pg 28.

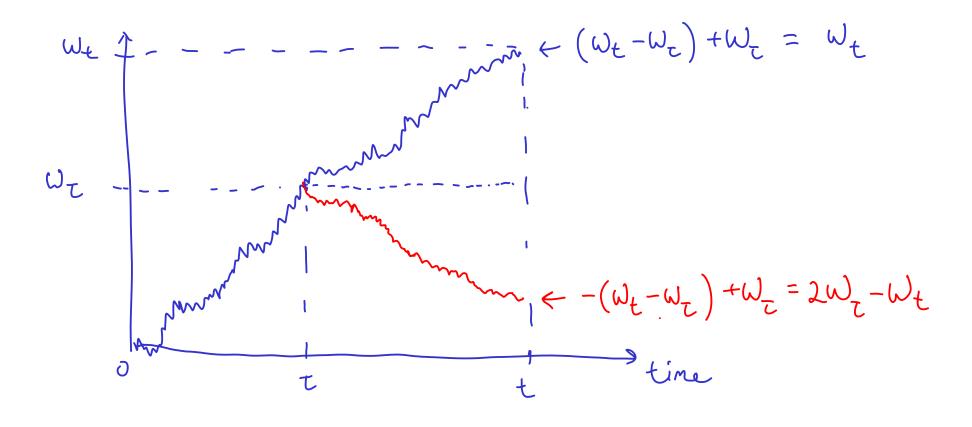
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\omega_{t_{i}} - \omega_{t_{i-1}} \right)^{2} = \left(\omega_{t_{i}} - \omega_{t_{o}} \right)^{2} + \left(\omega_{t_{i}} - \omega_{t_{i}} \right)^{2} + \dots$$

$$+ \left(\omega_{t_{n}} - \omega_{t_{n-1}} \right)^{2}$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\frac{1}{2}(\omega_{t_{\lambda}}-\omega_{t_{\lambda+1}})\right] = (t_1-t_0) + (t_2-t_1) + \dots + (t_n-t_{n-1})$$

$$= t_n - t_0 = t_n$$

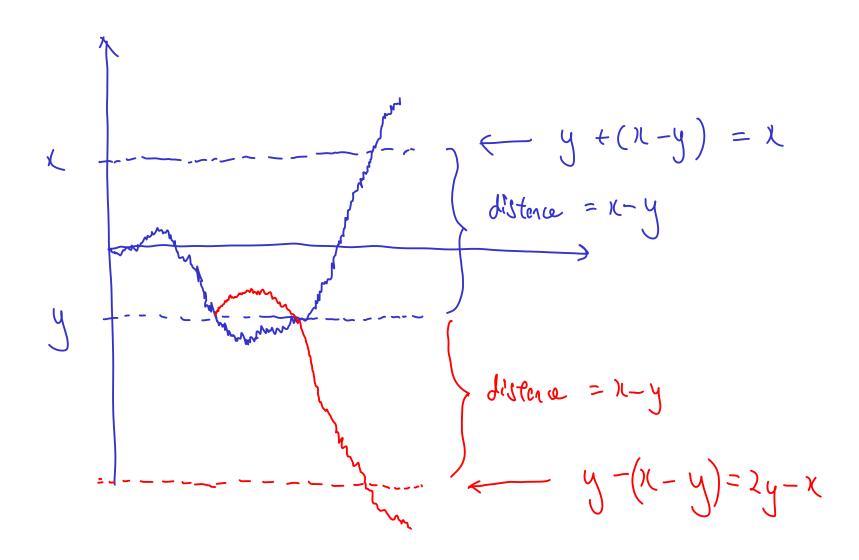
$$\lim_{N\to\infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(W_{t_i} - W_{t_{i-1}} \right)^2 = t_n \quad \text{with} \quad P = 1$$



pg 31.

$$\mathbb{P}(\tau_a < t) = \mathbb{P}(\text{touch a before } t)$$

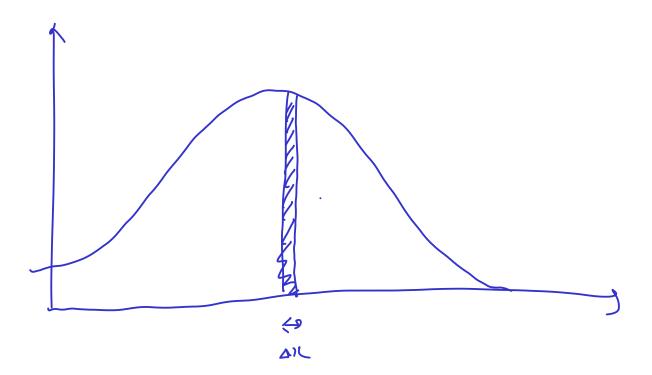
=
$$2 \times \mathbb{P}$$
 (touch a before to n ends up above e) = $2 \mathbb{P}(W_t)a$)



pg 35.

$$\int_0^t dS_u = \int_0^t \int u du + \int_0^t dW_u$$

$$S_{t} - S_{o} = \mu \times (t-o) + 6 \times (\omega_{t} - \omega_{o})$$



1296.

$$\int_{0}^{T} W_{t} dW_{t} = \frac{W_{t}^{2}}{2} - \frac{T}{2}$$

$$\int_{\mathcal{H}} \chi d\chi = \frac{\chi^2}{2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{S} t dt + \int_{S}^{\overline{1}} S dt$$

$$min(S,t)$$
 $S = \frac{1}{2}$
 $S = \frac{1}{2}$
 $S = \frac{1}{2}$

$$= \left[\frac{t^2}{2} \right]_0^S + S \left(T - S \right)$$

Pg 9,

$$\sqrt{\left[\int_{0}^{T} W_{t} dW_{t}\right]} = \underline{Tr} \left[\left(\int_{0}^{T} W_{t} dW_{t}\right)^{2}\right]$$

$$= \underline{Tr} \left[\int_{0}^{T} W_{t}^{2} dt\right]$$

$$= \left(\int_{\delta}^{T} \mathbb{E} \left[v_{t} \right] dt = \int_{\delta}^{T} t dt$$

$$\int_{0}^{T} t dW_{t} \sim N(0, \frac{7^{3}}{3})$$

$$IF\left[\int_{0}^{T} t dW_{t}\right] = 0$$

$$V\left[\int_{0}^{T} t dW_{t}\right] = IF\left[\left(\int_{0}^{T} t dW_{t}\right)^{2}\right]$$

$$= IF\left[\int_{0}^{T} t dW_{t}\right] = \frac{7^{3}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{t^{3}}{3} |_{T} = \frac{7^{3}}{3}$$

$$f(x+\Delta x) = f(x) + f'(x) \cdot \Delta x + \frac{1}{2!} \cdot f'(x) \cdot (\Delta x)^{2} + \cdots$$

$$f(x + \Delta x) - f(x) = f'(x) \cdot \Delta x + \frac{1}{2!} f''(x) (\Delta x)^{2} + \dots$$

$$\frac{f(x+ax)-f(x)}{f(x+ax)-f(x)} = f'(x) + \frac{1}{2!}f''(x)(ax) + \dots -$$

$$\lim_{\Delta X \to 0} \frac{\int (\chi + \Delta x) - \int (\chi)}{\Delta x} = \int f'(\chi)$$

$$\frac{df(x)}{dx} = f'(x)$$

$$f(S_{t}+\Delta S_{t})-f(S_{t})=f'(S_{t}).\Delta S_{t}+\frac{1}{2!}f''(S_{t})(\Delta S_{t})^{2}+...$$

$$\Delta t \rightarrow 0$$
: $\Delta t \rightarrow dt$, $\Delta S_{\epsilon} \rightarrow \Delta S_{\epsilon}$, $(\Delta w_{\epsilon})^{\prime} = dt$

$$df = f'(S_{\epsilon}) dS_{\epsilon} + \frac{1}{2} f''(S_{\epsilon}) \delta(t, S_{\epsilon})^{*} dt$$

$$= f'(S_{\epsilon}) dS_{\epsilon} + \int f''(S_{\epsilon}) \delta(t, S_{\epsilon})^{*} dt$$

$$= f'(S_{\epsilon}) \left(\mu(t, S_{\epsilon}) dt + \delta(t, S_{\epsilon}) dW_{\epsilon} \right) + \int f''(S_{\epsilon}) dt$$

$$= \left[f'(S_{t})_{jk}(t,S_{t}) + \frac{1}{L}f''(S_{t}) \right] dt + o(t,S_{t})f'(S_{t})dW_{t}$$

$$= \left[f'(S_{t})_{jk}(t,S_{t}) + \frac{1}{L}f''(S_{t}) \right] dt + o(t,S_{t})f'(S_{t})dW_{t}$$

$$\Delta S_{e} = \mu(t, S_{e}) \Delta t + \sigma(t, S_{e}) \Delta W_{e}$$

$$(\Delta S_{e})^{L} = \mu(t, S_{e}) \Delta t^{T} + 2\mu(t, S_{e}) \sigma(t, S_{e}) \Delta t \Delta W_{e}$$

$$\Delta t^{T}$$

$$+ \sigma(t, S_{e})^{L} \Delta W_{e}^{T}$$

$$\Delta t$$

$$\Delta t \rightarrow 0 : (\Delta t)^{T} = 0 \quad \Delta t \Delta W_{e} = 0 \quad \Delta t$$

$$\Delta U_{e} = dW_{e} \quad (\Delta W_{e})^{L} = dt \quad \Delta t = dt$$

$$dX_{t} = \mu_{t} dt + 6_{t} dW_{t}$$

$$Y_{t} = f(X_{t})$$

$$dY_t = f'(X_t) dX_t + \frac{1}{2!} \cdot f''(X_t) (dX_t)$$

$$= f'(\chi_{\epsilon}) \left(\mu_{\epsilon} d\epsilon + \epsilon_{\epsilon} dW_{\epsilon} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot f''(\chi_{\epsilon}) \left(c_{\epsilon}^{2} d\epsilon \right)$$

$$= \left[\mu_{\ell} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\chi_{\ell}) + \frac{1}{2} \sigma_{\ell} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f''(\chi_{\ell}) \right] dt + \sigma_{\ell} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\chi_{\ell}) dW_{\ell}$$

$$dX_{t} = \int dt + \delta dW_{t}$$

$$Y_{t} = \int (X_{t}) = X_{t}^{2}$$

By Itô's formula,

$$dY_{t} = f'(X_{t})dX_{t} + \frac{1}{L} \cdot f''(X_{t}) (dX_{t})^{\lambda}$$

$$= 2 \times \left(\mu dt + c dW_t \right) + \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 6^2 dt$$

$$dY_t = \left(2\mu X_t + 6^2\right) dt + 26X_t dW_t$$

 $f(k) = \chi^{\nu}$ f'(x) = 2x $f''(x_t) = 2x_t$ f''(x) = 2 $f''(x_t) = 2$

$$f(X_{t}) = X_{t}^{2}$$
 $\frac{df}{dX_{t}} = 2X_{t}$
 $= 2X_{t}$
 $= 2X_{t}$
 $= 2X_{t}$

pg 16. ordinary blvariote functions:

$$g(x+\Delta x,y+\Delta y) = g(x,y) + \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \cdot \Delta x + \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \cdot \Delta y + \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial y^2} \cdot (\Delta y)^2 + \frac{1}{2!} \left[\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial x^2} (\Delta x)^2 + \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial x^2} \Delta x \Delta y + \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial y^2} \cdot (\Delta y)^2 \right]$$

+

Stochastic:

$$g(t+\Delta t, W_{t}+\Delta W_{t}) = g(t,W_{t}) + \frac{\partial g}{\partial t} \cdot \Delta t + \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \Delta W_{t}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2!} \left[\frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial t^{2}} (\Delta t)^{2} + \lambda \frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial t \partial x} \Delta W_{t} + \frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial x^{2}} (\Delta W_{t})^{2} \right]$$

$$\lim_{\Delta t \to 0} : \Delta t = dt, (\Delta U_t)^2 = dt, \Delta W_t = dW_t, (\Delta t)^2 = 0,$$

$$\Delta t \to 0 : \Delta t = dt, (\Delta U_t)^2 = dt, \Delta W_t = dW_t, (\Delta t)^2 = 0,$$

$$dg = \frac{\partial g}{\partial t} dt + \frac{\partial g}{\partial n} dw_t + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial n^2} dt$$

$$dX_{t} = y_{t}dt + 6_{t}dW_{t}$$

$$Y_{t} = g(t, X_{t})$$

By Ito formula.

$$dY_{\epsilon} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial t} dt + \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} dx_{\epsilon} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x^{2}} (dx_{\epsilon})^{2}$$

=
$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial t} dt + \frac{\partial g}{\partial l} \left(\text{red}t + 6edWe \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \lambda^2} \left(G_t^2 dt \right)$$

$$= \left[\frac{\partial g}{\partial t} + \mu_t \frac{\partial g}{\partial n} + \frac{1}{2} \delta_t^2 \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial n^2} \right] dt + \delta_t \frac{\partial g}{\partial n} dW_t$$