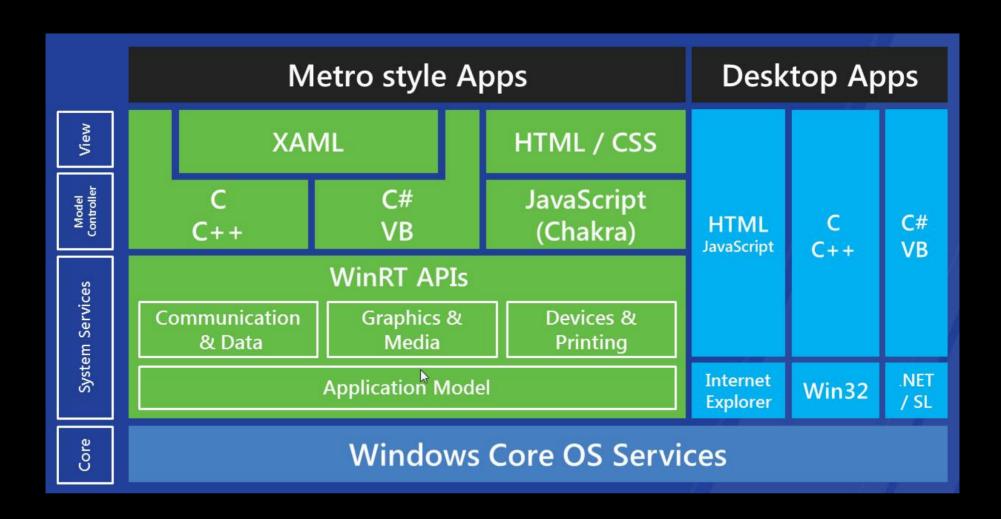


C makes it easy to shoot yourself in the foot. C++ makes it harder, but when you do, it blows away your whole leg.

-Bjarne Stroustrup

welcome back



standards

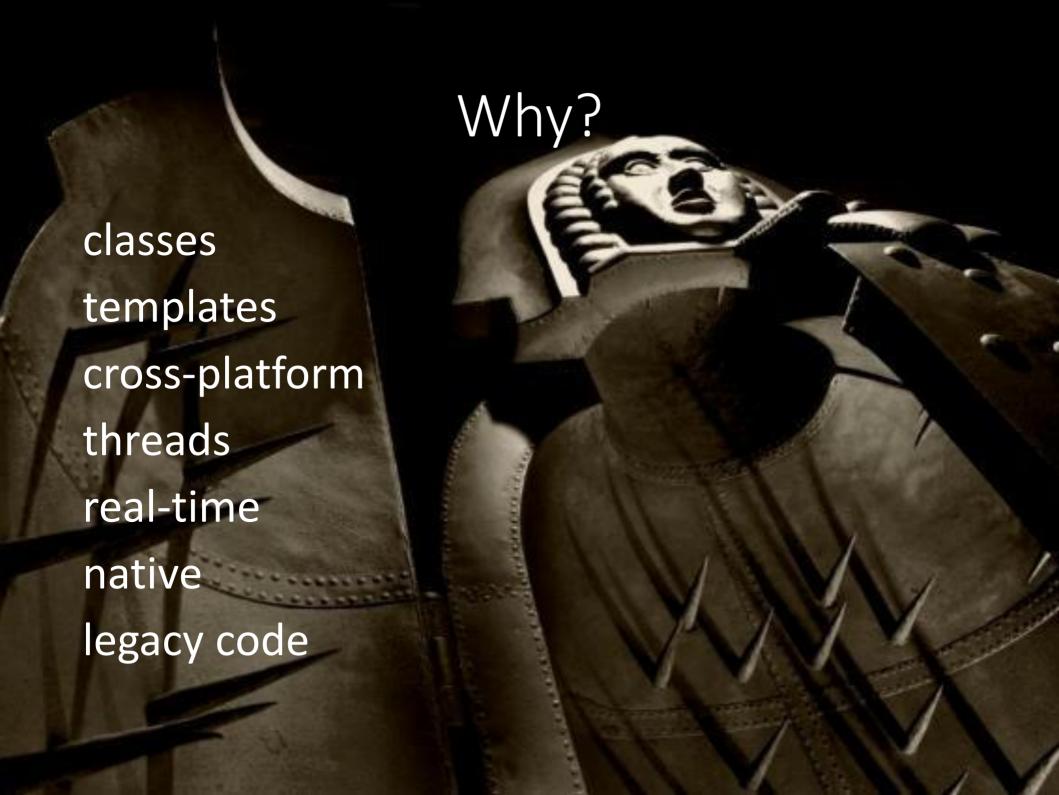
$$C++0x == C++11$$

$$C++0y == C++14$$

compilers clang gcc Visual C++

... by and large I think it's a bad language. It does a lot of things half well and it's just a garbage heap of ideas that are mutually exclusive. Everybody I know, whether it's personal or corporate, selects a subset and these subsets are different.

-Ken Thompson



goodies

type inference terse for loop syntax lambdas succinct container initialization no more new and delete unique data simple async tasks

auto

```
typedef std::vector<std::pair<json::value,json::value>>
  element_vector;

json::value::element_vector m_elems;

// json::value::element_vector::iterator it;
auto it = std::begin(m_elems);
```

range-based for

```
// bad old days
for (std::vector<int>::iterator it = v.begin(); it != v.end(); ++it) {
    sum += *it;
}

// now
for (auto& num : v) {
    sum += num;
}
```

lambda types

```
// std::function<bool (const string&)> func;
auto func = [] (const string &name) {
  return false;
};
```

lambdas

```
// Find next available UDP port
auto findUDPPort = [] (boost::asio::io_service &io) {
  udp::socket probe(io, udp::endpoint(udp::v4(), 0));
  udp::endpoint dataEndPoint = probe.local_endpoint();
  return dataEndPoint.port();
};
```

lambda as predicate

```
std::wstring month(3, L'\0');
// scanf month
std::wstring names[12] = {L"Jan", L"Feb", ..., L"Dec"};
auto loc = std::find_if(std::begin(names), std::end(names),
    [&month] (const std::wstring& m) { return m == month; });
if (loc != std::end(names) {
    sysTime.wMonth = (short) ((loc - names) + 1);
}
```

lambda-friendly stl algorithms

```
all of
any of
none of
for each
find if
find if not
count if
```

```
copy_if
replace_if
replace_copy_if
remove_if
remove_copy_if
```

variable capture

```
bool open fsb str( filestream callback *callback,
 const char *filename, std::ios base::openmode mode, int prot)
 std::string name(filename);
  pplx::create_task([=] () -> void
    int cmode = get open flags(mode);
    if (cmode==O RDWR) { cmode |= O CREAT; }
    int f = open(name.c_str(), cmode, 0600);
    finish create(f, callback, mode, prot);
  });
  return true;
```

capture specification

- [] Capture nothing
- [&] Capture any referenced variable by reference
- [=] Capture any referenced variable by making a copy
- [&foo] Capture variable foo by reference
- [bar] Capture just bar by making a copy
- [this] Capture the this pointer of the enclosing class

initializer lists

```
/*
std::vector<string> v;
v.push_back("rock");
v.push_back("paper");
v.push_back("scissors");
*/
std::vector<string> v = { "rock", "paper", "scissors" };
```

shared_ptr

```
// shared ownership
std::shared_ptr<Quadruped> _pet;

_pet = std::make_shared<Quadruped>("Scotty");

// no more new or delete
// reference counting
```

weak_ptr

```
// non-owning reference to a shared_ptr
std::weak_ptr<Quadruped> wp = _pet;
if (auto sp = wp.lock()) {
   // work with unexpired shared pointer
}

// does not contribute to reference count
// breaks cycles
```

unique_ptr

```
// single owner
std::unique_ptr<Vehicle> _transport;
_transport = new Vehicle("Ford");
// ownership can be transferred
```

rvalue references

```
void foo(Bar && bar);

Bar snickers; // Ivalue
foo(snickers); // compiler error

foo(Bar()); // cool
// no deep copy
// destructor only called once
```

move semantics

```
// move constructor
Buffer(Buffer&& temp)
{
   std::swap(*this, temp);
}

string lvalue = "movable";
v.push_back(std::move(lvalue));
```

... a folk definition of insanity is to do the same thing over and over again and to expect the results to be different. By this definition, we in fact require that programmers of multithreaded systems be insane. Were they sane, they could not understand their programs.

-Edward Lee

Professor, EECS Department, UC Berkeley

async

```
vector<future<string>> futures;
vector<string> names = { "Futura", Dondi", "Chaka" };
for (auto& name : names) {
 // launch::deferred vs launch::async
 futures.push back(async([&name] { return flip(move(name)); }));
for (auto& ftr : futures) {
 cout << ftr.get() << endl;</pre>
```

unique data

```
string flip(string && name)
  cout << this thread::get id() << endl;</pre>
  reverse(begin(name), end(name));
  return name;
// name ownership transferred to flip tasks
// name[s] empty in main after moving
// avoids races
```

projects

Folly

http://github.com/facebook/folly



Casablanca

http://casablanca.codeplex.com

Cinder

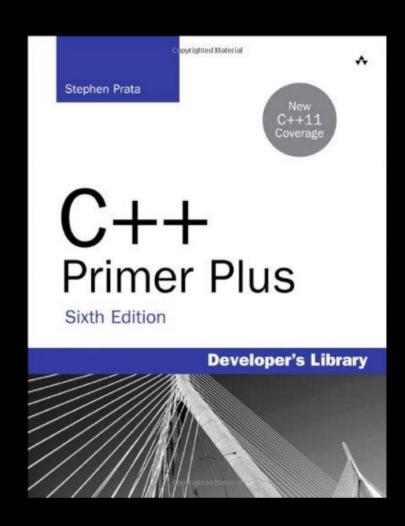
http://libcinder.org

books

C++ Concurrency in Action by Anthony Williams

Effective C++ series by Scott Meyers

Exceptional C++ series by Herb Sutter



credits

Elements of Modern C++ Style

by Herb Sutter

http://herbsutter.com/elements-of-modern-c-style

C++11 Concurrency

9 part video series by Bartosz Milewski

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=80ifzK3b8QQ&list