

Serial-to-WiFi AT Commands Configuration Examples

To Create HTTP, HTTPS, and EAP Connections

User Guide

GS2K-HTTP-EAP-UG-001213

Modules
GS2011M and GS2100M

GainSpan® 802.11b/g/n Ultra-Low Power Wi-Fi® Series Modules

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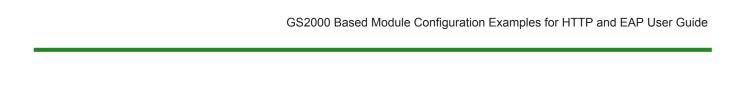
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Contact Information

In an effort to improve the quality of this document, please notify GainSpan Technical Assistance at 1.408.627.6500 in North America or +91 80 42526503 outside North America .

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About This Manual

This manual provides GS2000 based module evaluation kit examples for using Serial-to-WiFi AT commands to create HTTP, HTTPS, and EAP connections.

Refer to the following sections:

- Revision History, page 5
- Audience, page 5
- Standards, page 5
- Documentation Conventions, page 6
- Documentation, page 9
- References, page 11
- Contacting GainSpan Technical Support, page 12
- Returning Products to GainSpan, page 13
- Accessing the GainSpan Portal, page 14

Revision History

This version of the GainSpan GS2000 Based Module Configuration Examples User Guide (for using Serial-WiFi AT Commands to Create HTTP, HTTPS, and EAP Connections) contains the following new information listed in Table 1, page 5.

Table 1 Revision History

Version	Date		Remarks
1.0	January 2014	Initial Release	

Audience

This manual is designed to setup, create, and run connection examples for HTTP, HTTPS, and EAP.

Standards

The standards that are supported by the GainSpan GS module supports IEEE 802.11b/g/n.

Documentation Conventions

This manual uses the following text and syntax conventions:

- Special text fonts represent particular commands, keywords, variables, or window sessions
- Color text indicates cross-reference hyper links to supplemental information
- Command notation indicates commands, subcommands, or command elements

Table 2, page 6, describes the text conventions used in this manual for software procedures that are explained using the AT command line interface.

Table 2 Document Text Conventions

Convention Type	Description	
command syntax monospaced font	This monospaced font represents command strings entered on a command line and sample source code.	
monospaced font	AT XXXX	
Proportional font	Gives specific details about a parameter.	
description	<data> DATA</data>	
UPPERCASE Variable parameter	Indicates user input. Enter a value according to the descriptions that follow. Each uppercased token expands into one or more other token.	
lowercase Keyword parameter	Indicates keywords. Enter values exactly as shown in the command description.	
[] Square brackets	Enclose optional parameters. Choose none; or select one or more an unlimited number of times each. Do not enter brackets as part of any command.	
	[parm1 parm2 parm3]	
? Question mark	Used with the square brackets to limit the immediately following token to one occurrence.	
<esc></esc>	Each escape sequence $\langle ESC \rangle$ starts with the ASCII character 27 (0x1B). This is equivalent to the Escape key.	
Escape sequence	<esc>C</esc>	
<cr> Carriage return</cr>	Each command is terminated by a carriage return.	
<lf></lf>	Each command is terminated by a line feed.	
Line feed		
<cr> <lf></lf></cr>	Each response is started with a carriage return and line feed with some exceptions.	
Carriage return Line feed		

Table 2 Document Text Conventions (Continued)

Convention Type	Description
<>	Enclose a numeric range, endpoints inclusive. Do not enter angle brackets as part of any command.
Angle brackets	<ssid></ssid>
=	Separates the variable from explanatory text. Is entered as part of the command.
Equal sign	PROCESSID = <cid></cid>
	Allows the repetition of the element that immediately follows it multiple times. Do not enter as part of the command.
dot (period)	.AA:NN can be expanded to 1:01 1:02 1:03.
A.B.C.D	IPv4-style address.
IP address	10.0.11.123
	IPv6-style address.
X:X::X:X IPv6 IP address	3ffe:506::1 Where the : : represents all 0x for those address components not explicitly given.
LINE	Indicates user input of any string, including spaces. No other parameters may be entered after input for this token.
End-to-line input token	string of words
WORD	Indicates user input of any contiguous string (excluding spaces).
Single token	singlewordnospaces

Table 3, page 8, describes the symbol conventions used in this manual for notification and important instructions.

Table 3 Symbol Conventions

Icon	Type	Description
=	Note	Provides helpful suggestions needed in understanding a feature or references to material not available in the manual.
•	Alert	Alerts you of potential damage to a program, device, or system or the loss of data or service.
<u> </u>	Caution	Cautions you about a situation that could result in minor or moderate bodily injury if not avoided.
/	Warning	Warns you of a potential situation that could result in death or serious bodily injury if not avoided.
	Electro-Static Discharge (ESD)	Notifies you to take proper grounding precautions before handling a product.

Documentation

The GainSpan documentation suite listed in Table 4, page 9 includes the part number, documentation name, and a description of the document. The documents are available from the GainSpan Portal. Refer to Accessing the GainSpan Portal, page 14 for details.

Table 4 Documentation List

Part Number	Document Title	Description
GS2K-QS-001205	GainSpan GS2000 Based Module Kit Quick Start Guide	Provides an easy to follow guide on how to unpack and setup GainSpan GS2000 based module kit for the GS2011M and GS2100M modules.
GS2K-EVB-FP-UG-001206	GainSpan GS2000 Based Module Programming User Guide	Provides users steps to program the on-board Flash on the GainSpan GS2000 based modules using DOS or Graphical User Interface utility provided by GainSpan. The user guide uses the evaluation boards as a reference example board.
GS2K-SMP-EXP-UG-001207	GainSpan GS2000 Based Module Sample Examples for using Serial-to-WiFi AT Commands to Create TCP or UDP Connection User Guide	Provides an easy to follow instructions on how to setup, create, and run connection examples for UDP client/server and TCP client/server. This manual also provides instructions for provisioning the board, setting up Limited AP mode, and WiFi Protected Setup (WPS), and Web provisioning over Ad-hoc.
GS2011-S2W-APP-PRG-RG-001208	GainSpan Serial-to-WiFi Adapter Application Programmer Reference Guide	Provides a complete listing of AT serial commands, including configuration examples for initiating, maintaining, and evaluating GainSpan WiFi GS2011M series modules.
GS2100-S2W-APP-PRG-RG-001208	GainSpan Serial-to-WiFi Adapter Application Programmer Reference Guide	Provides a complete listing of AT serial commands, including configuration examples for initiating, maintaining, and evaluating GainSpan WiFi GS2100M series modules.
GS2K-SDK-DB-UG-001209	GS2000 Based Module Software Development Kit and Debugging User Guide	This manual provides SDK user installation instructions, IAR IDE workbench application, and I-Jet hardware used for JTAG Serial-to-WiFi (S2W) and TLS application development and debugging.

Table 4 Documentation List (Continued)

Part Number	Document Title	Description
GS2K-EVB-HW-UG-001210	GainSpan GS2000 Based Module Evaluation Board Hardware User Guide.	Provides instructions on how to setup and use the GS2000 based module evaluation board along with component description, jumper settings, board specifications, and pinouts.
GS2011M-DS-001211	GainSpan GS2011M Low Power WiFi Module Data Sheet	Provides information to help WiFi system designers to build systems using GainSpan GS2011M module and develop wireless applications.
GS2100M-DS-001212	GainSpan GS2100M Low Power WiFi Module Data Sheet	Provides information to help WiFi system designers to build systems using GainSpan GS2100M module and develop wireless applications.
GS2K-HTTP-EAP-UG-001213	GainSpan GS2000 Based Module Configuration Examples for using Serial-to-WiFi AT Commands to Create HTTP, HTTPS, and EAP Connection User Guide	Provides an easy to follow instructions on how to setup, create, and run connection examples for HTTP, HTTPS, and EAP.
GS2011MxxS-DS-001214	GainSpan GS2011MxxS Low Power WiFi Module Data Sheet	Provides information to help WiFi system designers to build systems using GainSpan GS2011MxxS module and develop wireless applications.
GS2K-SDK-BLDR-UG-001223	GainSpan GS2000 Based Module Software Developer Kit (SDK) Builder User Guide	Allows OEMs and system developers to configure and generate custom firmware binary images for GainSpan low power embedded GS2000 based WiFi modules. The SDK Builder supports the GainSpan GEPS software released, including the corresponding WLAN firmware.
GS2K-SDK-QS-001225	GainSpan GS2000 Based Module Software Development Kit Quick Start Guide	Provides an easy to follow guide that will walk you through easy steps to setup, evaluation, develop, and debug the full capabilities and features of the GS2011M or GS2100M embedded platform software.

Documentation Feedback

We encourage you to provide feedback, comments, and suggestions so that we can improve the documentation. You can send your comments by logging into GainSpan Support Portal. If you are using e-mail, be sure to include the following information with your comments:

- Document name
- URL or page number
- Hardware release version (if applicable)
- Software release version (if applicable)

References

The GainSpan references listed in Table 5, page 11 are available on the GainSpan Portal. Refer to Accessing the GainSpan Portal, page 14 for details.

Table 5 Other Documents and References

Title	Description
Schematics	GS2000 Based Module Evaluation Board schematics supporting: GS2011M GS2100M
Module Firmware and Programming Utilities	 Serial-to-WiFi (S2W) based firmware Temperature and Light Sensor (TLS) based firmware For use with GS2011M EVK only Firmware Release Notes GSFlashprogram utility for programming the modules
Smart Phone Applications	 Smart Phone applications for iOS and Android to evaluate and demonstrate the Temperature and Light Sensor (TLS) firmware. For use with GS2011M EVK only
Software Utilities	Serial terminal program to evaluate and demonstrate Serial-to-WiFi (S2W) applications

Contacting GainSpan Technical Support

Use the information listed in Table 6, page 12, to contact the GainSpan Technical Support.

Table 6 GainSpan Technical Support Contact Information

North America	1 (408) 627-6500 - techsupport@gainspan.com	
Outside North America	Europe: EUsupport@gainspan.com China: Chinasupport@gainspan.com	
	Asia: Asiasupport@gainspan.com	
Postal Address	GainSpan Corporation 3590 North First Street Suite 300 San Jose, CA 95134 U.S.A.	

For more Technical Support information or assistance, perform the following steps:

- 1. Point your browser to http://www.gainspan.com.
- 2. Click Contact, and click Request Support.
- 3. Log in using your customer **Email** and **Password**.
- 4. Select the **Location**.
- 5. Select **Support Question** tab.
- 6. Select Add New Question.
- 7. Enter your technical support question, product information, and a brief description.

The following information is displayed:

- Telephone number contact information by region
- Links to customer profile, dashboard, and account information
- Links to product technical documentation
- Links to PDFs of support policies

Returning Products to GainSpan

If a problem cannot be resolved by GainSpan technical support, a Return Material Authorization (RMA) is issued. This number is used to track the returned material at the factory and to return repaired or new components to the customer as needed.



NOTE: Do not return any components to GainSpan Corporation unless you have first obtained an RMA number. GainSpan reserves the right to refuse shipments that do not have an RMA. Refused shipments will be returned to the customer by collect freight.

For more information about return and repair policies, see the customer support web page at: https://www.gainspan.com/secure/login.

To return a hardware component:

- 1. Determine the part number and serial number of the component.
- 2. Obtain an RMA number from Sales/Distributor Representative.
- 3. Provide the following information in an e-mail or during the telephone call:
 - Part number and serial number of component
 - Your name, organization name, telephone number, and fax number
 - Description of the failure
- 4. The support representative validates your request and issues an RMA number for return of the components.
- 5. Pack the component for shipment.

Guidelines for Packing Components for Shipment

To pack and ship individual components:

- When you return components, make sure they are adequately protected with packing materials and packed so that the pieces are prevented from moving around inside the carton.
- Use the original shipping materials if they are available.
- Place individual components in electrostatic bags.
- Write the RMA number on the exterior of the box to ensure proper tracking.



CAUTION! Do not stack any of the components.

Accessing the GainSpan Portal

To find the latest version of GainSpan documentation supporting the GainSpan product release you are interested in, you can search the GainSpan Portal website by performing the following steps:



NOTE: You must first contact GainSpan to set up an account, and obtain a customer user name and password before you can access the GainSpan Portal.

- 1. Go to the GainSpan Support Portal website.
- 2. Log in using your customer Email and Password.
- 3. Click the **Getting Started** tab to view a Quick Start tutorial on how to use various features within the GainSpan Portal.
- 4. Click the **Actions** tab to buy, evaluate, or download GainSpan products.
- 5. Click on the **Documents** tab to search, download, and print GainSpan product documentation.
- 6. Click the **Software** tab to search and download the latest software versions.
- 7. Click the **Account History** tab to view customer account history.
- 8. Click the **Legal Documents** tab to view GainSpan Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA).

Chapter 1 HTTP Examples

This chapter describes the Serial-to-WiFi procedures on how to setup, test, and evaluate HTTP connection examples on GainSpan® GS2011M and GS2100M.

- Requirements, page 15
- Installing Apache Server, page 15
- HTTP GET Examples, page 22
- HTTP POST Examples, page 27

1.1 Requirements

The Serial-to-WiFi application firmware binaries must be loaded onto the GainSpan GS2011M or GS2100M module. For details on how to install the firmware and binaries. Refer to *GainSpan Serial-to-WiFi Adapter Application Programmer Reference Guide*.

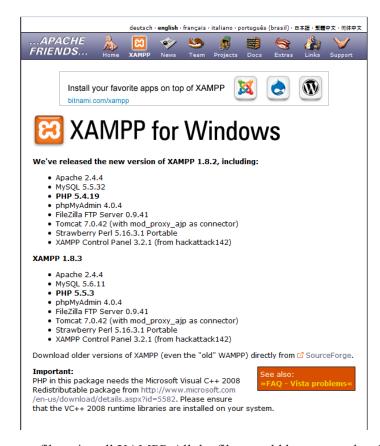
1.2 Installing Apache Server

This section provides instructions on how to install the Apache server in a Windows environment and provides several HTTP GET/POST examples using the Serial-to-WiFi application.

1.2.1 Install Apache Server in Windows

1. Open a Windows browser and download the XAMPP program from the http://www.apachefriends.org/en/xampp-windows.html (see Figure 1, page 16).

Figure 1 Download Apache Server Program



2. Run the setup file to install XAMPP. All the files would be extracted to C:\xampp\.

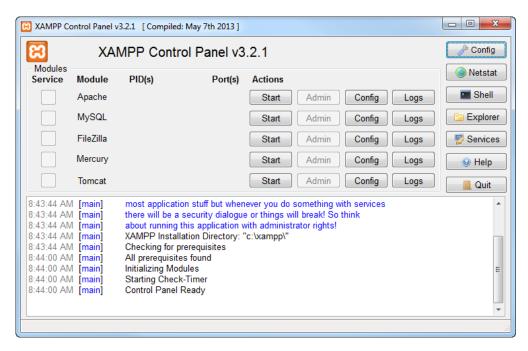


NOTE: Turn off your network connections and close all web browsers to avoid any error during the installation process.

1.2.2 Run Apache Web Server

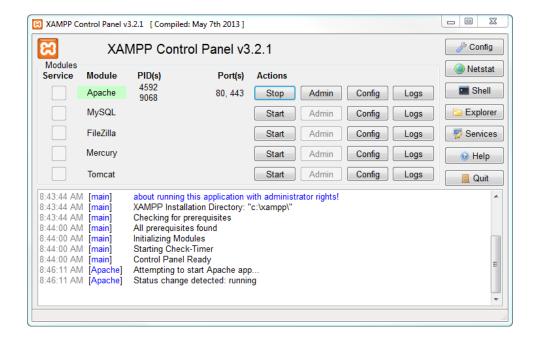
1. Browse to C:\xampp\ and download the latest XAMPP application. The XAMPP Control Panel will display (see Figure 2, page 17).

Figure 2 XAMPP Control Panel



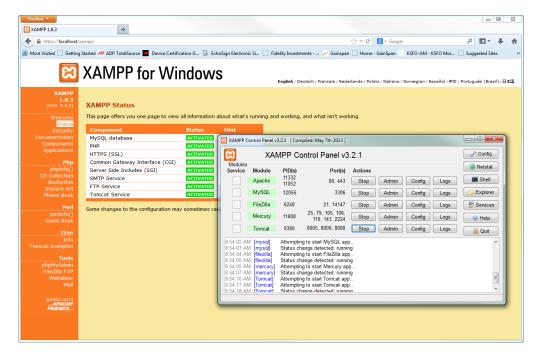
2. Click the **Start** button to start the Apache Web server (see Figure 3, page 17).

Figure 3 Starting the Apache Web Server



3. After starting Apache, go to the web address: http://localhost/ or http://127.0.0.1/ in your browser. This will verify that the web server is running properly (see Figure 4, page 18).

Figure 4 Verifying Web Server Running



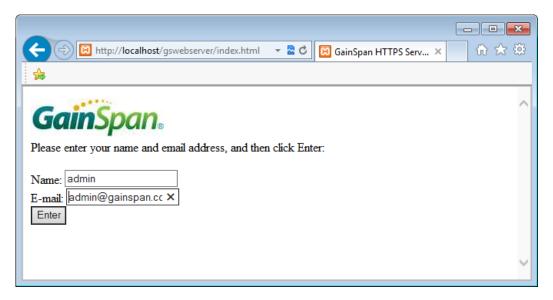
4. GainSpan provides several example web pages for users to verify that the Apache Server is configured properly to access these web pages. Copy the GainSpan example: "gswebserver" folder into C:\xampp\htdocs\.



NOTE: The "gswebserver" folder is bundled with under the SW Utilities folder in the EVK package.

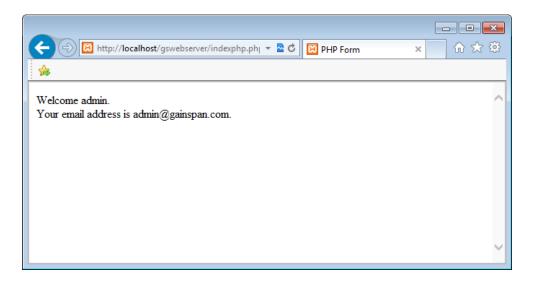
- 5. To test the **index.html** web page, open a web browser and go to one of the following addresses:
 - http://localhost/gswebserver/index.html or
 - http://127.0.0.1/gswebserver/post.html
- 6. Enter the **Name** and **Email address** details and click the **Enter** button (see Figure 5, page 19).

Figure 5 Enter Name and Email Address Information



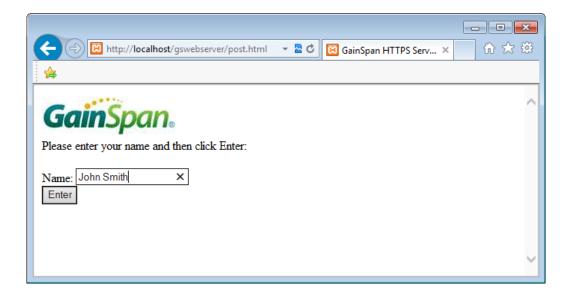
7. The GainSpan Name and Email address will display (see Figure 6, page 19).

Figure 6 GainSpan Server Email Address Displayed



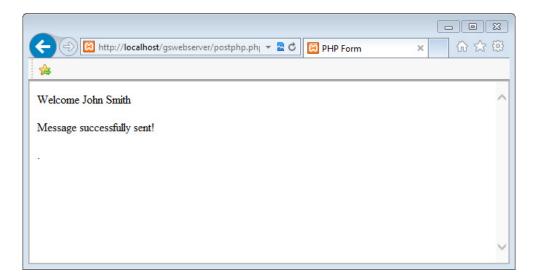
- 8. Test the **post.html** web page, by opening a web browser and go to one of the following addresses:
 - http://localhost/gswebserver/post.html or
 - http://127.0.0.1/gswebserver/post.html
- 9. Enter the **Name** and click the **Enter** button (see Figure 7, page 20).

Figure 7 Test the Post HTML Web Page



10. A welcome message will display (see Figure 8, page 21).

Figure 8 Message Sent



1.3 HTTP GET Examples

This section describes how to setup the HTTP GET using the Serial-to-WiFi application.

For a list of available HTTP Client Configuration commands, refer to the *GainSpan Serial-to-WiFi Adapter Application Programmer Reference Guide*.

1.3.1 HTTP GET on Local Apache Server

This example shows how to perform HTTP GET on a local Apache Server.

Before you begin, you will first need to setup a GainSpan Network (GSN) as HTTP Client and access the HTTP Server running on a Windows PC (see Figure 9, page 23).

- 1. Open a Tera Term window.
- 2. Associate with an Access Point (AP).

```
AT+NDHCP=1
OK
AT+WA=GainSpanDemo,,6
OK
```

3. Configure the HTTP parameters.

```
AT+HTTPCONF=20, Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US) AppleWebKit/534.7 (KHTML, like Gecko)Chrome/7.0.517.44Safari/534.7 AT+HTTPCONF=7, application/x-www-form-urlencoded AT+HTTPCONF=11,192.168.3.119 AT+HTTPCONF=3, keep-alive
```

4. Initiate HTTP client connection to the server.

```
AT+HTTPOPEN=192.168.3.119,80
```

5. Perform HTTP GET.

```
AT+HTTPSEND=0,1,10,/gswebserver/index.html
```

Figure 9 Example HTTP GET Configuration Setup

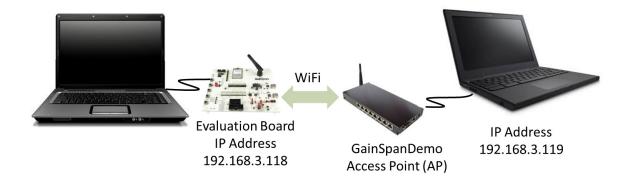


Figure 10 HTTP GET on Local Apache Server

```
COMSSOURCE To Control Window Help

SerialZURFA PPP

Of THORGET

OF THIR 255.255.255.8 192.188.2.1

Of THIR COMTSON PORT 11.192.188.2.1

Of THIR COMTSON PORT 11.192.188.3.19

Of THIR COMTSON PORT 11.192.188.3.19

Of THIR COMTSON PORT 11.192.188.3.19

Of HIR POOMP - 1, 192.188.3.19

Of H
```

1.3.2 HTTP GET on GainSpan.com

This example shows how to perform an HTTP GET on GainSpan web site.

1. Disassociate from the current network.

AT+WD

2. Enable DHCP.

AT+NDHCP=1

3. Associate to a specified SSID, BSSID, and Channel.

```
AT+WA = <SSID>, <BSSID>, <CHANNEL>
```

AT+WA=GainSpanDemo,,6

4. Query DNS Server for the IP address of hostname URL.

```
AT+DNSLOOKUP=www.gainspan.com
```

5. Configure the HTTP header parameter "GSN HTTP HEADER USER AGENT"

```
AT+HTTPCONF=20, User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US; rv:1.9.1.9) Gecko/20100315 Firefox/3.5.9
```

6. Configure the HTTP header connection parameter "GSN_HTTP_HEADER_CONNECTION". If it is a one-time HTTP GET, set the parameter to "close".

```
AT+HTTPCONF=3, close
```

If user wants to do consecutive HTTP GET on the same CID, and given that a server do keep the connection open after HTTP GET is complete, set the parameter to "keep alive"

```
AT+HTTPCONF=3, keep-alive
```

7. Configure the HTTP header host parameter "GSN HTTP HEADER HOST"

```
AT+HTTPCONF=11,23.23.181.241
```

8. Open HTTP client connection. This will return a unique CID.

```
AT+HTTPOPEN=23.23.181.241,80
```

9. Send HTTP request to the server using the CID from the previous step.

```
AT+HTTPSEND=<CID>, <type: get=1, post=3>, <timeout>, <page>[,size of the content]
```

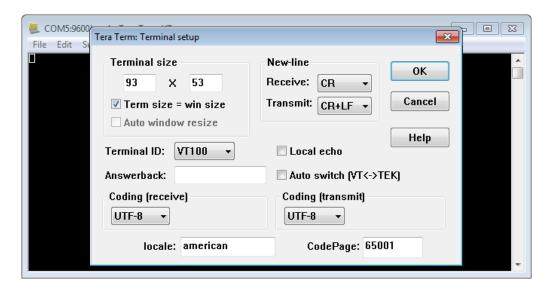
```
AT+HTTPSEND=1,1,10,/
```

1.3.2.1 HTTP GET on Gainspan.com Tera Term Output

This example shows how to perform an HTTP GET on GainSpan with Tera Term output.

1. Change the Tera Term New-line Transmit to: **CR+LF** (see Figure 11, page 25). Click the **OK** button.

Figure 11 Changing Tera Term Settings



2. Associate with AP.

```
AT+NDHCP=1
AT+WWPA=password
AT+WA=GainSpanDemo,,11
```

3. Start TCP Client to the GainSpan IP and port 80.

```
AT+NCTCP=192.168.3.117,80
```

- 4. Send data to remote server by using the <ESC>S sequence and the CID number.
 - Enter the [ESC] key
 - Enter the [S] key
 - Enter the [CID number from Step 3]
- 5. Copy the highlighted text (the new line should also be copied), and paste it on Tera Term (via the Edit menu, choose Paste option).

```
GET/HTTP/1.1
User-Agent:Mozilla/5.0(Windows;U;Windows NT
5.1;en-US;rv:1.9.1.0)Gecko/20100315
Firefox/3.5.9
Host:192.168.3.124:80
Accept:*/*
```

```
Connection:keep-alive
[new line]
[new line]
```

- 6. Indicate end of transmission by using the <ESC>E sequence.
 - Enter the [ESC] key
 - Enter the [E] key
- 7. The output of HTTP GET will now be displayed as output in the Tera Term window. Since the GainSpan HTTP server closes the connection after HTTP GET is complete, you will see the following output message:

DISCONNECT<cid>

8. To issue another HTTP GET, repeat Steps 2 through 6. If the HTTP server closes the connection after the HTTP GET is complete, then you must issue a HTTP OPEN prior to every HTTP GET. Gainspan.com is an example of such a server.

1.4 HTTP POST Examples

This section describes the steps to perform a HTTP POST command using the Serial-to-WiFi application.

1.4.1 HTTP POST on Local Apache Server

1. Associate with AP (see Figure 12, page 28).

```
AT+NDHCP=1
AT+WA=GainSpanDemo,,6
```

2. Configure the HTTP parameters.

```
AT+HTTPCONF=20, Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US) AppleWebKit/534.7 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/7.0.517.44 Safari/534.7 AT+HTTPCONF=7, application/x-www-form-urlencoded AT+HTTPCONF=11,192.168.3.116 AT+HTTPCONF=3, keep-alive
```

3. Initiate HTTP client connection to the server.

```
AT+HTTPOPEN=192.168.3.116,80
```

4. Perform HTTP POST.

```
AT+HTTPSEND=2,3,10,/gswebserver/post.html,5
```

- Enter the [ESC] key
- Enter the [H] key
- Enter the CID
- Enter the text you want to POST

Figure 12 HTTP POST Command Using Serial-to-WiFi Application

```
COMS-9600baud-TersTerm VT

File Edit Setup Control Window Help

at "underp-1

at "una-casinSpanDeno..6

IP Subble

Gateway

192.168.3.11

OK

at hetpconf=28, Mozilla/S.8 (Windows; U; Windows NI 5.1; en=US) AppleWebKit/S34.7(RHIML, like Gecko) Chrone/7.8.517.44 Safari/53

OK

at hetpconf=7, application/x-www-forn-urlencoded

at hetpconf=11,192.168.3.3.116

OK

at hetpconf=13,192.168.3.3.116

OK

at hetponen=192.168.3.116,88

OK

at hetpsond=2,3.18,/gswebserver/post.html,5

OK

at hetpsond=2,3.18,/gswebserver/post.html,5

OK

at hetpsond=2,3.18,/gswebserver/post.html,5

OK

clink rel="sbortcut icon" heff="/fauicon.ico"/>

/head)

/h
```

Chapter 2 HTTPS Examples

This chapter describes the Serial-to-WiFi procedures on how to setup, test, evaluate, and generate self-signed certificates for HTTPS GET/POST connection examples on GainSpan® GS2011M and GS2100M.

- Requirements, page 29
- Installing Apache Server, page 29
- HTTPS GET Example, page 48
- HTTPS POST Example, page 51
- Using SSLOPEN Command, page 53

2.1 Requirements

The Serial-to-WiFi application firmware binaries must be loaded onto the GainSpan GS2011M or GS2100M module. For details on how to install the firmware and binaries. Refer to *GainSpan Serial-to-WiFi Adapter Application Programmer Reference Guide*.

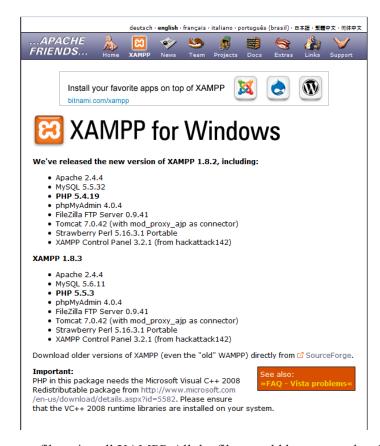
2.2 Installing Apache Server

This section provides instructions on how to install the Apache server in a Windows environment and provides several HTTPS GET/POST examples using the Serial-to-WiFi application.

2.2.1 Install Apache Server in Windows

1. Open a Windows browser and download the XAMPP program from the http://www.apachefriends.org/en/xampp-windows.html (see Figure 13, page 30).

Figure 13 Download Apache Server Program



2. Run the setup file to install XAMPP. All the files would be extracted to C:\xampp\.

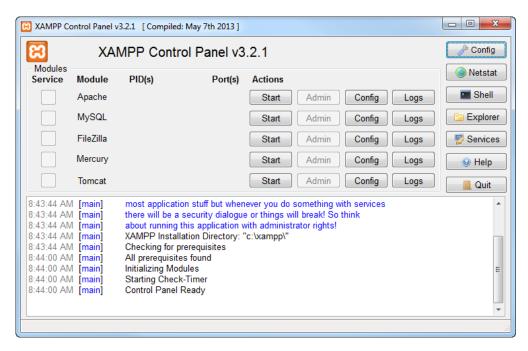


NOTE: Turn off your network connections and close all web browsers to avoid any errors during the installation process.

2.2.2 Run Apache Web Server

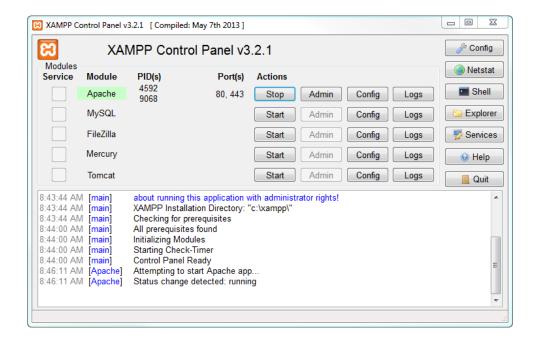
1. Browse to C:\xampp\ and download the latest XAMPP application. The XAMPP Control Panel will display (see Figure 14, page 31).

Figure 14 XAMPP Control Panel



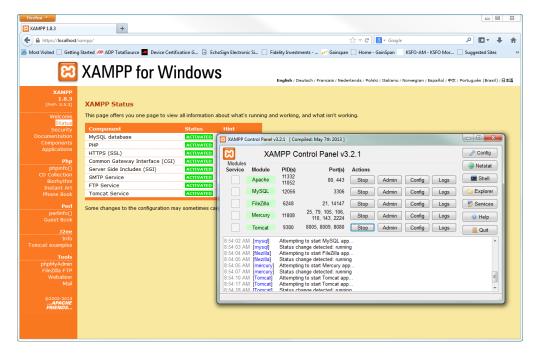
2. Click the **Start** button to start the Apache Web server (see Figure 15, page 31).

Figure 15 Starting the Apache Web Server



3. After starting Apache, go to the web address: http://localhost/ or http://127.0.0.1/ in your browser. This will verify that the web server is running properly (see Figure 16, page 32).

Figure 16 Verifying Web Server Running



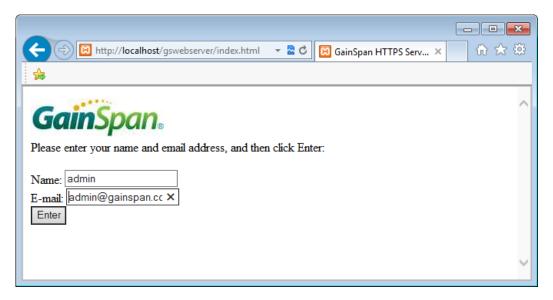
4. GainSpan provides several example web pages for users to verify that the Apache Server is configured properly to access the web pages. Copy the GainSpan example: "gswebserver" folder into **C:\xampp\htdocs**.



NOTE: The "gswebserver" folder is bundled with your EVK package.

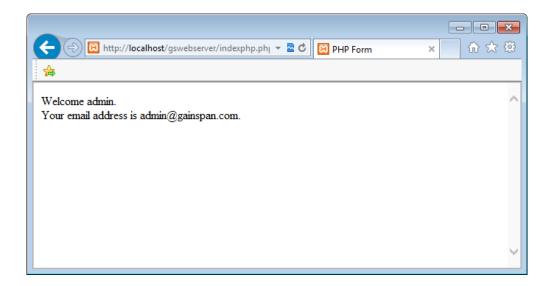
- 5. To test the **index.html** web page, open a web browser and go to one of the following addresses:
 - http://localhost/gswebserver/index.html or
 - http://127.0.0.1/gswebserver/post.html
- 6. Enter the **Name** and **Email address** details and click the **Enter** button (see Figure 17, page 33).

Figure 17 Enter Name and Email Address Information



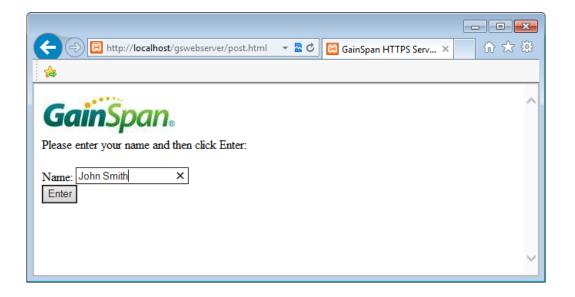
7. The GainSpan Name and Email address will display (see Figure 18, page 33).

Figure 18 GainSpan Server Email Address Displayed



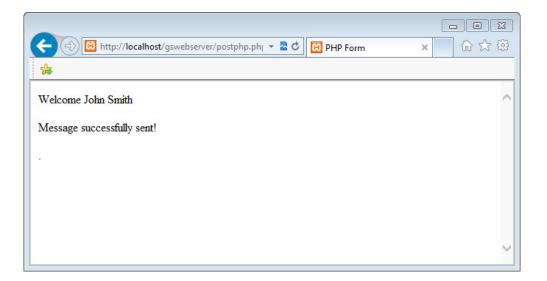
- 8. Test the **post.html** web page, by opening a web browser and go to one of the following addresses (see Figure 19, page 34):
 - http://localhost/gswebserver/post.html or
 - http://127.0.0.1/gswebserver/post.html
- 9. Enter the **Name** and click the **Enter** button (see Figure 20, page 35)

Figure 19 Test the Post HTML Web Page



10. A welcome message will display (see Figure 20, page 35).

Figure 20 Message Sent



2.2.3 HTTPS Server Configuration

2.2.3.1 How To Install OpenSSL

- 1. Download and Install Perl from the following link: http://activestate.com/Products/activeperl/
- 2. Follow the on screen instructions. Download and install Visual C++ 2008 Redistributables from:

http://www.slproweb.com/products/Win32OpenSSL.html

Download the appropriate version for your operating system. For example, if using WinXP 32-bit machine, one would download the "Visual C++ 2008 Redistributables"

 Download the OpenSSL installer from: http://www.slproweb.com/products/Win32OpenSSL.html

Download the appropriate version for your operating system. For example, if using WinXP 32-bit machine, one would download the "Win32 OpenSSL v1.0.1c".

- 4. Add C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin to Windows system PATH variable as shown in the steps below:
 - a. Open the Windows **Start** menu, right click **Computer**, and click **Properties** (see Figure 21, page 37).
 - b. Open the **Advanced System Settings** and click the **Advanced** tab.

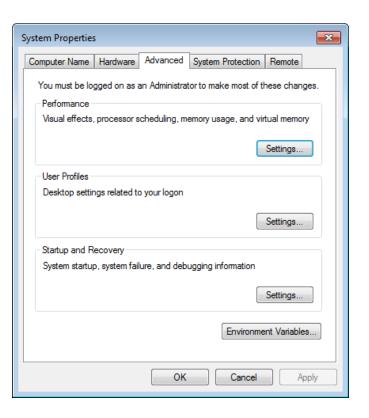
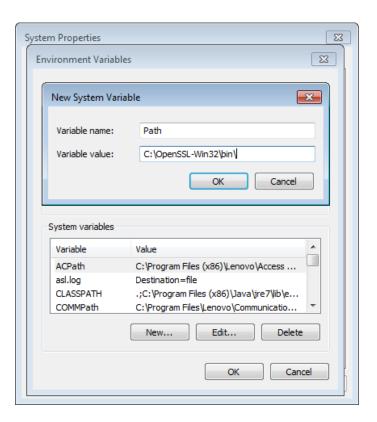


Figure 21 Edit System Variables

c. Click the **Environment Variables** button. Search for 'Path' in System variables, and add **C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin** to the Variable value (see Figure 22, page 38). Click the **OK** button.

Figure 22 Add New System Variable Name and Value



2.2.4 Generating Certificates

This section describes steps to generate the certificates for one-way or two-way authentication (see Table 7, page 39).

Table 7 Certificates

SSL Entity	Description	Generated Files
Certificate Authority	The CA (Certificate Authority) is the entity that issues trusted digital certificates. The CA issues public key certificates, which is used to verify a certificate's public key and that it belongs to the owner mentioned in the certificate. The CA could be a third party or implemented by the owner.	• cacer.der
Server	The Server provides its certificate to the browser and can also request for a certificate from the Client. The Client validates the Server certificate using the CA's public key.	l l
Client	The Client provides its certificates if the Server requests for Client authentication. The Server verifies the Client certificate using the CA's public key.	client.crt client.key.der

2.2.4.1 Creating Own Certificate Authority

To generate your own certificates on a Windows machine. Open the command prompt and run the following commands.

1. Creating Own Certificate Authority (see Figure 23, page 40).

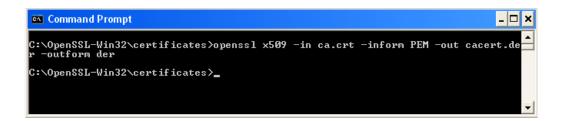
```
openssl genrsa -des3 -out ca.key 1024 openssl req -new -x509 -days 30 -key ca.key -out ca.crt
```

Figure 23 Creating Own Certificate Authority

2. Converting the CA Certificate from PEM to DER format (see Figure 24, page 41).

openssl $\times 509$ -in ca.crt -inform PEM -out cacert.der -outform der

Figure 24 Converting CA Certificate from PEM to DER



2.2.4.2 Generating Server Certificate

1. Generate Server Certificate (Figure 25, page 42).

```
openssl genrsa -des3 -out server.key 1024 openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
```

Figure 25 Generate Server Certificate

2. Signing the Server Certificate using own CA (see Figure 26, page 43).

```
openssl x509 -req -days 30 -in server.csr -CA ca.crt -CAkey ca.key -set_serial 01 -out server.crt
```

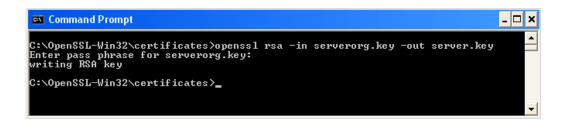
Figure 26 Sign Server Certificate Using Existing CA

```
C:\OpenSSL-Win32\certificates\openssl x509 -req -days 30 -in server.csr -CA ca.c rt -CAkey ca.key -set_serial 01 -out server.crt
Loading 'screen' into random state - done
Signature ok
subject=/C=US/ST=California/L=San Jose/O=Gainspan/OU=APENG/CN=gssslserver.com/em
ailAddress=gssslserver@gainspan.com
Getting CA Private Key
Enter pass phrase for ca.key:
C:\OpenSSL-Win32\certificates\_
```

3. Remove the password from your key (first rename server.key to serverorg.key), (see Figure 27, page 44).

openssl rsa -in serverorg.key -out server.key

Figure 27 Remove Password from Existing Key



2.2.4.3 Generating Client Certificate

1. Generate Client Certificate (see Figure 28, page 45).

```
openssl genrsa -des3 -out client.key 1024 openssl reg -new -key client.key -out client.csr
```

Figure 28 Generate Client Certificate

2. Signing the Client Certificate using own CA (see Figure 29, page 46).

```
openssl x509 -req -days 30 -in client.csr -CA ca.crt -CAkey ca.key -set_serial 01 -out client.crt
```

Figure 29 Signing Client Certificate Using Own CA

```
C:\OpenSSL-Win32\certificates\openssl x509 -req -days 30 -in client.csr -CA ca.c rt -CAkey ca.key -set_serial 01 -out client.crt
Loading 'screen' into random state - done
Signature ok
subject=/C=US/ST=California/L=San Jose/O=Gainspan/OU=APENG/CN=gssslclient.com/em
ailAddress=gssslclient@gainspan.com
Getting CA Private Key
Enter pass phrase for ca.key:
C:\OpenSSL-Win32\certificates>
```

3. Converting the Client Certificate from PEM to DER format (see Figure 30, page 46).

```
openssl x509 -in client.crt -inform PEM -out client.der -outform der
```

Figure 30 Converting Client Certificate from PEM to DER

```
C:\OpenSSL-Win32\certificates>openssl x509 -in client.crt -inform PEM -out cliet.der -outform der
C:\OpenSSL-Win32\certificates>
```

4. Remove the password from your key (first rename client.key to clientorg.key) (see Figure 31, page 47).

openssl rsa -in clientorg.key -out client.key.der

Figure 31 Remove Password from Your Key

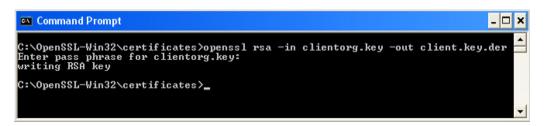
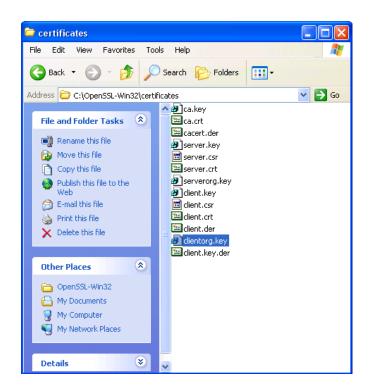


Figure 32, page 47 shows the generated files.

Figure 32 Generated Open SSL Certificate Files



2.3 HTTPS GET Example

To have a secured Apache server you need to put 'server.crt' in /xampp/apache/conf/ssl.crt and the 'server.key' in /xampp/apache/conf/ssl.key. Make sure that the 'httpd-ssl.conf' configuration file located in /xampp/apache/conf/extra is configured to allow SSL connection (SSL Engine should be ON).

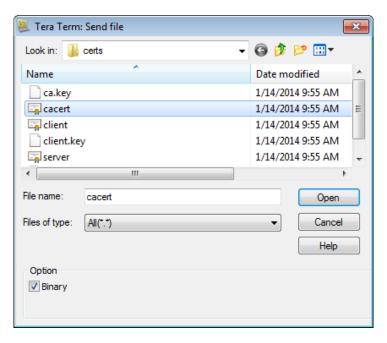
1. Configure the certificate for HTTPS connection.

```
AT+TCERTADD=CACERT, 0,868,1
```

- 2. Add the certificate.
 - Enter the [ESC] key
 - Enter the [W] key

If you are using Tera Term, click on **File** and then select **Send File**. Select the **cacert.der** file. Make sure you check the **Binary option**. Then click **Open** to send the certificate (see Figure 33, page 48).

Figure 33 Tera Term Send File



3. Set the system time (see Figure 34, page 50).

```
AT+SETTIME=7/05/2013,18:00:00
```

4. Associate with AP.

```
AT+NDHCP=1
AT+WA=TEST_AP,,6
```

5. Configure the HTTP parameters (see Figure 34, page 50).

```
AT+HTTPCONF=20, Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US) AppleWebKit/534.7 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/7.0.517.44 Safari/534.7 AT+HTTPCONF=7, application/x-www-form-urlencoded AT+HTTPCONF=11,192.168.3.200 AT+HTTPCONF=3, keep-alive
```

6. Initiate HTTP client connection to the server.

AT+HTTPOPEN=192.168.3.200,443,1,cacert

7. Perform HTTP GET.

AT+HTTPSEND=0,1,10,/gswebserver/index.html

Figure 34 Set System HTTP Parameters

```
🖳 COM6:9600baud - Tera Term VT
 File Edit Setup Control Window Help
 Seria12WiFi APP-Ext.PA
Serial2WiFi APP-Ext.PA
at+ver=??
s2W APP UERSION=2.4.1
s2W GEPS UERSION=2.4.1
s2W WLAN UERSION=2.4.1
s2W BIN TYPE=WEB PROU APP WITH OTAFU ADK
s2W RELEASE TYPE=GA
BUILD TIME=16:12:51
BUILD DATE=Aug 9 2012
WLAN EXT UERSION=1
OK
at+tcertadd=cacert,0,868,1
 οк
OK
at+settime=7/05/2013,18:00:00
OK
at+ndhcp=1
OK
at+httpconf=20,Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US) AppleWebKit/534.7(KHTML, li
ke Gecko) Chrome/7.0.517.44 Safari/534.7
OK
ok
ox
at+httpconf=7,application/x-www-form-urlencoded
OK
at+httpconf=11,192.168.3.200
 at+httpconf=3,keep-alive
OK
at+wa=test_ap,,6
IP
  IP SubNet Gateway
192.168.3.101:255.255.255.0:192.168.3.1
0K
at+httpopen=192.168.3.200,443,1,cacert
0
OK
B0449200 OK=0,1,10,/gswebserver/index.html
<html>
<head>

⟨body⟩
⟨IMG src="logo.gif"⟩ ⟨/br⟩

Please enter your name and email address, and then click Enter: ⟨/br⟩

form action="indexphp.php" method="yet"⟩

Name: ⟨input type="text" name="name" /> ⟨/br⟩

E-mail: ⟨input type="text" name="email" /> ⟨/br⟩
⟨input type="submit" value="Enter" />
⟨form⟩
⟨/form⟩
⟨/body⟩
⟨/html⟩
OK
```

2.4 HTTPS POST Example

1. Configure the certificate for HTTPS connection (see Figure 35, page 52).

```
AT+TCERTADD=CACERT, 0,868,1
```

- 2. Add the certificate.
 - Enter the [ESC] key
 - Enter the [W] key

If you are using Tera Term, click on **File** and then select **Send File**. Select the **cacert.der** file. Make sure you check the **Binary option**. Then click **Open** to send the certificate.

3. Set the system time.

```
AT+SETTIME=7/05/2013,18:00:00
```

4. Associate with AP.

```
AT+NDHCP=1
AT+WA=TEST AP,,6
```

5. Configure the HTTP parameters.

```
AT+HTTPCONF=20, Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; WIndows NT 5.1; en-US) AppleWebKit/534.7 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/7.05.17.44Safari/534.7 AT+HTTPCONF=7, application/x-www-form-urlencoded AT+HTTPCONF=11,192.168.3.200 AT+HTTPCONF=3, keep-alive
```

6. Initiate HTTP client connection to the server.

```
AT+HTTPOPEN=192.168.3.200,443,1,cacert
```

7. Perform HTTP POST.

```
AT+HTTPSEND=0,3,10,/gswebserver/post.html,5
```

- Enter the [ESC] key
- Enter the [H] key
- Enter the CID
- Enter the text you want to POST

Figure 35 HTTPS POST Example

```
🖳 COM6:9600baud - Tera Term VT
    File Edit Setup Control Window Help
   Serial2WiFi APP-Ext.PA
Serial2WiFi APP-Ext.PA
at+ver=??
S2W APP VERSION=2.4.1
S2W GEPS VERSION=2.4.1
S2W WLAN VERSION=2.4.1
S2W BIN TYPE=WEB PROV APP WITH OTAFU ADK
S2W RELEASE TYPE=GA
BUILD TIME=16:12:51
BUILD DATE=Aug 9 2012
WLAN EXT VERSION=1
OK
at+tcertadd=cacert,0,868,1
OK
at+settime=7/05/2013,18:00:00
OK
at +ndhcp=1
OK
   at+wa=test_ap,,6
                                                                                                       SubNet
                                                                                                                                                                                 Gateway
ok
at+httpconf=20,Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US) AppleWebKit/534.7(KHTML, li
ke Gecko) Chrome/7.0.517.44 Safari/534.7
OK
at+httpconf=7,application/x-www-form-urlencoded
OK
at+httpconf=11,192.168.3.200
OK
at+httpconf=3,keep-alive
OK
 at+httpopen=192.168.3.200,443,1,cacert
 on
at+httpsend=0,3,10,/gswebserver/post.html,5
OK
00383200 OK
<html>
<head>
  <title>GainSpan HTTPS Server POST Method</title>
link rel="shortcut icon" href="/favicon.ico" />
   </head>
 \dody>
\langle logo.gif"> \
  </body>
</html>
OK
```

2.5 Using SSLOPEN Command

2.5.1 Starting a SSL Server



NOTE: server.crt is the server certificate. server.key is the server key and cacert.der is the CA certificate.

To start an SSL server, perform the following (see Figure 36, page 53).

\$openssls_server-cert server.crt-key server.key-CA file
cacert.der -verify 10 -accept 443

Figure 36 Starting a SSL Server

```
C:\OpenSSL-Win32\newcert\server-tls1 -accept 443 -Verify 10 -cert ca.crt -cert serv... _ □ X

C:\OpenSSL-Win32\newcert\server>Openssl s_server -tls1 -accept 443 -Verify 10

-cert ca.crt -cert server.crt -key server.key
verify depth is 10, must return a certificate
Enter pass phrase for server.key:
Loading 'screen' into random state - done
Using default temp DH parameters
Using default temp ECDH parameters
ACCEPT

-
```

2.5.2 Configuring GS Node as HTTPS Client (One-way Authentication)

To configure GainSpan node as HTTPS Client, perform the following (see Figure 37, page 55).

1. Load CA Certificate:

AT+TCERTADD=<Name>,<Format>,<Size>,<Location><ESC>W<data of size above>

AT+TCERTADD=cacert, 0, 760, 1

- Enter the [ESC] key
- Enter the [W] key

On Tera Term, click on **File** and then select **Send File**. Select the **cacert.der** file. Make sure you check the **Binary option**. Then click **Open** to send the certificate.

2. Set System Time: AT+SETTIME=[<dd/mm/yyyy>,<HH:MM:SS>]

AT+SETTIME-12/03/2012,18:00:00

3. Enable DHCP: AT+NDHCP=<disable=0/enable=1>

AT+NDHCP=1

4. Associate to an access point: AT+WA=<SSID>f, f<BSSID>ff, Ch>ff

AT+WA=TEST AP,,6

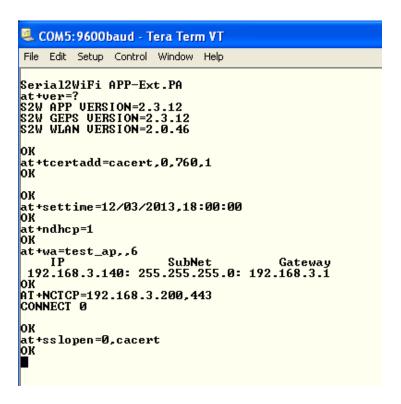
5. Start a TCP server: AT+NCTCP=<Dest-Address>,<Port>>[<,Src.Port>]

AT+NCTCP-192.168.3.200,443

6. Open a SSL Connection: AT+SSLOPEN=<CID>,[<CA certificate name>]

AT+SSLOPEN=0, cacert

Figure 37 Configuring GainSpan Node as HTTPS Client (One-way Authentication)



2.5.3 Configuring GainSpan Node as HTTPS Client (Mutual Authentication)

Two way-authentication is supported only in GEPS 2.4.x and GEPS 3.4.x version or later (see Figure 38, page 57).

1. Load CA Certificate:

AT+TCERTADD=<Name>,<Format>,<Size>,<Location><ESC>W <data of size above>

AT+CERTADD=cacert, 0, 868, 1

- Enter the [ESC] key
- Enter the [W] key

On Tera Term, click on **File** and then select **Send File**. Select the **cacert.der** file. Make sure you check the **Binary option**. Then click **Open** to send the certificate.

2. Load Client Certificate.

AT+TCERTADD=<Name>,<Format>,<Size>,<Location><ESC>W <data of size above>

AT+TCERTADD=clientcert, 0, 621, 1

- Enter the [ESC] key
- Enter the [W] key

On Tera Term, click on **File** and then select **Send File**. Select the **cacert.der** file. Make sure you check the **Binary option**. Then click **Open** to send the certificate.

3. Load Client Key.

AT+TCERTADD=<Name>,<Format>,<Size>,<Location><ESC>W<data of size above>

AT+TCERTADD=AT+TCERTADD=clientkey, 0, 607, 1

- Enter the [ESC] key
- Enter the [W] key

On Tera Term, click on **File** and then select **Send File**. Select the **cacert.der** file. Make sure you check the **Binary option**. Then click **Open** to send the certificate.

4. Set System Time: AT+SETTIME=[<dd/mm/yyyy>,<HH:MM:SS>]

```
AT+SETTIME=15/11/2012,10:15:00
```

5. Enable DHCP: AT+NDHCP=< disable=0/enable=1>

AT+NDHCP=1

6. Associate to an access point: $AT+WA = \langle SSID \rangle f, f \langle BSSID \rangle f, f \langle Ch \rangle f$

AT+WA=TEST AP,,6

7. Start a TCP server: *AT+NCTCP=<Dest-Address>*, *<Port>>[<,Src.Port>]*AT+NCTCP=192.168.3.200,443

8. Open a SSL Connection: AT+SSLOPEN=<CID>,[<CA certificate name>,Client Certificate>, <Client Key>]

AT+SSLOPEN=0, cacert, clientcert, clientkey

Figure 38 Configuring GainSpan Node as HTTPS Client (Mutual Authentication)



2.5.4 HTTPS POST Using AT+SSLOPEN Command

1. Load CA Certificate:

AT+TCERTADD=<Name>,<Format>,<Size>,<Location><ESC>W <data of size above>

AT+TCERTADD=cacert, 0,868,1

- Enter the [ESC] key
- Enter the [W] key

On Tera Term, click on **File** and then select **Send File**. Select the **cacert.der** file. Make sure you check the **Binary option**. Then click **Open** to send the certificate (see Figure 39, page 59).

2. Set System Time: AT+SETTIME=[<dd/mm/yyyy>,<HH:MM:SS>]

AT+SETTIME=09/03/2013,18:00:00

3. Enable DHCP: AT+NDHCP=< disable=0/enable=1>

AT+NDHCP=1

4. Associate to an access point: AT+WA=<SSID>[,[<BSSID>][,<Ch>]]

 $AT+WA=TEST_AP$,,6

5. Start a TCP server: AT+NCTCP=<Dest-Address>,<Port>>[<,Src.Port>]

AT+NCTCP=192.168.3.200,443

6. Open a SSL Connection: AT+SSLOPEN=<CID>,[<CA certificate name>,Client Certificate>, <Client Key>]

AT+SSLOPEN=0, cacert

- 7. Send data to remote server by using the <ESC>S sequence and the CID number:
 - Enter the [ESC] key
 - Enter the [S] key
 - Enter the [CID number from step 5]

8. Copy the highlighted text, and paste it on Tera Term (via the **Edit** menu, choose **Paste** Option)

```
POST /gswebserver/post.html HTTP/1.1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US) AppleWebKit/534.7 (KHTML, like Gecko)
Chrome/7.0.517.44 Safari/534.7
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 4
Host: 192.168.3.200
Connection: keep-alive

John
```

- 9. Indicate end of transmission by using the <ESC>E sequence
 - Enter the [ESC] key
 - Enter the [E] key

Figure 39 HTTPS POST Using AT+SSLOPEN Command

```
COM5:9600baud - Tera Term VT

File Edit Setup Control Window Help

Serial2WiFi APP
at+ver=??
S2W APP UERSION=3.4.1.0
S2W GEPS UERSION=3.4.1
S2W WIAN UERSION=3.4.1
S2W WIAN UERSION=3.4.1
S2W BIN TYPE=WEB PROU APP WITH OTAFU ADK
S2W RELEASE TYPE=GA
BUILD TIME=15:11:50
BUILD DATE=Jul 4 2012
WLAN EXT UERSION=7
OK
at+tcertadd=cacert,0,868,1
OK
OK
at+settime=19/03/2013,18:00:00
OK
at+ndhcp=1
OK
at+wa=test_ap,6
IP SubNet Gateway
192.168.3.120:255.255.255.0:192.168.3.1
OK
at+nctcp=192.168.3.200,443
CONNECT 0

OK
at+sslopen=0,cacert
OK
```

Over the air capture showing HTTPS POST message will display.

GS2000 Based	Module Contid	uration ⊢xamble	s for HIIP a	nd FAP User Guide

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Chapter 3 EAP Examples

This chapter describes the Serial-to-WiFi procedures on how to setup, test, and evaluate EAP association examples on GainSpan® GS2011M and GS2100M.

- PEAP Without Certificate, page 61
- PEAP With Certificate, page 63
- EAP-TLS, page 66

In order to support EAP associations, you must program the Serial-to-WiFi Enterprise Security (EAP) application firmware onto the GainSpan module. The EAP firmware can be found in the official GainSpan software EVK release, or you can build it using the GainSpan SDK-Builder tool.

3.1 PEAP Without Certificate

The example shown in this section is demonstrated with the following authentication server and EAP method:

- Outer Authentication: PEAP V0 (25)
- Inner Authentication: MSCHAP V2 (26)
- Authentication Server: Free Radius Demo v2.2.3 by Enterasys Networks

The following AT command sequence is used.

```
AT+SETTIME=13/6/2013,12:00:00
AT+NDHCP=1
AT+WRXACTIVE=1
AT+WRXPS=0
AT+WEAPCONF=25,26,employee-tls,demo
AT+WA=GainSpanDemo,,6
```

Figure 40, page 62 displays the above AT commands executed in Tera Term.

Figure 40 EAP PEAP Without Certificate AT Commands

```
COM13:9600baud - Tera Term VT

File Edit Setup Control Window Help

Serial2WiFi APP-Ext.PA
at+settime=13/6/2013,12:00:00

OK
at+ndhcp=1
OK
at+wrxactive=1
OK
at+wrxps=0
OK
at+weapconf=25,26,employee-tls,demo
OK
at+wa=GainSpanDemo,,6
IP SubNet Gateway
192.168.3.101: 255.255.255.0: 192.168.3.1

OK
```

Figure 41, page 62 displays the Over-the-Air showing the Key Exchange frame sequence.

Figure 41 EAP PEAP Over-the-Air Showing Key Exchange Frame Sequence

```
7. Time

17181 28.084278

17190 28.095023

17191 28.095268

17206 28.110519

17223 28.127392

17224 28.127644

17229 28.144019

48293 29.876563
                                    Source
98:†c:11:7b:†2:b5
Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                    98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                     98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
   18294 29. 976954

18316 29. 913434

18316 29. 913434

18325 29. 932783

18326 29. 942685

18339 29. 94585

18339 29. 951302

18340 29. 951675

18345 29. 980936

18363 29. 980936

18363 29. 990325

18374 29. 999182

18374 29. 999182

18374 30. 009933

18386 30. 016059

18387 30. 016059

18387 30. 016310
                                     98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                    Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                    98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                    Gainspan aa:bb:cc
                                     98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                    Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                    98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                    Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                    98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                    Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
   18396 30.031421
18402 30.033809
                                    98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
⊕ Frame 18293 (394 bytes on wire, 394 bytes captured)
⊞ Radiotap Header v0, Length 20
⊞ IEEE 802.11 QoS Data, Flags: .....TC
■ Logical-Link Control

    802.1× Authentication
```

3.2 PEAP With Certificate

The example shown in this section is demonstrated with the following authentication server and EAP method with certificate.

- Outer Authentication: PEAP V0 (25)

- Inner Authentication: MSCHAP V2 (26)

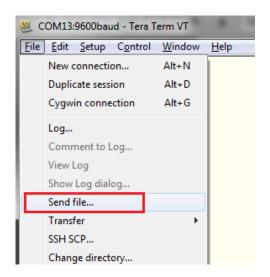
Authentication Server: Free Radius Demo v2.2.3 by Enterasys Networks

Certificate Format: DER

The following AT command sequence are used.

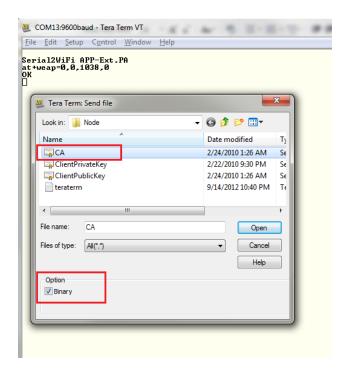
- 1. AT+WEAP=0,0,1038,0
- 2. Load the CA certificate into the GainSpan module (see Figure 42, page 63). If you are using Tera Term, add the certificate by doing the following steps:
 - a. Enter the [ESC] key
 - b. Enter the [shift W] key
 - c. In Tera Term application, click on File and then select Send File.

Figure 42 EAP PEAP with Certificate Send File



d. Select the **CA** file. Make sure **Binary option** is checked. Then click **Open** to add the certificate to the GainSpan module (see Figure 43, page 64).





3. Enter the following commands.

```
AT+SETTIME=14/01/2014,12:00:00
AT+NDHCP=1
AT+WRXACTIVE=1
AT+WRXPS=0
AT+WEAPCONF=25,26,employee-tls,demo,1
AT+WA=GainSpanDemo,,6
```

Figure 44, page 65 displays the above AT commands executed in Tera Term.

Figure 44 EAP PEAP With Certificate AT Commands

```
COM13:9600baud - Tera Term VT
          Setup Control
                       <u>W</u>indow
Serial2WiFi APP-Ext.PA
at +weap=0,0,1038,0
OK
at+settime=13/6/2013,12:00:00
OK
at+ndhcp=1
OK
at+wrxactive=1
OK
at+wrxps=0
OK
at+weapconf=25,26,employee-tls,demo,1
OK
at+wa=GainSpanDemo,,6
                       SubNet
                                        Gateway
 192.168.3.132: 255.255.255.0: 192.168.3.1
οк
```

Figure 45, page 65 displays the Over-the-Air showing the Key Exchange frame sequence.

Figure 45 EAP PEAP Over-the-Air Key Exchange Frame Sequence

```
Destination

Westrictil:/Dirzibs
Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
Gainspan_aa:bb:
No. - Time
582UL 91.983U76
58202 91.983448
58215 92.002825
58233 92.015059
58233 92.031576
58248 92.041319
58267 92.054944
59065 94.328797
59689 94.380556
59699 94.390579
59710 94.390679
59710 94.490679
59710 94.494418
59759 94.451276
59758 94.451276
59758 94.451276
59758 94.451276
59758 94.451276
59758 94.451276
59758 94.451276
59758 94.451276
59759 94.47563
                                                                                                               Source
Gainspan_aa:pp:cc
                                                                                                              98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                                                                                              Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                                                                                              98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                                                                                              98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                                                                                              98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                                                                                            Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                                                                                            98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                                                                                               98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                                                                                            Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                                                                                            98:fc:11:7b:f2:b5
                                                                                                              Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                59771 94.477653
59772 94.478918
                                                                                                            Gainspan_aa:bb:cc
                                                                                                            Gainspan_aa:bb:cc

■ Frame 59665 (394 bytes on wire, 394 bytes captured)

   ■ Radiotap Header v0, Length 20
   ⊞ IEEE 802.11 QoS Data, Flags: .....TC

■ Logical-Link Control

■ 802.1× Authentication
```

3.3 EAP-TLS

The example shown in this section is demonstrated with the following authentication server and EAP method with certificates:

- Outer Authentication: EAP-TLS (13)
- Inner Authentication: MSCHAP V2 (26)
- **Authentication Server:** Free Radius Demo v2.2.3 by Enterasys Networks
- Certificate Format: DER

The following AT command sequence is used.

```
AT+WEAP=0,0,1038,0
```

1. Load the **CA certificate** into the GainSpan module. Refer to the example in PEAP Without Certificate, page 61 on how to load the certificate using Tera Term.

```
AT+WEAP=1,0,1305,0
```

2. Load the **client certificate** into the GainSpan module. Refer to the example in PEAP Without Certificate, page 61 on how to load the certificate using Tera Term.

```
AT+WEAP=2,0,1191,0
```

3. Load the **client private key** into the GainSpan module. Refer to the example in PEAP Without Certificate, page 61 on how to load the key using Tera Term.

```
AT+SETTIME=02/01/2013,06:38:00
AT+NDHCP=1
AT+WEAPCONF= 13,26,employee-tls,demo
AT+WA=TEST_AP,,6
```

Figure 46, page 67 displays the above AT commands executed in Tera Term.

Figure 46 EAP-TLS AT Commands

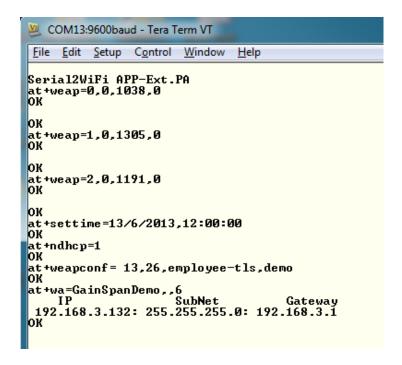


Figure 47, page 68 shows the Over-the-Air wireless capture issuing the Key Exchange frame sequence.

Figure 47 EAP-TLS Over-the-Air Wireless Key Exchange Frame Sequence

