Vol. 772 No. 28



Monday 18 July 2016

PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES (HANSARD)

HOUSE OF LORDS

WRITTEN ANSWERS

Written Answers.....1

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Minister	Responsibilities
Baroness Evans of Bowes Park	Leader of the House of Lords and Lord Privy Seal
Earl Howe	Minister of State, Ministry of Defence and Deputy Leader of the House of Lords
Lord Ahmad of Wimbledon	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Department for Transport
Baroness Anelay of St Johns	Minister of State, Foreign and Commonwealth Office and Department for International Development
Lord Ashton of Hyde	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Department for Culture, Media and Sport, Whip
Lord Bridges of Headley	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Department for Exiting the European Union
Lord Bourne of Aberystwyth	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Department for Communities and Local Government, Wales Office, Whip
Baroness Chisholm of Owlpen	Whip and Spokesperson on Cabinet Office Business in the House of Lords
Earl of Courtown	Deputy Chief Whip
Lord Dunlop	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Scotland Office and Northern Ireland Office
Lord Freud	Minister of State, Department for Work and Pensions
Lord Gardiner of Kimble	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs
Baroness Goldie	Whip
Lord Keen of Elie	Advocate-General for Scotland
Lord Nash	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Department for Education
Baroness Mobarik	Whip
Baroness Neville-Rolfe	Minister of State, Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy
Lord O'Neill of Gatley	Commercial Secretary to the Treasury
Lord Price	Minister of State, Department for International Trade
Lord Prior of Brampton	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Department of Health
Baroness Shields	Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Home Office and Department for Culture Media and Sport
Lord Taylor of Holbeach	Chief Whip
Baroness Williams of Trafford	Minister of State, Home Office
Viscount Younger of Leckie	Whip

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Written Answers

Monday, 18 July 2016

Bees

Asked by Baroness Kennedy of Cradley

To ask Her Majesty's Government how many species of bumblebee there are in the UK, and what assessment they have made of the challenges faced by those species. [HL945]

Asked by Baroness Kennedy of Cradley

To ask Her Majesty's Government what assessment they have made of the challenges facing honeybees in the UK. [HL946]

Lord Gardiner of Kimble: There are 25 species of bumblebee resident in the UK, including the short-haired bumblebee which is currently being re-introduced under Natural England's Species Recovery Programme.

In 2014 Defra published independent research on the status of pollinators in the UK. The study identified an overall decline in wild bee diversity over the last 50 years. This concluded that bumblebee species that have become less widespread are associated with the loss of flower-rich habitat, driven by changes in agricultural land use and urbanisation.

Both Environmental Stewardship and now the new Countryside Stewardship schemes fund the provision of food and habitat for wild pollinators. The new scheme in particular incorporates a Wild Pollinator and Farm Wildlife package which provides year-round food, winter shelter and nesting places essential for pollinators.

Although honeybees face many of these environmental pressures their population is driven by the number of beekeepers willing and able to keep bees. There is some evidence that the number of beekeepers, and therefore the number of honey bees, may have increased since 2009 as more keepers are registered on the National Bee Unit's BeeBase and with beekeeping associations.

Biometrics

Asked by Lord Scriven

To ask Her Majesty's Government, in the light of the recommendation in the House of Commons Science and Technology Committee's report Current and future uses of biometric data and technologies (6th Report, Session 2014–15) that a comprehensive, cross-departmental forensics and biometrics strategy be published no later than December 2015, why such a strategy has not yet been published. [HL907]

Lord Ahmad of Wimbledon: The Biometrics Strategy is in its final stages of completion and we expect to publish it in due course. The Forensic Science Strategy was published on 11 March 2016.

Community Rehabilitation Companies

Asked by Baroness Corston

To ask Her Majesty's Government what is the contract value allocated to each Community Rehabilitation Company and what percentage is spent on direct front line delivery staff as opposed to contract management staff. [HL964]

Lord Keen of Elie: The anticipated value of contracts for Community Rehabilitation Companies (CRC) was published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 4 February 2015.

CRCs are currently undergoing transformation including changes to their workforce. The proportion of cost spent on direct front line staff in the final operating model for each CRC will be different to the proportion of cost at the point of contract award and which will continue to vary from month to month until transformation is complete.

Judges: Public Appointments

Asked by Lord Ouseley

To ask Her Majesty's Government what assessment they have made of progress towards achieving a more diverse judiciary in the last six years. [HL947]

Asked by Lord Ouseley

To ask Her Majesty's Government how many judges have been appointed in each of the past six years; and how many of those were (1) from black and minority ethnic backgrounds, (2) women, and (3) disabled. [HL948]

Asked by Lord Ouseley

To ask Her Majesty's Government what resources they have provided for diversity and equality initiatives in the judiciary; and what assessment they have made of the success of those initiatives to date. [HL949]

Asked by Lord Ouseley

To ask Her Majesty's Government whether they plan to support the development and introduction of preappointment training for those from under-represented groups seeking judicial appointments. [HL950]

Lord Keen of Elie: The Government is committed to improving judicial diversity and co-ordinates this effort through the Judicial Diversity Forum, a cross-stakeholder group with representatives from the Ministry of Justice, Judicial Appointments Commission (JAC), the judiciary and legal profession.

The Judicial Diversity Forum replaced the Judicial Diversity Taskforce in 2014 as the body responsible for encouraging judicial diversity; it has implemented a number of schemes to help improve judicial diversity. Recent examples include the 100 plus Diversity and Community Relations Judges doing invaluable work with the community to expel myths about working for the

judiciary and interact with schools, universities and the legal professions. There is also a Judicial Mentoring Scheme where judges volunteer to be mentors; providing invaluable advice and guidance to those from underrepresented groups seeking a judicial appointment or those wishing to progress in their judicial career.

Data on judicial appointments are published regularly on gov.uk. The below figures show how many candidates were recommended by the JAC for judicial appointment in each of the past six years and how many of those were (1) from black and minority ethnic (BAME) backgrounds, (2) women and (3) disabled. As these figures are JAC recommendations, they may include a small number of candidates that do not go on to be appointed.

- 2010 759 candidates were recommended out of which 75 (10%) were from BAME, 309 (41%) were women and 41 (5%) were disabled.
- 2011 894 candidates were recommended out of which 91 (10%) were from BAME backgrounds, 406 (45%) were women and 34 (4%) were disabled.
- 2012 371 candidates were recommended out of which 48 (13%) were from BAME backgrounds, 152 (41%) were women and 22 (6%) were disabled.
- 2013 572 candidates were recommended out of which 38 (7%) were from BAME backgrounds, 303 (53%) were women and 81 (14%) were disabled.
- 2014 312 candidates were recommended out of which 40 (13%) were from BAME backgrounds, 134 (43%) were women and 11 (4%) were disabled.
- 2015 319 candidates were recommended out of which 28 (9%) were from BAME backgrounds, 143 (45%) were women and 10 (3%) were disabled.

The Government acknowledges that within the judiciary there is an under-representation of women, those who are disabled and those from a BAME background. However, recent statistics show some improvement which suggests ongoing diversity initiatives, co-ordinated by the Forum, are beginning to have an impact:

- 1) 12% of judges across Courts and Tribunals under 50 years of age are from a BAME background (around 14% of the UK population are from BAME groups).
- 2) JAC Official Statistics from April 2015 to March 2016 showed women made up 45% of those recommended for appointment overall (140 of 308 recommendations).

Moldova: Banks

Asked by Lord Astor of Hever

To ask Her Majesty's Government what plans they have, if any, to encourage the International Monetary Fund to investigate the loss of funds from Moldova's banking system. [HL983]

Lord O'Neill of Gatley: In May this year, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) sent a mission to Moldova to discuss the domestic authorities' strategy for

financial sector reforms and ensuring the safety and soundness of Moldova's banks. According to IMF staff, progress was made towards agreement on the need to strengthen governance and tackle non-transparent shareholder structures in banks. Talks are expected to continue in the context of negotiations for an IMF programme to support Moldova, although timings have not yet been set. The Government will continue to monitor developments in Moldova and its interactions with the IMF.

Motability

Asked by Baroness Barker

To ask Her Majesty's Government why the Motability Scheme funds cars, powerchairs and mobility scooters but does not extend to cycles. [HL1179]

Lord Freud: Motability is an independent charitable organisation wholly responsible for the Motability scheme. Operational decisions, such as what types of vehicles the scheme should provide, are for Motability to make. They can be contacted at Director of Motability, Motability, Warwick House, Roydon Road, Harlow, Essex, CM19 5PX.

Overseas Aid

Asked by Baroness Northover

To ask Her Majesty's Government how much the Foreign and Commonwealth Office spent on Overseas Development Assistance between April 2015 and March 2016, and what measures were used to ensure high levels of transparency in how that money was spent. [HL926]

Baroness Anelay of St Johns: The Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO) was allocated £422.9 million of Official Development Assistance funds to spend in Financial Year 2015-2016. When finalised, the figures will be published on the FCO website and registered on the UK data portal and on the International Aid Transparency Initiative portal.

Overseas Companies: Human Rights

Asked by Lord Pendry

To ask Her Majesty's Government, further to the Written Answer by Baroness Anelay of St Johns on 27 June (HL744), what steps they plan to take if they find British businesses not complying with the UK National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights in countries like Colombia. [HL969]

Baroness Anelay of St Johns: International law does not require states to regulate the extraterritorial activities of their businesses. Individual states are responsible for protecting against and prosecuting human rights and other abuses that are committed within their borders. The United Kingdom is one of few jurisdictions globally

where victims of human rights abuses allegedly committed overseas by a British domiciled company can bring a civil case to the UK courts.

Overseas Loans: Republic of Ireland

Asked by Lord Laird

To ask Her Majesty's Government, in the light of the outcome of the referendum on the UK's membership of the EU, when the Irish Republic will repay the funding it received from the UK as a result of the 2008 financial crisis, and how much is still owed. [HL1015]

Lord O'Neill of Gatley: I refer the noble Lord to the most recent statutory report which the Treasury provided to Parliament as required by Section 2 of the Loans to Ireland Act 2010. The last report was laid in Parliament on 26 April 2016 and is available in the Printed Paper Office.

The timetable for repayment set out in this report remains unchanged.

Pensions

Asked by Lord Myners

To ask Her Majesty's Government whether they have any plans to change the discount rate used to calculate the funding status of defined benefit pension schemes. [HL1151]

Lord Freud: The legislation governing the funding of defined benefit occupational pensions schemes is designed to be flexible, allowing the trustees or managers of these schemes to determine which method and assumptions are to be used in their schemes technical provisions. A number of factors come into play in scheme funding decisions and the Pensions Regulator provides useful guidance for trustees in its codes and supporting guidance and statements.

In determining the discount rate to be used, trustees must act prudently taking into account the yield on assets held by the scheme and / or the market redemption yields on Government bonds or other high-quality bonds.

There is no standard actuarial method and set of assumptions that must be used, however, should the Regulator have concerns about a funding plan it can intervene.

Personal Independence Payment

Asked by Baroness Manzoor

To ask Her Majesty's Government, of the people previously claiming Disability Living Allowance at the higher component of (1) mobility, or (2) care, how many have been assessed for (a) the higher rate, or (b) the standard rate, of (i) the mobility component, or (ii) the daily living component, of Personal Independence Payment (PIP) in each year since PIP was introduced. [HL1175]

Lord Freud: The latest available data on personal independence payment (PIP) registrations, clearances and claims in payment for both new claims and reassessed claims (for those previously in receipt of disability living allowance (DLA)) is published on Gov.UK.

In particular, breakdowns of reassessed claims in payment by type and rate of awards can be found from Stat-Xplore, which is a tool for exploring DWP's statistics.

The Department does not have verified data on the number of DLA claimants who have had their award changed as a result of the move to PIP. We intend to provide more detailed breakdowns of DLA to PIP reassessment outcomes in due course. The Department is working to guidelines set by the UK Statistics Authority to ensure we are able to publish statistics that meet high quality standards at the earliest opportunity.

Prisons

Asked by Baroness Corston

To ask Her Majesty's Government what is the consultation process for the prison sale and building programme. [HL963]

Lord Keen of Elie: On 9 November 2015, the government announced a £1.3bn investment to reform and modernise the prison estate to make it more efficient, safer and focused on supporting prisoner rehabilitation. As part of this programme the Ministry of Justice will build new prison places while selling ageing, inefficient prisons to free up land for new homes. These new prisons will be designed to enable prisoners to engage with the educational and other rehabilitative services they need in order to turn their lives around and re-join their communities.

We are in the process of finding sites for new prisons, looking at our own and other government departments' land holdings, contacting Local Authorities and considering other available sites. No decisions have yet been made on the locations of the new prisons. At the time we indicate our intention to proceed with a site we will carry out a public engagement event in the local area, working with the local authority and others to progress the site through the planning permission process.

Following a decision to close a prison and it subsequently being decommissioned the Ministry of Justice will prepare the site for disposal. The Ministry of Justice will work closely with the local authority and others, on future options for the site. Once a decision is made, the MoJ and its advisors will engage with the market and other stakeholders. No decisions have yet been made about prison sales.

Research: Finance

Asked by Lord Cromwell

To ask Her Majesty's Government how much EU funding is currently accessible by UK universities and

research bodies; and what assessment they have made of the impact of the referendum on the UK's membership of the EU on (1) such funding in the future, and (2) UK universities' and research bodies' ability to develop and sustain world-class research and educational programmes. [HL1010]

Baroness Neville-Rolfe: The main streams of funds available to UK universities and research bodies are Horizon 2020, Erasmus Plus and aspects of the European Structural and Investment Funds.

Under Horizon 2020, the current Framework Programme, the UK has been awarded €1.84bn to date[1] (excluding the Euratom nuclear research and training programme).

In 2014, the first year of the Erasmus Plus Programme, the UK obtained $\[\in \]$ 79.08 million for mobility grants to 36,734 people from all educational sectors to study, train and volunteer abroad. A further $\[\in \]$ 30.66m was obtained for cooperation projects $\[\in \]$ 2.

The UK's strategy ^[3] for its 2014-2020 allocations from the European Structural and Investment Funds sets out that €1.6bn was earmarked for the theme of research, technological development and innovation.

As the Prime Minister has made clear, while the UK remains a member of the EU, current EU funding arrangements continue unchanged, including those that apply to students, researchers, and businesses. It will be for the Government under the new Prime Minister to begin the negotiation to leave, and set out arrangements for those currently in receipt of EU funds.

The UK economy is fundamentally strong and our research and innovation are world leading. The Government intends to maintain and enhance the strength of our research base.

- i) UK participation in H2020 and FP7, BIS occasional (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/uk-participation-in-horizon-2020-and-framework-programme-7)
- $ii) \quad Ref: \quad https://www.britishcouncil.org/organisation/press/britishcouncil-ecorys-uk-delighted-win-erasmus. \\$

 $https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/368808/bis-14-1179-united-kingdom-partnership-agreement-part-one.pdf\\$

Social Security Benefits

Asked by Baroness Thomas of Winchester

To ask Her Majesty's Government whether they have made an assessment of the amount of benefits to which people are entitled that go unclaimed. [HL1072]

Lord Freud: On 28th June 2016 the Department for Work and Pensions published the report "Income-related benefits: Estimates of take-up in 2014/15". The full report has been published online.

For Great Britain, the following estimates are available for 2014/15:

• Pension Credit: Up to £3.1 billion of available Pension Credit went unclaimed:

- Housing Benefit: Up to £4.6 billion of available Housing Benefit went unclaimed;
- Jobseeker's Allowance (Income-based): Up to £2.4 billion of available Jobseeker's Allowance (Income-based) went unclaimed.
- Income Support and Employment and Support Allowance (Income-related): Up to £2.9 billion of available Income Support and Employment and Support Allowance (Income-related) went unclaimed.

Swimming

Asked by Lord Pendry

To ask Her Majesty's Government, in the light of the findings of the 2016 UK Swimming Industry Report that the number of swimming sites is in decline, what steps they intend to take to reduce that decline. [HL973]

Lord Ashton of Hyde: In the last five years 277 new fit-for-purpose pools have been built in locations which best serve the needs of people in the local community. The number of swimming pools and amount of pool space has increased since 2007.

Sport England is supporting over 80 local authorities to develop a strategic approach to facility provision, making sure that community facilities like swimming pools are in the right location and are sustainable

As Sport England moves towards the implementation of its new strategy, 'Towards an Active Nation', it will be working with partners across the swimming industry to explore how to get more people swimming.

Tourism

Asked by Lord Pendry

To ask Her Majesty's Government when the Inter-Ministerial Group last met, and what conclusions were made about establishing the Tourism Industry Council. [HL971]

Lord Ashton of Hyde: In 2015, the membership of the Tourism Industry Council was refreshed and the meeting format revised, so that the Council's discussions inform those of the newly established inter-Ministerial group on Tourism. The last meeting of the Inter-Ministerial Group took place in February.

Asked by Lord Pendry

To ask Her Majesty's Government what progress has been made to ensure that the aim to distribute inbound tourism across the UK, as set out in the Five Point Plan, will be met. [HL972]

Lord Ashton of Hyde: The Five Point Plan on Tourism encourages visitors to travel beyond the capital. In 2015, the South East, South West, West Midlands and the North East of England saw both international visits and spend growing at a faster rate than in London. The £40m Discover England Fund aims to further encourage

international visitors to explore right across the country and the first tranche of successful bids will be announced shortly.

Universities

Asked by Lord Judd

To ask Her Majesty's Government what they are doing to preserve and enhance the international character and international standing of British universities and their research. [HL1024]

Baroness Neville-Rolfe: The Government is determined to ensure that the UK continues to play a leading role in European and international research and innovation. It is promoting the international success of UK universities through bilateral engagement with overseas partners, the Britain is GREAT marketing campaign which has education and science pillars, and through the Chevening and Commonwealth scholarship schemes.

For example, in November 2015, the Indian and UK Prime Ministers jointly announced the '2016 UK-India Year of Education, Research and Innovation'. This was immediately followed by a major education visit to India, including 28 vice-chancellors to increase higher education partnerships.

Programmes such as the UK China Partners in Education programme and the UK India Education Research Initiative bring long term international collaboration.

Our international research is being enhanced through the Government's Newton Fund, a £735 million UK investment matched by partner countries, linking our universities with researchers in 16 major emerging economies. Our Global Challenge Research Fund, £1.5 billion and Ross Fund, £1bn., support universities engaging in global challenges including health, agritech and water research.

British universities have a world-class reputation for both education and research. Globally the UK has four universities in the top ten and ten in the top fifty in the QS rankings, a 10% share of the international student recruitment market, and 15.9% per cent of the world's most highly-cited research articles.

Video on Demand: Hearing Impairment

Asked by Baroness Randerson

To ask Her Majesty's Government what assessment they have made of the progress of broadcasters towards increasing the provision of access services to video-on-demand content for viewers with hearing loss, and what steps they plan to take to ensure an increase of such provision. [HL991]

Lord Ashton of Hyde: In recent years the provision of access services on video on demand content has increased according to the attached 2015 Authority for Television on Demand report.

The evidence in this report is supported by dialogue with broadcasters, content providers and platform operators, who fed back to the Department of Culture, Media and Sport in autumn 2015.

Ofcom, the regulator for video on demand services, is reviewing how to improve the provision of access services on video on demand services.

The Answer includes the following attached material:

Provision of Video on Demand Access Services 2015 [AS_survey_report_2015.pdf]

The material can be viewed online at: http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-question/Lords/2016-07-05/HL991

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