

Chapter # 11-The Civic Life in Pakistan

Multiple Choice Questions

1. In democratic government the elected representative of the people enjoy the power to govern.
a. representative b. Political party c. Leader d. Citizen
2. Democracy means government of the people, by the people and for the people.
a. Communism b. Religious c. Democracy d. Parliament
3. Democracy affords peace and tranquility.
a. peace b. war c. elections d. riots
4. Representatives are elected by voting.
a. speech b. voting c. random selection d. deeds
5. Prime Minister choose ministers to run the government.
a. sub-ordinates b. ministers c. President d. Students
6. Political Party in majority chooses one of its elected member as Prime minister.
a. Prime minister b. Sub-ordinates
c. Students d. Ministers
7. The residents of a city are called its citizens.
a. people b. inhabitants c. immigrants d. citizens
8. It is the duty of government to provide primary education to all its citizens.
a. higher secondary b. secondary
c. primary d. Pre-primary
9. The collective life means living with and working for others.
a. Individuals b. Collective c. Isolated d. Obligatory
10. The court functions in each country for enforcement of laws.
a. police b. army c. court d. parliament
11. The civil laws are related to civil rights.
a. criminal b. civil c. government d. political
12. The criminal laws control the looting, theft, dacoity and murder.
a. civil b. criminal c. political d. government
13. NAB stands for National Accountability Bureau.
a. National Accounts Bank b. National Aviation Board
c. National Accountability Bureau d. National Accountability Board
14. FIA stands for Federal Investigation Agency.
a. Federal Investigation Authority b. Federal Investigation Agency
c. Federal International Accounts d. Federal Investigative Aviation
15. The law determines the limits of freedom.
a. religion b. society c. person d. freedom

Short Questions Answers

Q1. Define democracy.

Ans. Democracy means government of people, by the people and for the people. In this type of government the rights of governance is not the prerogative of any individual of a political party.

Q2. Writ four sentences on democracy as freedom of expression.

- Ans. i. Each citizen enjoys freedom of speech, writing and expression of his feelings or views.
- ii. It covers public speeches, writing of books and pamphlets, newspapers etc.
- iii. A person can bring his personal views or reactions through speech and writing on all domestic and foreign affairs provided it is in the interest of nation and country.
- iv. Any such views that lead to civil riots or against country are not allowed.

Q3. Write about four civil rights.

Ans. i. Personal Freedom:

It refers to the right of an individual to follow his own thoughts freely and go anywhere for trade, employment, excursion or to adopt any profession.

ii. Freedom of Expression:

It means that a person is free to follow religion of his choice and enjoys the freedom of speech and writing to express his views.

iii. Access to Education and Health:

An individual should have an access to education from primary to higher level. Moreover the access to health care is also a basic requirement.

Q4. Write about three duties of citizen.

Ans. (i) Respect law and loyalty to country:

The basic duty of citizen is to respect law and act accordingly and loyalty to country is also a prime obligation.

(ii) Perception for the rights of others:

It is also obligatory for a citizen to care for the rights of others. Honesty in dealings and observance of law and fulfilling obligation leads to care for rights of others.

(iii) Duties or Obligations of Students:

As students, it is obligatory to complete education with devotion and involve in other activities like educating others and learning civil defence.

Q5. Write four sentences on role of individual in society.

Ans. (i) Each individual should be careful that he harms none and make none suffer by his doings.

(ii) Each individual should be of sterling character based on highest moral values.

(iii) It is also the duty of every individual to help check the growing trend of drug addiction among our youth.

(iv) All members of a society should live like family members.

Q6. Write four sentences on law and freedom.

Ans. (i) Law sets the boundaries of mutual relationship and also explains as to how far the state can go in this regard.

(ii) The law puts limits on individuals freedom so that no one can trample upon the rights of others by taking undue advantage of freedom.

(iii) It is the obligation of each citizen to respect laws of land while exercising his freedom in limits.

(iv) Freedom and law are inter-related. Freedom becomes dangerous in the

Q7. What happen when we disobey law? Write in four sentences.

Ans. (i) The government does not get money needed to build more schools, hospitals and roads.

(ii) We have to pay more for electricity.

(iii) There is an increase in lawlessness.

(iv) Students do not get the result they deserve in an examination.

Q8. Name the institutions working to control the corruption.

Ans. (i) National accountability Bureau (NAB)

(ii) Federal Investigation Agency (FIA)

(iii) Provincial Anti Corruption Departments

Q9. What is corruption?

Ans. When an authority breaks a law to benefit themselves or favour someone, so as to receive gifts in return, it is called corruption.

Descriptive Questions Answers

Q1. Write in detail about the rights of citizen.

Ans. The residents of a city are called its citizens but when we are referring to the rights and duties of citizens it includes all people whether they live in villages or in cities.

CIVIL RIGHTS:

(i) **Personal Freedom:**

It refers to the right of an individual to follow his own thoughts freely and go anywhere for trade, employment, excursion or to adopt any profession. He has the right to move or live in any part of the country. But he has to be vigilant that whatever he does is not an illegal, immoral or disastrous act for others.

(ii) **Freedom of Expression and Religious Freedom:**

It means that a person is free to follow the religion of his choice. But nobody is allowed to speak against any other religion.

Similarly every citizen can enjoy freedom of speech and writing and can express his views but the views which may lead to commotion or involves defamation is not acceptable. Any such views that lead to civil roits or are against the country are also not allowed.

(iii) **Access to Education and Health:**

Education is the basic right of all. It is in the benefit of the society as a whole that all should have an easy access to education. The state is responsible to provide educational facilities till primary to all of its citizens. For higher levels it has to go as per the resources.

The access to healthcare is also a basic requirement and the government has to ensure the healthcare facilities as well.

CONCLUSION:

A society can only prosper and avoid chaos if the civil rights are granted completely.

Q2. Write in detail about the duties or obligations of citizens.

Ans. Alongwith the rights there are certain duties and obligations of a citizen that are a must to be fulfilled. They are as follows:

(i) **Respect of law and loyalty to country:**

The basic duty of a citizen is to respect law and act accordingly. A society can only be disciplined if all its citizens follow the laws.

The next obligation of each citizen is to be loyal to the country. He should refrain from working against the national interests.

Every citizen should be ready to sacrifice his life and property for the national defence.

(ii) **Perception for the Rights of Others:**

It is obligatory for a citizen to care for the rights of others. The rights which he want to enjoy are also the rights of others.

It is in the interest of the society as a whole that everybody fulfills his obligations and cares for the right of others. Honesty and justice should mark all the dealings and matters involving others. Strict observance of state laws and directives should be maintained.

(iii) **Duties of Obligations of Students:**

The students, as important part of society have also certain duties and obligations. It is their duty to complete their educations with dedication.

During their vacations they should undertake national duties as providing adult education or extending help. They can get civil defence training like all other citizens they too have to respect the laws of the country and should remain loyal to the country.