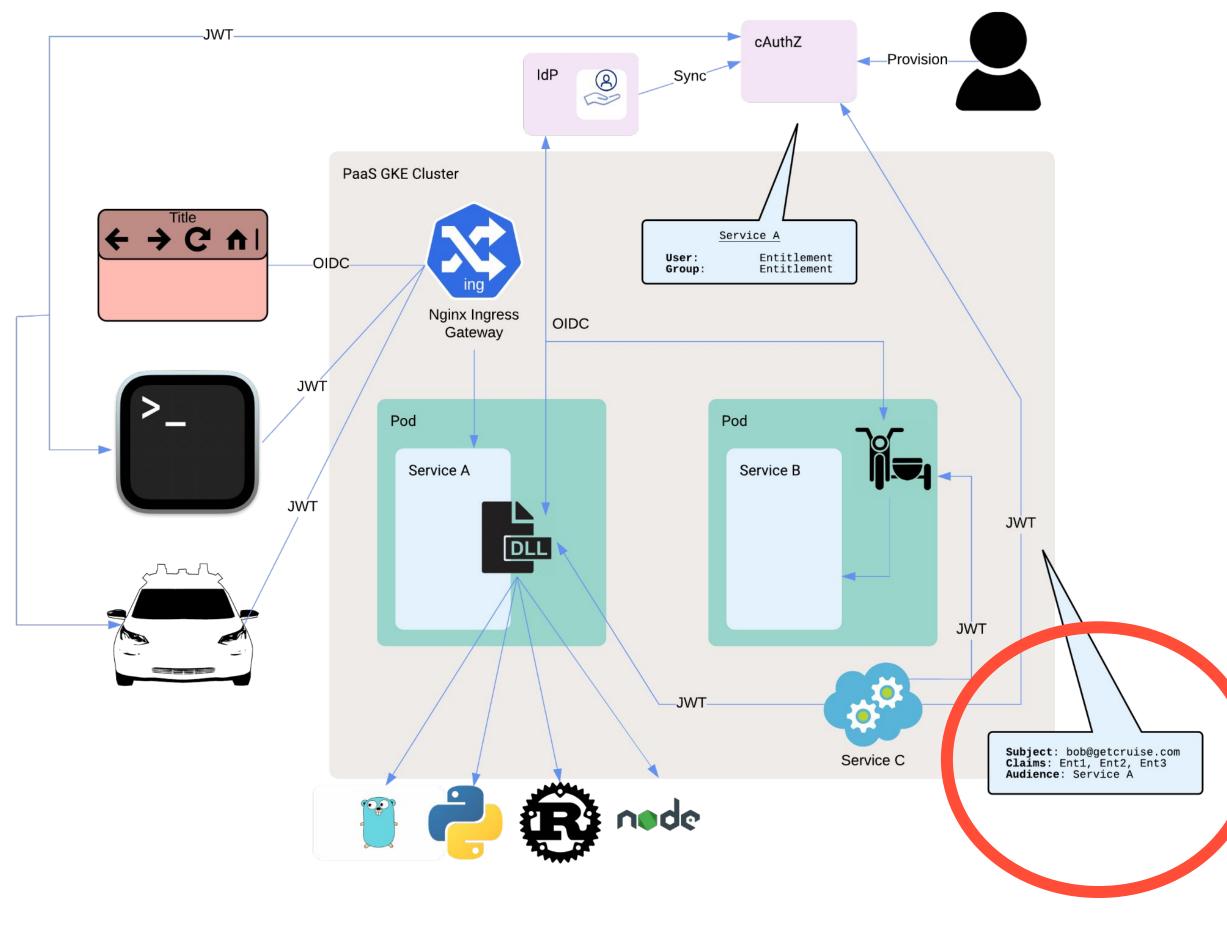




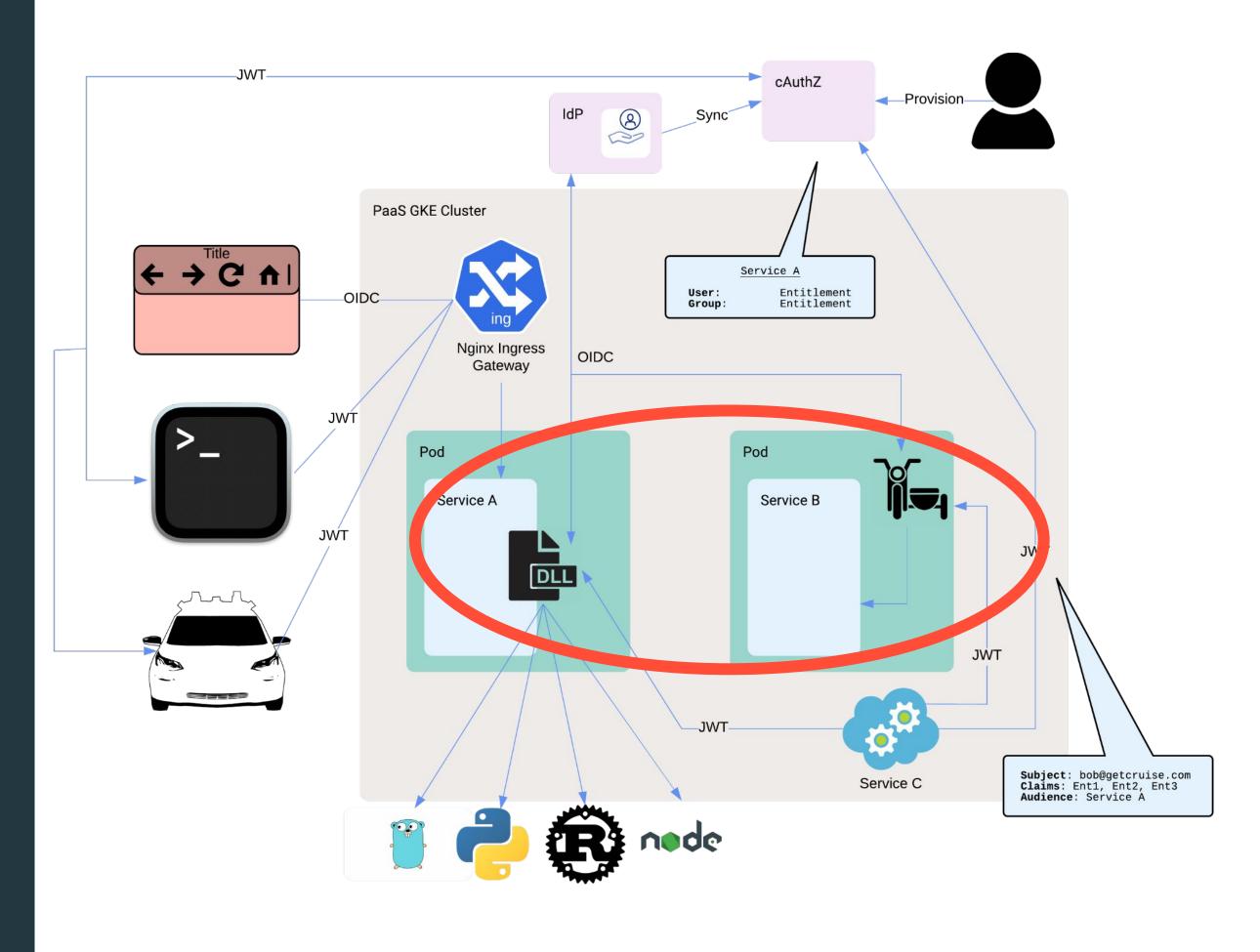


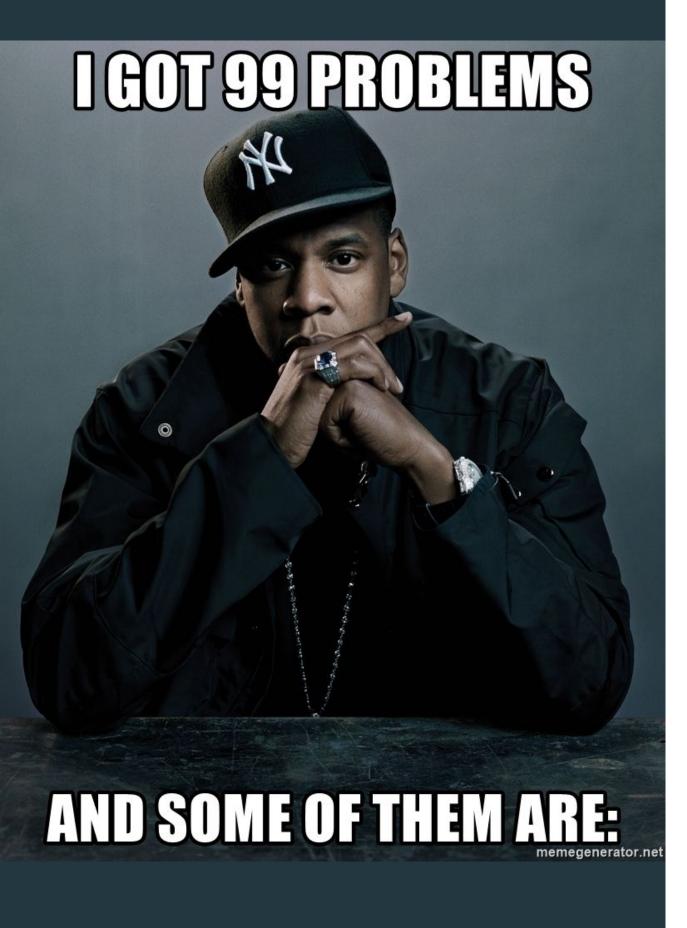












- Problems we have at the walk stage:
  - No enforcement
  - Lots of work required by service owners to implement AuthN/Z
    - Code changes required
  - Token size is exploding
  - Maintaining auth libraries is hard
    - Many languages to support
    - Indeterminate update cycle
  - Token process & policies all live in the depths of each service
    - Not easy to audit
    - Can't iterate to solve problems



Ain't nobody got time for that

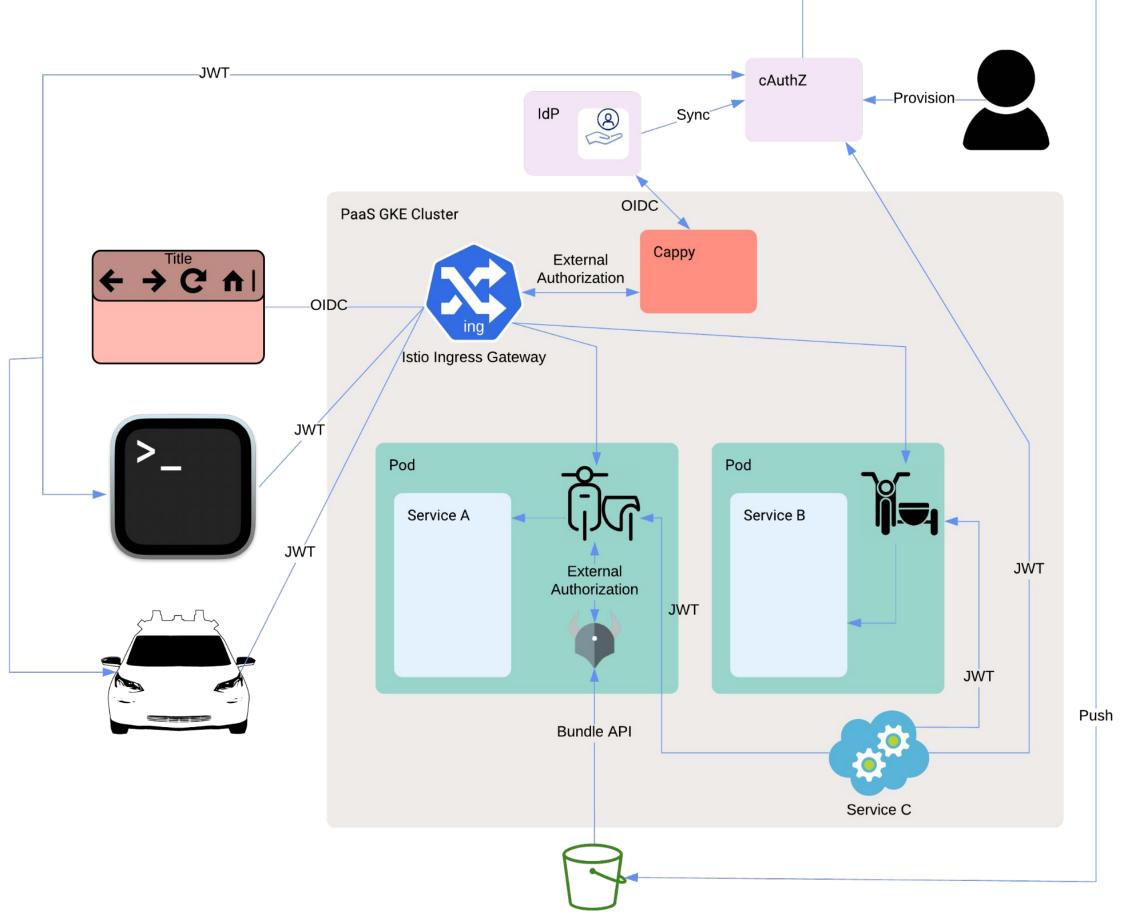
# Make AuthN/Z Better

Phase III: Run Speed Walk



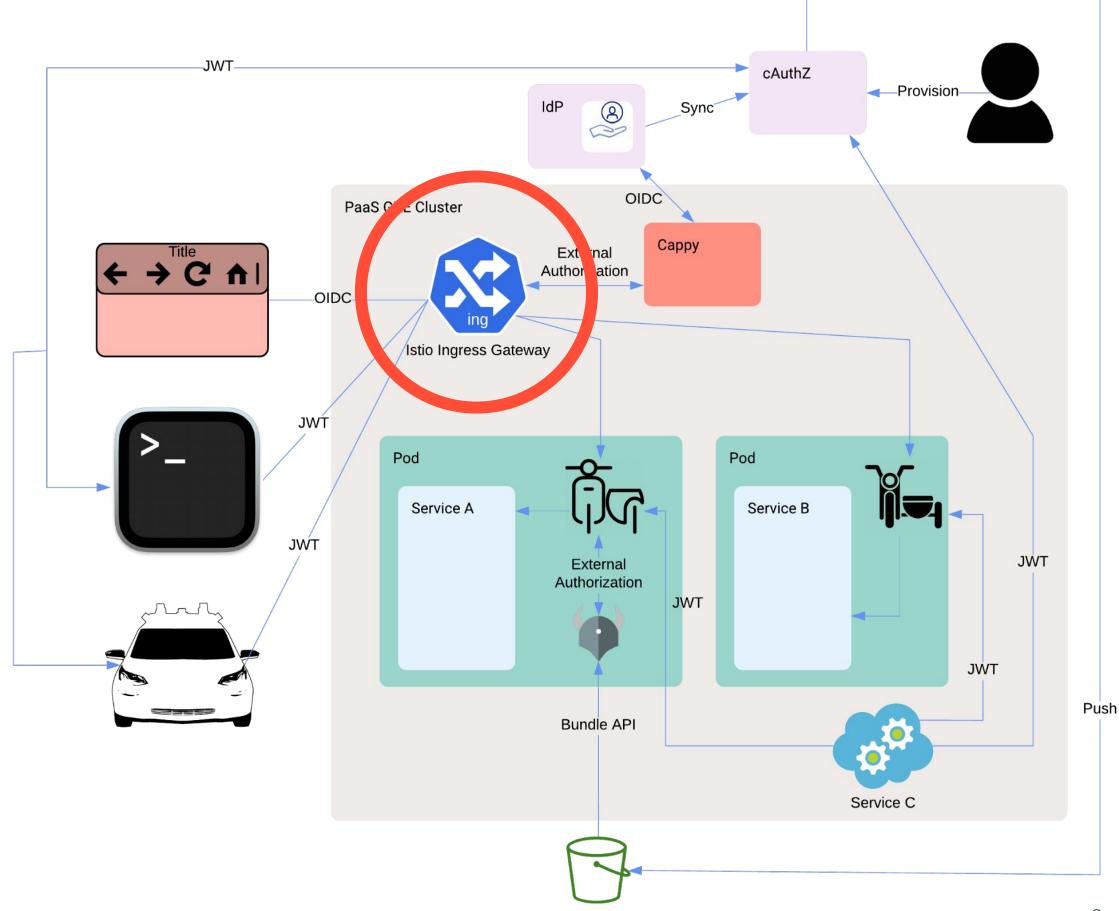
- Make authentication and authorization opt-out instead of opt-in
- Standardize on industry-supported
   open-source software over our custom solutions
- Move the service policy out of the depths of service code
- Do this without requiring any (or very little) changes to services





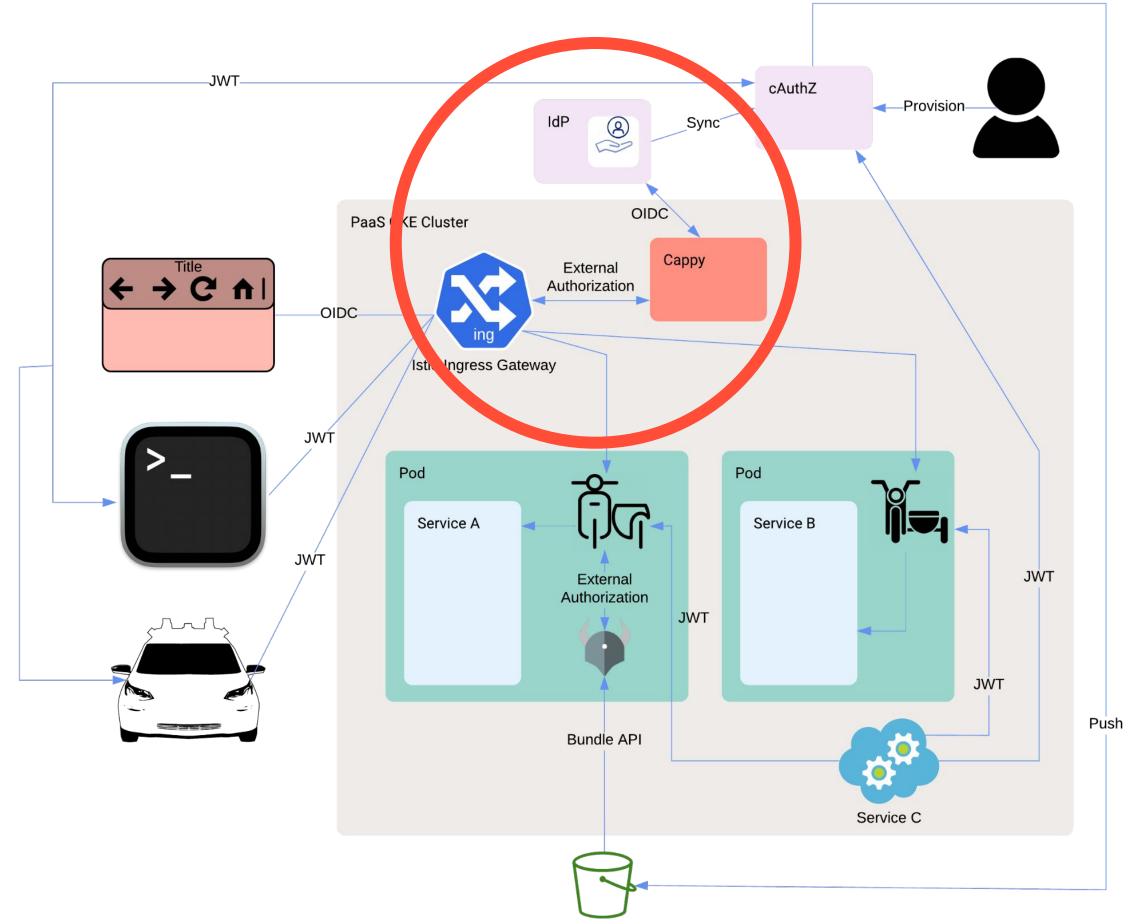
### Istio Ingress





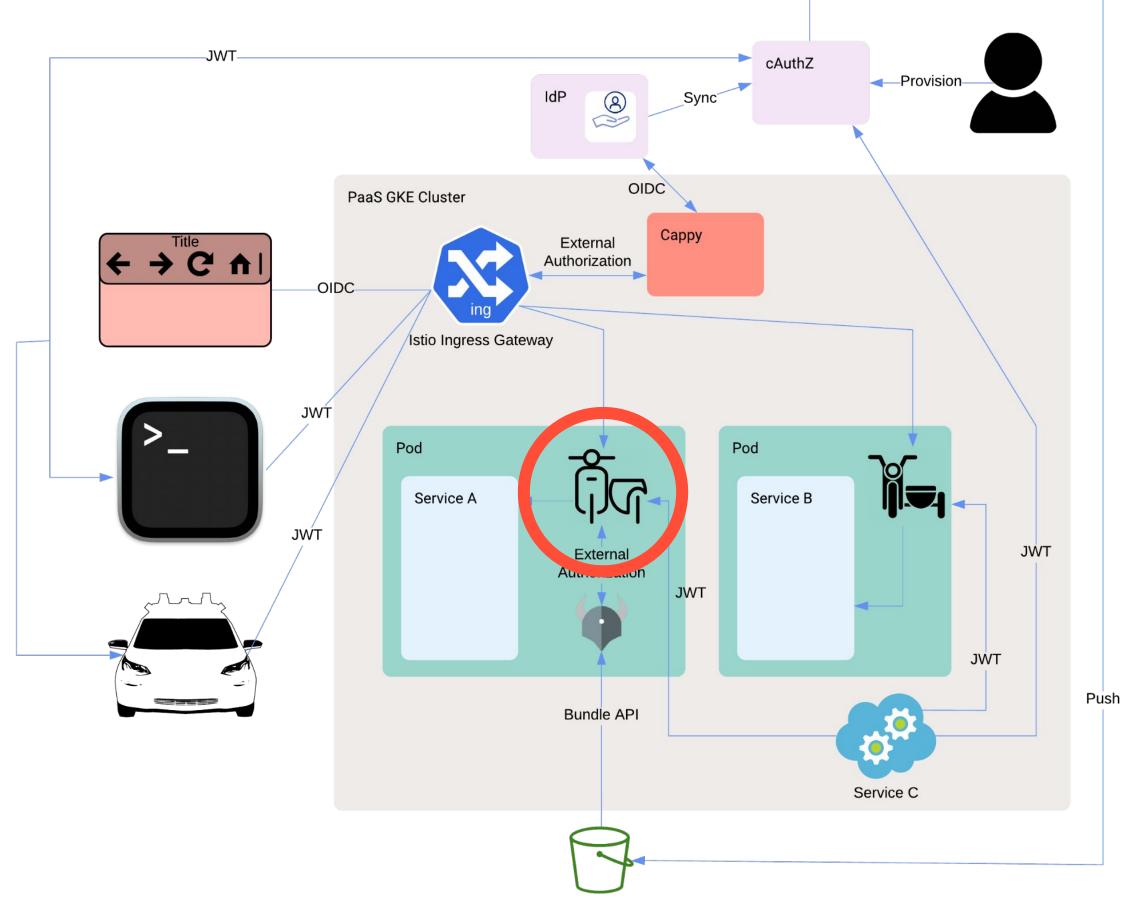
### Istio Ingress





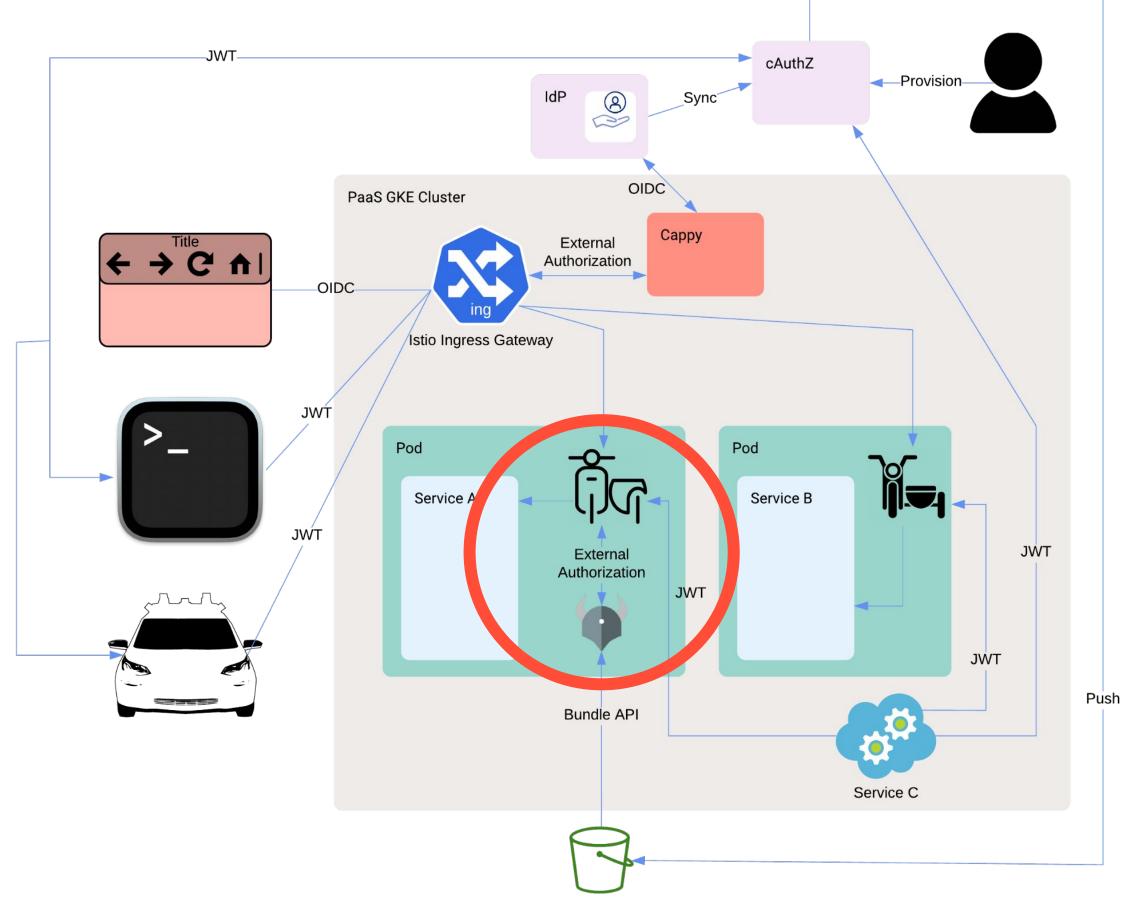
### Istio Ingress Istio Proxy





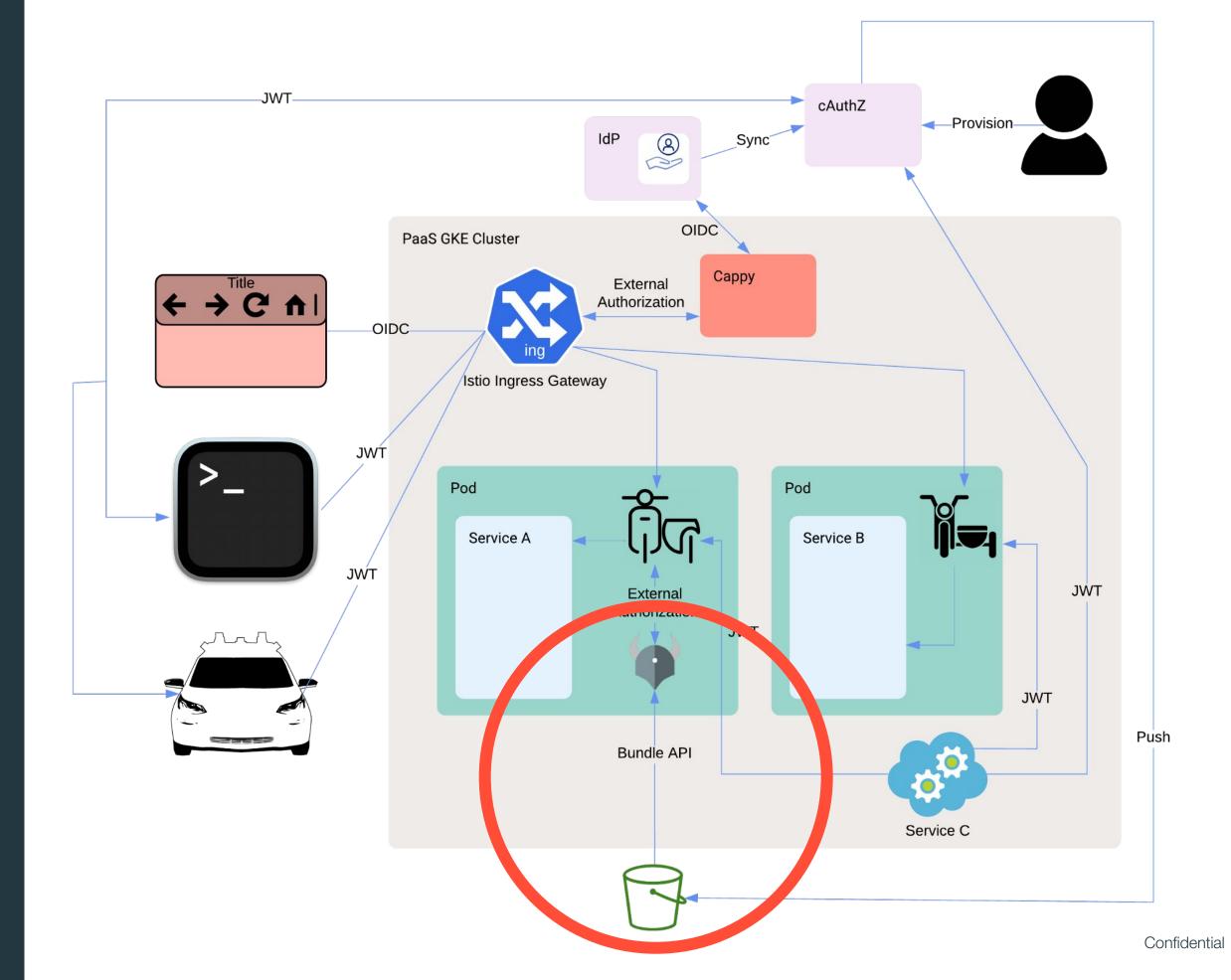
# Istio Ingress Istio Proxy Open Policy Agent

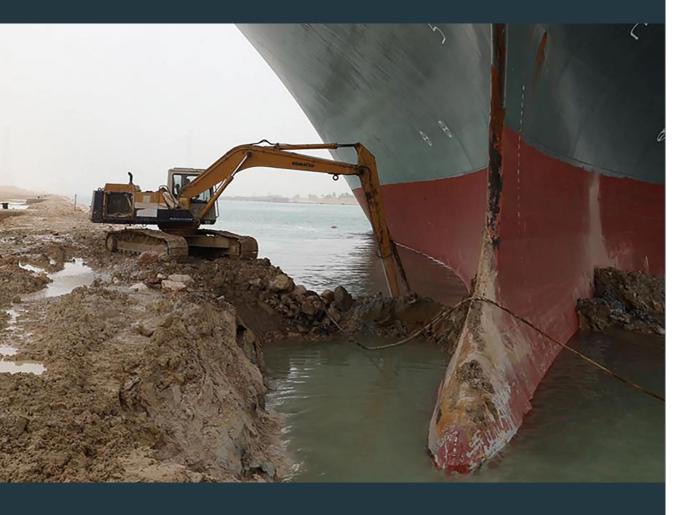




# Istio Ingress Istio Proxy Open Policy Agent







### • Nginx -> Envoy Ingress

- Ingress -> VirtualService
- o istioctl convert-ingress
- SxS via DNS CNAME

### Onboarding to Cappy

- Start with opt-in
- Double authentication requires no service changes
- Integrate with existing libraries & sidecars

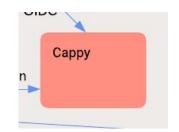
#### Istio Proxy

o istio-injection=enabled

### OPA Agent

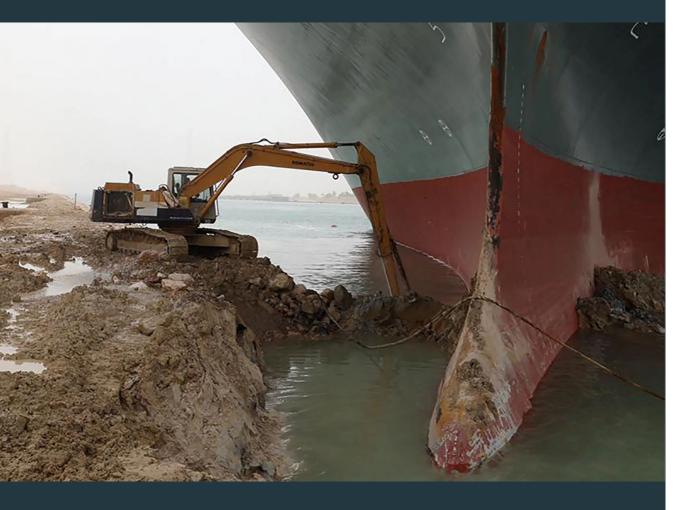
- Start with opt-in
- o opa-agent=enabled
- Single rego with different data per-service
- Coarse-grained, route-based authorization (stateless)
- Fine-grained authorization is still done in service (stateful)

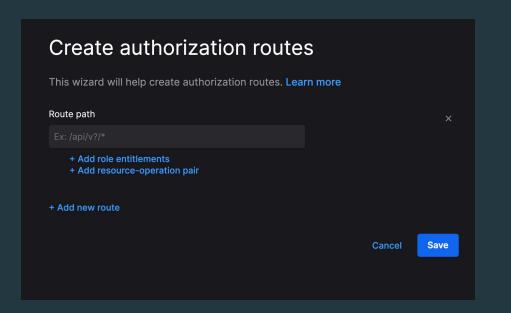












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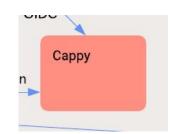
### OPA Agent

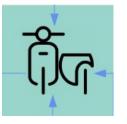
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### Policy Generation and Deployment

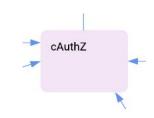
- New UI & CI/CD process to push policies to cAuthZ
- Serialization of policies & group membership pushed to buckets

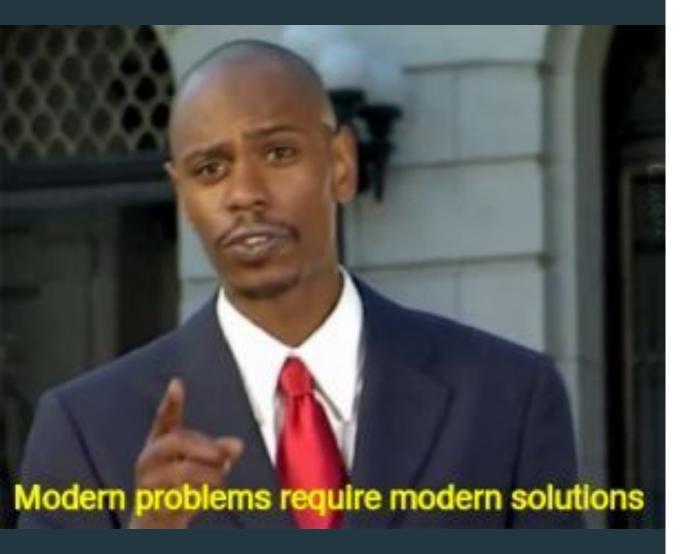














- Authentication and authorization are now opt-out and not opt-in
  - "all our services have authN & authZ"
- Authorization policy lives outside of the service
  - Managed, iterated on & audited centrally
- Using open-source and battle tested software instead of custom solutions
  - Participate in open-source ecosystem where our contributions help others
- Can iterate without having to effect service owners
  - Create new auth paradigms without requiring work be done on each service



- Istio sidecars can be leveraged further
  - Transparent mTLS between services (inc. ingress -> service)
  - SPIFFE service identity (to replace API keys)
- Support custom rego policies for both stateful and stateless authorization
  - Rego modules can be (re)used to provide vetted functionality
  - CI pipeline around rego can provide lint, validation, approval, etc.

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## Thank you!



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